

*A Proposed User Comment Draft to the Joint Committee on the NTCIP*

# **NTCIP 1201 v04.04**

---

## **National Transportation Communications for ITS Protocol Global Object (GO) Definitions**

---

February 13, 2023

This is a draft document, which is distributed for review and comment purposes only. You may reproduce and distribute this document within your organization, but only for the purposes of and only to the extent necessary to facilitate review and comment to the NTCIP Coordinator. Please ensure that all copies include this notice. This document contains preliminary information that is subject to change.

*Published by*

**American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO)**

444 North Capitol Street, N.W., Suite 249  
Washington, D.C. 20001

**Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE)**

1627 I ("Eye") Street, N.W., Suite 600  
Washington, D.C. 20006

**National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA)**

1300 North 17th Street, Suite 1752  
Rosslyn, Virginia 22209-3801

**Revision History for NTCIP 1201 v04**  
to be removed once approved

<b>Revision</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Author</b>	<b>Description (latest on top)</b>
04	02/13/2023	Vaughn	Updated status to proposed User Comment Draft; updated copyright year to 2023; removed internal WG comments
03	01/09/2023	Vaughn	Revised text in Acknowledgements to correct page numbering; moved many of the comments into description fields to conform with SMIv2 rules that prohibit normative comments; corrected typos. Ensured consistent use of subclauses within DESCRIPTION clause. Added the NTCIP1201-Global MIB to define nodes that need to be imported by multiple modules. Removed comments that have been addressed by the WG. Updated MIB contact information and parent MIB structure.
02	11/20/2022	Vaughn	Updated front matter and Section 1, simplified OBJECT-GROUPs, renamed modules for consistency, updated annexes.
01	10/21/2022	Vaughn	Initial draft document to incorporate security improvements as recommended by NTCIP 9014 and the Infrastructure Standards Security Assessment (ISSA) Project.

## NOTICES

### Copyright Notice

© 2010, 2023 by the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE), and the National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA). All intellectual property rights, including, but not limited to, the rights of reproduction, translation, and display are reserved under the laws of the United States of America, the Universal Copyright Convention, the Berne Convention, and the International and Pan American Copyright Conventions. Except as licensed or permitted, you may not copy these materials without prior written permission from AASHTO, ITE, or NEMA. Use of these materials does not give you any rights of ownership or claim of copyright in or to these materials.

Visit [www.ntcip.org](http://www.ntcip.org) for other copyright information, for instructions to request reprints of excerpts, and to request reproduction that is not granted below.

### PDF File License Agreement

To the extent that these materials are distributed by AASHTO / ITE / NEMA in the form of an Adobe® Portable Document Format (PDF) electronic data file (the "PDF file"), AASHTO / ITE / NEMA authorizes each registered PDF file user to view, download, copy, or print the PDF file available from the authorized Web site, subject to the terms and conditions of this license agreement:

- a) you may download one copy of each PDF file for personal, noncommercial, and intraorganizational use only;
- b) ownership of the PDF file is not transferred to you; you are licensed to use the PDF file;
- c) you may make one more electronic copy of the PDF file, such as to a second hard drive or burn to a CD;
- d) you agree not to copy, distribute, or transfer the PDF file from that media to any other electronic media or device;
- e) you may print one paper copy of the PDF file;
- f) you may make one paper reproduction of the printed copy;
- g) any permitted copies of the PDF file must retain the copyright notice, and any other proprietary notices contained in the file;
- h) the PDF file license does not include (1) resale of the PDF file or copies, (2) republishing the content in compendiums or anthologies, (3) publishing excerpts in commercial publications or works for hire, (4) editing or modification of the PDF file except those portions as permitted, (5) posting on network servers or distribution by electronic mail or from electronic storage devices, and (6) translation to other languages or conversion to other electronic formats;
- i) other use of the PDF file and printed copy requires express, prior written consent.

### Data Dictionary and MIB Distribution Permission

To the extent that these materials are distributed by AASHTO / ITE / NEMA in the form of a Data Dictionary ("DD") or Management Information Base ("MIB"), AASHTO / ITE / NEMA extend the following permission:

You may make or distribute unlimited copies, including derivative works, of the DD or MIB, including copies for commercial distribution, provided that:

- a) each copy you make or distribute includes the citation "Derived from NTCIP 0000 [insert the standard number]. Copyright by AASHTO / ITE / NEMA. Used by permission.";

- b) the copies or derivative works are not made part of the standard publications or works offered by other standard developing organizations or publishers or as works-for-hire not associated with commercial hardware or software products intended for field implementation;
- c) use of the DD or MIB is restricted in that the syntax fields may only be modified to define: 1) a more restrictive subrange; or 2) a subset of the standard enumerated values; or 3) a set of deprecated and defined enumerated values for systems supporting multiversion interoperability;
- d) the description field may be modified but only to the extent that: 1) the more restrictive subrange is defined; and 2) only those bit values or enumerated values that are supported are listed.

These materials are delivered "AS IS" without any warranties as to their use or performance.

**AASHTO / ITE / NEMA and their suppliers do not warrant the performance or results you may obtain by using these materials. AASHTO / ITE / NEMA and their suppliers make no warranties, express or implied, as to noninfringement of third party rights, merchantability, or fitness for any particular purpose. In no event will AASHTO / ITE / NEMA or their suppliers be liable to you or any third party for any claim or for any consequential, incidental or special damages, including any lost profits or lost savings, arising from your reproduction or use of these materials, even if an AASHTO / ITE / NEMA representative has been advised of the possibility of such damages.**

Some states or jurisdictions do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental, consequential, or special damages, or the exclusion of implied warranties, so the above limitations may not apply to a given user.

Use of these materials does not constitute an endorsement or affiliation by or between AASHTO, ITE, or NEMA and the user, the user's company, or the products and services of the user's company.

If the user is unwilling to accept the foregoing restrictions, he or she should immediately return these materials.

### **Content and Liability Disclaimer**

The information in this publication was considered technically sound by the consensus of persons engaged in the development and approval of the document at the time it was developed. Consensus does not necessarily mean that there is unanimous agreement among every person participating in the development of this document.

AASHTO, ITE, and NEMA standards and guideline publications, of which the document contained herein is one, are developed through a voluntary consensus standards development process. This process brings together volunteers and seeks out the views of persons who have an interest in the topic covered by this publication. While AASHTO, ITE, and NEMA administer the process and establish rules to promote fairness in the development of consensus, they do not write the document and they do not independently test, evaluate, or verify the accuracy or completeness of any information or the soundness of any judgments contained in their standards and guideline publications.

AASHTO, ITE, and NEMA disclaim liability for any personal injury, property, or other damages of any nature whatsoever, whether special, indirect, consequential, or compensatory, directly or indirectly resulting from the publication, use of, application, or reliance on this document. AASHTO, ITE, and NEMA disclaim and make no guaranty or warranty, express or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of any information published herein, and disclaims and makes no warranty that the information in this document will fulfill any of your particular purposes or needs. AASHTO, ITE, and NEMA do not undertake to guarantee the performance of any individual manufacturer or seller's products or services by virtue of this standard or guide.

In publishing and making this document available, AASHTO, ITE, and NEMA are not undertaking to render professional or other services for or on behalf of any person or entity, nor are AASHTO, ITE, and

NEMA undertaking to perform any duty owed by any person or entity to someone else. Anyone using this document should rely on his or her own independent judgment or, as appropriate, seek the advice of a competent professional in determining the exercise of reasonable care in any given circumstances. Information and other standards on the topic covered by this publication may be available from other sources, which the user may wish to consult for additional views or information not covered by this publication.

AASHTO, ITE, and NEMA have no power, nor do they undertake to police or enforce compliance with the contents of this document. AASHTO, ITE, and NEMA do not certify, test, or inspect products, designs, or installations for safety or health purposes. Any certification or other statement of compliance with any health or safety-related information in this document shall not be attributable to AASHTO, ITE, or NEMA and is solely the responsibility of the certifier or maker of the statement.

### **Trademark Notice**

NTCIP is a trademark of AASHTO / ITE / NEMA. All other marks mentioned in this standard are the trademarks of their respective owners.



## ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

NTCIP 1201 v04 was prepared by the NTCIP Base Standards and Profiles Working Group (BSP2 WG), which is a subdivision of the Joint Committee on the NTCIP. The Joint Committee on the NTCIP is organized under a Memorandum of Understanding among the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE), and the National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA). The Joint Committee on the NTCIP consists of six representatives from each of the standards development organizations (SDOs) and provides guidance for NTCIP development.

When this document was prepared, the following individuals were members of BSP2 WG:

- Doug Crawford (Chair)
- Steve Bostrom
- Wolfgang Buckel
- Michael Forbis
- Joe Gorman
- Terry Haukom
- Patrick Leung
- Robert Lopes
- Alex Mousadi
- Satya Muthuswamy
- Bob Rausch
- Rodney Schilling
- Shea Tomsin
- Walt Townsend

Other individuals providing input include:

- Ashraf Ahmed
- Justin Anderson
- Kingsley Azubike
- Ralph Boaz
- Russ Brookshire
- Patrick Chan
- Stan Chow
- Deborah Curtis
- Dustin DeVoe
- Brian Doherty
- Edward Fok
- Sai Kiran Golla
- Jacob Grivette
- Mohammad Iraki
- Haydar Issa
- Denver Kruse
- AJ Lahiri
- Stephane Lapierre
- Christopher Lyons
- Gary Molnar
- Keith Patton
- Mahesh Pawar
- Frank Perry
- Nu Rosenbohm
- Jay Schultz
- Kellen Shain
- Douglas Tarico
- Nicola Taveres
- John Thai
- Andrew Valdez
- Kenneth Vaughn
- Sankeer Vulupala
- Robert White

In addition to the many volunteer efforts, recognition is also given to those organizations that supported the efforts of BSP2 WG by providing comments and funding, including:

- U.S. Department of Transportation, Research and Innovative Technology Administration
- U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highways Administration
- AECOM
- Applied Information
- City of Anaheim, CA
- ConSysTec
- Caltrans
- Daktronics
- Econolite Control Products, Inc.
- Florida Department of Transportation
- Georgia DOT
- Kapsch
- KLD Engineering
- Michigan DOT
- Minnesota DOT
- Nevada DOT
- Noblis
- Parsons
- Pillar Consulting
- Q-Free
- Siemens ITS
- Signalisation Ver-Mac, Inc.

- TransCore
- Transport Canada
- Trevilon
- Washington State DOT
- WSP



## FOREWORD

This document is an NTCIP Data Dictionary Standard. NTCIP Data Dictionary Standards provide definitions of data elements for use within NTCIP systems. The data is defined using the format specified in NTCIP 8004, which is based on the formats defined in RFC 2578. This data is typically exchanged using the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) as defined in NTCIP 2301.

NOTE—NTCIP 1201:1996 is sometimes referenced as NTCIP 1201:1997. In NTCIP 1201 v03, it is referenced as NTCIP 1201 v01 (following a revised NTCIP standards designation convention).

NTCIP Data Dictionary Standards are separately balloted and approved by AASHTO, ITE, and NEMA, after recommendation by the Joint Committee on the NTCIP. Each organization has approved this document as the following standard type:

AASHTO—Standard Specification;  
ITE—Software Standard;  
NEMA—Standard;

For more information about NTCIP standards, visit the NTCIP website at [www.ntcip.org](http://www.ntcip.org).

### User Comment Instructions

The term “User Comment” includes any type of written inquiry, comment, question, or proposed revision, from an individual person or organization, about any part of this standards publication’s content. A “Request for Interpretation” is also classified as a User Comment. User Comments are solicited at any time. In preparation of this NTCIP standards publication, input of users and other interested parties was sought and evaluated.

All User Comments will be referred to the committee responsible for developing and/or maintaining this standards publication. The committee chairperson, or their designee, may contact the submitter for clarification of the User Comment. When the committee chairperson or designee reports the committee’s consensus opinion related to the User Comment, that opinion will be forwarded to the submitter. The committee chairperson may report that action on the User Comment may be deferred to a future committee meeting and/or a future revision of the standards publication. Previous User Comments and their disposition may be available for reference and information at [www.ntcip.org](http://www.ntcip.org).

A User Comment should be submitted to this address:

NTCIP Coordinator  
National Electrical Manufacturers Association  
1300 North 17th Street, Suite 1752  
Rosslyn, Virginia 22209-3801  
e-mail: [ntcip@nema.org](mailto:ntcip@nema.org)

A User Comment should be submitted in the following form:

**Standards Publication number and version:**  
**Page:**  
**Section, Paragraph, or Clause:**  
**Comment:**  
**Editorial or Substantive?:**  
**Suggested Alternative Language:**

Please include your name, organization, and address in your correspondence.

### History

Version	Date	Description (latest on top)
V04	TBD	Incorporated NTCIP 1103 MIBS, updated to SMIv2, deprecated objects to reference ISO and IETF standards.
v03	March 2011	Revised daylight-saving design
v02	October 2005	Developed to reflect additional lessons learned, to incorporate better documentation (in the Annex) of some of the logic required to implement the standards, and to add new features requested by the ITS community.
v01A	December 1999	Technical corrections
v01	December 1997	Original version balloted and approved by AASHTO and ITE to become an NTCIP standard.
NEMA TS 3.4	October 1996	Original version approved by NEMA prior to the formation of the Joint Committee process.

Details about the revisions made in each version are provided in Annex D.

## **INTRODUCTION**

This document identifies and defines the common object definitions that may be supported by transportation devices that are NTCIP-conformant.

This document contains one normative and three informative annexes.

The following keywords apply to this document: AASHTO, ITE, NEMA, NTCIP, global, data, data dictionary, object.

This document only uses metric units.

## CONTENTS

	Page
<b>SECTION 1 GENERAL</b> .....	1
<b>1.1 Scope</b> .....	1
<b>1.2 References</b> .....	1
<b>1.2.1 Normative References</b> .....	1
<b>1.2.2 Other References</b> .....	1
<b>1.2.3 Contact Information</b> .....	2
<b>1.3 General Statements</b> .....	3
<b>1.4 Terms</b> .....	3
<b>SECTION 2 DATABASE MANAGEMENT INFORMATION BASE (MIB) [NORMATIVE]</b> .....	9
<b>2.1 Database Management MIB Header</b> .....	9
<b>2.2 Node Definitions</b> .....	10
<b>2.3 Database Transaction Objects</b> .....	11
<b>2.3.1 Create Database Transaction</b> .....	11
<b>2.3.2 Database Verify Status</b> .....	14
<b>2.3.3 Database Verify Error</b> .....	15
<b>2.3.4 Database Transaction Reset</b> .....	15
<b>2.4 Database Management Group</b> .....	16
<b>SECTION 3 RECORDING MECHANISM MANAGEMENT INFORMATION BASE (MIB) [NORMATIVE]</b> .....	17
<b>3.1 MIB Header</b> .....	17
<b>3.2 Node Definitions</b> .....	19
<b>3.3 Administrative Objects</b> .....	20
<b>3.3.1 Total Number of Recordings</b> .....	20
<b>3.3.2 Recording Counter</b> .....	20
<b>3.3.3 Clear All</b> .....	20
<b>3.3.4 Clear All Classes</b> .....	20
<b>3.3.5 Clear All Factories</b> .....	20
<b>3.3.6 Clear All Recordings</b> .....	21
<b>3.4 Owner Table</b> .....	21
<b>3.4.1 Number of Recordings for Owner</b> .....	21
<b>3.4.2 Recording Counter for Owner</b> .....	22
<b>3.4.3 Clear All for Owner</b> .....	22
<b>3.4.4 Clear All Classes for Owner</b> .....	22
<b>3.4.5 Clear All Factories for Owner</b> .....	22
<b>3.4.6 Clear All Recordings for Owner</b> .....	22
<b>3.5 Class Table</b> .....	23
<b>3.5.1 Class Name</b> .....	23
<b>3.5.2 Class Description</b> .....	24
<b>3.5.3 Class Size Limit</b> .....	24
<b>3.5.4 Class Clear Date</b> .....	24
<b>3.5.5 Class Clear Time</b> .....	25
<b>3.5.6 Class Number of Recordings</b> .....	25
<b>3.5.7 Class Recording Counter</b> .....	25
<b>3.5.8 Class Storage Type</b> .....	25
<b>3.5.9 Class Row Status</b> .....	26
<b>3.6 Recording Factory</b> .....	26
<b>3.6.1 Recording Factory Name</b> .....	27
<b>3.6.2 Recording Factory Security Model</b> .....	27
<b>3.6.3 Recording Factory Security Level</b> .....	27
<b>3.6.4 Recording Factory Security Name</b> .....	27
<b>3.6.5 Context for Object to be Sampled</b> .....	28
<b>3.6.6 Object to be Sampled in Recording</b> .....	28
<b>3.6.7 Pre-Trigger Samples</b> .....	28

3.6.8	Sample Period .....	29
3.6.9	Context for Object to be Monitored .....	29
3.6.10	Object to be Monitored for Change Events .....	29
3.6.11	Number of Samples to Collect .....	30
3.6.12	Recording Factory Storage Type .....	30
3.6.13	Recording Factory Row Status .....	30
3.7	Recording Table .....	31
3.7.1	Recording Index .....	31
3.7.2	Recording Trigger .....	32
3.7.3	Recording Trigger Date .....	32
3.7.4	Recording Trigger Time .....	32
3.7.5	Recording Status .....	32
3.7.6	Recording Trigger Point .....	33
3.7.7	Number of Samples in Recording .....	33
3.7.8	Delete Recording .....	33
3.8	Sample Table .....	34
3.8.1	Sample Number .....	34
3.8.2	Sample Time .....	34
3.8.3	Sample Value .....	35
3.9	Capability Objects .....	35
3.9.1	Minimum Sample Period .....	35
3.9.2	Maximum Sample Period .....	35
3.9.3	Sample Period Resolution .....	36
3.10	Compliance Groups .....	36
3.10.1	Recording Mechanism Group .....	36
<b>SECTION 4 DEPRECATED MANAGEMENT INFORMATION BASE (MIB) [NORMATIVE]</b> .....		<b>38</b>
4.1	NTCIP Header .....	39
4.2	Object IDENTITIES .....	41
4.2.1	Global Configuration Node .....	41
4.3	Objects .....	41
4.3.1	Global Set ID Parameter .....	41
4.3.2	Maximum Modules Parameter .....	42
4.3.3	Module Table .....	42
4.3.4	Base Standards Parameter .....	45
4.4	Global Database Management Node .....	46
4.4.1	Database Creation Transaction .....	46
4.4.2	Database Error Type Parameter .....	49
4.4.3	Database Error ID Parameter .....	50
4.4.4	Database Transaction ID Parameter .....	50
4.4.5	Database Make ID Parameter .....	50
4.4.6	Database Verify Status Parameter .....	51
4.4.7	Database Verify Error Parameter .....	51
4.5	Global Time Management Node .....	51
4.5.1	Global Time Parameter .....	52
4.5.2	Global Daylight Saving Parameter .....	52
4.6	TimeBase Event Scheduler Node .....	54
4.6.1	Maximum Number of Time Base Schedule Entries Parameter .....	54
4.6.2	Time Base Schedule Table .....	54
4.6.3	Maximum Number of Day Plans—Parameter .....	58
4.6.4	Maximum Number of Day Plan Events—Parameter .....	58
4.6.5	Day Plan Table .....	58
4.6.6	Day Plan Status Parameter .....	61
4.6.7	Schedule Status Parameter .....	62
4.6.8	Global Local Time Differential Parameter .....	62
4.6.9	Standard Time Zone Parameter .....	62

4.6.10	Local Time Parameter.....	63
4.7	Daylight Saving Time (DST) Node .....	63
4.7.1	Maximum Daylight Saving Time (DST) Table Entries Parameter.....	63
4.7.2	Daylight Saving Time (DST) Table Parameter.....	64
4.8	PMPP Object Node .....	71
4.8.1	Maximum HDLC Group Address Parameter.....	71
4.8.2	HDLC Group Address Table .....	71
4.9	Compliance Groups.....	73
4.9.1	Global Configuration Identifier Group .....	73
4.9.2	Global Module Group.....	73
4.9.3	Global Base Standards Group .....	73
4.9.4	Global Database Management Group .....	73
4.9.5	Global Database Management Group Revision 2 .....	74
4.9.6	Global Time Management UTC Group .....	74
4.9.7	Global Daylight Saving Time Group.....	74
4.9.8	Global Daylight Saving Time Group Revision 2.....	74
4.9.9	Global Local Time Group.....	75
4.9.10	Global Time Base Event Group .....	75
4.9.11	Global Time Base Event Group Extension .....	75
4.9.12	Global PMPP Group .....	75
<b>SECTION 5 DEPRECATED AUXILIARY I/O V2 MANAGEMENT INFORMATION BASE (MIB)</b>		
[NORMATIVE].....		77
5.1	Auxiliary I/O V2 Header.....	77
5.2	Object IDENTITIES .....	79
5.2.1	AuxIOv2 Conformance Node .....	79
5.3	Objects .....	80
5.3.1	Maximum Number of Digital Auxiliary I/Os Parameter.....	80
5.3.2	Maximum Number of Analog Auxiliary I/Os Parameter .....	80
5.3.3	Auxiliary I/O Table Parameter.....	80
5.4	Compliance Groups.....	84
5.4.1	Auxiliary I/O Version 2 Group .....	84
<b>SECTION 6 DEPRECATED AUXILIARY I/O MANAGEMENT INFORMATION BASE (MIB) [NORMATIVE]</b>		
.....		85
6.1	Auxiliary I/O Header .....	85
6.2	Object Identities.....	88
6.2.1	AuxIOv2 Configuration Node .....	88
6.3	Objects .....	88
6.3.1	Maximum Number of Digital Auxiliary I/Os Parameter.....	88
6.3.2	Maximum Number of Analog Auxiliary I/Os Parameter .....	88
6.3.3	Auxiliary I/O Table Parameter.....	89
6.4	Compliance Groups.....	91
6.4.1	Auxiliary I/O Group.....	91
<b>SECTION 7 DEPRECATED SNMP MANAGEMENT INFORMATION BASE (MIB) [NORMATIVE]</b> .....		
7.1	Header.....	92
7.2	Object Identities.....	94
7.2.1	SNMP Conformance Node .....	94
7.3	Objects .....	94
7.3.1	Max Packet Size .....	94
7.4	Compliance Groups.....	95
7.4.1	SNMP Configuration Group .....	95
<b>SECTION 8 DEPRECATED SFMP MANAGEMENT INFORMATION BASE (MIB) [NORMATIVE]</b> .....		
8.1	Header.....	96
8.2	Object Identities.....	98

8.2.1	SFMP Statistics.....	98
8.2.2	SFMP Conformance Node.....	98
8.3	Objects.....	99
8.3.1	Number of Incoming SFMP Packets.....	99
8.3.2	Number of Outgoing SFMP Packets.....	99
8.3.3	Number of Incoming SFMP Packets with Bad Version Numbers.....	99
8.3.4	Number of Incoming SFMP Packets with Bad Community Names.....	99
8.3.5	Number of Incoming SFMP Packets with Bad Use of a Community Name.....	100
8.3.6	Number of Incoming SFMP Packets with Parsing Errors.....	100
8.3.7	Reserved.....	100
8.3.8	Number of Incoming SFMP Packets indicating a Too Big Error.....	100
8.3.9	Number of Incoming SFMP Packets indicating a No Such Name Error.....	100
8.3.10	Number of Incoming SFMP Packets indicating a Bad Value Error.....	101
8.3.11	Number of Incoming SFMP Packets indicating a Read-Only Error.....	101
8.3.12	Number of Incoming SFMP Packets indicating a General Error.....	101
8.3.13	Reserved.....	101
8.3.14	Reserved.....	101
8.3.15	Number of Incoming SFMP Get Requests.....	102
8.3.16	Reserved.....	102
8.3.17	Number of Incoming SFMP Set Requests.....	102
8.3.18	Number of Incoming SFMP Get Responses.....	102
8.3.19	Reserved.....	102
8.3.20	Number of Outgoing SFMP Packets indicating a Too Big Error.....	102
8.3.21	Number of Outgoing SFMP Packets indicating a No Such Name Error.....	103
8.3.22	Number of Outgoing SFMP Packets indicating a Bad Value Error.....	103
8.3.23	Number of Outgoing SFMP Packets indicating a Read-Only Error.....	103
8.3.24	Number of Outgoing SFMP Packets indicating a General Error.....	103
8.3.25	Number of Outgoing SFMP Get Requests.....	104
8.3.26	Reserved.....	104
8.3.27	Number of Outgoing SFMP Set Requests.....	104
8.3.28	Number of Outgoing SFMP Get Responses.....	104
8.3.29	Number of Outgoing SFMP Trap Messages.....	105
8.3.30	Reserved.....	105
8.3.31	Number of Incoming SFMP Set Requests – No Replies.....	105
8.3.32	Number of Incoming SFMP Set Responses.....	105
8.3.33	Number of Incoming SFMP Error Responses.....	105
8.3.34	Number of Outgoing SFMP Set Requests – No Replies.....	106
8.3.35	Number of Outgoing SFMP Set Responses.....	106
8.3.36	Number of Outgoing SFMP Error Responses.....	106
8.4	Compliance Groups.....	106
8.4.1	SFMP Group.....	106
<b>SECTION 9 DEPRECATED STMP MANAGEMENT INFORMATION BASE (MIB) [NORMATIVE].....</b>		<b>108</b>
9.1	Header.....	108
9.2	Textual Conventions.....	110
9.3	Object Identities.....	110
9.3.1	Data Node.....	110
9.3.2	Dynamic Object Management Conformance Node.....	111
9.4	Dynamic Object Definition.....	111
9.4.1	Maximum Dynamic Object Table Entries.....	111
9.4.2	Dynamic Object Definition Table.....	111
9.5	Dynamic Object Data.....	113
9.5.1	Dynamic Object Configuration.....	117
9.6	Compliance Groups.....	118
9.6.1	Dynamic Object Definition Group.....	118
9.6.2	Dynamic Object Definition Group 2.....	118

<b>9.6.3</b>	Dynamic Object Data Group .....	119
<b>SECTION 10</b>	<b>DEPRECATED STMP STATISTICS MANAGEMENT INFORMATION BASE (MIB)</b>	
[NORMATIVE]	.....	120
<b>10.1</b>	Header.....	120
<b>10.2</b>	Object Identities.....	122
<b>10.2.1</b>	STMP Statistics Conformance Node .....	122
<b>10.3</b>	Objects .....	123
<b>10.3.1</b>	Number of Incoming STMP Packets.....	123
<b>10.3.2</b>	Number of Outgoing STMP Packets.....	123
<b>10.3.3</b>	Reserved.....	123
<b>10.3.4</b>	Reserved.....	123
<b>10.3.5</b>	Reserved.....	123
<b>10.3.6</b>	Number of Incoming STMP Packets with Parsing Errors .....	124
<b>10.3.7</b>	Reserved.....	124
<b>10.3.8</b>	Number of Incoming STMP Packets indicating a Too Big Error .....	124
<b>10.3.9</b>	Number of Incoming STMP Packets indicating a No Such Name Error .....	124
<b>10.3.10</b>	Number of Incoming STMP Packets indicating a Bad Value Error .....	125
<b>10.3.11</b>	Number of Incoming STMP Packets indicating a Read-Only Error .....	125
<b>10.3.12</b>	Number of Incoming STMP Packets indicating a General Error.....	125
<b>10.3.13</b>	Reserved.....	126
<b>10.3.14</b>	Reserved.....	126
<b>10.3.15</b>	Number of Incoming STMP Get Requests.....	126
<b>10.3.16</b>	Number of Incoming STMP Get Next Requests .....	126
<b>10.3.17</b>	Number of Incoming STMP Set Requests .....	126
<b>10.3.18</b>	Number of Incoming STMP Get Responses .....	127
<b>10.3.19</b>	Reserved.....	127
<b>10.3.20</b>	Number of Outgoing STMP Packets indicating a Too Big Error .....	127
<b>10.3.21</b>	Number of Outgoing STMP Packets indicating a No Such Name Error .....	128
<b>10.3.22</b>	Number of Outgoing STMP Packets indicating a Bad Value Error .....	128
<b>10.3.23</b>	Number of Outgoing STMP Packets indicating a Read-Only Error .....	128
<b>10.3.24</b>	Number of Outgoing STMP Packets indicating a General Error.....	129
<b>10.3.25</b>	Number of Outgoing STMP Get Requests.....	129
<b>10.3.26</b>	Number of Outgoing STMP Get Next Requests .....	129
<b>10.3.27</b>	Number of Outgoing STMP Set Requests .....	130
<b>10.3.28</b>	Number of Outgoing STMP Get Responses.....	130
<b>10.3.29</b>	Reserved.....	130
<b>10.3.30</b>	Reserved.....	130
<b>10.3.31</b>	Number of Incoming STMP Set Request – No Replies .....	130
<b>10.3.32</b>	Number of Incoming STMP Set Responses .....	131
<b>10.3.33</b>	Number of Incoming STMP Error Responses.....	131
<b>10.3.34</b>	Number of Outgoing STMP Set Request – No Replies .....	131
<b>10.3.35</b>	Number of Outgoing STMP Set Responses .....	132
<b>10.3.36</b>	Number of Outgoing STMP Error Responses.....	132
<b>10.4</b>	Compliance Groups.....	132
<b>10.4.1</b>	Dynamic Object Definition Group.....	132
<b>SECTION 11</b>	<b>DEPRECATED STMP CONFIGURATION MANAGEMENT INFORMATION BASE (MIB)</b>	
[NORMATIVE]	.....	134
<b>11.1</b>	Header.....	134
<b>11.2</b>	Object Identities.....	136
<b>11.2.1</b>	Profile STMP Conformance Node.....	136
<b>11.3</b>	Objects .....	136
<b>11.3.1</b>	Dynamic Object Persistence.....	136
<b>11.3.2</b>	Dynamic Object Configuration ID.....	137
<b>11.4</b>	Compliance Groups.....	137



11.4.1	Dynamic Object Definition Group.....	137
<b>SECTION 12 DEPRECATED LOGICAL NAMES MANAGEMENT INFORMATION BASE (MIB)</b>		
<b>[NORMATIVE].....</b>		
12.1	Header.....	138
12.2	Object Identities.....	140
12.2.1	Logical Names Conformance Node .....	140
12.3	Objects .....	140
12.3.1	Maximum Logical Name Translations.....	140
12.3.2	Logical Name Translation Table .....	141
12.4	Compliance Groups.....	143
12.4.1	Logical Names Group .....	143
<b>SECTION 13 DEPRECATED REPORT MANAGEMENT INFORMATION BASE (MIB) [NORMATIVE].</b>		
<b>144</b>		
13.1	Header.....	144
13.2	Object Identities.....	146
13.2.1	Logical Names Conformance Node .....	146
13.3	Objects .....	147
13.3.1	Event Classes .....	147
13.3.2	Event Class Table.....	147
13.3.3	Maximum Event Log Configurations Parameter .....	150
13.3.4	Event Log Configuration Table .....	150
13.3.5	Maximum Event Log Size Parameter .....	157
13.3.6	Event Log Table.....	157
13.3.7	Total Event Log Counter Parameter .....	160
13.3.8	Event Log Time Latency Parameter .....	160
13.4	Compliance Groups.....	161
13.4.1	Report Group .....	161
13.4.2	Report Group Extension .....	161
<b>SECTION 14 DEPRECATED SECURITY MANAGEMENT INFORMATION BASE (MIB) [NORMATIVE]</b>		
<b>.....</b>		
<b>163</b>		
14.1	Header.....	163
14.2	Object Identities.....	165
14.2.1	Security Conformance Node.....	165
14.3	Objects .....	166
14.3.1	Community Name Administrator Parameter .....	166
14.3.2	Maximum Community Names Parameter .....	166
14.3.3	Community Names Table .....	166
14.4	Compliance Groups.....	168
14.4.1	Security Group .....	168
<b>SECTION 15 DEPRECATED TRAP MANAGEMENT INFORMATION BASE (MIB) [NORMATIVE].....</b>		
<b>169</b>		
15.1	Header.....	169
15.2	Object Identities.....	171
15.2.1	Watch Blocks .....	171
15.2.2	Report Blocks.....	172
15.2.3	Clear Objects .....	172
15.2.4	NTCIP Trap Management.....	172
15.2.5	NTCIP Trap Data .....	172
15.2.6	NTCIP Trap Notifications .....	172
15.2.7	Trap Management Conformance Node .....	173
15.3	Watch Blocks.....	173
15.3.1	Maximum Watch Objects .....	173
15.3.2	Maximum Watch Blocks.....	174
15.3.3	Watch Object Definition Table .....	174
15.3.4	Watch Block Table .....	176

15.4	Report Blocks .....	178
15.4.1	Maximum Report Objects .....	178
15.4.2	Maximum Report Blocks .....	178
15.4.3	Report Object Configuration Table .....	179
15.4.4	Report Block Table .....	181
15.5	Trap Management .....	182
15.5.1	Trap Control .....	182
15.5.2	Trap Data .....	182
15.5.3	Trap Management Maximum Entries .....	183
15.5.4	Trap Maximum Aggregation Events .....	183
15.5.5	Trap Maximum Aggregation Size .....	183
15.5.6	Trap Management Table .....	184
15.5.7	Trap Table .....	191
15.6	NTCIP Trap Data .....	194
15.6.1	Event Trap .....	194
15.7	Clear Event Data .....	195
15.7.1	Clear Event Class .....	195
15.7.2	Clear Event Configuration .....	195
15.7.3	Clear Event Log Table .....	196
15.7.4	Clear Report Objects .....	196
15.7.5	Clear Report Block Table .....	196
15.7.6	Clear Watch Objects .....	197
15.7.7	Clear Watch Block Table .....	197
15.7.8	Clear Trap Management Table .....	197
15.8	Compliance Groups .....	198
15.8.1	Watch Block Group .....	198
15.8.2	Report Block Group .....	198
15.8.3	Trap Management Group .....	198
15.8.4	Trap Clear Group .....	199
15.8.5	Trap Group .....	199
<b>SECTION 16 DEPRECATED RECORDING MECHANISM MANAGEMENT INFORMATION BASE (MIB)</b>		
<b>[NORMATIVE]</b> .....		200
16.1	Header .....	200
16.2	Object Identities .....	202
16.2.1	Recording Mechanism Conformance Node .....	202
16.3	Objects .....	202
16.3.1	Maximum Recording Mechanism Classes Parameter .....	203
16.3.2	Recording Mechanism Class Table .....	203
16.3.3	Maximum Recording Configurations .....	205
16.3.4	Minimum Recording Sample Period .....	206
16.3.5	Maximum Recording Sample Period .....	206
16.3.6	Recording Sample Period Resolution .....	206
16.3.7	Recording Configuration Table .....	206
16.3.8	Maximum Recordings Parameter .....	214
16.3.9	Recording Table .....	214
16.3.10	Maximum Recording Entries Parameter .....	218
16.3.11	Recording Entries Table .....	218
16.3.12	Total Recordings Counter Parameter .....	220
16.3.13	Clear Recording Classes .....	220
16.3.14	Clear Recording Configurations .....	221
16.3.15	Clear Recording Data .....	221
16.4	Compliance Groups .....	222
16.4.1	Watch Block Group .....	222
<b>ANNEX A CONCEPT OF OPERATIONS [NORMATIVE]</b> .....		223

A.1	Download Transaction Feature .....	223
A.2	<b>High-Resolution Data Recording</b> .....	226
A.2.1	<b>Overview</b> .....	226
A.2.2	<b>Administration</b> .....	226
A.2.3	<b>Recording Owner</b> .....	227
A.2.4	<b>Recording Classes</b> .....	227
A.2.5	<b>Recording Factory</b> .....	227
A.2.6	<b>Recordings</b> .....	228
A.2.7	<b>Recording Samples</b> .....	228
A.2.8	228	
<b>ANNEX B</b>	<b>OBJECT TREE AND UML CLASS DIAGRAMS [INFORMATIVE]</b> .....	230
B.1	Object Identifier Naming Tree .....	230
B.2	UML Class Diagrams .....	247
B.2.1	Controller Class Diagram .....	247
B.2.2	Database Management Version 2 .....	248
B.2.3	Recording Mechanism Version 2 .....	249
B.2.4	Configuration Information .....	252
B.2.5	Transaction Information .....	253
B.2.6	Time and Daylight Saving Time (DST) Information .....	253
B.2.7	Generic Schedule Information .....	255
B.2.8	PMPP Information .....	257
B.2.9	Auxiliary Input/Output Information .....	257
B.2.10	SNMP Information .....	258
B.2.11	SFMP Information .....	259
B.2.12	Dynamic Object Management Information .....	260
B.2.13	STMP Information .....	261
B.2.14	Profiles STMP .....	262
B.2.15	Logical Names Information .....	263
B.2.16	Event Report Information .....	263
B.2.17	Community Name Security Information .....	265
B.2.18	Trap Management Information .....	265
B.2.19	Recording Mechanism (Version 1) Information .....	268
<b>ANNEX C</b>	<b>TEST PROCEDURES [INFORMATIVE]</b> .....	270
<b>ANNEX D</b>	<b>SUMMARY OF CHANGES [INFORMATIVE]</b> .....	271
D.1	Revisions from NTCIP 1201 v01 to NTCIP 1201 v02 .....	271
D.1.1	Updated Object Tree .....	271
D.1.2	Updated to Conform with NTCIP 8004 v02 .....	271
D.1.3	Updated Name of the MIB .....	271
D.1.4	Added Default Value Statements .....	271
D.1.5	[Section Deleted] .....	272
D.1.6	Enhanced Module Version Definition .....	272
D.1.7	Added an Object to Identify Supported Standards .....	272
D.1.8	Corrected the Database Transaction Feature .....	272
D.2	Revisions from NTCIP 1201 v02 to NTCIP 1201 v03 .....	272
D.2.1	Added Support for Additional Daylight Saving Modes .....	272
D.2.2	Added New Objects to Address US Daylight Saving Time (DST) Modifications .....	273
D.2.3	Added a Schedule Status Object .....	273
D.2.4	Clarified Definitions of Day Plan Objects .....	273
D.2.5	Corrected Problems with the Local Time Logic .....	273
D.2.6	Clarified Definitions Related to the Event Log .....	273
D.2.7	Reordered Sections for the Event Log .....	273
D.2.8	Added Support for Another Mode to Event Log and Moved to NTCIP 1103 v02 .....	274

<b>D.2.9</b>	Added Error Value to the Event Configuration Status.....	274
<b>D.2.10</b>	Corrected Syntax of Event Log Size Object.....	274
<b>D.2.11</b>	Replaced the Group Address Object.....	274
<b>D.2.12</b>	Added Generic Auxiliary I/O Objects.....	274
<b>D.2.13</b>	Removed Conformance Statements.....	275
<b>D.2.14</b>	Added a Concept of Operations.....	275
<b>D.2.15</b>	Prepared Communication Objects Moved to NTCIP 1103 v02.....	275
<b>D.2.16</b>	Deleted Annex B to Document Deprecated Objects.....	275
<b>D.2.17</b>	Added Class Diagrams.....	275
<b>D.2.18</b>	Added Generic SNMP Interface Definitions.....	276
<b>D.3</b>	Revisions from NTCIP 1201 v02 to NTCIP 1201 v03.....	276
<b>D.3.1</b>	Inclusion of MIBs from NTCIP 1103 v03.....	276
<b>D.3.2</b>	Upgrade to SMIv2 and Deprecate NTCIP 1103 v03 and NTCIP 1201 v03 Objects.....	276
<b>D.3.3</b>	Incorporation of Features from ISO and IETF.....	276
<b>D.3.4</b>	Summary.....	276

## FIGURES

	Page
Figure 1 Download Transaction Process Sequence Diagram.....	224
Figure 2 Controller State Diagram.....	225
Figure 3 MODULE-IDENTITY nodes.....	231
Figure 4 Nodes Defined in NTCIP1201-DbMgmtV2 MIB.....	232
Figure 5 Nodes Defined in NTCIP1201-RecMechV2 MIB (Part 1 of 2: Administrative Assignments).....	232
Figure 6 Nodes Defined in NTCIP1201-RecMechV2 MIB (Part 2 of 2: Core Functionality).....	233
<b>Figure 7 Nodes Defined in NTCIP 1201-Global MIB (Part 1 of 3: Base Objects)</b> .....	<b>234</b>
Figure 8 Nodes Defined in NTCIP 1201-Global MIB (Part 2 of 3: Time Management).....	235
Figure 9 Nodes Defined in NTCIP 1201-Global MIB (Part 3 of 3: PMPP Objects).....	236
Figure 10 Nodes Defined in NTCIP1201-AuxIOv2 MIB.....	236
Figure 11 Nodes Defined in NTCIP1201-AuxIO MIB.....	236
Figure 12 Nodes Defined in NTCIP1201-SNMPConfig MIB.....	237
Figure 13 Nodes Defined in NTCIP1201-SFMP MIB.....	238
Figure 14 Nodes Defined in NTCIP1201-DynObjMgmt MIB.....	239
Figure 15 Nodes Under dbMgmtV2.....	241
Figure 16 Nodes Under dbMgmtV2.....	241
Figure 17 Nodes Under dbMgmtV2.....	241
Figure 18 Nodes Defined in NTCIP1201-Report MIB.....	242
Figure 19 Nodes Defined in NTCIP1201-Security MIB.....	243
Figure 20 Nodes Defined in NTCIP1201-NtcipTraps MIB (Part 1 of 2: Application Objects).....	244
Figure 21 Nodes Defined in NTCIP1201-NtcipTraps MIB (Part 2 of 2: Trap Management).....	245
Figure 22 Nodes Defined in NTCIP1201-RecMechV2 MIB.....	246
Figure 23 Controller Class Diagram.....	247
Figure 24 Class Diagram of the Database Management Version 2 Data.....	249
Figure 25 Class Diagram of the Recording Mechanism Version 2 Data.....	250
Figure 26 Class Diagram of the Configuration Information.....	252
Figure 27 Class Diagram of the Transaction Service.....	253
Figure 28 Class Diagram of Time/DST Information.....	254
Figure 29 Class Diagram of Generic Schedule-Related Information.....	255
Figure 30 Class Diagram of the PMPP Data.....	257
Figure 31 Class Diagram for Auxiliary Input/Output (NTCIP 1203 v01).....	257
Figure 32 Class Diagram for Auxiliary Input/Output Version 2 (NTCIP 1201 v02).....	258
Figure 33 Class Diagram of the NTCIP-Defined SNMP Data.....	259
Figure 34 Class Diagram of the SFMP Data.....	259

Figure 35 Class Diagram for Dynamic Object Management .....	260
Figure 36 Class Diagram of STMP Data .....	261
Figure 37 Class Diagram of the STMP Profile Data .....	262
Figure 38 Class Diagram of the Logical Names Data.....	263
Figure 39 Class Diagram of the Event Report Data .....	264
Figure 40 Class Diagram of the Community Name Security Data.....	265
Figure 41 Class Diagram of the Trap Management Data .....	266
Figure 42 Class Diagram of the Recording Mechanism (Version 1) Data .....	269

## TABLES

	<b>Page</b>
Table 1: DbMgmtV2 Mapping to Class Diagram	249
Table 2: Recording Mechanism Version 2 Mapping to Class Diagram	251
Table 3: Configuration Information Mapping to Class Diagram	252
Table 4: Transaction Service Mapping to Class Diagram	253
Table 5: Time/DST Information Mapping to Class Diagram	255
Table 6: Generic Schedule Mapping to Class Diagram	256
Table 7: PMPP Mapping to Class Diagram	257
Table 8: Auxiliary Input and Output Mapping to Class Diagram	258
Table 9: NTCIP-Defined SNMP Data Mapping to Class Diagram	259
Table 10: SFMP Data Mapping to Class Diagram	259
Table 11: Dynamic Object Management Mapping to Class Diagram	260
Table 12: STMP Data Mapping to Class Diagram	262
Table 13: STMP Profile Data Mapping to Class Diagram	262
Table 14: Logical Names Data Mapping to Class Diagram	263
Table 15: Event Report Data Mapping to Class Diagram	264
Table 16: Community Name Security Data Mapping to Class Diagram	265
Table 17: Trap Management Data Mapping to Class Diagram	266
Table 18: Recording Mechanism (Version 1) Data Mapping to Class Diagram	269

< This page is intentionally left blank. >

## Section 1 GENERAL

### 1.1 SCOPE

The messaging between a Transportation Management Center and its field devices is accomplished by using the NTCIP Application Layer services to convey requests to access or modify values stored in a given device; the parameters used to store these values are referred to as objects. Objects are instances of object types; some object types have singular instances within a device, while others can occur in conceptual tables and have multiple instances. This document identifies and defines object types that may be supported by multiple device types (e.g., actuated signal controllers and dynamic message signs). In the NTCIP family of standards, object types for a given device type are grouped in a device-type-specific data dictionary standard.

### 1.2 REFERENCES

The following documents are referenced by this document. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid.

#### 1.2.1 Normative References

Normative references contain provisions that, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this document. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standard listed.

AASHTO / ITE / NEMA NTCIP 8004 v03	<i>Structure and Identification of Management Information (SMI)</i> published (Pending)
IETF RFC 2021	<i>Remote Network Monitoring Management Information Base Version 2 using SMIv2</i> , January 1997
IETF RFC 2578	<i>Structure of Management Information Version 2 (SMIv2)</i> , April 1999
IETF RFC 2579	<i>Textual Conventions for SMIv2</i> , April 1999
IETF RFC 2580	<i>Conformance Statements for SMIv2</i> , April 1999
IETF RFC 3411	<i>An Architecture for Describing Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) Management Framework</i> , December 2002
IETF RFC 3416	<i>Version 2 of the Protocol Operations for the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)</i> , December 2002
ISO/IEC 2382:2015	<i>Information technology — Vocabulary</i>
ISO 20684-1	<i>Intelligent transport systems — Roadside equipment SNMP data interface — Part 1: Overview</i>

#### 1.2.2 Other References

Other references are included to provide a more complete understanding of this document and its relationship to other documents.

AASHTO / ITE / NEMA NTCIP 8005 v02	<i>Procedures for Creating Management Information Base (MIB) Files</i> published (Pending)
IETF RFC 854	<i>Telnet Protocol Specification</i>
IETF RFC 3412	<i>Message Processing and Dispatching for the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)</i> , December 2002
IETF RFC 3413	<i>Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) Applications</i> , December 2002

IETF RFC 3415	<i>View-based Access Control Model (VACM) for the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)</i> , December 2002
IETF RFC 3418	<i>Management Information Base (MIB) for the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)</i> , December 2002
IETF RFC 4181	<i>Guidelines for Authors and Reviewers of MIB Documents</i> , September 2005
IETF RFC 5591	<i>Transport Security Model for the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)</i> , June 2009
IETF RFC 6353	<i>Transport Layer Security (TLS) Transport Model for the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)</i> , July 2011
IETF RFC 6933	<i>Entity MIB (Version 4)</i> , May 2013
ISO 15784-2	<i>Intelligent transport systems — Data exchange involving roadside equipment communication — Part 2: Centre to field device communications using SNMP</i>
ISO 20684-2	<i>Intelligent transport systems — Roadside equipment SNMP data interface — Part 2: Generalized field device basic management</i>
ISO 20684-3	<i>Intelligent transport systems — Roadside equipment SNMP data interface — Part 3: Triggers</i>
ISO 20684-4	<i>Intelligent transport systems — Roadside equipment SNMP data interface — Part 4: Notifications</i>
ISO 20684-5	<i>Intelligent transport systems — Roadside equipment SNMP data interface — Part 5: Logs</i>
ISO 20684-6	<i>Intelligent transport systems — Roadside equipment SNMP data interface — Part 6: Commands</i>
ISO 20684-7	<i>Intelligent transport systems — Roadside equipment SNMP data interface — Part 7: Support features</i>
NEMA TS 2-2016	<i>Traffic Controller Assemblies with NTCIP Requirements</i>

### 1.2.3 Contact Information

#### 1.2.3.1 IAB Documents

For Internet Architecture Board (IAB) documents, contact:

**Internet Architecture Board (IAB)**

[www.rfc-editor.org](http://www.rfc-editor.org)

[www.rfc-editor.org/repositories.html](http://www.rfc-editor.org/repositories.html)

#### 1.2.3.2 NTCIP Documents

Copies of NTCIP documents may be obtained from:

NTCIP Coordinator

National Electrical Manufacturers Association

1300 N.17th Street, Suite 1752

Rosslyn, Virginia 22209-3801

[www.ntcip.org](http://www.ntcip.org)

e-mail: [ntcip@nema.org](mailto:ntcip@nema.org)

Draft amendments, which are under discussion by the relevant NTCIP Working Group, and amendments recommended by the NTCIP Joint Committee are available.

#### 1.2.3.3 National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA) Standards

Obtain NEMA standards from:

**National Electrical Manufacturers Association**



1300 North 17th Street, Suite 1752  
Rosslyn, Virginia 22209  
[www.nema.org](http://www.nema.org)

### 1.3 GENERAL STATEMENTS

Sections 2 and 3 define objects that represent the current preferred design. Sections 4 through 16 define objects that are deprecated and represent designs from previous versions of NTCIP. The object types defined in this document are expected to be used by different device types, such as actuated signal controllers (ASC), variable message signs, and ramp meter controllers. The object types are defined using the OBJECT-TYPE macro defined in RFC 2578 per the rules defined in NTCIP 8004.

The MODULE-COMPLIANCE statements contained within each MIB duplicates and extends requirements that may be contained within the PRL of that standard. A device-specific module (e.g., the module for NTCIP 1202) will typically contain one MODULE-COMPLIANCE statement for each revision of the module. Each version will import object groups as needed and identify any appropriate constraints for implementation within that device type. In case of any conflict between the PRL and a referenced MODULE-COMPLIANCE statement, the PRL take precedence. To conform to a MIB defined within this document, implementations shall:

- support the defined MAX-ACCESS of each supported object, unless the associated MIB compliance table indicates a different minimum access for the object type;
- support at least the defined minimum access for each object type when one is indicated in the associated MIB compliance table,
- support the full range of values defined by the SYNTAX for each supported object, unless the associated MIB compliance table indicates a refined SYNTAX for the object type;
- support at least the range of values as defined in the refined SYNTAX for each object type when one is indicated in the associated MIB compliance table.

While conformance requirements frequently correspond to the nodal structure, they may relate to objects that are not lexicographically ordered. For example, the NTCIP1201-RecMechV2 MIB requires support for objects under the recMechV2 and adminRecMechV2 nodes, as defined by the NTCIP1201-RecMechV2 MIB and objects under the fdOwnerTable node, as defined by ISO 20684-3.

This document contains four informative annexes. The logic for using some of the more complex features of this standard is provided in Annex A. Annex B provides informative class diagrams and object tree diagrams to provide the reader with a higher-level overview of the object types defined in this document. Annex C is reserved for potential future inclusion of test procedures. Annex D provides information about changes between each version of this standard.

### 1.4 TERMS

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply. Terms not defined here are in accordance with their definitions in NTCIP 8004. Information technology Electrical and electronic terms not defined here are used in accordance with their definitions in ISO/IEC 2382. English words not defined here or in ISO/IEC 2382 are used in accordance with their definitions in *Webster's New Collegiate Dictionary*.

<b>ASC</b>	Actuated Signal Controller
<b>Class</b>	An abstraction of any kind of object that may be described.  NOTE—Equivalent to an ISO 14817 Object Class.
<b>Component</b>	A central system, field device, etc., that supports NTCIP.
<b>Control Object</b>	writeable object that immediately implements the result of set operations even when this object is in the transaction state

<b>Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC)</b>	Polynomial algorithm performed on a specified range of data resulting in a 16 or 32 bit value
<b>Data Value</b>	The value of a data element.
<b>DST</b>	Daylight Saving Time
<b>Deprecated</b>	Defined in NTCIP 8004 v02.
<b>Feature</b>	A capability of a component.
<b>Interchangeable</b>	<p>A condition that exists when two or more items possess such functional and physical characteristics as to be equivalent in performance and durability, and are capable of being exchanged one for the other without alteration of the items themselves, or adjoining items, except for adjustment, and without selection for fit and performance.</p> <p>NOTE—See National Telecommunications and Information Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.</p>
<b>Interoperability</b>	<p>The ability of two or more systems or components to exchange information and use the information that has been exchanged.</p> <p>NOTE—See IEEE <i>Standards Dictionary, Glossary of Terms and Definitions</i>.</p>
<b>Management Information Base (MIB)</b>	A collection of objects defined using Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1) that can be accessed via a network management protocol.
<b>Obsolete</b>	Defined in NTCIP 8004 v02.
<b>Parameter Object</b>	writeable object that has set operations buffered when this object is in the transaction state
<b>Point-to-MultiPoint Protocol (PMPP)</b>	A transportation specific subnetwork layer protocol that enables communication between multiple devices on the same communications line/channel.
<b>PRL</b>	Protocol Requirements List
<b>Profile</b>	<p>Refers to a set of protocols, each of which operates independently on one of the seven (7) OSI Layers, if this layer is utilized.</p> <p>NOTE—Different protocols are utilized at the same layer within different profiles.</p>
<b>Simple Transportation Management Protocol (STMP)</b>	<p>Part of the Transportation Management Protocols of the NTCIP effort.</p> <p>NOTE—See NTCIP 1103 v02. STMP provides a simple and bandwidth efficient mechanism to communicate with field devices.</p>
<b>Status Object</b>	read-only object that is not writeable

<b>Transaction Object</b>	parameter object that cannot be altered without using the transaction state of this object
<b>UML</b>	Unified Modeling Language

## Section 2 GLOBAL STRUCTURE OF MANAGEMENT INFORMATION (SMI) [NORMATIVE]

The text provided from Section 2.1 through the end of Section 2 (except the headings) constitutes the standard NTCIP1201-Global SMI MIB.

### 2.1 GLOBAL SMI MIB HEADER

```
NTCIP1201-Global  DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
IMPORTS
MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-IDENTITY

                                FROM SNMPv2-SMI
                                -- RFC 2578

devices, deviceAdmin

                                FROM NTCIP8004-Transportation;

global MODULE-IDENTITY
  LAST-UPDATED "202212120500Z"
  ORGANIZATION "NTCIP BSP2 WG"
  CONTACT-INFO
    "name: NTCIP Coordinator
     email: ntcip@nema.org
     postal: National Electrical Manufacturers Association
            1300 North 17th Street, Suite 1752
            Rosslyn, Virginia 22209-3801"
  DESCRIPTION
    "This MIB defines the structure of management information under the
     global node. In particular, it defines the global and globalAdmin nodes
     that are used by other MIBs contained in NTCIP 1201.

    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6
```

Copyright (C) 2022 by the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE), and the National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA). All intellectual property rights, including, but not limited to, the rights of reproduction in whole or in part in any form, translation into other languages and display are reserved by the copyright owners under the laws of the United States of America, the Universal Copyright Convention, the Berne Convention, and the International and Pan American Copyright Conventions.

Joint NEMA, AASHTO, and ITE  
NTCIP Management Information Base  
DISTRIBUTION NOTICE

To the extent and in the limited event these materials are distributed by AASHTO/ITE/NEMA in the form of a Management Information Base ("MIB") module, AASHTO/ITE/NEMA extends the permission for users to make and/or distribute unlimited copies of the unedited MIB module, including copies for commercial distribution, provided that each copy made and/or distributed contains this Notice.

The MIB module may be distributed with a companion MIB module that contains one or more invocations of the AGENT-CAPABILITIES macro that

specifies the capabilities of a specific implementation. By convention, such a companion MIB module might have the same module name followed by "-", followed the enterprise's Internet Assigned Number Authority (IANA)-assigned enterprise number.

These materials are delivered "AS IS" without any warranties as to their use or performance.

AASHTO/ITE/NEMA AND THEIR SUPPLIERS DO NOT WARRANT THE PERFORMANCE OR RESULTS YOU MAY OBTAIN BY USING THESE MATERIALS. AASHTO/ITE/NEMA AND THEIR SUPPLIERS MAKE NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO NONINFRINGEMENT OF THIRD-PARTY RIGHTS, MERCHANTABILITY, OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE. IN NO EVENT WILL AASHTO, ITE OR NEMA OR THEIR SUPPLIERS BE LIABLE TO YOU OR ANY THIRD PARTY FOR ANY CLAIM OR FOR ANY CONSEQUENTIAL, INCIDENTAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES, INCLUDING ANY LOST PROFITS OR LOST SAVINGS, ARISING FROM YOUR REPRODUCTION OR USE OF THESE MATERIALS, EVEN IF AN AASHTO, ITE, OR NEMA REPRESENTATIVE HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. Some states or jurisdictions do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental, consequential or special damages, or the exclusion of implied warranties, so the above limitations may not apply to you.

Use of these materials does not constitute an endorsement or affiliation by or between AASHTO, ITE, or NEMA and you, your company, or your products and services.

```
NTCIP is a trademark of AASHTO/ITE/NEMA."
REVISION "202212120500Z"
DESCRIPTION
  "NTCIP 1201 v04 - The first version of the NTCIP1201-Global MIB.
  The nodes defined within this MIB were previously defined in NTCIP1201-
  v03 in SMIV1 format. "
 ::= { devices 6 }
```

## 2.2 NODE DEFINITIONS

```
adminGlobal OBJECT-IDENTITY
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
  "A node used to group NTCIP 1201 objects that should only be accessible
  by users with administrator rights. Grouping these objects under the
  administrator node allows easy configuration of access control rights.
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.126.6"
 ::= { deviceAdmin 6 }
```

```
globalV2    OBJECT-IDENTITY
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
  "A node used to group the MIBs associated with the second major version
  of global objects.
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9"
 ::= { global 9 }
```

```
adminGlobalV2 OBJECT-IDENTITY
STATUS        current
DESCRIPTION
  "A node used to group globalV2 objects that should only be accessible
```

by users with administrator rights.

```
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.126.6.9"  
 ::= { adminGlobal 9 }
```

END --NTCIP1201-Global

### Section 3 DATABASE MANAGEMENT INFORMATION BASE (MIB) [NORMATIVE]

The text provided from Section 3.1 through the end of Section Section 3 (except the headings) constitutes the standard NTCIP1201-DbMgmtV2 MIB.

The following table indicates which object groups and capabilities are required for each version of NTCIP 1201 for the objects contained within this MIB.

**Table 1: Compliance Statement for NTCIP1201-DbMgmtV2 MIB**

Group	v04
dbMgmtV2GroupR1	M

#### 3.1 DATABASE MANAGEMENT MIB HEADER

```

NTCIP1201-DbMgmtV2  DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
IMPORTS
MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, OBJECT-IDENTITY
                                FROM SNMPv2-SMI
                                -- RFC 2578
OBJECT-GROUP
                                FROM SNMPv2-CONF
                                -- RFC 2580
SnmpAdminString
                                FROM SNMP-FRAMEWORK-MIB
                                -- RFC 3411
globalV2, adminGlobalV2
                                FROM NTCIP1201-Global;

dbMgmtV2 MODULE-IDENTITY
LAST-UPDATED "202210010000Z"
ORGANIZATION "NTCIP BSP2 WG"
CONTACT-INFO
  "name: NTCIP Coordinator
  email: ntcip@nema.org
  postal: National Electrical Manufacturers Association
          1300 North 17th Street, Suite 1752
          Rosslyn, Virginia 22209-3801"
DESCRIPTION
  "This MIB defines a mechanism to allow a manager to modify a potentially
  large number of interrelated configuration parameters within a field
  device as a single operation.

  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.1
  
```

Copyright © 2022 by the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE), and the National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA). All intellectual property rights, including, but not limited to, the rights of reproduction in whole or in part in any form, translation into other languages and display are reserved by the copyright owners under the laws of the United States of America, the Universal Copyright Convention, the Berne Convention, and the International and Pan American Copyright Conventions.

Joint NEMA, AASHTO, and ITE  
NTCIP Management Information Base  
DISTRIBUTION NOTICE

To the extent and in the limited event these materials are distributed by AASHTO/ITE/NEMA in the form of a Management Information Base ("MIB") module, AASHTO/ITE/NEMA extends the permission for users to make and/or distribute unlimited copies of the unedited MIB module, including copies for commercial distribution, provided that each copy made and/or distributed contains this Notice.

The MIB module may be distributed with a companion MIB module that contains one or more invocations of the AGENT-CAPABILITIES macro that specifies the capabilities of a specific implementation. By convention, such a companion MIB module might have the same module name followed by "-", followed the enterprise's Internet Assigned Number Authority (IANA)-assigned enterprise number.

These materials are delivered "AS IS" without any warranties as to their use or performance.

AASHTO/ITE/NEMA AND THEIR SUPPLIERS DO NOT WARRANT THE PERFORMANCE OR RESULTS YOU MAY OBTAIN BY USING THESE MATERIALS. AASHTO/ITE/NEMA AND THEIR SUPPLIERS MAKE NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO NONINFRINGEMENT OF THIRD-PARTY RIGHTS, MERCHANTABILITY, OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE. IN NO EVENT WILL AASHTO, ITE OR NEMA OR THEIR SUPPLIERS BE LIABLE TO YOU OR ANY THIRD PARTY FOR ANY CLAIM OR FOR ANY CONSEQUENTIAL, INCIDENTAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES, INCLUDING ANY LOST PROFITS OR LOST SAVINGS, ARISING FROM YOUR REPRODUCTION OR USE OF THESE MATERIALS, EVEN IF AN AASHTO, ITE, OR NEMA REPRESENTATIVE HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. Some states or jurisdictions do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental, consequential or special damages, or the exclusion of implied warranties, so the above limitations may not apply to you.

Use of these materials does not constitute an endorsement or affiliation by or between AASHTO, ITE, or NEMA and you, your company, or your products and services.

NTCIP is a trademark of AASHTO/ITE/NEMA."

REVISION "202210010000Z"

DESCRIPTION

"NTCIP 1201 v04 - The first version of the NTCIP1201-DbMgmtV2 MIB  
The objects contained within this MIB replace similar objects that were previously defined in NTCIP1201-v03 in SMIV1 format. The previous objects have been deprecated, but are documented in SMIV2 format in NTCIP1201-DbMgmtV1."

::= {globalV2 1}

### 3.2 NODE DEFINITIONS

adminDbMgmtV2 OBJECT-IDENTITY

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> A node used to group administrative objects for the dbMgmtV2 feature.



```
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.126.6.9.1"
::= {adminGlobalV2 1}
```

```
dbMgmtV2Conformance OBJECT-IDENTITY
```

```
STATUS current
```

```
DESCRIPTION
```

```
"<Definition> A node used to contain conformance concepts for the
dbMgmtV2 feature.
```

```
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.1.127"
```

```
::= {dbMgmtV2 127}
```

```
dbMgmtV2Compliances OBJECT-IDENTITY
```

```
STATUS current
```

```
DESCRIPTION
```

```
"<Definition> A node used to contain compliance statements for the
dbMgmtV2 feature.
```

```
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.1.127.1"
```

```
::= {dbMgmtV2Conformance 1}
```

```
dbMgmtV2Groups OBJECT-IDENTITY
```

```
STATUS current
```

```
DESCRIPTION
```

```
"<Definition> A node used to contain object groups for the dbMgmtV2
feature.
```

```
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.1.127.2"
```

```
::= {dbMgmtV2Conformance 2}
```

### 3.3 DATABASE TRANSACTION OBJECTS

#### 3.3.1 Database Mode

```
dbMgmtV2Mode OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX INTEGER { normal (1),
transaction (2),
verify (3),
done (4)
}
```

```
MAX-ACCESS read-write
```

```
STATUS current
```

```
DESCRIPTION
```

```
"<Definition>
```

```
This object allows a manager (through its command generator) to modify
a potentially large number of interrelated configuration parameters
within a field device (through its command responder). In the normal
state, set operations are processed without any special rules. In the
transaction state, value assignments for parameter objects shall be
buffered until the verify state performs a consistency check. When the
consistency check completes, the command responder automatically
transitions to the done state where a normal or transaction command may
be issued. The normal state is the default state of this object upon
initialization.
```

```
<Format>
```

```
All writable objects shall be treated as control objects unless
otherwise specified (e.g., within a MIB or device-type standard).
This object is a control object.
```

Implementations shall not change the designation (e.g., control, parameter, or transaction) of any writable object type from that assigned in the standards to which it claims conformance.

The following rules are applied during the processing of SetRequest-PDUs as defined in RFC 3416 Clause 4.2.5:

**NORMAL:**

When this object is in the 'normal' state:

1. An attempt to set a transaction object shall cause Step 9 of RFC 3416 Clause 4.2.5 to fail, thereby resulting in a 'notWritable' error.
2. An attempt to set this object to any value other than 'transaction' shall cause Step 10 of RFC 3416 Clause 4.2.5 to fail, thereby resulting in an 'inconsistentValue' error.
3. When setting this object to 'transition', the second phase of the set operation shall include the command responder copying all the parameter objects currently stored in the device into a buffer. A failure of this copy operation shall result in a failure in the second phase of the set operation and thereby result in a 'commitFailed' error and this object remaining in the 'normal' state.

**TRANSACTION:** When this object is in the 'transaction' state:

1. An attempt to set a parameter object using a securityName other than the securityName that was used to start this transaction session shall cause Step 9 of RFC 3416 Clause 4.2.5 to fail, thereby resulting in a 'notWritable' error.
2. An attempt to set this object using a securityName other than the securityName that was used to start this transaction session shall cause Step 9 of RFC 3416 Clause 4.2.5 to fail, thereby resulting in a 'notWritable' error.
3. An attempt to set this object to any value other than 'normal' or 'verify' shall cause Step 10 of RFC 3416 Clause 4.2.5 to fail, thereby resulting in an 'inconsistentValue' error.
4. Within the second phase of the set operation, the command responder shall buffer the creation of and assignments to parameter objects rather than immediately implementing them.
5. Within the second phase of the set operation to set this object to 'normal', the agent shall discard all data in the transaction session buffer.

**NOTE:** Control and status objects are processed normally given the above constraints. For example, another securityName can be used to set a control object without error. However, if that request also includes a parameter object, an 'inconsistentValue' error will be generated and neither the control object nor the parameter object will be altered. If the securityName used to initiate the transaction session is used to request setting both a control and a parameter object in a single request, the control object is immediately implemented while the parameter object request is buffered. GetRequest-PDUs are not affected by transaction sessions; they return the values currently implemented while ignoring any buffered values.

**VERIFY:** Upon entry into the verify state, the command responder shall initiate the consistency check process.

When this object is in the 'verify' state:

1. An attempt to set a parameter object using a securityName other than the securityName that was used to start this transaction session shall cause Step 9 of RFC 3416 Clause 4.2.5 to fail, thereby resulting in a 'notWritable' error.
2. An attempt to set this object using a securityName other than the securityName that was used to start this transaction session shall cause Step 9 of RFC 3416 Clause 4.2.5 to fail, thereby resulting in a 'notWritable' error.
3. An attempt to set a parameter object shall cause Step 10 of RFC 3416 Clause 4.2.5 to fail, thereby resulting in an 'inconsistentValue' error.
4. An attempt to set this object to any value shall cause Step 10 of RFC 3416 Clause 4.2.5 to fail, thereby resulting in an 'inconsistentValue' error.

When consistency checks are complete the device shall update the values of dbVerifyStatusV2 and dbVerifyErrorV2 and automatically transition this object to the 'done' state.

DONE: When this object is in the 'done' state:

1. The value of dbVerifyStatusV2 and dbVerifyErrorV2 shall indicate whether the consistency checks found any errors.
2. An attempt to set a parameter object using a securityName other than the securityName that was used to start this transaction session shall cause Step 9 of RFC 3416 Clause 4.2.5 to fail, thereby resulting in a 'notWritable' error.
3. An attempt to set this object using a securityName other than the securityName that was used to start this transaction session shall cause Step 9 of RFC 3416 Clause 4.2.5 to fail, thereby resulting in a 'notWritable' error.
4. An attempt to set a parameter object shall cause Step 10 of RFC 3416 Clause 4.2.5 to fail, thereby resulting in an 'inconsistentValue' error.
5. An attempt to set this object to any value other than 'normal' or 'transaction' shall cause Step 10 of RFC 3416 Clause 4.2.5 to fail, thereby resulting in an 'inconsistentValue' error.
6. An attempt to set this object to any value when this object is in the process of implementing the buffer while shifting from the 'done' state to the 'normal' state shall cause Step 10 of RFC 3416 Clause 4.2.5 to fail, thereby resulting in an 'inconsistentValue' error.
7. An attempt to set this object to a value of 'transaction' shall cause the command responder to re-enter the 'transaction' state without affecting the contents of the buffer.
8. An attempt to set this object to a value of 'normal' when dbVerifyStatusV2 has a value of 'doneWithNoError' shall result in the second phase of the set operation including the assignment of all the buffered data to the device's parameter objects. Any failure in the assignment process shall result in a failure in the second phase of the set operation and thereby result in the Response-PDU indicating either a 'commitFailed' or 'undoFailed' error, as appropriate, and this object remaining in the 'done' state. The values of dbVerifyStatusV2 and dbVerifyErrorV2 shall be updated at the end of the operation as appropriate.

9. An attempt to set this object to a value of 'normal' when dbVerifyStatusV2 has a value other than 'doneWithNoError' shall result in the transaction buffer being discarded during the second phase of the set operation.

#### Usage

Consistency checks are intended to analyze parameter objects 'in context' by treating them as an interrelated whole rather than separate non-related data items. Other standards (e.g., device-type standards) should define the minimum consistency check rules to be implemented for their context. Implementations may include additional, custom consistency checks beyond those standardized.

NOTE: Other requests (e.g., GetRequest-PDUs and SetRequests containing only control objects) can be processed as normal regardless of the state of this object.

```
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.1.1"
DEFVAL      {normal}
::= { dbMgmtV2 1 }
```

### 3.3.2 Database Status

dbMgmtV2Status OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX      INTEGER {
              normal (1),
              transaction (2),
              verifying (3),
              doneWithNoError (4),
              doneWithError (5),
              commitFailed (6),
              undoFailed (7) }
```

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

#### DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> This object indicates the status of the consistency checking associated with the dbCreateTransactionV2 object.

<Format> When dbCreateTransactionV2 is in the 'normal' or 'transaction' state, this object shall indicate the respective value. When dbCreateTransactionV2 is in the 'verify' state, this object shall indicate a value of 'verifying'.

When in the 'done' state, this object shall have one of the following values:

doneWithNoError - The consistency checks did not identify any inconsistencies with the buffered parameter objects.

doneWithError - The consistency checks identified one or more inconsistencies with the buffered parameter objects.

commitFailed - the attempt to assign the buffered parameter objects failed and the device has been restored to its previous state; dbCreateTransactionV2 can be set to 'transaction' and the process tried again

undoFailed - the attempt to assign the buffered parameter objects failed and the device's database is in an unknown state with potential inconsistencies; dbCreateTransactionV2 can be set to 'transaction' and the process tried again.

```
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.1.2"  
 ::= { dbMgmtV2 2 }
```

### 3.3.3 Database Error

```
dbMgmtV2Error    OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX          SnmpAdminString  
MAX-ACCESS      read-only  
STATUS          current  
DESCRIPTION
```

```
    "<Definition> This object contains a textual description of or a  
    reference to an error or condition that was found by the  
    consistency checks implemented with the dbCreateTransactionV2  
    process. The value of this object shall be updated each time  
    dbVerifyStatusV2 is updated. If dbCreateTransactionV2 is in the  
    'normal' state due to a reset command of dbTransactionReset, this  
    field shall indicate 'Reset received' as the first characters in  
    the string. Otherwise, unless the status reflects an error state  
    (i.e., doneWithError, commitFailed, or undoFailed), this object  
    shall indicate 'No error' as the first characters in the string.  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.1.3"
```

```
 ::= { dbMgmtV2 3 }
```

### 3.3.4 Database Transaction Reset

```
adminDbMgmtV2Reset OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX          INTEGER { normal (1),  
                          reset (2) }  
MAX-ACCESS      read-write  
STATUS          current  
DESCRIPTION
```

```
    "<Definition> This object allows a user with sufficient rights to  
    force the dbCreateTransactionV2 object back to the 'normal'  
    state.
```

```
    <Format>
```

```
    An attempt to set this object to 'normal' shall cause Step 6 of  
    RFC 3416 Clause 4.2.5 to fail, thereby resulting in a  
    'wrongValue' error.
```

```
    An attempt to set this object to 'reset' when the  
    dbCreateTransactionV2 is in the process of implementing the  
    buffer while shifting from the 'done' state to the 'normal' state  
    shall cause Step 10 of RFC 3416 Clause 4.2.5 to fail, thereby  
    resulting in an 'inconsistentValue' error.
```

```
    An attempt to set this object to 'reset' when the  
    dbCreateTransactionV2 is in the 'verify' state shall cause Step  
    10 of RFC 3416 Clause 4.2.5 to fail, thereby resulting in an  
    'inconsistentValue' error.
```

```
    Phase 2 of the set operation shall include discarding any  
    information that is in the buffer.
```

```
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.126.6.9.1.1"  
 ::= { adminDbMgmtV2 1 }
```

### 3.4 DATABASE MANAGEMENT GROUP

dbMgmtV2GroupR1 OBJECT-GROUP

```
OBJECTS { dbMgmtV2Mode,  
          dbMgmtV2Status,  
          dbMgmtV2Error,  
          adminDbMgmtV2Reset }
```

```
STATUS    current
```

```
DESCRIPTION
```

```
"<Definition> The objects necessary for managing the database transaction  
feature.
```

```
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.1.127.2.1"
```

```
::= {dbMgmtV2Groups 1}
```

```
END --NTCIP1201-DbMgmtV2
```

## Section 4 RECORDING MECHANISM MANAGEMENT INFORMATION BASE (MIB) [NORMATIVE]

The text provided from Section 4.1 through the end of Section Section 4 (except the headings) constitutes the standard NTCIP1201-RecMechV2 MIB.

The following table indicates which object groups and capabilities are required for each version of NTCIP 1201 for the objects contained within this MIB.

**Table 2: Compliance Statement for NTCIP1201-GlobalV1 MIB**

Group	v04
ISO20684-7-Owner.fdOwnerGroupR1	M [1, 2]
recMechV2GroupR1	M [3, 4, 5]

[1] For the purpose of this MIB, implementations can restrict fdOwnerStorageType to any sub-range that includes at least one value other than 'other'.

[2] For the purpose of this MIB, implementations can restrict fdOwnerID to any range with a lower bound of 1.

[3] Implementations can restrict recMechV2ClassID to any range with a lower bound of 1.

[4] Implementations can restrict recMechV2FactoryID to any range with a lower bound of 1.

[5] Implementations can restrict recMechV2FactorySampleLimit to any range with a lower bound of 1.

[6] Implementations can restrict recMechV2RecordingID to any range with a lower bound of 1.

### 4.1 MIB HEADER

```

NTCIP1201-RecMechV2  DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
IMPORTS

zeroDotZero, MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, OBJECT-IDENTITY, Unsigned32
    FROM SNMPv2-SMI
    -- RFC 2578
RowPointer, RowStatus, StorageType, TruthValue, VariablePointer
    FROM SNMPv2-TC
    -- RFC 2579

OBJECT-GROUP
    FROM SNMPv2-CONF
    -- RFC 2580

SnmpAdminString, SnmpSecurityModel, SnmpSecurityLevel
    FROM SNMP-FRAMEWORK-MIB
    -- RFC 3411

ITSCounter16, ITSCounter32, ITSClear, ITSDateStamp, ITSDailyTimeStamp,
ITSOerString, ITSPercent, ITSPositive8, ITSUnsigned8, ITSUnsigned16
    FROM ISO20684-1-TextConv

fdOwnerEntry, fdOwnerID
    FROM ISO20684-7-Owner

globalV2, adminGlobalV2
    FROM NTCIP1201-Global;

recMechV2 MODULE-IDENTITY
    LAST-UPDATED "202210010000Z"
    ORGANIZATION "NTCIP BSP2 WG"
    CONTACT-INFO
        "name: NTCIP Coordinator
        email: ntcip@nema.org
        postal: National Electrical Manufacturers Association
    
```

1300 North 17th Street, Suite 1752  
Rosslyn, Virginia 22209-3801"

DESCRIPTION

"The MIB that defines a high-resolution recording mechanism that allows a device to record information at a high rate for a defined period of time.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2

Copyright (C) 2022 by the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE), and the National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA). All intellectual property rights, including, but not limited to, the rights of reproduction in whole or in part in any form, translation into other languages and display are reserved by the copyright owners under the laws of the United States of America, the Universal Copyright Convention, the Berne Convention, and the International and Pan American Copyright Conventions.

Joint NEMA, AASHTO, and ITE  
NTCIP Management Information Base  
DISTRIBUTION NOTICE

To the extent and in the limited event these materials are distributed by AASHTO/ITE/NEMA in the form of a Management Information Base ("MIB") module, AASHTO/ITE/NEMA extends the permission for users to make and/or distribute unlimited copies of the unedited MIB module, including copies for commercial distribution, provided that each copy made and/or distributed contains this Notice.

The MIB module may be distributed with a companion MIB module that contains one or more invocations of the AGENT-CAPABILITIES macro that specifies the capabilities of a specific implementation. By convention, such a companion MIB module might have the same module name followed by "-", followed the enterprise's Internet Assigned Number Authority (IANA)-assigned enterprise number.

These materials are delivered "AS IS" without any warranties as to their use or performance.

AASHTO/ITE/NEMA AND THEIR SUPPLIERS DO NOT WARRANT THE PERFORMANCE OR RESULTS YOU MAY OBTAIN BY USING THESE MATERIALS. AASHTO/ITE/NEMA AND THEIR SUPPLIERS MAKE NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO NONINFRINGEMENT OF THIRD-PARTY RIGHTS, MERCHANTABILITY, OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE. IN NO EVENT WILL AASHTO, ITE OR NEMA OR THEIR SUPPLIERS BE LIABLE TO YOU OR ANY THIRD PARTY FOR ANY CLAIM OR FOR ANY CONSEQUENTIAL, INCIDENTAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES, INCLUDING ANY LOST PROFITS OR LOST SAVINGS, ARISING FROM YOUR REPRODUCTION OR USE OF THESE MATERIALS, EVEN IF AN AASHTO, ITE, OR NEMA REPRESENTATIVE HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. Some states or jurisdictions do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental, consequential or special damages, or the exclusion of implied warranties, so the above limitations may not apply to you.

Use of these materials does not constitute an endorsement or affiliation by or between AASHTO, ITE, or NEMA and you, your company, or your products and services.



```
    NTCIP is a trademark of AASHTO/ITE/NEMA."
REVISION "202210010000Z"
DESCRIPTION
    "NTCIP 1201 v04 - Original version of NTCIP1201-RecMechV2 MIB.
    The previous MIB module was renamed to NTCIP1201-RecMechV1. RecMechV2
    was significantly revised to be triggered by the ISO 20684-3 trigger
    mechanism."
REVISION "202007150000Z"
DESCRIPTION
    "Updated IMPORTS statement to reference NTCIP8004v02 (electronic only)"
REVISION "201611070000Z"
DESCRIPTION
    "NTCIP 1103 v03 - Original version of recording mechanism in SMIV1
    format."
::= {globalV2 2}
```

## 4.2 NODE DEFINITIONS

```
adminRecMechV2 OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "A node used to group administrative objects for the recMech feature.

        This node is intended to assist administrators in configuring access
        control. In general, administrator-level accounts can be given access to
        this node. In addition, it is envisioned that administrators may wish to
        grant owner-level accounts read-only access to the appropriate row
        within the adminRecMechTable so that owners can discover the amount of
        memory that they are allowed to access for recordings.

        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.126.6.9.2"
    ::= {adminGlobalV2 2}

recMechV2Conformance OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "A node used to contain conformance concepts for the rechMechV2 feature.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.127"
    ::= {recMechV2 127}

recMechV2Compliances OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "A node used to contain compliance statements for the recMechV2 feature.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.127.1"
    ::= {recMechV2Conformance 1}

recMechV2Groups OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "A node used to contain object groups for the recMechV2 feature.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.127.2"
    ::= {recMechV2Conformance 2}
```

## 4.3 ADMINISTRATIVE OBJECTS

### 4.3.1 Total Number of Recordings

```
adminRecMechV2NumRecordings OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      ITSUnsigned16
    UNITS       "recordings"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The number of in-progress and completed recordings
        currently stored, regardless of adminRecMechV2Owner.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.126.6.9.2.1"
 ::= { adminRecMechV2 1 }
```

### 4.3.2 Recording Counter

```
adminRecMechV2RecordingCtr OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      ITSCounter32
    UNITS       "recordings"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The number of recordings that have been completed since
        the last reboot, regardless of adminRecMechV2Owner.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.126.6.9.2.2"
 ::= { adminRecMechV2 2 }
```

### 4.3.3 Clear All

```
adminRecMechV2ClearAll OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      ITSClear
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> A control object that destroys all rows in the
        recMechV2OwnerTable, recMechV2ClassTable, recMechV2FactoryTable,
        recMechV2RecordingTable, and recMechV2SampleTable.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.126.6.9.2.3"
 ::= { adminRecMechV2 3 }
```

### 4.3.4 Clear All Classes

```
adminRecMechV2ClearAllClasses OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      ITSClear
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> A control object that destroys all rows in the
        recMechV2ClassTable, recMechV2FactoryTable, recMechV2RecordingTable,
        and recMechV2SampleTable.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.126.6.9.2.4"
 ::= { adminRecMechV2 4 }
```

### 4.3.5 Clear All Factories

```
adminRecMechV2ClearAllFactories OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      ITSClear
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
```

```

    "<Definition> A control object that destroys all rows in the
    recMechV2FactoryTable, recMechV2RecordingTable, and
    recMechV2SampleTable.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.126.6.9.2.5"
 ::= { adminRecMechV2 5 }

```

#### 4.3.6 Clear All Recordings

```

adminRecMechV2ClearAllRecordings OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      ITSClear
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> A control object that destroys all rows in the
        recMechV2RecordingTable, and recMechV2SampleTable.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.126.6.9.2.6"
 ::= { adminRecMechV2 6 }

```

#### 4.4 OWNER TABLE

```

recMechV2OwnerTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      SEQUENCE OF RecMechV2OwnerEntry
    MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> This table is used to allow owners to manage the
        recording mechanism and the recording tables that they own.
        <Table Type> managed
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.1"
 ::= { recMechV2 1 }

```

```

recMechV2OwnerEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      RecMechV2OwnerEntry
    MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> This object defines a row in the RecMechV2OwnerTable.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.1.1"
    AUGMENTS { fdOwnerEntry }
 ::= { recMechV2OwnerTable 1 }

```

```

RecMechV2OwnerEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    recMechV2OwnerNumRecordings    ITSUnsigned16,
    recMechV2OwnerRecordingCtr     ITSCounter32,
    recMechV2OwnerClearAll        ITSClear,
    recMechV2OwnerClearAllClasses ITSClear,
    recMechV2OwnerClearAllFactories ITSClear,
    recMechV2OwnerClearAllRecordings ITSClear }

```

##### 4.4.1 Number of Recordings for Owner

```

recMechV2OwnerNumRecordings OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      ITSUnsigned16
    UNITS       "recordings"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The number of in-progress and completed recordings
        currently stored, regardless of adminRecMechV2Owner.

```

```
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.1.1.1"  
 ::= { recMechV2OwnerEntry 1 }
```

#### 4.4.2 Recording Counter for Owner

```
recMechV2OwnerRecordingCtr OBJECT-TYPE  
    SYNTAX      ITSCounter32  
    UNITS       "recordings"  
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only  
    STATUS      current  
    DESCRIPTION  
        "<Definition> A counter that increments upon the completion of each  
        recording associated with the adminRecMechV2Owner.  
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.1.1.2"  
 ::= { recMechV2OwnerEntry 2 }
```

#### 4.4.3 Clear All for Owner

```
recMechV2OwnerClearAll OBJECT-TYPE  
    SYNTAX      ITSClear  
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write  
    STATUS      current  
    DESCRIPTION  
        "<Definition> A control object that destroys all rows associated with  
        the adminRecMechV2Owner in the recMechV2ClassTable,  
recMechV2FactoryTable,  
        recMechV2RecordingTable, and recMechV2SampleTable.  
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.1.1.3"  
 ::= { recMechV2OwnerEntry 3 }
```

#### 4.4.4 Clear All Classes for Owner

```
recMechV2OwnerClearAllClasses OBJECT-TYPE  
    SYNTAX      ITSClear  
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write  
    STATUS      current  
    DESCRIPTION  
        "<Definition> A control object that destroys all rows associated with  
        the adminRecMechV2Owner in the recMechV2ClassTable,  
recMechV2FactoryTable,  
        recMechV2RecordingTable, and recMechV2SampleTable.  
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.1.1.4"  
 ::= { recMechV2OwnerEntry 4 }
```

#### 4.4.5 Clear All Factories for Owner

```
recMechV2OwnerClearAllFactories OBJECT-TYPE  
    SYNTAX      ITSClear  
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write  
    STATUS      current  
    DESCRIPTION  
        "<Definition> A control object that destroys all rows associated with  
        the adminRecMechV2Owner in the recMechV2FactoryTable,  
        recMechV2RecordingTable, and recMechV2SampleTable.  
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.1.1.5"  
 ::= { recMechV2OwnerEntry 5 }
```

#### 4.4.6 Clear All Recordings for Owner

```
recMechV2OwnerClearAllRecordings OBJECT-TYPE
```

```

SYNTAX      ITSClear
MAX-ACCESS  read-write
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> A control object that destroys all rows associated with
    the adminRecMechV2Owner in the recMechV2RecordingTable, and
    recMechV2SampleTable.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.1.1.6"
 ::= { recMechV2OwnerEntry 6 }

```

#### 4.5 CLASS TABLE

```

recMechV2ClassTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF RecMechV2ClassEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition>This table is used to manage the recording mechanism and
        the recording tables.
        <TableType> managed
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.2"
 ::= { recMechV2 2 }

```

```

recMechV2ClassEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX RecMechV2ClassEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition>This object defines a row in the Recording Mechanism
        Manger Table. Rows defined within this table allow recordings from
        multiple triggers to be grouped together into a single class for
        easier management.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.2.1"
    INDEX { fdOwnerID, recMechV2ClassID }
 ::= { recMechV2ClassTable 1 }

```

```

RecMechV2ClassEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    recMechV2ClassID          ITSPositive8,
    recMechV2ClassDescription SnmpAdminString,
    recMechV2ClassSizeLimit   Unsigned32,
    recMechV2ClassClearDate   ITSDateStamp,
    recMechV2ClassClearTime   ITSDailyTimeStamp,
    recMechV2ClassNumRecordings ITSUnsigned8,
    recMechV2ClassRecordingCtr ITSCounter16,
    recMechV2ClassStorageType StorageType,
    recMechV2ClassRowStatus   RowStatus }

```

##### 4.5.1 Class Name

```

recMechV2ClassID OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      ITSPositive8
    MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> A unique name for the recording class within the scope
        of the adminRecMechV2Owner. All recordings assigned to the class will
        be managed according to the other columns of this row.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.2.1.1"

```

```
::= { recMechV2ClassEntry 1 }
```

#### 4.5.2 Class Description

```
recMechV2ClassDescription OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      SnmpAdminString
    MAX-ACCESS  read-create
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> A description of the recording class.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.2.1.2"
::= { recMechV2ClassEntry 2 }
```

#### 4.5.3 Class Size Limit

```
recMechV2ClassSizeLimit OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Unsigned32
    UNITS       "octets"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-create
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> This object specifies the maximum amount of memory to be
        used within the device to store recordings for the associated
        recording class. When the size limit is reached (e.g., due to a new
        recording or through the modification of this object) the oldest
        recording(s) within the class (based on the values of
        recMechV2RecordingTriggerDate and recMechV2RecordingTriggerTime) are
        bumped out of storage until the storage used for this recording class
        is less than or equal to the size defined by this object.
```

An attempt to set this object to a value that would cause the sum of all recMechV2ClassSizeLimit objects for the associated adminRecMechV2Owner to exceed the adminRecMechSizeLimit for the adminRecMechV2Owner shall cause Step 10 of the set operation to fail, thereby resulting in an 'inconsistentVlaue' error.

A recording that exceeds recMechV2ClassSizeLimit octets shall not be stored within the recording class.

```
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.2.1.3"
::= { recMechV2ClassEntry 3 }
```

#### 4.5.4 Class Clear Date

```
recMechV2ClassClearDate OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      ITSDaTeStamp
    MAX-ACCESS  read-create
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> This object, along with recMechV2ClassClearTime, is used
        to clear multiple recordings from the recMechV2RecordingTable and
        recMechV2SampleTable. All completed recordings (and associated
        samples)
        for this recording class that are associated with a
        recMechV2RecordingTriggerDate and recMechV2RecordingTriggerTime equal
        to
        or older than the recMechV2ClassClearDate and recMechV2ClassClearTime
        shall be cleared from the recMechV2RecordingTable and
        recMechV2SampleTable.
        If the recMechV2ClassClearDate and recMechV2ClassClearTime refer to a
```

future point in time, no recordings shall be initiated for the associated recording class.  
 <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.2.1.4"  
 ::= { recMechV2ClassEntry 4 }

#### 4.5.5 Class Clear Time

recMechV2ClassClearTime OBJECT-TYPE  
 SYNTAX ITSDailyTimeStamp  
 MAX-ACCESS read-create  
 STATUS current  
 DESCRIPTION  
 "<Definition> This object, along with recMechV2ClassClearDate, is used to clear multiple recordings from the recMechV2RecordingTable and recMechV2SampleTable. All completed recordings (and associated samples) for this recording class that are associated with a recMechV2RecordingTriggerDate and recMechV2RecordingTriggerTime equal to or older than the recMechV2ClassClearDate and recMechV2ClassClearTime shall be cleared from the recMechV2RecordingTable and recMechV2SampleTable. If the recMechV2ClassClearDate and recMechV2ClassClearTime refer to a future point in time, no recordings shall be initiated for the associated recording class.  
 <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.2.1.5"  
 ::= { recMechV2ClassEntry 5 }

#### 4.5.6 Class Number of Recordings

recMechV2ClassNumRecordings OBJECT-TYPE  
 SYNTAX ITSUnsigned8  
 UNITS "recording"  
 MAX-ACCESS read-only  
 STATUS current  
 DESCRIPTION  
 "<Definition> The number of recordings for this recording class that are currently stored in the recMechV2RecordingTable.  
 <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.2.1.6"  
 ::= { recMechV2ClassEntry 6 }

#### 4.5.7 Class Recording Counter

recMechV2ClassRecordingCtr OBJECT-TYPE  
 SYNTAX ITSCounter16  
 UNITS "recording"  
 MAX-ACCESS read-only  
 STATUS current  
 DESCRIPTION  
 "<Definition> This object is a counter that gets incremented every time a recording occurs for this class.  
 <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.2.1.7"  
 ::= { recMechV2ClassEntry 7 }

#### 4.5.8 Class Storage Type

recMechV2ClassStorageType OBJECT-TYPE  
 SYNTAX StorageType  
 MAX-ACCESS read-create

```
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition> This object defines the storage type to use for this
  row of the recMechV2ClassTable. Rows having the value 'permanent'
  shall allow writable access to recMechV2ClassSizeLimit,
  recMechV2ClassClearDate, and recMechV2ClassClearTime.
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.2.1.8"
 ::= { recMechV2ClassEntry 8 }
```

#### 4.5.9 Class Row Status

```
recMechV2ClassRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      RowStatus
MAX-ACCESS  read-create
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition> This object indicates the status of this row within the
  recMechV2ClassTable. Objects within this row can be modified
  regardless of the state of this object.

  Within the second phase of the set operation to set this object to
  'destroy', all rows within the recMechV2FactoryTable,
  recMechV2RecordingTable, and recMechV2SampleTable that use this
  recMechV2ClassName as an index shall also be destroyed.
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.2.1.9"
 ::= { recMechV2ClassEntry 9 }
```

#### 4.6 RECORDING FACTORY

```
recMechV2FactoryTable OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF RecMechV2FactoryEntry
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition> This table is used to configure the information to be
  contained within each recording.
  <Table Type> managed
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.3"
 ::= { recMechV2 3 }
```

```
recMechV2FactoryEntry OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX RecMechV2FactoryEntry
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition> This object defines a row in the Recording Mechanism
  Factory Table. Rows defined within this table define the
  information the device shall record when a recording is initiated.
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.3.1"
  INDEX { fdOwnerID, recMechV2ClassID, recMechV2FactoryID }
 ::= { recMechV2FactoryTable 1 }
```

```
RecMechV2FactoryEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
  recMechV2FactoryID          ITSPositive8,
  recMechV2FactorySecurityModel SnmpSecurityModel,
  recMechV2FactorySecurityLevel SnmpSecurityLevel,
  recMechV2FactorySecurityName SnmpAdminString,
  recMechV2FactorySampleContext SnmpAdminString,
```



recMechV2FactorySampleOID	VariablePointer,
recMechV2FactoryPreSamples	NtcipPercent,
recMechV2FactorySamplePeriod	ITSUnsigned16,
recMechV2FactoryMonitorContext	SnmpAdminString,
recMechV2FactoryMonitorOID	VariablePointer,
recMechV2FactorySampleLimit	ITSUnsigned8,
recMechV2FactoryStorageType	StorageType,
recMechV2FactoryRowStatus	RowStatus }

#### 4.6.1 Recording Factory Name

```
recMechV2FactoryID OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      ITSPositive8
    MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> This object provides a unique name for the recording
        factory within the context of the adminRecMechV2Owner.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.3.1.1"
 ::= { recMechV2FactoryEntry 1 }
```

#### 4.6.2 Recording Factory Security Model

```
recMechV2FactorySecurityModel OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      SnmpSecurityModel
    MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The security model used to activate this row of the
        recMechV2FactoryTable and that is used to access the
        recMechV2FactoryObjectID and recMechV2FactorySampleOID.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.3.1.2"
 ::= { recMechV2FactoryEntry 2 }
```

#### 4.6.3 Recording Factory Security Level

```
recMechV2FactorySecurityLevel OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      SnmpSecurityLevel
    MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The security level used to activate this row of the
        recMechV2FactoryTable and that is used to access the
        recMechV2FactoryObjectID and recMechV2FactorySampleOID.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.3.1.3"
 ::= { recMechV2FactoryEntry 3 }
```

#### 4.6.4 Recording Factory Security Name

```
recMechV2FactorySecurityName OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      SnmpAdminString (SIZE (0..32))
    MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The security name used to activate this row of the
        recMechV2FactoryTable and that is used to access the
        recMechV2FactoryObjectID and recMechV2FactorySampleOID.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.3.1.4"
 ::= { recMechV2FactoryEntry 4 }
```

#### 4.6.5 Context for Object to be Sampled

```
recMechV2FactorySampleContext OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      SnmpAdminString (SIZE (0..32))
    MAX-ACCESS  read-create
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The management context of the object instance to be
        sampled for the recording. For example, the command responder might
        provide access to multiple MIB instances; this object disambiguates
        which MIB instance is to be used.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.3.1.5"
 ::= { recMechV2FactoryEntry 5 }
```

#### 4.6.6 Object to be Sampled in Recording

```
recMechV2FactorySampleOID OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      VariablePointer
    MAX-ACCESS  read-create
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The object identifier of the object instance to be
        sampled for the recording. The object instance shall be accessed using
        the security parameters as specified in recMechV2FactorySecurityModel,
        recMechV2FactorySecurityLevel, recMechV2FactorySecurityName, and
        recMechV2FactorySampleContext. (See RFC 3415 for details about how the
        view-based access control model uses these parameters.)
```

An attempt to set this object to a value that is not within the read mib view for the supplied security parameters shall result in a failure of Step 10 of the set operation, thereby resulting in an 'inconsistent value' error. NOTE: The object instance does not have to exist at the time that this object is set for the set to be successful.

If the object identifier does not point to a valid object instance within the read mib view for the indicated security parameters at the time that the data is being sampled, the sample shall record a zero-length string.

```
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.3.1.6"
 ::= { recMechV2FactoryEntry 6 }
```

#### 4.6.7 Pre-Trigger Samples

```
recMechV2FactoryPreSamples OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      ITSPercent
    MAX-ACCESS  read-create
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> This object indicates the percentage of samples in a
        recording that are intended to be captured prior to the recording
        being triggered. When this value is greater than zero (0), the device
        will need to collect and buffer samples prior to the recording being
        triggered so that it can store the requisite information when a
        recording is triggered.

        <Format>
        A value of zero (0) means that the recording shall start with the
```

first sample captured after the recording is triggered. A value of 100 means that the recording will end with the last sample captured prior to or simultaneous with the recording being triggered, where simultaneous is defined as occurring within  $\text{recMechV2FactorySamplePeriod} / 2$ .

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.3.1.7"  
 ::= { recMechV2FactoryEntry 7 }

#### 4.6.8 Sample Period

recMechV2FactorySamplePeriod OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX ITSUnsigned16  
UNITS "0.1 milliseconds"  
MAX-ACCESS read-create  
STATUS current

##### DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> This object indicates the frequency at which samples shall be taken. Allowable sample periods are restricted to a value of zero (0) or  $\text{recMechMinSamplePeriod} + (\text{recMechV2SamplePeriodResolution} * n)$

where  $n$  is an integer,  
 $0 \leq n$ , and  
 $n \leq (\text{recMechMaxSamplePeriod} - \text{recMechMinSamplePeriod}) / \text{recMechV2SamplePeriodResolution}$

If the value of this object is zero (0), samples shall be collected whenever the value of the object specified by `recMechV2FactoryMonitorOID` changes (i.e., based on an on-change event rather than based on time).

If the value of this object is greater than zero, this object indicates the time that shall elapse between each sample collected for the recording produced by this factory and the value of `recMechV2FactoryMonitorOID` shall be ignored.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.3.1.8"  
 ::= { recMechV2FactoryEntry 8 }

#### 4.6.9 Context for Object to be Monitored

recMechV2FactoryMonitorContext OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SnmpAdminString (SIZE (0..32))  
MAX-ACCESS read-create  
STATUS current

##### DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> The management context to use when accessing `recMechV2FactoryMonitorOID`.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.3.1.9"  
 ::= { recMechV2FactoryEntry 9 }

#### 4.6.10 Object to be Monitored for Change Events

recMechV2FactoryMonitorOID OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX VariablePointer  
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible  
STATUS current

##### DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> The object identifier of the object instance to be

monitored for on-change events when recMechV2FactorySamplePeriod is zero (0).

If recMechV2FactorySamplePeriod is non-zero, the value of this object shall be ignored.

The object instance shall be accessed using the security parameters as specified in recMechV2FactorySecurityModel, recMechV2FactorySecurityLevel, recMechV2FactorySecurityName, and recMechV2FactoryMonitorContext. An attempt to set this object to a value, other than zeroDotZero, that is not within the read mib view for the supplied security parameters shall result in a failure of Step 10 of the set operation, thereby resulting in an 'inconsistent value' error. NOTE: The object instance does not have to exist at the time that this object is set for the set to be successful.

If this object does not point to a valid object instance within the read mib view for the indicated security parameters at the time that the data is being monitored, the on-change event shall not fire.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.3.1.10"  
::= { recMechV2FactoryEntry 10 }

#### 4.6.11 Number of Samples to Collect

recMechV2FactorySampleLimit OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX ITSUnsigned16  
UNITS "samples"  
MAX-ACCESS read-create  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
"<Definition> The intended number of samples to be included for recordings produced by this factory. A recording that collects its full number of samples prior to and after the recording trigger shall have a recording of this number of samples.  
If this object is zero (0), then no recordings are created based on this configuration.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.3.1.11"  
::= { recMechV2FactoryEntry 11 }

#### 4.6.12 Recording Factory Storage Type

recMechV2FactoryStorageType OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX StorageType  
MAX-ACCESS read-create  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
"<Definition> This object defines the storage type to use for this row within the recMechV2FactoryTable. Permanent rows do not have to be editable.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.3.1.12"  
::= { recMechV2FactoryEntry 12 }

#### 4.6.13 Recording Factory Row Status

recMechV2FactoryRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX RowStatus  
MAX-ACCESS read-create  
STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> This object indicates the status of this row within the recMechV2FactoryTable. Objects within this row cannot be modified while this object is 'active'.

Within the second phase of the set operation to set this object to 'destroy', all rows within the recMechV2RecordingTable, and recMechV2SampleTable with an index that includes both

recMechV2ClassName

and recMechV2FactoryName shall also be destroyed.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.3.1.13"

::= { recMechV2FactoryEntry 13 }

#### 4.7 RECORDING TABLE

recMechV2RecordingTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF RecMechV2RecordingEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> This table is used to provide information about each recording completed or in progress.

<Table Type> managed

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.4"

::= { recMechV2 4 }

recMechV2RecordingEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX RecMechV2RecordingEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> This object defines a row in the recMechV2RecordingTable. Rows defined within this table capture information that applies to all samples collected within the recording.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.4.1"

INDEX {fdOwnerID, recMechV2ClassID, recMechV2RecordingID}

::= { recMechV2RecordingTable 1 }

RecMechV2RecordingEntry ::= SEQUENCE {

recMechV2RecordingID	ITSPositive8,
recMechV2RecordingTrigger	RowPointer,
recMechV2RecordingTriggerDate	ITSDateStamp,
recMechV2RecordingTriggerTime	ITSDailyTimeStamp,
recMechV2RecordingStatus	INTEGER,
recMechV2RecordingTriggerPoint	ITSUnsigned16,
recMechV2RecordingNumSamples	ITSUnsigned16,
recMechV2RecordingDelete	TruthValue }

##### 4.7.1 Recording Index

recMechV2RecordingID OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX ITSPositive8

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> The recording number within this class for this recording. Recording numbers shall be assigned starting at 1 and increasing sequentially by 1 with each new recording within the

class. After the assigned value reaches 255, the process shall repeat, skipping the value 0. Recordings shall be assigned the index value in order of the trigger events occurring ensuring that the trigger date/time values are chronological (except for the rollover).  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.4.1.1"  
::= { recMechV2RecordingEntry 1 }

#### 4.7.2 Recording Trigger

recMechV2RecordingTrigger OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX RowPointer  
MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
" <Definition> This object indicates the trigger or event that caused the recording to be initiated. For example, if the recording was triggered by a conditional trigger, this object would indicate the OID of fdCondTriggerDescription for the row within the fdCondTriggerTable that caused the recording.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.4.1.2"  
::= { recMechV2RecordingEntry 2 }

#### 4.7.3 Recording Trigger Date

recMechV2RecordingTriggerDate OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX ITSDateStamp  
MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
" <Definition> This object contains the date on which the recording was triggered.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.4.1.3"  
::= { recMechV2RecordingEntry 3 }

#### 4.7.4 Recording Trigger Time

recMechV2RecordingTriggerTime OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX ITSDailyTimeStamp  
MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
" <Definition> This object indicates the time at which the recording was triggered.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.4.1.4"  
::= { recMechV2RecordingEntry 4 }

#### 4.7.5 Recording Status

recMechV2RecordingStatus OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX INTEGER { available (1),  
pretrigger (2),  
triggered (3),  
complete (4)}  
MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
" <Definition> The value of this object reflects the state of the recording located in this row.  
<Format>

Value	Description
available	This row is available for a new recording to be initiated for this recording class. When a recording is cleared, the value is set to available. Note: This state is only applicable to implementations that have rows that can exist without any samples.
pretrigger	The recording is collecting pre-trigger samples. Note: When the trigger point is zero (0) percent or the trigger condition is already satisfied when the recMechV2FactoryEntry is configured, this state does not occur.
triggered	The recording has been triggered and is currently collecting post event records. Triggered recordings shall survive a power outage. Upon power up, any recording in the 'triggered' state shall automatically transition to the 'complete' state. Note: When the trigger point is 100 percent, this state does not occur.
complete	The recording is complete (e.g., all post-event samples have been collected). Completed recordings shall survive a power outage.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.4.1.5"  
 ::= { recMechV2RecordingEntry 5 }

#### 4.7.6 Recording Trigger Point

```
recMechV2RecordingTriggerSample OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      ITSUnsigned16
    UNITS       "samples"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> This object indicates the number (recMechV2SampleNumber)
        of the first post-event sample in the recording.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.4.1.6"
 ::= { recMechV2RecordingEntry 6 }
```

#### 4.7.7 Number of Samples in Recording

```
recMechV2RecordingNumSamples OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      ITSUnsigned16
    UNITS       "samples"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The current number of samples contained in this
        recording. A completed recording does not necessarily have exactly
        recMechV2FactoryNumSamples samples recorded (e.g., due to changes in
        configuration, errors in collecting samples, etc.).
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.4.1.7"
 ::= { recMechV2RecordingEntry 7 }
```

#### 4.7.8 Delete Recording

```
recMechV2RecordingDelete OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      TruthValue
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
```

```
"<Definition> A control that allows the deletion of the recording. The
object shall always report false when read. Setting this object to
true shall delete this row in the table and shall also delete all
rows in the recMechV2SampleTable with the same fdOwnerID,
recMechV2ClassID, and recMechV2RecordingID.
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.4.1.8"
::= { recMechV2RecordingEntry 8 }
```

#### 4.8 SAMPLE TABLE

```
recMechV2SampleTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      SEQUENCE OF RecMechV2SampleEntry
    MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> A table containing the samples for each recording.
        <Table Type> managed
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.5"
    ::= { recMechV2 5 }

recMechV2SampleEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      RecMechV2SampleEntry
    MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> An entry in the recording mechanism sample table.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.5.1"
    INDEX { fdOwnerID, recMechV2ClassID, recMechV2RecordingID, recMechV2SampleID}
    ::= { recMechV2SampleTable 1 }
```

```
RecMechV2SampleEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    recMechV2SampleID      ITSPositive16,
    recMechV2SampleTime   ITSDailyTimeStamp,
    recMechV2SampleValue  ITSOctString }
```

##### 4.8.1 Sample Number

```
recMechV2SampleID OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      ITSPositive16
    MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The number used to uniquely identify this sample within
        this recording. Sample numbers shall be sequentially assigned starting
        at 1 and increasing by 1 until the configured number of post-event
        samples have been captured or the recording is otherwise completed.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.5.1.1"
    ::= { recMechV2SampleEntry 1 }
```

##### 4.8.2 Sample Time

```
recMechV2SampleTime OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      ITSDailyTimeStamp
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The time that the sample was captured. The entry shall be
        collected within one recMechV2SamplePeriodResolution unit of time
        from
        the intended time and timestamped with the time of collection."
```



```
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.5.1.2"
 ::= { recMechV2SampleEntry 2 }
```

### 4.8.3 Sample Value

```
recMechV2SampleValue OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX ITSOerString
```

```
MAX-ACCESS read-only
```

```
STATUS current
```

```
DESCRIPTION
```

```
"<Definition> The OER-encoded value of the object instance referenced
by recMechV2FactorySampleOID at the time when the sample was
collected.
```

```
<Format>
```

```
The value shall not contain any padding characters either before or
after the values. Decoding the value of this object requires
knowledge of the syntax of the object referenced by
recMechV2FactorySampleOID.
```

```
For example, the value portion of the variableBinding encoding of
this object could be 0x04 02 01 41, where:
```

```
04 - octet string type for ITSOerString
```

```
02 - length of 2 octets
```

```
01 41 - sampled value of object referenced by
recMechV2FactorySampleOID
```

```
The exact meaning of 01 41 is based on the syntax of
recMechV2FactorySampleOID; for example, the following table gives
possible valid decodings depending on the syntax:
```

Syntax	Decoding	Logic
ITSInteger16	321	fixed-length two-octet integer encoding
Counter64	65	one-octet length and one-octet value
SnmpAdminString	'A'	one-octet length and one-octet value

```
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.5.1.3"
 ::= { recMechV2SampleEntry 3 }
```

## 4.9 CAPABILITY OBJECTS

### 4.9.1 Minimum Sample Period

```
recMechV2MinSamplePeriod OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX ITSPositive16
```

```
UNITS "0.1 milliseconds"
```

```
MAX-ACCESS read-only
```

```
STATUS current
```

```
DESCRIPTION
```

```
"<Definition> The minimum sample period for recordings supported by the
device.
```

```
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.6"
 ::= { recMechV2 6}
```

### 4.9.2 Maximum Sample Period

```
recMechV2MaxSamplePeriod OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX ITSPositive16
```

```
UNITS "0.1 milliseconds"
```

```
MAX-ACCESS read-only
```

```
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition> The maximum sample period for recordings supported by the
    device.
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.7"
 ::= { recMechV2 7}
```

#### 4.9.3 Sample Period Resolution

```
recMechV2SamplePeriodResolution OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      Unsigned32 (1..50)
UNITS       "0.1 milliseconds"
MAX-ACCESS  read-only
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition> The sample period resolution for recordings supported
    by the device. Allowable sample periods are restricted to
    (recMinSamplePeriod + recSamplePeriodResolution * n), where:
    n is an integer,
    0 <= n, and
    n <= (recMaxSamplePeriod - recMinSamplePeriod) /
        recSamplePeriodResolution
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.8"
 ::= { recMechV2 8}
```

#### 4.10 COMPLIANCE GROUPS

##### 4.10.1 Recording Mechanism Group

```
recMechV2GroupR1 OBJECT-GROUP
OBJECTS { adminRecMechV2SizeLimit,
  adminRecMechV2ClearAll,
  adminRecMechV2ClearAllFactories,
  adminRecMechV2ClearAllRecordings,
  adminRecMechV2RowStatus,
  adminRecMechV2NumRecordings,
  adminRecMechV2RecordingCtr,
  recMechV2MinSamplePeriod,
  recMechV2MaxSamplePeriod,
  recMechV2SamplePeriodResolution,
  recMechV2OwnerClearAll,
  recMechV2OwnerClearAllFactories,
  recMechV2OwnerClearAllRecordings,
  recMechV2OwnerNumRecordings,
  recMechV2OwnerRecordingCtr,
  recMechV2ClassDescription,
  recMechV2ClassSizeLimit,
  recMechV2ClassClearDate,
  recMechV2ClassClearTime,
  recMechV2ClassStorageType,
  recMechV2ClassRowStatus,
  recMechV2ClassNumRecordings,
  recMechV2ClassRecordingCtr,
  recMechV2FactorySampleContext,
  recMechV2FactorySampleOID,
  recMechV2FactoryPreSamples,
  recMechV2FactorySamplePeriod,
  recMechV2FactoryMonitorContext,
  recMechV2FactoryMonitorOID,
```

```
recMechV2FactorySampleLimit,  
recMechV2FactoryStorageType,  
recMechV2FactoryRowStatus,  
recMechV2FactorySecurityModel,  
recMechV2FactorySecurityLevel,  
recMechV2FactorySecurityName,  
recMechV2RecordingDelete,  
recMechV2RecordingTrigger,  
recMechV2RecordingTriggerDate,  
recMechV2RecordingTriggerTime,  
recMechV2RecordingStatus,  
recMechV2RecordingTriggerPoint,  
recMechV2RecordingNumSamples,  
recMechV2SampleTime,  
recMechV2SampleValue }  
STATUS      current  
DESCRIPTION  
  "The objects necessary for the recording mechanism version 2.  
  NOTE: The recording mechanism is dependent upon the fdOwnerTable, as  
  defined in ISO 20684-7. It is designed to be called by  
  the ISO 20684-3 Action Table but could be called by other  
  means as well.  
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.9.2.127.2.1"  
  ::= {recMechV2Groups 1}  
  
END -- NTCIP1201-RechMechV2
```

## Section 5 DEPRECATED GLOBAL MANAGEMENT INFORMATION BASE (MIB) [NORMATIVE]

The text provided from Section 5.1 through the end of Section 5 (except the headings) constitutes the standard NTCIP1201-Global MIB.

**\*\* All objects contained in this MIB are deprecated. \*\***

This MIB is provided to allow SNMPv3 implementations to support backward compatibility with prior versions of NTCIP 1201. Prior versions of NTCIP 1201 were based on SNMPv1, which used the SMIv1 MIB structure. SNMPv3 requires data to be defined in the SMIv2 format. This section defines the official translation of the NTCIP1201-v03 MIB into the SMIv2 format so that there is an unambiguous, standardized definition of how to represent NTCIP 1201 v03 data in an SNMPv3 data packet. For example, using this MIB, a SNMPv3 traffic management system can exchange data with an SNMPv1 device through a proxy agent, as shown in Figure 1. This arrangement allows for secure communications between the traffic management system and the proxy agent while steps can be made to physically secure the connection between the proxy agent and device. This is one way in which systems may choose to migrate to a more secure environment.

While the MIB contained in this section can be used with SNMPv3, doing so does not resolve all known security issues. As a result, the objects contained in this MIB are marked deprecated and notes have been added to indicate either:

- The object(s) that supersede the object with similar functionality, or
- An explanation as to why there is no superseding object.

SNMPv1 implementations should refer to prior versions of NTCIP 1201 for the formal MIB definition. Copies of all versions of NTCIP MIB files are maintained on the NTCIP website.

The following table indicates which object groups and capabilities are required for each version of NTCIP 1201 for the objects contained within this MIB.

**Table 3: Compliance Statement for NTCIP1201-GlobalV1 MIB**

Group	v01	v01A1	v02	v03
globalConfigIDGroupR1	O	O	O	O
globalModuleGroupR1	O [1]	O [1]	O	O
globalBaseStandardsGroupR1			O	O
globalDbMgmtGroupR1	O [2, 3]			
globalDbMgmtGroupR2		O [2]	O	O
globalTimeMgmtUtcGroupR1	O [2]	O [2]	O	O
globalTimeMgmtDstGroupR1	O [2, 4]	O [2, 4]		
globalTimeMgmtDstGroupR2			O	O
globalTimeMgmtLocalGroupR1			O	O
globalTimeBaseEventGroupR1	O [2]	O [2]	O	O
globalTimeBaseEventGroupR1Ext				O
globalPmppGroupR1	O [3]	O [3]		
globalPmppGroupR2			O	O

[1] moduleVersion — Implementations are not required to support the format defined for the text string

[2] Implementations are not required to implement the defined default values for any object

[3] Interoperability issues were discovered with the original design

[4] globalDaylightSaving — Implementations are only required to support the disabledDST and enableUSDST values

## 5.1 NTCIP HEADER

```
NTCIP1201-GlobalV1 DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
IMPORTS
    MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, OBJECT-IDENTITY, Integer32, Unsigned32
        FROM SNMPv2-SMI
        -- RFC 2578

    AutonomousPointer
        FROM SNMPv2-TC
        -- RFC 2579

    global
        FROM NTCIP1201-Global

    profiles
        FROM NTCIP8004-Transportation

globalV1 MODULE-IDENTITY
    LAST-UPDATED "202210010000Z"
    ORGANIZATION "NTCIP BSP2 WG"
    CONTACT-INFO
        "name: NTCIP Coordinator
        email: ntcip@nema.org
        postal: National Electrical Manufacturers Association
              1300 North 17th Street, Suite 1752
              Rosslyn, Virginia 22209-3801"
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> This MIB defines the SMIV2 representation of various
        globally applicable objects that were previously defined in NTCIP 1201
        v03.

        *** All objects in this MIB have been deprecated. ***

        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.8

        Copyright (C) 2010, 2022 by the American Association of State Highway
        and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), the Institute of Transportation
        Engineers (ITE), and the National Electrical Manufacturers Association
        (NEMA). All intellectual property rights, including, but not limited to,
        the rights of reproduction in whole or in part in any form, translation
        into other languages and display are reserved by the copyright owners
        under the laws of the United States of America, the Universal Copyright
        Convention, the Berne Convention, and the International and Pan American
        Copyright Conventions.
```

Joint NEMA, AASHTO, and ITE  
NTCIP Management Information Base  
DISTRIBUTION NOTICE

To the extent and in the limited event these materials are distributed by AASHTO/ITE/NEMA in the form of a Management Information Base ("MIB") module, AASHTO/ITE/NEMA extends the permission for users to make and/or distribute unlimited copies of the unedited MIB module, including copies for commercial distribution, provided that each copy made and/or distributed contains this Notice.

The MIB module may be distributed with a companion MIB module that contains one or more invocations of the AGENT-CAPABILITIES macro that specifies the capabilities of a specific implementation. By convention, such a companion MIB module might have the same module name followed by "-", followed the enterprise's Internet Assigned Number Authority (IANA)-assigned enterprise number.

These materials are delivered "AS IS" without any warranties as to their use or performance.

AASHTO/ITE/NEMA AND THEIR SUPPLIERS DO NOT WARRANT THE PERFORMANCE OR RESULTS YOU MAY OBTAIN BY USING THESE MATERIALS. AASHTO/ITE/NEMA AND THEIR SUPPLIERS MAKE NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO NONINFRINGEMENT OF THIRD-PARTY RIGHTS, MERCHANTABILITY, OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE. IN NO EVENT WILL AASHTO, ITE OR NEMA OR THEIR SUPPLIERS BE LIABLE TO YOU OR ANY THIRD PARTY FOR ANY CLAIM OR FOR ANY CONSEQUENTIAL, INCIDENTAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES, INCLUDING ANY LOST PROFITS OR LOST SAVINGS, ARISING FROM YOUR REPRODUCTION OR USE OF THESE MATERIALS, EVEN IF AN AASHTO, ITE, OR NEMA REPRESENTATIVE HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. Some states or jurisdictions do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental, consequential or special damages, or the exclusion of implied warranties, so the above limitations may not apply to you.

Use of these materials does not constitute an endorsement or affiliation by or between AASHTO, ITE, or NEMA and you, your company, or your products and services.

NTCIP is a trademark of AASHTO/ITE/NEMA."

REVISION "202210010000Z"

DESCRIPTION

"NTCIP 1201 v04 - Upgraded format to SMIV2 and deprecated all objects."

REVISION "200803240000Z"

DESCRIPTION

"NTCIP 1201 v03 - Added DST table objects. Created standalone MIBs for the main portion of the MIB and the 2 different versions of AuxIO objects."

REVISION "200409270000Z"

DESCRIPTION

"NTCIP 1201 v02 - Removed global report, logicalNameTranslation and communityName nodes as they are now included in NTCIP 1103v0124. Removed state transition diagram form 2.3.1. Changed 'FROM NTCIP8004-A' to 'FROM NTCIP8004-A-2004' and restructured associated imports. Changed status of moduleNumber, timeBaseScheduleNumber, dayPlanNumber, dayPlanEventNumber, eventClassNumber, eventConfigID and their associated Entry to mandatory from optional to eliminate incompatible status errors.

```
REVISION "199810010000Z"  
DESCRIPTION  
  "Amendment 1 to NTCIP 1201 v01 (a.k.a. Amendment 1 to NEMA TS 3.4 and  
  NTCIP 1201:1998) - Editorial corrections. Revised DST object."  
REVISION "199610010000Z"  
DESCRIPTION  
  "Original version approved as NEMA TS 3.4 (a.k.a., NTCIP 1201  
  v01)."  
 ::= { global 8 }
```

## 5.2 OBJECT IDENTITIES

### 5.2.1 Global Configuration Node

```
globalConfiguration OBJECT-IDENTITY  
  STATUS deprecated  
  DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> This node is an identifier used to group all objects for  
    support of configuration functions that are common to most device types.  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.1"  
 ::= { global 1 }
```

```
globalConformance OBJECT-IDENTITY  
  STATUS deprecated  
  DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> This node is an identifier used to define conformance  
    information for the global MIB.  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.8.127"  
 ::= { globalV1 127 }
```

```
globalCompliances OBJECT-IDENTITY  
  STATUS deprecated  
  DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> This node is an identifier used to define compliance  
    statements for the global MIB.  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.8.127.1"  
 ::= { globalConformance 1 }
```

```
globalGroups OBJECT-IDENTITY  
  STATUS deprecated  
  DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> This node is an identifier used to define object groups for  
    the global MIB.  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.8.127.2"  
 ::= { globalConformance 2 }
```

## 5.3 OBJECTS

### 5.3.1 Global Set ID Parameter

```
globalSetIDParameter OBJECT-TYPE  
  SYNTAX      Integer32 (0..65535)  
  MAX-ACCESS  read-only  
  STATUS      deprecated  
  DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> Specifies a relatively unique ID (e.g., this could be a  
    counter, a check-sum, etc.) for all user-changeable parameters of the  
    particular device-type currently implemented in the device. Often this  
    ID is calculated using a CRC algorithm."
```

This value shall be calculated when a change of any parameter object has occurred. The value reported by this object shall not change unless there has been a change in the static data since the last request. If the actual objects, which are to be included to create this object value, are not defined in the actual device-level standard such as 1202 or 1203, then the general guidance is to include all configuration objects that are stored in a type of memory that survives power outages.

A management station can use this object to detect any change in the parameter objects by monitoring this value after it has established a baseline.

```
<Superseded by> FIELD-DEVICE-MAIN-MIB.fidConfigurationID (ISO 20684-2)
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.1.1"
 ::= { globalConfiguration 1 }
```

### 5.3.2 Maximum Modules Parameter

```
globalMaxModules OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..255)
UNITS       "modules"
MAX-ACCESS  read-only
STATUS      deprecated
DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition>The number of rows that are listed in the
    globalModuleTable.
    <Informative> The module table has been replaced with features
    from other standards so this object is no longer needed.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.1.2"
 ::= { globalConfiguration 2 }
```

### 5.3.3 Module Table

```
moduleTable OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      SEQUENCE OF ModuleEntry
MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
STATUS      deprecated
DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> A table containing information regarding
    manufacturer of software and hardware and the associated module
    models and version numbers as well as an indicator if the module
    is hardware or software related. The number of rows in this table
    shall equal the value of the globalMaxModules object.
    <Informative> The module table has been replaced with features
    from other standards.
    <TableType> static
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.1.3"
 ::= { globalConfiguration 3 }
```

```
moduleEntry OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      ModuleEntry
MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
STATUS      deprecated
DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> This object defines an entry in the module table.
    <Informative> The module table has been replaced with features
    from other standards.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.1.3.1"
```



```
INDEX { moduleNumber }  
 ::= { moduleTable 1 }
```

```
ModuleEntry ::= SEQUENCE {  
  moduleNumber          INTEGER,  
  moduleDeviceNode     OBJECT IDENTIFIER,  
  moduleMake           OCTET STRING,  
  moduleModel          OCTET STRING,  
  moduleVersion        OCTET STRING,  
  moduleType           INTEGER }
```

### 5.3.3.1 Module Number Parameter

```
moduleNumber OBJECT-TYPE  
  SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..255)  
  MAX-ACCESS  read-only  
  STATUS      deprecated  
  DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> This object contains the row number (1..255) within  
    this table for the associated module.  
    <Informative> The module table has been replaced with features  
    from other standards so a row number is no longer needed.  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.1.3.1.1"  
  ::= { moduleEntry 1 }
```

### 5.3.3.2 Module Device Node Parameter

```
moduleDeviceNode OBJECT-TYPE  
  SYNTAX      AutonomousType  
  MAX-ACCESS  read-only  
  STATUS      deprecated  
  DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition>This object contains the device node number of the  
    device-type, e.g., an ASC signal controller would have an OID of  
    1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.1.  
    <Superseded by> SNMPv2-MIB.sysORID (from RFC 3418)  
    <Informative> The intent of this object was to provide an  
    indication of the type of data within the device. This is  
    achieved at a much finer level of detail with the replacement  
    object, which is a required object per SNMPv3 standards.  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.1.3.1.2"  
  ::= { moduleEntry 2 }
```

### 5.3.3.3 Module Make Parameter

```
moduleMake OBJECT-TYPE  
  SYNTAX      OCTET STRING  
  MAX-ACCESS  read-only  
  STATUS      deprecated  
  DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition>This object specifies the manufacturer of the  
    associated module. A null-string shall be transmitted if this  
    object has no entry.  
    <Superseded by> ENTITY-MIB.entPhysicalMfgName (RFC 6933)  
    <Informative> The entPhysicalTable allows (but does not require)  
    an implementation to show relationships among components thereby  
    providing more meaningful information for devices that need to  
    provide this level of detail. It is also defined as a multi-
```

lingual string that will allow managers to automatically display the text in the appropriate format.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.1.3.1.3"  
 ::= { moduleEntry 3 }

#### 5.3.3.4 Module Model Parameter

moduleModel OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX OCTET STRING  
MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
 "<Definition>This object specifies the model number (hardware) or firmware reference (software) of the associated module. A null-string shall be transmitted if this object has no entry.  
<Superseded by> ENTITY-MIB.entPhysicalModelName (RFC 6933)  
<Informative> The entPhysicalTable allows (but does not require) an implementation to show relationships among components thereby providing more meaningful information for devices that need to provide this level of detail. It is also defined as a multi-lingual string that will allow managers to automatically display the text in the appropriate format.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.1.3.1.4"  
 ::= { moduleEntry 4 }

#### 5.3.3.5 Module Version Parameter

moduleVersion OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX OCTET STRING  
MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
 "<Definition>This object specifies the version of the associated module. If the moduleType has a value of software, the value of this object shall include the date on which the software was released as a string in the form of YYYYMMDD, it shall be followed by a space, a hyphen, another space, the lower-case letter 'v', followed by a version or configuration number. Preceding zeros shall be required for the date. For example, version 7.03.02 of the software released on July 5, 2002 would be presented as 20020705 - v7.03.02  
A null-string shall be transmitted if this object has no entry.  
<Superseded by> ENTITY-MIB.entPhysicalHardwareRev & ENTITY-MIB.entPhysicalSoftwareRev (RFC 6933)  
<Informative> The entPhysicalTable allows (but does not require) an implementation to show relationships among components thereby providing more meaningful information for devices that need to provide this level of detail. It is also defined as a multi-lingual string that will allow managers to automatically display the text in the appropriate format.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.1.3.1.5"  
 ::= { moduleEntry 5 }

### 5.3.3.6 Module Type Parameter

```
moduleType OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      INTEGER {
                other (1),
                hardware (2),
                software (3) }
  MAX-ACCESS  read-only
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> This object specifies whether the associated module
    is a hardware or software module.
    <Informative> The ENTITY-MIB.entPhysicalTable (RFC 6933) allows
    the definition of physical entities that contain hardware and/or
    software and allows associations among them.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.1.3.1.6"
 ::= { moduleEntry 6 }
```

### 5.3.4 Base Standards Parameter

```
controllerBaseStandards OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      OCTET STRING (SIZE (0..256))
  MAX-ACCESS  read-only
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> For use in this object, an ASCII string that shall
    identify all of the standard document numbers that define or
    reference MIBs upon which the device is based. Where applicable,
    profiles shall be referenced rather than the base standards.

    <Format> The version string shall be constructed as follows:
    The acronym of the standards development organization (or other
    body) that developed and approved the standard; a space; the
    standards document number; a colon; and the documents version
    number as designated by the standards development organization
    (or other body). Separate entries in the list of standards shall
    be separated by a carriage return (0x0d) and line feed (0x0a).
    In the case of NTCIP documents prior to formal approval, the
    version number shall be the version number in the form of lower
    case 'v' followed by the major version followed by a period
    followed by the minor revision. In the case of approved NTCIP
    standards, the publication year shall precede the version number.
    In the case of amended NTCIP standards, the version number shall
    be replaced by the four digit year of publication of the
    published standard followed by the upper case letter 'A',
    followed by the amendment number.
```

For example, a message sign may have the following value for this object:

```
NTCIP 1201:v02.19
NTCIP 1203:1997A1
NTCIP 2101:2001 v01.19
NTCIP 2103:v01.13
NTCIP 2201:v01.14
NTCIP 2301:2001 v01.08
```

<Superseded by> SNMPv2-MIB.sysORID (from RFC 3418)

```
<Informative> sysORID provides more refined information using
OIDs to identify compliance statements that can be processed by
computers without having to parse strings.
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.1.4"
::= { globalConfiguration 4 }
```

## 5.4 GLOBAL DATABASE MANAGEMENT NODE

```
globalDBManagement OBJECT-IDENTITY
STATUS deprecated
DESCRIPTION
```

"This node is an identifier used to group those objects used to manage a transaction.

A transaction is a SET of one or more database parameters that have inter-relationships with other database parameters, as such a SET for any one of these objects must be validated against a set of consistency checks and may potentially require the setting of a large number of objects simultaneously. Thus, the mode described by these objects allow for such a large database download.

Any device standard that allows this feature shall define which objects are database parameters versus status or control objects.

```
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.2"
```

```
::= { global 2 }
--
```

### 5.4.1 Database Creation Transaction

```
dbCreateTransaction OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER { normal (1),
                 transaction (2),
                 verify (3),
                 done (6)
               }
MAX-ACCESS read-write
STATUS deprecated
```

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> This object provides transaction control for device configuration. The transaction mode changes the behavior of the agent to force buffering of parameter objects until all related parameter objects have been modified. In the normal mode, SET operations to any parameter object shall either be stored in a device's database immediately with no regard to whether other changes will be made or be rejected (as defined in the device-specific Information Profile). In the transaction mode, SET operations to any parameter object shall be buffered until a verify state performs a consistency check. When the consistency check completes, the device automatically transitions to the done state where a normal or transaction command may be issued.

A parameter object is a user-provided piece of setup information (or it may be defined in an information profile) that is necessary for the proper operation of a device. It is static in nature in that the agent would never change it without direction from the management station. For example, an object that defines a default mode of operation would be a parameter object. An object that indicates the current state of the device would not be a parameter object.

<Format>

The states and commands are defined as:

NORMAL: SET operations behave as normal SETs and shall have an immediate effect on the value of any parameter objects used by the device if none of the objects contained in the operation require the use of the transaction mode (as defined in the device-specific Information Profile). A SET operation containing any transaction object (i.e., a parameter object that requires the use of transaction mode) shall result in a genErr. This is the default state of this object.

The only command that may be written to dbCreateTransaction while in this state is TRANSACTION. Any other values written to this object in this state shall result in an error response of 'badValue'.

TRANSACTION: A SET operation of one or more parameter objects that use the same community name as used in the request for the TRANSACTION state are buffered by the agent device for later consistency checks and a normal response is returned. A SET operation of one or more parameter objects using different community names shall result in a genErr with the index set to zero. A SET operation without a community name field (e.g., an STMP operation) shall be buffered by the agent device for later consistency checks and a normal response is returned. Standard SYNTAX checking shall take place at the time of the SET operation. A transaction may consist of multiple SET operations over multiple frames.

A SET operation for one or more non-parameter objects shall be processed as normal even if it uses another community name, except for this (i.e., the dbCreateTransaction) object.

A SET operation containing both parameter and non-parameter objects shall be processed in full according to these two rules. Thus, if it contains the same community name as used in the request for the TRANSACTION state, the non-parameter objects shall be stored immediately while the parameter objects shall be buffered. If it uses a different community name, the entire request will be rejected and a genErr with an index of zero shall be returned.

GET operations on any object shall return the values of the data stored in the controller and shall ignore any values contained in the buffer.

Any valid community name may read this (dbCreateTransaction) object when in this state, but only the community name used to command the object to the transaction mode and the administrator community name can set this object. A set from any other community name shall result in a genErr with an index of zero. The only commands that can be written to dbCreateTransaction while in this state are VERIFY and NORMAL. A VERIFY command will change the state to VERIFY. If a NORMAL command is received, all buffered data is discarded and the state is returned to NORMAL. Any other values written to this object when in this state shall result in an error response of 'badValue'.

VERIFY: Specific parameter objects are checked for consistency. When consistency checks are complete the device will automatically advance to the DONE state.

The state of dbCreateTransaction cannot be changed when in the VERIFY state. Any values written to this object in this state shall result in an error response of 'badValue'.

The consistency check analyzes certain critical objects 'in context' and treats them as an interrelated whole rather than separate non-related data items. The consistency check rules are not defined in NTCIP 1201 v03, since these are device and implementation specific. Where applicable, the consistency check rules are defined in application specific object definition standards. A specific implementation may add additional checks beyond those defined in NTCIP standards.

A SET operation containing any parameter objects while in the VERIFY state shall result in a genErr with the index set to zero.

DONE: This state is entered automatically once consistency checks have completed in the VERIFY mode. The value of dbVerifyStatus and dbVerifyError indicate whether the consistency check found any errors.

A SET operation containing any parameter objects while in the DONE state shall result in a genErr with the index set to zero.

Any valid community name may read this (dbCreateTransaction) object when in this state, but only the community name used to command the object to the transaction mode and the administrator community name can set this object. A set from any other community name shall result in a genErr with an index of zero. The only commands that can be written to dbCreateTransaction while in this state are NORMAL and TRANSACTION. Any other values written to this object in this state shall result in an error response of 'badValue'.

If a NORMAL command is issued and dbVerifyStatus indicates doneWithNoError, the buffered data is transferred to the device memory and the state is returned to NORMAL. If a NORMAL command is issued and dbVerifyStatus indicates something other than doneWithNoError then the buffered data is discarded and the state is returned to NORMAL.

If a TRANSACTION command is issued, regardless of dbVerifyStatus, no action takes place (the buffered data is not changed) and the TRANSACTION state is re-entered.

		COMMANDED STATE (9)			
		<i>transaction</i>	<i>verify</i>	<i>normal</i>	<i>done</i>
CURRENT STATE	normal	transaction (1)	normal (2)	normal (2)	normal (2)
	transaction	transaction (2)	verify (3)	normal (4)	transaction (2)
	verify (7)	verify (2)	verify(2)	verify (2)	verify (2)
	done (8)	transaction (5)	done(2)	normal (6)	done (2)

Operational procedures and error responses:

- (1) Once a copy of all parameter objects is placed in a buffer, the state is changed to transaction and error

response indicates noError. If the operation fails, the state remains the same and error response indicates genErr.

(2) No action takes place, the state remains the same, but response indicates badValue.

(3) The state is changed to verify, a consistency check is started, and response indicates noError. Once the consistency check is completed, the state automatically changes to done.

(4) The buffered copy of all parameter objects is discarded, the state is changed to normal, and response indicates noError.

(5) The buffered copy of all parameter objects is not changed or reloaded, the state is changed to transaction, and response indicates noError.

(6) If dbVerifyStatus indicates doneWithNoError, then the copy of all parameter objects is transferred to memory, the state is changed to normal and response indicates noError. If dbVerifyStatus indicates doneWithError then the buffered data is discarded, the state is changed to NORMAL, and response indicates noError.

(7) The state automatically changes to done when the consistency check completes.

(8) dbVerifyStatus and dbVerifyError are only valid in this state.

(9) All SET operations on this (dbCreateTransaction) parameter shall be made using a protocol that uses a community name, or equivalent field (e.g., SNMP).

<Superseded by> NTCIP1201v04-DB-MGMT.dbCreateTransactionV2  
<Informative> The original version of this object referenced SNMPv1 error codes, community names, and an administrator name; the V2 object updates these details to be SNMPv3 specific.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.2.1"

DEFVAL {normal}  
 ::= { globalDBManagement 1 }

#### 5.4.2 Database Error Type Parameter

dbErrorType OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER { tooBig (1),  
 noSuchName (2),  
 badValue (3),  
 readOnly (4),  
 genError (5),  
 updateError (6),  
 noError (7) }

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> This object returns the current error status of the transaction. The value of this object is only valid when the dbCreateTransaction object is in the Done or Error state.

<Informative> This object was deprecated in NTCIP 12012 v02

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.2.2"

::= { globalDBManagement 2 }

### 5.4.3 Database Error ID Parameter

dbErrorID OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX OBJECT IDENTIFIER  
MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
"<Definition> This object contains the object identifier of the first object in the transaction buffer that caused an error while dbCreateTransaction object was in the Verifying or Updating state. The value of this object is only valid when the dbCreateTransaction object is in the Error state. It is undefined when the dbCreateTransaction object is in other states.  
<Informative> This object was deprecated in NTCIP 12012 v02  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.2.3"  
 ::= { globalDBManagement 3 }

### 5.4.4 Database Transaction ID Parameter

dbTransactionID OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32 (0..255)  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
"<Definition> This object contains the transaction ID value that is to be contained in all SET operation writes while the dbCreateTransaction object is not in the Normal state. During transaction operations every SET command shall begin with a write to this object with the current value of this object. If a SET operation is performed without writing to this object, or with a value that does not match the current value, then an error response of 'genError' shall be returned. This mechanism is used to determine that the same management station that started the transaction is performing the SET operations that are being buffered or modifying the state of dbCreateTransaction.  
<Informative> This object was deprecated in NTCIP 12012 v02  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.2.4"  
 ::= { globalDBManagement 4 }

### 5.4.5 Database Make ID Parameter

dbMakeID OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32(0..255)  
MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
"<Definition> This object is used to create unique transaction ID's for management stations to use when starting transactions using the dbCreateTransaction object. This object will be incremented by one every time it is read, so that different values will be returned for each read. Management stations wishing to start a transaction should first read the dbCreateTransaction object to verify that it is in the Normal state. If so then the management shall GET dbMakeID to obtain a transaction ID to use, then SET dbCreateTransaction to startCmd and dbTransactionID to the value just received. If the response to the SET operation is 'noError' then the management station has started a transaction. If the response to the SET operation is 'genError' then the management station should read the dbCreateTransaction and dbTransactionID objects to ensure that the error was not due to a communications retry. If the dbCreateTransaction is in the Transaction state, and the dbTransactionID is the same value returned by the



read of this object, then the management station is the owner of the transaction. If the dbTransactionID does not match the value originally returned by this object, then the management station is not the owner of the transaction and must wait until the dbCreateTransaction object returns to the Normal state before attempting to start the transaction.

<Informative> This object was deprecated in NTCIP 12012 v02

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.2.5"

::= { globalDBManagement 5 }

#### 5.4.6 Database Verify Status Parameter

dbVerifyStatus OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER { notDone (1),  
doneWithError (2),  
doneWithNoError (3) }

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> This object indicates the current status of verify (consistency checking) processing. The value of this object is only meaningful when the dbCreateTransaction object is in the Verify or Done state.

<Superseded by> NTCIP1201v04-DB-MGMT.dbVerifyStatusV2

<Informative> The V2 object adds support for error codes related to Implementing the database after consistency checks have passed.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.2.6"

::= { globalDBManagement 6 }

#### 5.4.7 Database Verify Error Parameter

dbVerifyError OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE (0..255))

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> This object contains a textual description of or a reference to an error that was found by the verify (consistency checking) processing. The value of this object is only meaningful when the dbCreateTransaction object is in the Done state and the dbVerifyStatus object is in the doneWithError state.

<Superseded by> NTCIP1201v04-DB-MGMT.dbVerifyErrorV2

<Informative> The V2 object revises the syntax so that it can be automatically recognized as a multi-lingual text string (i.e., SnmpAdminString).

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.2.7"

::= { globalDBManagement 7 }

### 5.5 GLOBAL TIME MANAGEMENT NODE

globalTimeManagement OBJECT-IDENTITY

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This node is an identifier used to organize all objects for support of time-related functions that are common to most device types.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3"

::= { global 3 }

### 5.5.1 Global Time Parameter

globalTime OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Unsigned32  
UNITS "seconds"  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> The number of seconds since the epoch of 00:00:00 (midnight) January 1, 1970 UTC (a.k.a. Zulu or GMT).  
    <Superseded by> CLOCK-MIB.fdClockUtcDate & CLOCK-MIB.fdClockUtcTime (ISO 20684-7)  
    <Informative> The original specification defined this parameter using a Counter; however, by convention, Counter objects are not supposed to be writable in SNMPv1 and SNMPv3 prohibits writable Counter objects. Therefore, when presenting this object in SNMPv3, it is encoded as an Unsigned32 rather than a Counter32; proxy agents will need to address this encoding change within their implementation. In addition, the object has a potential rollover problem in 2038 and there are NTCIP needs to support millisecond-level time information. The superseding objects address all of these issues.  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.1"  
DEFVAL { 0 }  
 ::= { globalTimeManagement 1 }

### 5.5.2 Global Daylight Saving Parameter

globalDaylightSaving OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX INTEGER { other (1),  
                  disabledDST (2),  
                  enableUSDST (3),  
                  enableEuropeDST (4),  
                  enableAustraliaDST (5),  
                  enableTasmaniaDST (6),  
                  enableEgyptDST (7),  
                  enableNamibiaDST (8),  
                  enableIraqDST (9),  
                  enableMangoliaDST (10),  
                  enableIranDST (11),  
                  enableFijiDST (12),  
                  enableNewZealandDST (13),  
                  enableTongaDST (14),  
                  enableCubaDST (15),  
                  enableBrazilDST (16),  
                  enableChileDST (17),  
                  enableFalklandsDST (18),  
                  enableParaguayDST (19),  
                  enableDaylightSavingNode (20) }  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition>This object specifies whether the daylight saving time (DST) is enabled, disabled or some other form of DST is active.  
  
    <Format>  
    other - DST adjustments by a mechanism not defined within this standard.  
    disabledDST - DST clock adjustments shall NOT occur.

enableUSDST - DST shall begin the first Sunday in April and shall end the last Sunday of October. All changes of time occur at 2:00 AM. (This is the pre-2007 DST settings for the USA.)

enableEuropeDST - DST shall start the last Sunday of March at 2:00 AM and ends the last Sunday of October at 3:00 AM.

enableAustraliaDST - DST shall start the last Sunday in October at 2:00 AM and ends the last Sunday in March at 2:00 AM.

enableTasmaniaDST - DST shall start the first Sunday in October at 2 a.m. and ends the last Sunday in March at 3 a.m.

enableEgyptDST - DST shall start the last Friday in April and end the last Thursday in September.

enableNamibiaDST - DST shall start the first Sunday in September and end the first Sunday in April.

enableIraqDST - DST shall start on April 1 and end on October 1.

enableMongoliaDST - DST shall start the last Sunday in March and end the last Sunday in September.

enableIranDST - DST shall start the first day of Farvardin and end the first day of Mehr

enableFijiDST - DST shall start the first Sunday in November and end the last Sunday in February.

enableNewZealandDST - DST shall start the first Sunday in October and end the first Sunday on or after March 5th.

enableTongaDST - DST shall start the first Saturday in October and end the first Saturday on or after April 15th.

enableCubaDST - DST shall start April 1st and end last Sunday in October.

enableBrazilDST - DST shall start the first Sunday in October and end the last Sunday in February.

enableChileDST - DST shall start the first Sunday on or after October 9th and end the first Sunday on or after March 9th.

enableFalklandsDST - DST shall start the first Sunday on or after September 8th and end the first Sunday on or after April 8th.

enableParaguayDST - DST shall start the first Sunday in October and end the last Saturday in February.

enableDaylightSavingNode - DST operation is controlled by objects located under the daylightSavingNode.

<Superseded by> DST table

<Informative> This object was deprecated in NTCIP 1201 v03. This object is maintained for backward compatibility and it is envisioned that only the following values are supported with all other values are deprecated:

- other (1),
- disabledDST (2),
- enableDaylightSavingNode (20)

NOTE: Users should ensure that the values of *globalDaylightSaving* and the entries in the new DST Table are coordinated. The *globalDaylightSaving* object is intended to be used to enable and disable DST and should not be set to the value '20', *enableDaylightSavingNode* until after the *dstTable* entries have been fully configured. Further, the *globalDaylightSaving* object

supersedes the settings in the DST Table.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.2"

REFERENCE

"NEMA TS 2 Clause 3.8.2;

<http://fatty.law.cornell.edu/uscode/15/260a.html>;

<http://webexhibits.org/daylightsaving/g.html> "

DEFVAL { enableDaylightSavingNode }

::= { globalTimeManagement 2 }

## 5.6 TIMEBASE EVENT SCHEDULER NODE

timebase OBJECT-IDENTITY

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This node is an identifier used to organize the main objects for event scheduling. Device type-specific objects (tables) pointed to are defined within the appropriate MIB.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.3"

::= { globalTimeManagement 3 }

### 5.6.1 Maximum Number of Time Base Schedule Entries Parameter

maxTimeBaseScheduleEntries OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32(1..65535)

UNITS " TimeBaseScheduleEntry"

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> The value of this object specifies the maximum number of different entries supported by the device as shown by the number of rows in the timeBaseScheduleTable.

<Informative> The timeBaseScheduleTable has been replaced with a dynamic table, which does not require an object indicating the maximum number of rows.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.3.1"

::= { timebase 1 }

### 5.6.2 Time Base Schedule Table

timeBaseScheduleTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF TimeBaseScheduleEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> A table containing the time base schedule parameters for the device. The number of rows in this table shall be equal to the maxTimeBaseScheduleEntries object. The table references the appropriate day plan for the device. The plan is determined by comparing the current month (MONTH), day of week (DOW) and date of month (DOM) to the appropriate fields. The settings for MONTH, DOW and DOM are connected with a logical AND. To determine which timebased event to select, determine the event which has the most specific date specified. Select the more specific event based on their MONTH settings; if the same, select the most specific DOM; if that is still the same, select the most specific DOW; if still the same, the first occurrence within the time base event table shall be selected. 'More specific' means the least number of bits set within an object. All entries in

Time Base Schedule Table are expressed in local time and date. A row in the table may be deactivated by setting the Month, Day, Date, or DayPlan parameters to zero (0)

```
<TableType> static
<Superseded by> DAY-PLAN-MIB.fDayPlanScheduleTable (ISO 20684-3)
<Informative> The original timeBaseScheuleDate object was defined
as INTEGER (0..4294967295); however, by convention, SNMPv1 does
not allow unsigned 32-bit integers and SNMPv3 prohibits them. The
revise table addresses this issue and is also treated using
trigger logic so that it can be used to activate a day plan (as
originally envisioned) and/or to call other actions (e.g.,
creating a log entry).
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.3.2"
 ::= { timebase 2 }
```

```
timeBaseScheduleEntry OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      TimeBaseScheduleEntry
MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
STATUS      deprecated
DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> Event Parameters for the time based schedule
    programming of the device.
    <Superseded by> DAY-PLAN-MIB.fDayPlanScheduleEntry (ISO 20684-3)
    <Informative> The replacement object extends the row to support a
    description and supports full SNMPv3 row management.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.3.2.1"
INDEX      { timeBaseScheduleNumber }
 ::= { timeBaseScheduleTable 1 }
```

```
TimeBaseScheduleEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    timeBaseScheduleNumber    INTEGER,
    timeBaseScheduleMonth     INTEGER,
    timeBaseScheduleDay       INTEGER,
    timeBaseScheduleDate      INTEGER,
    timeBaseScheduleDayPlan   INTEGER }
```

### 5.6.2.1 Time Base Schedule Number Parameter

```
timeBaseScheduleNumber OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      Integer32(1..65535 )
MAX-ACCESS  read-only
STATUS      deprecated
DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> The time base schedule number for objects in this
    row. The value of this object shall not exceed the value of the
    maxTimeBaseScheduleEntries object. The activation of a scheduled
    entry shall occur whenever allowed by all other objects within
    this table.
    <Superseded by> DAY-PLAN-MIB.fDayPlanScheduleNumber (ISO 20684-
    3)
    <Informative> The replacement object extends the range to an
    Unsigned32
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.3.2.1.1"
 ::= { timeBaseScheduleEntry 1 }
```

### 5.6.2.2 Time Base Schedule Month of Year Parameter

timeBaseScheduleMonth OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32(0..65535)

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> The Month(s) Of the Year that the schedule entry shall be allowed.

<Format> Each bit represents a specific month. If the bit is set to one (1), then the scheduled entry shall be allowed during the associated month. If the bit is set to zero (0), then the scheduled entry shall not be allowed during the associated month.

The bits are defined as:

Bit	Month of Year
0	Reserved
1	January
2	February
3	March
4	April
5	May
6	June
7	July
8	August
9	September
10	October
11	November
12	December
13 - 15	Reserved

Thus, a value of six (6) would indicate that the entry would only be allowed during the months of January and February. A value of zero (0) shall indicate that this row has been disabled.

<Superseded by> DAY-PLAN-MIB.fDayPlanScheduleMonth (ISO 20684-3)

<Informative> The replacement object is defined using the BITS structure.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.3.2.1.2"

::= { timeBaseScheduleEntry 2 }

### 5.6.2.3 Time Base Schedule Day of Week Parameter

timeBaseScheduleDay OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32(0..255)

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> The Day(s) Of Week that the schedule entry shall be allowed.

<Format> Each bit represents a specific day of the week. If the bit is set to one (1), then the scheduled entry shall be allowed during the associated DOW. If the bit is set to zero (0), then the scheduled entry shall not be allowed during the associated DOW. The bits are defined as:

Bit	Day of Week
0	Reserved ('Holiday', not defined by this standard)
1	Sunday
2	Monday

```

3      Tuesday
4      Wednesday
5      Thursday
6      Friday
7      Saturday

```

Thus, a value of six (6) would indicate that the entry would only be allowed on Sundays and Mondays. A value of zero (0) shall indicate that this row has been disabled.

<Superseded by> DAY-PLAN-MIB.fdayPlanScheduleDayOfWeek (ISO 20684-3)

<Informative> The replacement object is defined using the BITS structure

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.3.2.1.3"

```
 ::= { timeBaseScheduleEntry 3 }
```

#### 5.6.2.4 Time Base Schedule Date Parameter

timeBaseScheduleDate OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> The Day(s) Of a Month that the schedule entry shall be allowed.

<Format> Each bit represents a specific date of the month. If the bit is set to one (1), then the scheduled entry shall be allowed during the associated date. If the bit is set to zero (0), then the scheduled entry shall not be allowed during the associated date. The bits are defined as:

```

Bit      Day Number
0        Reserved
1        Day 1
2        Day 2
||
31       Day 31

```

Thus, a value of six (6) would indicate that the entry would only be allowed on the first and second of the allowed months. A value of zero (0) shall indicate that this row has been disabled.

<Superseded by> DAY-PLAN-MIB.fdayPlanScheduleDayOfMonth (ISO 20684-3)

<Informative> The original specification defined this parameter using INTEGER (0..4294967295); however, by convention, INTEGERS are limited to the range (-2147483648..2147483647) in SNMPv1 and SNMPv3 enforces this limitation. Therefore, when presenting this object in SNMPv3, it is encoded as an Unsigned32 rather than an INTEGER (0..4294967295); proxy agents will need to address this encoding change within their implementation.

The replacement object in the DAY-PLAN-MIB implements this concept using the BITS structure.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.3.2.1.4"

```
 ::= { timeBaseScheduleEntry 4 }
```

#### 5.6.2.5 Time Base Schedule Day Plan Parameter

timeBaseScheduleDayPlan OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32(0..255)

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition>This object specifies what Plan number shall be associated with this timeBaseScheduleDayPlan object.  
<Format> The value of this object cannot exceed the value of the maxDayPlans object. A value of zero (0) shall indicate that this row has been disabled.  
<Superseded by> DAY-PLAN-MIB.fdayPlanScheduleDayPlan (ISO 20684-3)  
<Informative> The replacement object extends the range to Unsigned32  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.3.2.1.5"

::= { timeBaseScheduleEntry 5 }

### 5.6.3 Maximum Number of Day Plans—Parameter

maxDayPlans OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32(1..255)  
UNITS "DayPlan"  
MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition>The value of this object specifies the maximum, fixed number of different timebased Day Plans supported by the device. The value of this object represents the number of day plans (primary key into the table) available in the timeBaseDayPlanTable.  
<Informative> The timeBaseDayPlanTable has been replaced with a dynamic table, which does not require an object indicating the maximum number of rows.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.3.3"

::= { timebase 3 }

### 5.6.4 Maximum Number of Day Plan Events—Parameter

maxDayPlanEvents OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32(1..255)  
UNITS "DayPlanEvent"  
MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition>The value of this object specifies the fixed number of different timebased Day Plan Events within each Day Plan supported by the device. The value of this object represents the number of rows (secondary key into the table) available within each of the day plans that are available in the timeBaseDayPlanTable. All day plans shall have the same number of day plan events available for use.  
<Informative> The timeBaseDayPlanTable has been replaced with a dynamic table, which does not require an object indicating the maximum number of rows.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.3.4"

::= { timebase 4 }

### 5.6.5 Day Plan Table

timeBaseDayPlanTable OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF TimeBaseDayPlanEntry  
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible



STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition>A table containing day plan numbers, the times when to implement them and the associated actions. The number of rows in this table shall be equal to the product of the maxDayPlans object and the maxDayPlanEvents object. The dayPlanNumbers within this table shall begin with day plan number 1 and increment by one to the maxDayPlans. The dayPlanEventNumbers within this table shall begin with day plan event number 1 and increment by one to the maxDayPlanEvents.

This table is always used in association with device-type specific objects specifying device-type specific actions such as activating a message on a VMS sign or initiating a pattern for a signal controller. A device MIB that defines an action table should define the relative priority of the action table as compared to the priority of system and other commands. The device-type specific action is only initiated when (1) the specific DayPlan has been activated, (2) the scheduler has sufficient priority to override the current operation of the device, and (3) at the indicated time.

After a power recovery, or after a change to any object that affects controllerLocalTime, the operational mode called for by the scheduler shall be per the last event that would have been called for by the currently defined schedule; the logic searches for all events that may have occurred for at least the previous 24 hours.

<TableType> static

<Superseded by> DAY-PLAN-MIB.fdayPlanTable & DAY-PLAN-MIB.fdayPlanTriggerTable (ISO 20684-3)

<Informative> The replacement tables are designed to trigger an action, which can include activating a day plan (as originally envisioned by this object) and/or to call other actions (e.g., creating a log entry).

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.3.5"

::= { timebase 5 }

timeBaseDayPlanEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX TimeBaseDayPlanEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition>Day plan parameters for the time based schedule programming of a device.

<Superseded by> DAY-PLAN-MIB.fdayPlanEntry & DAY-PLAN-MIB.fdayPlanTriggerEntry

<Informative> The replacement objects extend the row to support a description of the day plan and supports full SNMPv3 row management.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.3.5.1"

INDEX { dayPlanNumber, dayPlanEventNumber }

::= { timeBaseDayPlanTable 1 }

TimeBaseDayPlanEntry ::= SEQUENCE {

dayPlanNumber INTEGER,

dayPlanEventNumber INTEGER,

```
dayPlanHour          INTEGER,  
dayPlanMinute        INTEGER,  
dayPlanActionNumberOID OBJECT IDENTIFIER }
```

### 5.6.5.1 Day Plan Number

```
dayPlanNumber OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX      Integer32(1..255)  
MAX-ACCESS  read-only  
STATUS      deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> This object specifies the day plan number for  
    objects in this row. The value shall not exceed the value of the  
    maxDayPlans object. Day plan numbers are used in the TimeBase  
    Event Table to specify day plan numbers to be implemented on  
    specific days of the year or as part of the week plans.  
    <Superseded by> DAY-PLAN-MIB.fdayPlanNumber (ISO 20684-3)  
    <Informative> The replacement object extends the range to an  
    Unsigned32  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.3.5.1.1"  
 ::= { timeBaseDayPlanEntry 1 }
```

### 5.6.5.2 Day Plan Event Number

```
dayPlanEventNumber OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX      Integer32(1..255)  
MAX-ACCESS  read-only  
STATUS      deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> This object identifies day plan event number(s) to  
    be scheduled on a specific day plan number. Several different  
    events can be scheduled to take place during a day, and each of  
    these events is one entry or row within a specified day plan  
    number. The total number of events for one day plan shall not  
    exceed the value of the maxDayPlanEvents object. If multiple non-  
    conflicting events are scheduled to occur at the same time, they  
    shall be logically executed in order of their dayPlanEventNumber  
    with the lowest number occurring first. An implementation shall  
    omit lower number actions that are in conflict with higher number  
    actions at the same time.  
    <Superseded by> DAY-PLAN-MIB.fdayPlanTriggerTime (ISO 20684-3)  
    <Informative> The replacement object (and second index into the  
    replacement table) is the millisecond-based time object.  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.3.5.1.2"  
 ::= { timeBaseDayPlanEntry 2 }
```

### 5.6.5.3 Day Plan Hour Parameter

```
dayPlanHour OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX      Integer32(0..23)  
MAX-ACCESS  read-write  
STATUS      deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> The Hour of day, as measured by the  
    controllerLocalTime object, that the associated event shall  
    become active.  
    <Superseded by> DAY-PLAN-MIB.fdayPlanTriggerTime (ISO 20684-3)  
    <Informative> The replacement object includes the complete daily  
    timestamp and is used as an index to the replacement table."
```

```
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.3.5.1.3"  
DEFVAL {0}  
::= { timeBaseDayPlanEntry 3 }
```

#### 5.6.5.4 Day Plan Minute Parameter

```
dayPlanMinute OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32(0..59)  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> The Minute of the hour (defined in the  
    dayPlanHour), as measured by the controllerLocalTime object, that  
    the associated event shall become active.  
    <Superseded by> DAY-PLAN-MIB.fdayPlanTriggerTime (ISO 20684-3)  
    <Informative> The replacement object includes the complete daily  
    timestamp and is used as an index to the replacement table.  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.3.5.1.4"  
DEFVAL {0}  
::= { timeBaseDayPlanEntry 4 }
```

#### 5.6.5.5 Day Plan Action Number OID Parameter

```
dayPlanActionNumberOID OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX VariablePointer  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> This object provides a reference to the device-type  
    specific action that shall be executed. The object shall  
    reference the action by its associated object identifier,  
    including its instance (i.e., the full OID of the scalar or  
    columnar object). Only objects whose description field  
    explicitly states that they may be called by the action table may  
    be referenced. If a management system attempts to set this value  
    to any other object identifier, the device shall respond with a  
    genErr.  
    Any object allowing the action table to reference it shall define  
    precisely what action takes place when it is activated, and  
    whether the action is transitional or continuous until  
    deactivated. The object shall also define what, if any,  
    restrictions may be placed on other operations the device may be  
    able to perform.  
    If the action to be performed is defined by a row of a table, one  
    of the index columns should be identified as the explicit object  
    that is referenced.  
    <Superseded by> DAY-PLAN-MIB.fdayPlanTriggerOwner & DAY-PLAN-  
    MIB.fdayPlanTriggerName (ISO 20684-3)  
    <Informative> The replacement objects provide the two indices  
    necessary to identify a unique row into the fdActionTable.  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.3.5.1.5"  
DEFVAL { zeroDotZero }  
::= { timeBaseDayPlanEntry 5 }
```

#### 5.6.6 Day Plan Status Parameter

```
dayPlanStatus OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32(0..255)  
MAX-ACCESS read-only
```

STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
" <Definition> This object indicates the current value of the active dayPlanNumber-object.  
<Format> A value of zero (0) indicates that there is no dayPlanNumber that is currently active.  
<Superseded by> DAY-PLAN-MIB.fdayPlanSchedulerCurrentDayPlan (ISO 20684-3)  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.3.6"  
 ::= { timebase 6 }

### 5.6.7 Schedule Status Parameter

timeBaseScheduleTableStatus OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32(0..65535)  
MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
" <Definition> This object indicates the number of the TimeBaseSchedule which is currently selected by the scheduling logic; the device may or may not be using the selected schedule. The value of zero (0) indicates that there is no timeBaseScheduleNumber that is currently selected.  
<Superseded by> DAY-PLAN-MIB.fdayPlanSchedulerSelectedRule (ISO 20684-3)  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.3.7"  
 ::= { timebase 7 }

### 5.6.8 Global Local Time Differential Parameter

globalLocalTimeDifferential OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32(-43200..43200)  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
" Indicates the number of seconds offset between local time and GMT. Positive values indicate local times in the Eastern Hemisphere up to the International Date Line and negative values indicate local times in the Western Hemisphere back to the International Date Line. If one of the daylight saving times is activated, this value will change automatically at the referenced time. For example, Central Standard Time (CST) is -21600 and Central Daylight Time (CDT) is -18000.  
<Superseded by> controllerStandardTimeZone  
<Informative> This object was deprecated in NTCIP 1202 v02 to prevent confusion when setting time near a DST event.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.4"  
 ::= { globalTimeManagement 4 }

### 5.6.9 Standard Time Zone Parameter

controllerStandardTimeZone OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32(-43200..43200)  
UNITS "seconds"  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
" <Definition> Indicates the number of seconds offset between local Standard Time and GMT. Positive values indicate local times in the Eastern Hemisphere up to the International Date Line

and negative values indicate local times in the Western Hemisphere back to the International Date Line. This value does not change in response to a DST event.

<Superseded by> CLOCK-MIB.fdBClockLocalStandardTimeZone (ISO 20684-7)

<Informative> The replacement object extends the range to (-46800..46800) to support all defined time zones (i.e., +/- 13 hours).

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.5"

DEFVAL {0}  
 ::= { globalTimeManagement 5 }

### 5.6.10 Local Time Parameter

controllerLocalTime OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32

UNITS "seconds"

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> The current local time expressed in seconds since 00:00:00 (midnight) January 1, 1970 of the same time offset. This value changes by 3600 seconds in response to a DST event.

<Superseded by> CLOCK-MIB.fdBClockLocalDate & CLOCK-MIB.fdBClockLocalTime (ISO 20684-7)

<Informative> The original specification defined this parameter using a Counter; however, by convention, Counter objects are supposed to follow the defined semantics for a counter in SNMPv1 and SNMPv3 requires this compliance. This object fails to meet this standard because it is not always increasing. Therefore, when presenting this object in SNMPv3, it is encoded as an Unsigned32 rather than a Counter32; proxy agents will need to address this encoding change within their implementation.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.6"

::= { globalTimeManagement 6 }

## 5.7 DAYLIGHT SAVING TIME (DST) NODE

daylightSavingNode OBJECT-IDENTITY

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"This node is an identifier used to organize all objects for support of defining DST. This function is common to most device types. The objects under this node only affect device operation when globalDaylightSaving = enableDaylightSavingNode (20). See Annex A.2.2 for examples.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.7"

::= { globalTimeManagement 7 }

### 5.7.1 Maximum Daylight Saving Time (DST) Table Entries Parameter

maxDaylightSavingEntries OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32(1..100)

UNITS "entries"

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> The maximum number of entries (begin and end date pairs) that the DST Table can contain within the device.

As of July 2007, devices used within the United States only require 1 entry when using the generic begin and end date method.

<informative>It is expected that, for devices using the absolute date method, the device would need to support at least 1 entry per year programmed.

For multi-step DST transitions, a minimum of 2 rows are required (see Annex A.2.1 Figure 6).

More than one row may be required if absolute date method (see Section 2.4.8.2.2) is used for more than one year, or if more than one time change is implemented in a given year.

```
    <Superseded by> CLOCK-MIB.fdBclockDstMaxEntries (ISO 20684-7)
    <Informative> The replacement object has a range of Unsigned32
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.7.1"
 ::= { daylightSavingNode 1 }
```

## 5.7.2 Daylight Saving Time (DST) Table Parameter

```
dstTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF DstEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> A table containing DST Begin and End
        dates. The table is useful for agencies with multiple daylight saving
        time incremental steps per year. The number of rows in this table is
        equal to the maxDaylightSavingEntries object.
        <TableType> static
        <Superseded by> CLOCK-MIB.fdBclockDstTable (ISO 20684-7)
        <Informative> The original table contained two
        SecondsToTransition objects that have an invalid syntax for
        SNMPv3.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.7.2"
 ::= { daylightSavingNode 2 }
```

```
dstEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX DstEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The DST Begin and End dates parameters.
        <Superseded by> CLOCK-MIB.fdBclockDstEntry (ISO 20684-7)
        <Informative> The replacement object extends the row to support a
        status object for each row (showing whether the plan is
        activated) as well as a RowStatus object to disable defined rows.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.7.2.1"
    INDEX { dstEntryNumber }
 ::= { dstTable 1 }
```

```
DstEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    dstEntryNumber          INTEGER,
    dstBeginMonth           INTEGER,
```

dstBeginOccurrences	INTEGER,
dstBeginDayOfWeek	INTEGER,
dstBeginDayOfMonth	INTEGER,
dstBeginSecondsToTransition	INTEGER,
dstEndMonth	INTEGER,
dstEndOccurrences	INTEGER,
dstEndDayOfWeek	INTEGER,
dstEndDayOfMonth	INTEGER,
dstEndSecondsToTransition	INTEGER,
dstSecondsToAdjust	INTEGER }

### 5.7.2.1 Daylight Saving Time (DST) Entry Number Parameter

dstEntryNumber OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32(1..100)  
MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
" <Definition> The entry number for the DST objects  
in this row. This value shall not exceed the  
maxDaylightSavingEntries object value.  
<Superseded by> CLOCK-MIB.fdBclockDstIndex (ISO 20684-7)  
<Informative> The replacement object has a range of ITSPositive8  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.7.2.1.1"  
 ::= { dstEntry 1 }

### 5.7.2.2 Daylight Saving Time (DST) Beginning Month Parameter

dstBeginMonth OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX INTEGER { january (1),  
february (2),  
march (3),  
april (4),  
may (5),  
june (6),  
july (7),  
august (8),  
september (9),  
october (10),  
november (11),  
december (12),  
absolute (13),  
disabled (14) }

MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION

" <Definition> The month during which daylight saving time (DST) begins.  
<Format> An entry of 'absolute' means that dstBeginSecondsToTransition  
defines an absolute time to begin DST relative to midnight January 1,  
1970. In this case, any value indicated in the dstEndMonth,  
dstBeginOccurrences, dstBeginDayOfWeek, dstBeginDayOfMonth,  
dstEndOccurrences, dstEndDayOfWeek, and dstEndDayOfMonth objects are  
irrelevant, and the dstEndSecondsToTransition object defines an  
absolute time to end DST relative to midnight January 1, 1970.

If the daylightSavingNode is enabled (i.e. globalDaylightSaving =  
enableDaylightSavingNode), and the value of this object is

disabled(14), then the values in the remaining objects in this row of the dstTable are irrelevant and therefore ignored by the device.

<Superseded by> CLOCK-MIB.fdclockDstBeginMonth (ISO 20684-7)  
<Informative> The replacement object does not support absolute mode and disabling a row is achieved through the RowStatus object.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.7.2.1.2"  
DEFVAL { March }

::= { dstEntry 2 }

### 5.7.2.3 Daylight Saving Time (DST) Beginning Occurrence Parameter

dstBeginOccurrences OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER { first (1),  
second (2),  
third (3),  
fourth (4),  
last (5),  
secondLast (6),  
thirdLast (7),  
fourthLast (8),  
specificDayOfMonth (9) }

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition>For values of 1-4, the number of occurrences of the specific day of week that shall occur on or after dstBeginDayOfMonth until the daylight saving transition shall take place.

For values of 5-8, the number of occurrences of the specific day of week that shall occur on or before dstBeginDayOfMonth until the daylight saving transition shall take place.

For value = 9, dstBeginDayOfMonth defines the specific day of the month that the DST transition occurs regardless of value in dstBeginDayOfWeek object.

NOTE: To specify the last occurrence of a specified day of the month, simply specify the last occurrence of the specified day of the week on or before the last day of the month (e.g., 31).

<Superseded by> CLOCK-MIB.fdclockDstBeginOccurrences (ISO 20684-7)

<Informative> The replacement object has an identical range.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.7.2.1.3"

DEFVAL { second }

::= { dstEntry 3 }

### 5.7.2.4 Daylight Saving Time (DST) Beginning Day of Week Parameter

dstBeginDayOfWeek OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER { sunday (1),  
monday (2),  
tuesday (3),  
wednesday (4),  
thursday (5),  
friday (6),  
saturday (7) }

MAX-ACCESS read-write



STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> The Day of the week on which daylight saving time (DST) begins. This object shall only apply if dstBeginOccurrences = 1-8.  
<Superseded by> CLOCK-MIB.fdBclockDstBeginDayOfWeek (ISO 20684-7)  
<Informative> The replacement object shifts Sunday to the end of the enumeration (7) and all other days up one to conform to international conventions in other standards.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.7.2.1.4"  
DEFVAL { sunday }

::= { dstEntry 4 }

### 5.7.2.5 Daylight Saving Time (DST) Beginning Day of Month Parameter

dstBeginDayOfMonth OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32 (1..31)

UNITS "days"

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> If dstBeginOccurrences = 1-8: The day of the month from which to begin counting occurrences of a specific day of the week (forward for values 1-4, and backwards for values 5-8).

If dstBeginOccurrences = 9: The specific day of the month on which the transition occurs.

<Unit> day of month

<Superseded by> CLOCK-MIB.fdBclockDstBeginDayOfMonth (ISO 20684-7)

<Informative> The replacement object has an identical range.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.7.2.1.5"

DEFVAL { 1 }

::= { dstEntry 5 }

### 5.7.2.6 Daylight Saving Time (DST) Beginning Seconds to Transition Parameter

dstBeginSecondsToTransition OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32

UNITS "seconds"

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> If dstBeginMonth = absolute, then this object defines when DST begins based on the seconds from midnight January 1, 1970 (UTC/GMT).

If dstBeginMonth = 1-12 (January to December), then this object defines the time when DST begins in seconds past midnight relative to local time

(see the controllerLocalTime object).

NOTE: a set of parameters that causes a day transition that crosses the midnight boundary may result in unexpected behavior.

<Superseded by> CLOCK-MIB.fdBclockDstBeginTime (ISO 20684-7)

<Informative> The original specification defined this parameter using INTEGER (0..4294967295); however, by convention, INTEGERS are limited to the range (-2147483648..2147483647) in SNMPv1 and SNMPv3 enforces this

limitation. Therefore, when presenting this object in SNMPv3, it is encoded as an Unsigned32 rather than an INTEGER (0..4294967295); proxy agents will need to address this encoding change within their implementation.

The replacement object is a daily timestamp to the millisecond and does not support an absolute time.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.7.2.1.6"

DEFVAL { 7200 }

::= { dstEntry 6 }

### 5.7.2.7 Daylight Saving Time (DST) Ending Month Parameter

dstEndMonth OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER { january (1),  
february (2),  
march (3),  
april (4),  
may (5),  
june (6),  
july (7),  
august (8),  
september (9),  
october (10),  
november (11),  
december (12) }

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> The month during which daylight saving time (DST) ends. If the value of dstBeginMonth object = 'absolute' or 'disabled', then the agent shall ignore the value of this object. Otherwise, the value of this object is valid.

<Superseded by> CLOCK-MIB.fdBclockDstEndMonth (ISO 20684-7)

<Informative> The replacement object has an identical syntax.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.7.2.1.7"

DEFVAL { november }

::= { dstEntry 7 }

### 5.7.2.8 Daylight Saving Time (DST) Ending Occurrences Parameter

dstEndOccurrences OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER { first (1),  
second (2),  
third (3),  
fourth (4),  
last (5),  
secondLast (6),  
thirdLast (7),  
fourthLast (8),  
specificDayOfMonth (9) }

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition>For values of 1-4, the number of occurrences of the specific day of week that shall occur on or after dstEndDayOfMonth until the daylight saving transition shall take place.

For values of 5-8, the number of occurrences of the specific day of week that shall occur on or before dstEndDayOfMonth until the daylight saving transition shall take place.

For value = 9, dstEndDayOfMonth defines the specific day of the month that the DST transition occurs regardless of value in dstEndDayOfWeek object.

NOTE: To specify the last occurrence of a specified day of the month, simply specify the last occurrence of the specified day of the week on or before the last day of the month (e.g. 31).

<Superseded by> CLOCK-MIB.fdBclockDstEndOccurrences (ISO 20684-7)

<Informative> The replacement object has an identical range.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.7.2.1.8"

DEFVAL { first }

::= { dstEntry 8 }

### 5.7.2.9 Daylight Saving Time (DST) Ending Day of Week Parameter

dstEndDayOfWeek OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER { sunday (1),  
monday (2),  
tuesday (3),  
wednesday (4),  
thursday (5),  
friday (6),  
saturday (7) }

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> The Day of the week on which daylight saving time (DST)

ends. This object shall only apply if dstEndOccurrences = 1-8.

<Superseded by> CLOCK-MIB.fdBclockDstEndDayOfWeek (ISO 20684-7)

<Informative> The replacement object shifts Sunday to the end of the enumeration (7) and all other days up one to conform to international conventions in other standards.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.7.2.1.9"

DEFVAL { sunday }

::= { dstEntry 9 }

### 5.7.2.10 Daylight Saving Time (DST) Ending Day of Month Parameter

dstEndDayOfMonth OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32(1..31)

UNITS "days"

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> If dstEndOccurrences = 1-8: The day of the month from which to begin counting occurrences of a specific day of the week (forward for values 1-4, and backwards for values 5-8).

If dstEndOccurrences = 9: The specific day of the month on which the transition occurs.

<Superseded by> CLOCK-MIB.fdBclockDstEndDayOfMonth (ISO 20684-7)

<Informative> The replacement object has an identical range.

```
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.7.2.1.10"  
DEFVAL { 1 }  
::= { dstEntry 10 }
```

### 5.7.2.11 Daylight Saving Time (DST) Ending Seconds to Transition Parameter

```
dstEndSecondsToTransition    OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX      Unsigned32  
UNITS       "seconds"  
MAX-ACCESS  read-write  
STATUS      deprecated  
DESCRIPTION
```

"<Definition> If *dstBeginMonth* = absolute, then this object defines when DST ends based on the seconds from midnight January 1, 1970 (UTC/GMT).

If *dstBeginMonth* = 1-12 (January to December), then this object defines the time when DST ends in seconds past midnight relative to local time (see the *controllerLocalTime* object).

NOTE: a set of parameters that causes a day transition that crosses the midnight boundary may result in unexpected behavior.

<Superseded by> CLOCK-MIB.fdBclockDstEndTime (ISO 20684-7)

<Informative> The original specification defined this parameter using INTEGER (0..4294967295); however, by convention, INTEGERS are limited to the range (-2147483648..2147483647) in SNMPv1 and SNMPv3 enforces this limitation. Therefore, when presenting this object in SNMPv3, it is encoded as an Unsigned32 rather than an INTEGER (0..4294967295); proxy agents will need to address this encoding change within their implementation.

The replacement object is a daily timestamp to the millisecond and does not support an absolute time.

```
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.7.2.1.11"  
DEFVAL { 7200 }  
::= { dstEntry 11 }
```

### 5.7.2.12 Daylight Saving Time (DST) Seconds to Adjust Parameter

```
dstSecondsToAdjust          OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX      Integer32 (0..21600)  
UNITS       "seconds"  
MAX-ACCESS  read-write  
STATUS      deprecated  
DESCRIPTION
```

"<Definition> This is the absolute offset in seconds that will be added to the local time reference point to determine the local time when DST is in effect as specified by this row entry. Values of this object in adjacent rows, even if they overlap, are not cumulative. That is, the row with the latest *dstBegin* time, which has not terminated due to passing the *dstEnd* time, shall determine the setting of the local TOD clock; the *dstSecondsToAdjust* for the latest *dstBegin* governs the

Local

TOD clock settings.

The maximum offset to adjust is 21600 seconds, an equivalent of 6 hours.

<Superseded by> CLOCK-MIB.fdBclockDstOffset (ISO 20684-7)

<Informative> This object allows what may be considered an exception, in that it is possible and allowed to configure an adjustment backward

```

    past midnight. The replacement object uses an ITSInteger16 range.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.3.7.2.1.12"
    DEFVAL { 3600 }
 ::= { dstEntry 12 }

```

## 5.8 PMPP OBJECT NODE

profilesPMPP OBJECT-IDENTITY

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> This node is an identifier used to group all objects for support of the PMPP function that are common to all device types. The objects under this node are placed under the Protocols\Profiles\PMPP subtree within the NEMA node, but they have been listed here due to the lack of a separate document that lists these objects.  
<Informative> PMPP is a historic protocol designed for multi-drop serial communication networks with typical data capacities of 9600 bits per second or less. The overhead of X.509 security certificates and the availability of alternate communication technologies has resulted in the decision to no longer maintain this protocol and the deprecation of all of its management objects.

```

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.2.3"
 ::= { profiles 3 }

```

### 5.8.1 Maximum HDLC Group Address Parameter

maxGroupAddresses OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32(1..255)

UNITS "addresses"

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition>The maximum number of group addresses this device supports. This object indicates the maximum number of rows in the hdlcGroupAddressTable.

<Informative> The PMPP protocol has been deprecated and there is no replacement object.

```

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.2.3.1"
 ::= {profilesPMPP 1 }

```

### 5.8.2 HDLC Group Address Table

hdlcGroupAddressTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF HdlcGroupAddressEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> A table containing group addresses at which a device may receive frames.

<TableType> static

<Informative> The PMPP protocol has been deprecated and there is no replacement object.

```

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.2.3.2"
 ::= { profilesPMPP 2 }

```

hdlcGroupAddressEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX HdlcGroupAddressEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> An entry in the group address table that contains a device's data link layer group address at which it will accept frames.

<Informative> The PMPP protocol has been deprecated and there is no replacement object.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.2.3.2.1"

INDEX { hdlcGroupAddressIndex }  
 ::= { hdlcGroupAddressTable 1 }

HdlcGroupAddressEntry ::= SEQUENCE {  
 hdlcGroupAddressIndex INTEGER,  
 hdlcGroupAddress INTEGER, -- deprecated previously  
 hdlcGroupAddressNumber INTEGER }

### 5.8.2.1 HDLC Group Address Index Parameter

hdlcGroupAddressIndex OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32(1..255)

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> The index number for the group address in this row.

<Informative> The PMPP protocol has been deprecated and there is no replacement object.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.2.3.2.1.1"

::= { hdlcGroupAddressEntry 1 }

### 5.8.2.2 HDLC Group Address Parameter

hdlcGroupAddress OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> A group address for the data link layer. For PMPP, the syntax is an 8 or 16 bit entry with the second low order bit set to a one indicating that this is a group address.

<Informative> This object was deprecated in NTCIP 1201 v03. The PMPP protocol has been deprecated and there is no replacement object.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.2.3.2.1.2"

REFERENCE

"NEMA TS 3.3 Clause 3.3.3.1"

::= { hdlcGroupAddressEntry 2 }

### 5.8.2.3 HDLC Group Address Number Parameter

hdlcGroupAddressNumber OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32(0..62)

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> A group address number prior to any encoding for the data link layer. The address of 63 is reserved for the all stations address. The value of zero (0) shall disable this row of the table.

NOTE that in PMPP all group addresses are encoded in one byte.

<Informative> The PMPP protocol has been deprecated and there is no replacement object.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.2.3.2.1.3"

REFERENCE

"NTCIP 2101"

DEFVAL { 0 }

::= { hdlcGroupAddressEntry 3 }

## 5.9 COMPLIANCE GROUPS

### 5.9.1 Global Configuration Identifier Group

globalConfigIDGroup OBJECT-GROUP

OBJECTS { globalSetIDParameter }

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> The objects necessary for monitoring the configuration of the device.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.8.127.2.1"

::= { globalGroups 1 }

### 5.9.2 Global Module Group

globalModuleGroup OBJECT-GROUP

OBJECTS { globalMaxModules,  
moduleNumber,  
moduleDeviceNode,  
moduleMake,  
moduleModel,  
moduleVersion,  
moduleType }

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> The objects necessary for determining the modules contained in the device.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.8.127.2.2"

::= { globalGroups 2 }

### 5.9.3 Global Base Standards Group

globalBaseStandardsGroup OBJECT-GROUP

OBJECTS { controllerBaseStandards }

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> The objects necessary for determining the standards supported by the device.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.8.127.2.3"

::= { globalGroups 3 }

### 5.9.4 Global Database Management Group

globalDbMgmtV1GroupR1 OBJECT-GROUP

OBJECTS { dbCreateTransaction,  
dbErrorType,  
dbErrorID,  
dbTransactionID,  
dbMakeID }

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> The objects necessary for managing the original database

```

management logic for the device.
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.8.127.2.4"
::= {globalGroups 4}

```

### 5.9.5 Global Database Management Group Revision 2

```

globalDbMgmtV1GroupR2 OBJECT-GROUP
OBJECTS { dbCreateTransaction,
          dbVerifyStatus,
          dbVerifyError }
STATUS deprecated
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition> The objects necessary for managing the database transaction
  feature of the device as revised in Amendment 1.
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.8.127.2.5"
::= {globalGroups 5}

```

### 5.9.6 Global Time Management UTC Group

```

globalTimeMgmtUtcGroup OBJECT-GROUP
OBJECTS { globalTime }
STATUS deprecated
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition> The objects necessary for managing UTC time.
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.8.127.2.6"
::= {globalGroups 6}

```

### 5.9.7 Global Daylight Saving Time Group

```

globalTimeMgmtDstGroupR1 OBJECT-GROUP
OBJECTS { globalDaylightSaving,
          globalLocalTimeDifferential }
STATUS deprecated
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition> The objects necessary for managing the original DST logic.
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.8.127.2.7"
::= {globalGroups 7}

```

### 5.9.8 Global Daylight Saving Time Group Revision 2

```

globalTimeMgmtDstGroupR2 OBJECT-GROUP
OBJECTS { maxDaylightSavingEntries,
          dstEntryNumber,
          dstBeginMonth,
          dstBeginOccurrences,
          dstBeginDayOfWeek,
          dstBeginDayOfMonth,
          dstBeginSecondsToTransition,
          dstEndMonth,
          dstEndOccurrences,
          dstEndDayOfWeek,
          dstEndDayOfMonth,
          dstEndSecondsToTransition,
          dstSecondsToAdjust }
STATUS deprecated
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition> The objects necessary for managing the DST logic according
  to a configurable table.
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.8.127.2.8"

```



```
::= {globalGroups 8}
```

### 5.9.9 Global Local Time Group

```
globalTimeMgmtLocalGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS { controllerStandardTimeZone,
            controllerLocalTime }
  STATUS    deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> The minimum objects necessary for managing local time.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.8.127.2.9"
  ::= {globalGroups 9}
```

### 5.9.10 Global Time Base Event Group

```
globalTimeBaseEventGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS { maxTimeBaseEventEntries,
            timeBaseScheduleNumber,
            timeBaseScheduleMonth,
            timeBaseScheduleDay,
            timeBaseScheduleDate,
            timeBaseScheduleDayPlan,
            maxDayPlans,
            maxDayPlanEvents,
            dayPlanNumber,
            dayPlanEventNumber
            dayPlanHour
            dayPlanMinute
            dayPlanActionNumberOID,
            dayPlanStatus }
  STATUS    deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> The objects necessary for managing the original timebase
    schedule feature.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.8.127.2.10"
  ::= {globalGroups 10}
```

### 5.9.11 Global Time Base Event Group Extension

```
globalTimeBaseEventGroupExt OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS { timeBaseScheduleTableStatus }
  STATUS    deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> Additional objects used to manage the status of the
    timebase schedule feature.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.8.127.2.11"
  ::= {globalGroups 11}
```

### 5.9.12 Global PMPP Group Revision 1

```
globalPmppGroupR1 OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS { maxGroupAddresses,
            hdLcGroupAddressIndex,
            hdLcGroupAddress }
  STATUS    deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> The objects necessary for managing the PMPP group
    addresses.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.8.127.2.12"
```

```
::= {pmpGroups 12}
```

### 5.9.13 Global PMPP Group Revision 2

```
globalPmpGroupR2 OBJECT-GROUP
```

```
  OBJECTS { maxGroupAddresses,  
            hdLcGroupAddressIndex,  
            hdLcGroupAddressNumber }
```

```
  STATUS      deprecated
```

```
  DESCRIPTION
```

```
    "<Definition> The objects necessary for managing the PMPP group  
    addresses correcting for an ambiguity.
```

```
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.8.127.2.13"
```

```
 ::= {pmpGroups 13}
```

```
END -- NTCIP1201-GlobalV1
```

## Section 6 DEPRECATED AUXILIARY I/O V2 MANAGEMENT INFORMATION BASE (MIB) [NORMATIVE]

The text provided from Section 6.1 through the end of Section 6 (except the headings) constitutes the standard NTCIP1201-AuxIOv2 MIB.

**\*\* All objects contained in this MIB are deprecated. \*\***

This MIB is provided to allow SNMPv3 implementations to support backward compatibility with prior versions of NTCIP 1201. Prior versions of NTCIP 1201 were based on SNMPv1, which used the SMIv1 MIB structure. SNMPv3 requires data to be defined in the SMIv2 format. This section defines the official translation of the NTCIP1201-v03 MIB into the SMIv2 format so that there is an unambiguous, standardized definition of how to represent NTCIP 1201 v03 data in an SNMPv3 data packet. For example, using this MIB, a SNMPv3 traffic management system can exchange data with an SNMPv1 device through a proxy agent, as shown in Figure 1. This arrangement allows for secure communications between the traffic management system and the proxy agent while steps can be made to physically secure the connection between the proxy agent and device. This is one way in which systems may choose to migrate to a more secure environment.

While the MIB contained in this section can be used with SNMPv3, doing so does not resolve all known security issues. As a result, the objects contained in this MIB are marked deprecated and notes have been added to indicate either:

- The object(s) that supersede the object with similar functionality, or
- An explanation as to why there is no superseding object.

SNMPv1 implementations should refer to prior versions of NTCIP 1201 for the formal MIB definition. Copies of all versions of NTCIP MIB files are maintained on the NTCIP website.

The following table indicates which object groups and capabilities are required for each version of NTCIP 1201 for the objects contained within this MIB.

**Table 4: Compliance Statement for NTCIP1201-GlobalV1 MIB**

Group	v01	v01A1	v02	v03
auxIOv2GroupR1			M	M

### 6.1 AUXILIARY I/O V2 HEADER

```

NTCIP1201-AuxIOv2 DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
IMPORTS
    MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, OBJECT-IDENTITY, Unsigned32
        FROM SNMPv2-SMI
        -- RFC 2578
    DisplayString
        FROM SNMPv2-TC
        -- RFC 2579
    global
        FROM NTCIP8004v02

auxIOv2 MODULE-IDENTITY
    LAST-UPDATED "202210010000Z"
    ORGANIZATION "NTCIP BSP2 WG"

```

CONTACT-INFO

"name: NTCIP Coordinator  
email: ntcip@nema.org  
postal: National Electrical Manufacturers Association  
1300 North 17th Street, Suite 1752  
Rosslyn, Virginia 22209-3801"

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> This MIB defines the SMIV2 representation of the AuxIOv2 objects that were previously defined in NTCIP 1201 v03.

Auxiliary I/O was originally defined in NTCIP 1203 v01 under the experimental node. NTCIP 1201 v02 moved the objects to the location defined by this MIB but retained the same object names. Experience demonstrated challenges in compiling MIB files with duplicate object names and as a result NTCIP 1201 v03 changed the names of objects while retaining the NTCIP 1201 v02 object identifiers. NTCIP 1201 v04 deprecated these objects in favor of the general purpose I/O design defined in ISO 20684-2.

For those agents that may support these objects and those originally defined under the experimental node (see Section 2.10), the object definitions are treated as aliases such that a write to an object in one group acts as write to the corresponding object in the other group. As aliases, a read of an object in this group is equivalent to a read of the corresponding object in the auxIO group.

\*\*\* All objects in this MIB have been deprecated. \*\*\*

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.7

Copyright (C) 2010, 2022 by the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE), and the National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA). All intellectual property rights, including, but not limited to, the rights of reproduction in whole or in part in any form, translation into other languages and display are reserved by the copyright owners under the laws of the United States of America, the Universal Copyright Convention, the Berne Convention, and the International and Pan American Copyright Conventions.

Joint NEMA, AASHTO, and ITE  
NTCIP Management Information Base  
DISTRIBUTION NOTICE

To the extent and in the limited event these materials are distributed by AASHTO/ITE/NEMA in the form of a Management Information Base ("MIB") module, AASHTO/ITE/NEMA extends the permission for users to make and/or distribute unlimited copies of the unedited MIB module, including copies for commercial distribution, provided that each copy made and/or distributed contains this Notice.

The MIB module may be distributed with a companion MIB module that contains one or more invocations of the AGENT-CAPABILITIES macro that specifies the capabilities of a specific implementation. By convention, such a companion MIB module might have the same module name followed by "-", followed the enterprise's Internet Assigned Number Authority (IANA)-assigned enterprise number.

These materials are delivered "AS IS" without any warranties as to their use or performance.

AASHTO/ITE/NEMA AND THEIR SUPPLIERS DO NOT WARRANT THE PERFORMANCE OR RESULTS YOU MAY OBTAIN BY USING THESE MATERIALS. AASHTO/ITE/NEMA AND THEIR SUPPLIERS MAKE NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO NONINFRINGEMENT OF THIRD-PARTY RIGHTS, MERCHANTABILITY, OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE. IN NO EVENT WILL AASHTO, ITE OR NEMA OR THEIR SUPPLIERS BE LIABLE TO YOU OR ANY THIRD PARTY FOR ANY CLAIM OR FOR ANY CONSEQUENTIAL, INCIDENTAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES, INCLUDING ANY LOST PROFITS OR LOST SAVINGS, ARISING FROM YOUR REPRODUCTION OR USE OF THESE MATERIALS, EVEN IF AN AASHTO, ITE, OR NEMA REPRESENTATIVE HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. Some states or jurisdictions do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental, consequential or special damages, or the exclusion of implied warranties, so the above limitations may not apply to you.

Use of these materials does not constitute an endorsement or affiliation by or between AASHTO, ITE, or NEMA and you, your company, or your products and services.

NTCIP is a trademark of AASHTO/ITE/NEMA."

REVISION "202210010000Z"

DESCRIPTION

"NTCIP 1201 v04 - Upgraded format to SMIV2 and deprecated all objects."

REVISION "200610020000Z"

DESCRIPTION

"NTCIP 1201 v03 - Created this as a standalone MIB. Changed all statuses to 'mandatory' to eliminate checking errors. Revised object names. "

::= { global 7 }

## 6.2 OBJECT IDENTITIES

### 6.2.1 AuxIOv2 Conformance Node

auxIOv2Conformance OBJECT-IDENTITY

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> This node is an identifier used to define conformance information for the auxIOv2 MIB.

```
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.7.127"  
 ::= { auxIOv2 127 }
```

auxIOv2Compliances OBJECT-IDENTITY

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> This node is an identifier used to define compliance statements for the auxIOv2 MIB.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.7.127.1"

```
 ::= { auxIOv2Conformance 1 }
```

auxIOv2Groups OBJECT-IDENTITY

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> This node is an identifier used to define object groups for the auxIOv2 MIB.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.7.127.2"

```
 ::= { auxIOv2Conformance 2 }
```

## 6.3 OBJECTS

### 6.3.1 Maximum Number of Digital Auxiliary I/Os Parameter

maxAuxIOv2TableNumDigitalPorts OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32 (0..255)

UNITS "digital ports"

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> The number of rows contained in the 'auxIOv2Table' with the auxIOv2PortType set to 'digital'.

<Superseded by> FIELD-DEVICE-GPIO-MIB.fdgPIOTypeCount (ISO 20684-2)

<Informative> The GPIO count objects are managed by port type.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.7.1"

```
 ::= { auxIOv2 1 }
```

### 6.3.2 Maximum Number of Analog Auxiliary I/Os Parameter

maxAuxIOv2TableNumAnalogPorts OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32 (0..255)

UNITS "analog ports"

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition>The number of rows contained in the 'auxIOv2Table' with the auxIOv2PortType set to 'analog'.

<Superseded by> FIELD-DEVICE-GPIO-MIB.fdgPIOTypeCount (ISO 20684-2)

<Informative> The GPIO count objects are managed by port type.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.7.2"

```
 ::= {auxIOv2 2}
```

### 6.3.3 Auxiliary I/O Table Parameter

auxIOv2Table OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF AuxIOv2Entry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition>A table providing the means to access any non-mission-critical or non-safety-related auxiliary I/O of the controller, including reading inputs and setting outputs. The number of rows in this table equals the sum of the values of the 'maxAuxIOv2TableNumDigitalPorts' and 'maxAuxIOv2TableNumAnalogPorts' objects. This table shall not be used to control or monitor any safety related equipment. The electrical levels used by the ports are not standardized by auxIOv2Table objects; such information

should

be contained in the hardware manual.

<TableType> static

<Superseded by> FIELD-DEVICE-GPIO-MIB.fdgPIOTable & FIELD-DEVICE-GPIO-MIB.fdgGPIOPortTable (ISO 20684-2)

<Informative> The GPIO objects provide a summary table for each port type.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.7.3"

::= { auxIOv2 3 }

auxIOv2Entry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX AuxIOv2Entry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition>Parameters of the auxiliary I/O table.

<Superseded by> FIELD-DEVICE-GPIO-MIB.fdgGPIOEntry & FIELD-DEVICE-GPIO-MIB.fdgGPIOPortEntry (ISO 20684-2)

<Informative> The GPIO tables add columns for a count for each port type, a summary status of each type of port, an indication of the units reported by the port, an indication of the minimum and maximum values that can be reliably reported by the port, minimum and maximum threshold values that indicate when an alarm should be raised, and a status object that indicates any availability or alarm conditions.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.7.3.1"

INDEX {auxIOv2PortType, auxIOv2PortNumber}

::={auxIOv2Table 1}

AuxIOv2Entry ::= SEQUENCE {

auxIOv2PortType INTEGER,  
auxIOv2PortNumber INTEGER,  
auxIOv2PortDescription DisplayString,  
auxIOv2PortResolution INTEGER,  
auxIOv2PortValue INTEGER,  
auxIOv2PortDirection INTEGER,  
auxIOv2PortLastCommandedState INTEGER  
}

### 6.3.3.1 Auxiliary Port Type Parameter

auxIOv2PortType OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER{  
other (1),  
analog (2),  
digital (3)  
}

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition>Indicates the type of auxiliary I/O, which can be analog or digital.

<Superseded by> FIELD-DEVICE-GPIO-MIB.fdGPIOType (ISO 20684-2)

<Informative> The GPIO tables classify ports using a three-letter code. ISO 20684-2 defines 23 port types and additional port types can be defined by registering with ISO. Example port types currently defined include humidity, light intensity, temperature, battery current, battery voltage, battery charge, generator fuel level, generator engine speed, fan status, etc.

From NTCIP 1201 v01 to NTCIP v02 of these objects, it was determined that ports are either digital, analog, or other.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.7.3.1.1"

::= {auxIOv2Entry 1}

### 6.3.3.2 Auxiliary Port Number Parameter

auxIOv2PortNumber OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32 (1..255)

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition>Indicates the port number for the associated port type. Port numbers are used sequentially from one to max for each port type. There can be a port 1 for analog port and port 1 for digital port.

<Superseded by> FIELD-DEVICE-GPIO-MIB.fdGPIOPortNumber (ISO 20684-2)

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.7.3.1.2"

::= {auxIOv2Entry 2}

### 6.3.3.3 Auxiliary Description Parameter

auxIOv2PortDescription OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX DisplayString (SIZE (0..255))

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition>Informational text field describing the device at the associated auxiliary I/O.

<Superseded by> FIELD-DEVICE-GPIO-MIB.fdGPIOPortDescription (ISO 20684-2)

<Informative> The GPIO object is an SnmpAdminString, which supports multi-lingual text.

In NTCIP 1203 v01, the SYNTAX SIZE was listed as (0..50). In NTCIP 1201 v02 and NTCIP 1201 v03, this was changed to (0..255).

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.7.3.1.3"

::= {auxIOv2Entry 3}

### 6.3.3.4 Auxiliary Resolution Parameter

auxIOv2PortResolution OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32 (1..255)

UNITS "bits"

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION



"<Definition>Defines number of bits used for the IO-port (e.g. width of digital, resolution of analog). Thus, this feature allows the digital monitoring (via NTCIP) of an analog port on the agent.  
<Informative> In NTCIP 1203 v01, ACCESS was listed as read-write; however, in NTCIP 1201 v03, ACCESS changed to read-only . This changed because resolution is fixed by the hardware implementation and cannot be changed by the management station.  
The SYNTAX also changed from NTCIP 1201 v02 to NTCIP 1201 v03; it is now as it was originally under the experimental node defined in NTCIP 1203v01. This changed to address backward compatibility and the 'aliasing' between the version 1 objects (see Section 2.10) and the Version 02 objects.  
<Superseded by> FIELD-DEVICE-GPIO-MIB.fdGPIOPortMinValue & FIELD-DEVICE-GPIO-MIB.fdGPIOPortMaxValue (ISO 20684-2)  
<Informative> The GPIO table indicates the range over which values can be considered reliable.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.7.3.1.4"

::= {auxIOv2Entry 4}

### 6.3.3.5 Auxiliary Value Parameter

auxIOv2PortValue OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition>For input or bidirectional ports, this contains the current value of the input. For output ports, this is the last commanded value of the port. A genError shall be generated, if this object is set and the port is an input. The actual value exchanged shall not exceed  $[2^{(\text{auxIOv2PortResolution})} - 1]$ ; any SET operation to a value in excess of this number shall result in a genErr, and any GET response in excess of this value shall be considered erroneous.

<Superseded by> FIELD-DEVICE-GPIO-MIB.fdGPIOPortValue (ISO 20684-2)

<Informative> The original specification defined this parameter using INTEGER (0..4294967295); however, by convention, INTEGERS are limited to the range (-2147483648..2147483647) in SNMPv1 and SNMPv3 enforces this limitation. Therefore, when presenting this object in SNMPv3, it is encoded as an Unsigned32 rather than an INTEGER (0..4294967295); proxy agents will need to address this encoding change within their implementation.

The replacement object in the GPIO table supports a signed 32-bit integer, thereby allowing sensors to report negative values.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.7.3.1.5"

::= {auxIOv2Entry 5}

### 6.3.3.6 Auxiliary Port Direction Parameter

auxIOv2PortDirection OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER {  
output (1),  
input (2),  
bidirectional (3)}

MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition>Indicates whether state of this port can be set (output), read (input) or both (bidirectional).

<Superseded by> FIELD-DEVICE-GPIO-MIB.fdgGPIOPortDirection (ISO 20684-2)

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.7.3.1.6"

::= {auxIOv2Entry 6}

### 6.3.3.7 Auxiliary Port Last Commanded State Parameter

auxIOv2PortLastCommandedState OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition>For bi-directional ports, this object indicates the last state to which the auxIOv2PortValue object was set.

For output ports, this value shall always be equal to the auxIOv2PortValue object. For input ports, this value shall always be zero (0).

<Superseded by> FIELD-DEVICE-GPIO-MIB.fdgGPIORequestedValue (ISO 20684-2)

<Informative> The original specification defined this parameter Using INTEGER (0..4294967295); however, by convention, INTEGERS Are limited to the range (-2147483648..2147483647) in SNMPv1 and SNMPv3 enforces this limitation. Therefore, when presenting this Object in SNMPv3, it is encoded as an Unsigned32 rather than an INTEGER (0..4294967295); proxy agents will need to address this encoding change within their implementation.

The replacement object in the GPIO table supports a signed 32-bit integer, thereby allowing negative output values.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.7.3.1.7"

::= {auxIOv2Entry 7}

## 6.4 COMPLIANCE GROUPS

### 6.4.1 Auxiliary I/O Version 2 Group

auxIOv2GroupR1 OBJECT-GROUP

OBJECTS { maxAuxIOv2TableNumDigitalPorts,  
maxAuxIOv2TableNumAnalogPorts,  
auxIOv2PortType,  
auxIOv2PortNumber,  
auxIOv2PortDescription,  
auxIOv2PortResolution,  
auxIOv2PortValue,  
auxIOv2PortDirection,  
auxIOv2PortLastCommandedState }

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> The objects necessary for managing the auxiliary IO ports according to the revised scheme under the global node.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.7.127.2.1"

::= {auxIOv2Groups 1}

END --NTCIP1201-AuxIOv2

## Section 7 DEPRECATED AUXILIARY I/O MANAGEMENT INFORMATION BASE (MIB) [NORMATIVE]

The text provided from Section 7.1 through the end of Section 7 (except the headings) constitutes the standard NTCIP1201-AuxIO MIB.

**\*\* All objects contained in this MIB are deprecated. \*\***

This MIB is provided to allow SNMPv3 implementations to support backward compatibility with prior versions of NTCIP 1201. Prior versions of NTCIP 1201 were based on SNMPv1, which used the SMIv1 MIB structure. SNMPv3 requires data to be defined in the SMIv2 format. This section defines the official translation of the NTCIP1201-v03 MIB into the SMIv2 format so that there is an unambiguous, standardized definition of how to represent NTCIP 1201 v03 data in an SNMPv3 data packet. For example, using this MIB, a SNMPv3 traffic management system can exchange data with an SNMPv1 device through a proxy agent, as shown in Figure 1. This arrangement allows for secure communications between the traffic management system and the proxy agent while steps can be made to physically secure the connection between the proxy agent and device. This is one way in which systems may choose to migrate to a more secure environment.

While the MIB contained in this section can be used with SNMPv3, doing so does not resolve all known security issues. As a result, the objects contained in this MIB are marked deprecated and notes have been added to indicate either:

- The object(s) that supersede the object with similar functionality, or
- An explanation as to why there is no superseding object.

SNMPv1 implementations should refer to prior versions of NTCIP 1201 for the formal MIB definition. Copies of all versions of NTCIP MIB files are maintained on the NTCIP website.

The following table indicates which object groups and capabilities are required for each version of NTCIP 1201 for the objects contained within this MIB.

**Table 5: Compliance Statement for NTCIP1201-GlobalV1 MIB**

Group	v01	v01A1	v02	v03
auxIOGroupR1		M		

### 7.1 AUXILIARY I/O HEADER

```

NTCIP1201-AuxIO DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
IMPORTS
    MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, OBJECT-IDENTITY, Unsigned32
        FROM SNMPv2-SMI
        -- RFC 2578
    DisplayString
        FROM SNMPv2-TC
        -- RFC 2579
    expGlobal
        FROM NTCIP8004-NEMA

auxiliaryIO MODULE-IDENTITY
    LAST-UPDATED "202210010000Z"

```

ORGANIZATION "NTCIP BSP2 WG"

CONTACT-INFO

"name: NTCIP Coordinator

email: ntcip@nema.org

postal: National Electrical Manufacturers Association

1300 North 17th Street, Suite 1752

Rossllyn, Virginia 22209-3801"

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> This MIB defines the SMIV2 representation of the AuxIO objects that were previously defined in NTCIP 1201 v03.

This MIB contains the auxiliary input/output (I/O) objects originally defined in NTCIP 1203 v01 (a.k.a. NTCIP 1203:1997) under the experimental node. When the objects were moved to NTCIP 1201 v02, a slightly revised structure was developed under the global node and the original experimental objects were deprecated. This MIB is provided for backwards compatibility to support access to the experimental objects via an SNMPv3 proxy agent.

In the context of implementation that supports these objects, there is no difference between what appeared in NTCIP 1203:1997 and what appears here.

The auxiliary I/O management objects listed herein define a mechanism for the support of unspecified I/O for an NTCIP device. The agency or device specifications should define the intended operation of these ports.

NOTE: These objects are still logically located under the nemaExperimental node and use their originally defined textual names and OIDs. For the purposes of backward compatibility, the object STATUS has been changed to deprecated. For those agents that may support these objects and the new objects under the global node (see Section 2.9), the object definitions shall be treated as aliases in that a write to an object in one group acts as write to the corresponding object in the other group. As aliases, a read of an object in one group also acts as read of the corresponding object in the other group.

Early NTCIP deployments included the Aux I/O objects defined in NTCIP 1203 v01 located under an experimental node. These objects were moved to a permanent node with the release of NTCIP 1201 v02 and given new names. This can create confusion and backward compatibility issues. As noted in the object definition, both sets of objects refer to the same functions within the device; hence, both sets of objects cause the same device action or provide the same device status. Agency specifications which do NOT require support for the Aux I/O objects under the experimental node should exclude the support for these experimental objects (which have been deprecated) to ensure backward compatibility. Support of the Aux I/O objects under the permanent node identified in NTCIP 1201 v03 may be optional or mandatory depending on the agency- or project specification.

Use the PRL to exclude support of NTCIP 1201 v01-defined aux I/O objects. The relationship between mandatory and optional support of NTCIP 1201 v01 (experimental) and NTCIP 1201 v02 objects is unique to the Aux I/O objects.

\*\*\* All objects in this MIB have been deprecated. \*\*\*

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.2.2.1

Copyright (C) 2010, 2022 by the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE), and the National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA). All intellectual property rights, including, but not limited to, the rights of reproduction in whole or in part in any form, translation into other languages and display are reserved by the copyright owners under the laws of the United States of America, the Universal Copyright Convention, the Berne Convention, and the International and Pan American Copyright Conventions.

Joint NEMA, AASHTO, and ITE  
NTCIP Management Information Base  
DISTRIBUTION NOTICE

To the extent and in the limited event these materials are distributed by AASHTO/ITE/NEMA in the form of a Management Information Base ("MIB") module, AASHTO/ITE/NEMA extends the permission for users to make and/or distribute unlimited copies of the unedited MIB module, including copies for commercial distribution, provided that each copy made and/or distributed contains this Notice.

The MIB module may be distributed with a companion MIB module that contains one or more invocations of the AGENT-CAPABILITIES macro that specifies the capabilities of a specific implementation. By convention, such a companion MIB module might have the same module name followed by "-", followed the enterprise's Internet Assigned Number Authority (IANA)-assigned enterprise number.

These materials are delivered "AS IS" without any warranties as to their use or performance.

AASHTO/ITE/NEMA AND THEIR SUPPLIERS DO NOT WARRANT THE PERFORMANCE OR RESULTS YOU MAY OBTAIN BY USING THESE MATERIALS. AASHTO/ITE/NEMA AND THEIR SUPPLIERS MAKE NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO NONINFRINGEMENT OF THIRD-PARTY RIGHTS, MERCHANTABILITY, OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE. IN NO EVENT WILL AASHTO, ITE OR NEMA OR THEIR SUPPLIERS BE LIABLE TO YOU OR ANY THIRD PARTY FOR ANY CLAIM OR FOR ANY CONSEQUENTIAL, INCIDENTAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES, INCLUDING ANY LOST PROFITS OR LOST SAVINGS, ARISING FROM YOUR REPRODUCTION OR USE OF THESE MATERIALS, EVEN IF AN AASHTO, ITE, OR NEMA REPRESENTATIVE HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. Some states or jurisdictions do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental, consequential or special damages, or the exclusion of implied warranties, so the above limitations may not apply to you.

Use of these materials does not constitute an endorsement or affiliation by or between AASHTO, ITE, or NEMA and you, your company, or your products and services.

NTCIP is a trademark of AASHTO/ITE/NEMA."  
REVISION "202210010000Z"  
DESCRIPTION

```
"NTCIP 1201 v04 - Upgraded format to SMIV2 (all objects were previously
deprecated)."  
REVISION "200610020000Z"  
DESCRIPTION  
"NTCIP 1201 v03 - Created this as a standalone MIB. Deprecated all  
objects. "  
 ::= { expGlobal 1 }
```

## 7.2 OBJECT IDENTITIES

### 7.2.1 AuxIO Configuration Node

```
auxIOConformance OBJECT-IDENTITY  
  STATUS deprecated  
  DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> This node is an identifier used to define conformance  
    information for the auxIO MIB.  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.2.1.127"  
 ::= { auxiliaryIO 127 }
```

```
auxIOCompliances OBJECT-IDENTITY  
  STATUS deprecated  
  DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> This node is an identifier used to define compliance  
    statements for the auxIO MIB.  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.2.1.127.1"  
 ::= { auxIOConformance 1 }
```

```
auxIOGroups OBJECT-IDENTITY  
  STATUS deprecated  
  DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> This node is an identifier used to define object groups for  
    the auxIO MIB.  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.2.1.127.2"  
 ::= { auxIOConformance 2 }
```

## 7.3 OBJECTS

### 7.3.1 Maximum Number of Digital Auxiliary I/Os Parameter

```
maxAuxIODigital OBJECT-TYPE  
  SYNTAX      Integer32 (0..255)  
  UNITS       "digital ports"  
  MAX-ACCESS  read-only  
  STATUS      deprecated  
  DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> The number of rows contained in the 'auxIOtable' with the  
    auxIOPortType set to 'digital'.  
    <Superseded by> maxAuxIOv2TableNumDigitalPorts  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.2.2.1.1 "  
 ::= { auxiliaryIO 1 }
```

### 7.3.2 Maximum Number of Analog Auxiliary I/Os Parameter

```
maxAuxIOAnalog OBJECT-TYPE  
  SYNTAX      Integer32 (0..255)  
  UNITS       "analog ports"  
  MAX-ACCESS  read-only  
  STATUS      deprecated
```

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition>The number of rows contained in the 'auxIOTable' with the auxIOPortType set to 'analog'.  
<Superseded by> maxAuxIOv2TableNumAnalogPorts  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.2.2.1.2 "  
::= {auxiliaryIO 2}

### 7.3.3 Auxiliary I/O Table Parameter

auxIOTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF AuxIOEntry  
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible  
STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> A table providing the means to access the auxiliary I/O of the Controller, including reading inputs and setting outputs. A maximum of 255 auxiliary I/Os may be defined for all, digital, analog or other types of ports.  
<TableType> static  
<Superseded by> auxIOv2Table  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.2.2.1.3 "  
::= { auxiliaryIO 3}

auxIOEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX AuxIOEntry  
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible  
STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> Parameters of the auxiliary I/O table.  
<Superseded by> auxIOv2Entry  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.2.2.1.3.1 "  
INDEX {auxIOPortType, auxIOPortNumber}  
::={auxIOTable 1}

```
AuxIOEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    auxIOPortType      INTEGER,
    auxIOPortNumber    INTEGER,
    auxIODescription   DisplayString,
    auxIOResolution    INTEGER,
    auxIOValue         INTEGER,
    auxIOPortDirection INTEGER
}
```

#### 7.3.3.1 Auxiliary Port Type Parameter

auxIOPortType OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER{  
 other (1),  
 analog (2),  
 digital (3)  
}

MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> Indicates the type of auxiliary I/O, which may be analog, digital or other.  
<Superseded by> auxIOv2PortType  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.2.2.1.3.1.1 "

```
::= {auxIOEntry 1}
```

### 7.3.3.2 Auxiliary Port Number Parameter

```
auxIOPortNumber OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..255)
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> Indicates the port number for the associated port type.
        Port numbers are used sequentially from one to max for each port
        type. There can be a port 1 for analog port and port 1 for digital
        port.
        <Superseded by> auxIOv2PortNumber
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.2.2.1.3.1.2"
::= {auxIOEntry 2}
```

### 7.3.3.3 Auxiliary Description Parameter

```
auxIODescription OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      DisplayString (SIZE (0..50))
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> Informational text field describing the device at the
        associated auxiliary I/O
        <Informative> In NTCIP 1203 v01, the SYNTAX SIZE was listed
        as (0..50). In all versions of NTCIP 1201 v02, auxIO2Description
        (this object's alias) was changed to (0..255). This does not present
        a backward compatibility issue if a NTCIP 1201 v02 management station
        limits the size of the DisplayString to 50 characters.
        <Superseded by> auxIOv2PortDescription
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.2.2.1.3.1.3 "
::= {auxIOEntry 3}
```

### 7.3.3.4 Auxiliary Resolution Parameter

```
auxIOResolution OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..255)
    UNITS       "bits"
    MAX-ACCESS  MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> Defines number of bits used for the IO-port (e.g. width of
        digital, resolution of analog).
        <Informative> In NTCIP 1203 v01, the ACCESS was listed as read-
        write. Resolution is fixed by the hardware implementation and cannot be
        changed by the management station.
        <Superseded by> auxIOv2PortResolution
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.2.2.1.3.1.4 "
::= {auxIOEntry 4}
```

### 7.3.3.5 Auxiliary Value Parameter

```
auxIOValue OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Unsigned32
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
```



```
"<Definition> For input or bidirectional ports, this contains the
  current value of the input. For output ports, this is the last
  commanded value of the port. A genError shall be generated, if this
  object is set and the port is an input.
<Superseded by> auxIOv2PortValue
<Informative> The original specification defined this parameter using
  INTEGER (0..4294967295); however, by convention, INTEGERS are limited
  to the range (-2147483648..2147483647) in SNMPv1 and SNMPv3 enforces
  this limitation. Therefore, when presenting this object in SNMPv3, it
  is encoded as an Unsigned32 rather than an INTEGER (0..4294967295);
  proxy agents will need to address this encoding change within their
  implementation.
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.2.2.1.3.1.5 "
::= {auxIOEntry 5}
```

### 7.3.3.6 Auxiliary Port Direction Parameter

```
auxIOPortDirection OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX          INTEGER {
                    output (1),
                    input (2),
                    bidirectional (3)}
  MAX-ACCESS      read-only
  STATUS          deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> Indicates whether state of this port can be set (output),
    read (input) or both (bidirectional).
    <Informative> The ACCESS has been changed from what originally
    appeared in NTCIP 1203 v01 because it was an error.
    <Superseded by> auxIOv2PortDirection
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.2.2.1.3.1.6 "
::= {auxIOEntry 6}
```

## 7.4 COMPLIANCE GROUPS

### 7.4.1 Auxiliary I/O Group

```
auxIOGroupR1 OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS { maxAuxIODigital,
            maxAuxIOAnalog,
            auxIOPortType,
            auxIOPortNumber,
            auxIODescription,
            auxIOResolution,
            auxIOValue,
            auxIOv2PortDirection }
  STATUS          deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> The objects necessary for managing the auxiliary IO ports
    according to the revised scheme under the global node.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.2.2.1.127.2.1"
::= {auxIOGroups 1}
```

```
END -- NTCIP1201-AuxIO
```

## Section 8 DEPRECATED SNMP MANAGEMENT INFORMATION BASE (MIB) [NORMATIVE]

The text provided from Section 8.1 through the end of Section 8 (except the headings) constitutes the standard NTCIP1201-SNMPConfig MIB.

**\*\* All objects contained in this MIB are deprecated. \*\***

This MIB is provided to allow SNMPv3 implementations to support backward compatibility with prior versions of NTCIP 1201. Prior versions of NTCIP 1201 were based on SNMPv1, which used the SMIv1 MIB structure. SNMPv3 requires data to be defined in the SMIv2 format. This section defines the official translation of the NTCIP1201-v03 MIB into the SMIv2 format so that there is an unambiguous, standardized definition of how to represent NTCIP 1201 v03 data in an SNMPv3 data packet. For example, using this MIB, a SNMPv3 traffic management system can exchange data with an SNMPv1 device through a proxy agent, as shown in Figure 1. This arrangement allows for secure communications between the traffic management system and the proxy agent while steps can be made to physically secure the connection between the proxy agent and device. This is one way in which systems may choose to migrate to a more secure environment.

While the MIB contained in this section can be used with SNMPv3, doing so does not resolve all known security issues. As a result, the objects contained in this MIB are marked deprecated and notes have been added to indicate either:

- The object(s) that supersede the object with similar functionality, or
- An explanation as to why there is no superseding object.

SNMPv1 implementations should refer to prior versions of NTCIP 1103 for the formal MIB definition. Copies of all versions of NTCIP MIB files are maintained on the NTCIP website.

The following table indicates which object groups and capabilities are required for each version of NTCIP 1201 for the objects contained within this MIB.

**Table 6: Compliance Statement for NTCIP1201-GlobalV1 MIB**

Group	1103 v03
snmpConfigGroupR1	M

### 8.1 HEADER

```
NTCIP1201-SNMPConfig DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
IMPORTS
    MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE
        FROM SNMPv2-SMI
        -- RFC 2578
    application
        FROM NTCIP8004-Transportation

snmpConfig MODULE-IDENTITY
    LAST-UPDATED "202210010000Z"
    ORGANIZATION "NTCIP BSP2 WG"
    CONTACT-INFO
        "name: NTCIP Coordinator
        email: ntcip@nema.org
```

postal: National Electrical Manufacturers Association  
1300 North 17th Street, Suite 1752  
Rosslyn, Virginia 22209-3801"

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> This MIB defines the SMIV2 representation of snmpMaxPacketSize, which was previously defined in NTCIP 1103. This object is no longer needed with SNMPv3.

\*\*\* All objects in this MIB have been deprecated. \*\*\*

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.1

Copyright © 1996, 2006, 2022 by the American Association of State

Highway

and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE), and the National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA). All intellectual property rights, including, but not limited to, the rights of reproduction in whole or in part in any form, translation into other languages and display are reserved by the copyright owners under the laws of the United States of America, the Universal Copyright Convention, the Berne Convention, and the International and Pan American Copyright Conventions.

Joint NEMA, AASHTO, and ITE  
NTCIP Management Information Base  
DISTRIBUTION NOTICE

To the extent and in the limited event these materials are distributed by AASHTO/ITE/NEMA in the form of a Management Information Base ("MIB") module, AASHTO/ITE/NEMA extends the permission for users to make and/or distribute unlimited copies of the unedited MIB module, including copies for commercial distribution, provided that each copy made and/or distributed contains this Notice.

The MIB module may be distributed with a companion MIB module that contains one or more invocations of the AGENT-CAPABILITIES macro that specifies the capabilities of a specific implementation. By convention, such a companion MIB module might have the same module name followed by "-", followed the enterprise's Internet Assigned Number Authority (IANA)-assigned enterprise number.

These materials are delivered "AS IS" without any warranties as to their use or performance.

AASHTO/ITE/NEMA AND THEIR SUPPLIERS DO NOT WARRANT THE PERFORMANCE OR RESULTS YOU MAY OBTAIN BY USING THESE MATERIALS. AASHTO/ITE/NEMA AND THEIR SUPPLIERS MAKE NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO NONINFRINGEMENT OF THIRD-PARTY RIGHTS, MERCHANTABILITY, OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE. IN NO EVENT WILL AASHTO, ITE OR NEMA OR THEIR SUPPLIERS BE LIABLE TO YOU OR ANY THIRD PARTY FOR ANY CLAIM OR FOR ANY CONSEQUENTIAL, INCIDENTAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES, INCLUDING ANY LOST PROFITS OR LOST SAVINGS, ARISING FROM YOUR REPRODUCTION OR USE OF THESE MATERIALS, EVEN IF AN AASHTO, ITE, OR NEMA REPRESENTATIVE HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. Some states or jurisdictions do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental, consequential or special damages, or the exclusion of implied warranties, so the above limitations may not apply to you.

Use of these materials does not constitute an endorsement or affiliation by or between AASHTO, ITE, or NEMA and you, your company, or your products and services.

NTCIP is a trademark of AASHTO/ITE/NEMA."  
REVISION "202210010000Z"  
DESCRIPTION  
"NTCIP 1201 v04 - Upgraded format to SMIV2 and deprecated all objects."  
REVISION "201612310000Z"  
DESCRIPTION  
"NTCIP 1103 v03 - No change."  
REVISION "200903310000Z"  
DESCRIPTION  
"NTCIP 1103 v02 - Changed name to snmpMaxPacketSize. Separated SNMP object into its own MIB."  
REVISION "200409270000Z"  
DESCRIPTION  
"NTCIP 1103 v01 - Original version with object named snmp-maxPacketSize."  
 ::= { application 1 }

## 8.2 OBJECT IDENTITIES

### 8.2.1 SNMP Conformance Node

snmpConfigConformance OBJECT-IDENTITY  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
"<Definition> This node is an identifier used to define conformance information for the snmpConfig MIB.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.1.127"  
 ::= { snmpConfig 127 }

snmpConfigCompliances OBJECT-IDENTITY  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
"<Definition> This node is an identifier used to define compliance statements for the snmpConnfig MIB.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.1.127.1"  
 ::= { snmpConfigConformance 1 }

snmpConfigGroups OBJECT-IDENTITY  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
"<Definition> This node is an identifier used to define object groups for the snmpConfig MIB.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.1.127.2"  
 ::= { snmpConfigConformance 2 }

## 8.3 OBJECTS

### 8.3.1 Max Packet Size

snmpMaxPacketSize OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX INTEGER32 (484..65535)  
UNITS "octets"  
MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION

```
"<Definition> Indicates the maximum packet size, in octets, that
  the SNMP agent supports for reception or transmission.
<Superseded by> SNMP-FRAMEWORK-MIB.snmpEngineMaxMessageSize (RFC 3411)
<Informative> This object is no longer needed within SNMPv3 because the
  maximum packet size is contained in the HeaderData of each SNMPv3 data
  packet, as defined in RFC 3412. Nonetheless, RFC 3411 does define an
  object that can be retrieved to report the value that is applicable
  across all connections.
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.1.1"
::= {snmpConfig 1}
```

## 8.4 COMPLIANCE GROUPS

### 8.4.1 SNMP Configuration Group

```
snmpConfigGroupR1 OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS { snmpMaxPacketSize }
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> The objects necessary for managing the SNMP configuration.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.1.127.2.1"
  ::= {snmpConfigGroups 1}
```

END --NTCIP1201-SNMPConfig

## Section 9 DEPRECATED SFMP MANAGEMENT INFORMATION BASE (MIB) [NORMATIVE]

The text provided from Section 9.1 through the end of Section 9 (except the headings) constitutes the standard NTCIP1201-SFMP MIB.

**\*\* All objects contained in this MIB are deprecated. \*\***

This MIB is provided to allow SNMPv3 implementations to support backward compatibility with prior versions of NTCIP 1201. Prior versions of NTCIP 1201 were based on SNMPv1, which used the SMIv1 MIB structure. SNMPv3 requires data to be defined in the SMIv2 format. This section defines the official translation of the NTCIP1201-v03 MIB into the SMIv2 format so that there is an unambiguous, standardized definition of how to represent NTCIP 1201 v03 data in an SNMPv3 data packet. For example, using this MIB, a SNMPv3 traffic management system can exchange data with an SNMPv1 device through a proxy agent, as shown in Figure 1. This arrangement allows for secure communications between the traffic management system and the proxy agent while steps can be made to physically secure the connection between the proxy agent and device. This is one way in which systems may choose to migrate to a more secure environment.

While the MIB contained in this section can be used with SNMPv3, doing so does not resolve all known security issues. As a result, the objects contained in this MIB are marked deprecated and notes have been added to indicate either:

- The object(s) that supersede the object with similar functionality, or
- An explanation as to why there is no superseding object.

SNMPv1 implementations should refer to prior versions of NTCIP 1103 for the formal MIB definition. Copies of all versions of NTCIP MIB files are maintained on the NTCIP website.

The following table indicates which object groups and capabilities are required for each version of NTCIP 1103 for the objects contained within this MIB.

**Table 7: Compliance Statement for NTCIP1201-SFMP MIB**

Group	1103 v03
sfmpGroupR1	M

### 9.1 HEADER

```
NTCIP1201-SFMP DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
IMPORTS
    MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, Counter32
        FROM SNMPv2-SMI
        -- RFC 2578
    application
        FROM NTCIP8004-Transportation

sfmp MODULE-IDENTITY
    LAST-UPDATED "202210010000Z"
    ORGANIZATION "NTCIP BSP2 WG"
    CONTACT-INFO
        "name: NTCIP Coordinator
        email: ntcip@nema.org
        postal: National Electrical Manufacturers Association
```

1300 North 17th Street, Suite 1752  
Rosslyn, Virginia 22209-3801"

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> This MIB defines the SMIV2 representation of the NTCIP1103v0352-SFMP MIB, which is defined in NTCIP 1103. It defines objects related to managing and monitoring the communication statistics for the Simple Fixed Message Protocol. (SFMP).

\*\*\* All objects in this MIB have been deprecated. \*\*\*

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.2

Copyright © 1996, 2006, 2022 by the American Association of State

Highway

and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE), and the National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA). All intellectual property rights, including, but not limited to, the rights of reproduction in whole or in part in any form, translation into other languages and display are reserved by the copyright owners under the laws of the United States of America, the Universal Copyright Convention, the Berne Convention, and the International and Pan American Copyright Conventions.

Joint NEMA, AASHTO, and ITE  
NTCIP Management Information Base  
DISTRIBUTION NOTICE

To the extent and in the limited event these materials are distributed by AASHTO/ITE/NEMA in the form of a Management Information Base ("MIB") module, AASHTO/ITE/NEMA extends the permission for users to make and/or distribute unlimited copies of the unedited MIB module, including copies for commercial distribution, provided that each copy made and/or distributed contains this Notice.

The MIB module may be distributed with a companion MIB module that contains one or more invocations of the AGENT-CAPABILITIES macro that specifies the capabilities of a specific implementation. By convention, such a companion MIB module might have the same module name followed by "-", followed the enterprise's Internet Assigned Number Authority (IANA)-assigned enterprise number.

These materials are delivered "AS IS" without any warranties as to their use or performance.

AASHTO/ITE/NEMA AND THEIR SUPPLIERS DO NOT WARRANT THE PERFORMANCE OR RESULTS YOU MAY OBTAIN BY USING THESE MATERIALS. AASHTO/ITE/NEMA AND THEIR SUPPLIERS MAKE NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO NONINFRINGEMENT OF THIRD-PARTY RIGHTS, MERCHANTABILITY, OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE. IN NO EVENT WILL AASHTO, ITE OR NEMA OR THEIR SUPPLIERS BE LIABLE TO YOU OR ANY THIRD PARTY FOR ANY CLAIM OR FOR ANY CONSEQUENTIAL, INCIDENTAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES, INCLUDING ANY LOST PROFITS OR LOST SAVINGS, ARISING FROM YOUR REPRODUCTION OR USE OF THESE MATERIALS, EVEN IF AN AASHTO, ITE, OR NEMA REPRESENTATIVE HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. Some states or jurisdictions do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental, consequential or special damages, or the exclusion of implied warranties, so the above limitations may not apply to you.

Use of these materials does not constitute an endorsement or affiliation by or between AASHTO, ITE, or NEMA and you, your company, or your products and services.

NTCIP is a trademark of AASHTO/ITE/NEMA."  
REVISION "202210010000Z"  
DESCRIPTION  
"NTCIP 1201 v04 - Upgraded format to SMIV2 and deprecated all objects."  
REVISION "201612310000Z"  
DESCRIPTION  
"NTCIP 1103 v03 - No change."  
REVISION "200903310000Z"  
DESCRIPTION  
"NTCIP 1103 v02 - Updated text to conform to current conventions;  
separated SFMP objects into their own MIB."  
REVISION "200409270000Z"  
DESCRIPTION  
"NTCIP 1103 v01 - Original version of objects."  
 ::= { application 2 }

## 9.2 OBJECT IDENTITIES

### 9.2.1 SFMP Statistics

sfmpStatistics OBJECT-IDENTITY  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
"<Definition> This node contains communication statistics for the Simple  
Fixed Message Protocol (SFMP).  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.2.1"  
 ::= { sfmp 1 }

### 9.2.2 SFMP Conformance Node

sfmpConformance OBJECT-IDENTITY  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
"<Definition> This node is an identifier used to define conformance  
clauses for SFMP.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.2.127"  
 ::= { sfmp 127 }

sfmpCompliances OBJECT-IDENTITY  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
"<Definition> This node is an identifier used to define compliance  
statements for the SFMP MIB.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.2.127.1"  
 ::= { sfmpConformance 1 }

sfmpGroups OBJECT-IDENTITY  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
"<Definition> This node is an identifier used to define object groups for  
the SFMP MIB.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.2.127.2"  
 ::= { sfmpConformance 2 }



### 9.3 OBJECTS

#### 9.3.1 Number of Incoming SFMP Packets

```
sfmtInPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter32
    UNITS "packets"
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The total number of Messages delivered to
         the SFMP entity for processing.
         <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with SFMP.
         <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.2.1.1"
 ::= { sfmtStatistics 1 }
```

#### 9.3.2 Number of Outgoing SFMP Packets

```
sfmtOutPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter
    UNITS "packets"
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The total number of SFMP PDU's which were
         generated by the SFMP protocol entity.
         <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with SFMP.
         <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.2.1.2"
 ::= { sfmtStatistics 2 }
```

#### 9.3.3 Number of Incoming SFMP Packets with Bad Version Numbers

```
sfmtInBadVersions OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter
    UNITS "packets"
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The total number of SFMP Messages which
         were delivered to the SFMP protocol entity and were for
         an unsupported SFMP version.
         <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with SFMP.
         <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.2.1.3"
 ::= { sfmtStatistics 3 }
```

#### 9.3.4 Number of Incoming SFMP Packets with Bad Community Names

```
sfmtInBadCommunityNames OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter
    UNITS "packets"
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The total number of SFMP Messages delivered
         to the SFMP protocol entity which used a SFMP community
         name not known to said entity.
         <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with SFMP.
         <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.2.1.4"
 ::= { sfmtStatistics 4 }
```

### 9.3.5 Number of Incoming SFMP Packets with Bad Use of a Community Name

```
sfmtInBadCommunityUses OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter
    UNITS       "packets"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The total number of SFMP Messages delivered
         to the SFMP protocol entity which represented an SFMP
         operation which was not allowed by the SFMP community
         named in the Message.
        <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with SFMP.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.2.1.5"
 ::= { sfmtStatistics 5 }
```

### 9.3.6 Number of Incoming SFMP Packets with Parsing Errors

```
sfmtInParseErrs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter
    UNITS       "packets"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The total number of OER errors encountered
         by the SFMP protocol entity when decoding received SFMP
         Messages.
        <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with SFMP.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.2.1.6"
 ::= { sfmtStatistics 6 }
```

### 9.3.7 Reserved

```
-- node 7 is reserved for bad types to parallel SNMP, but it does not
-- apply to SFMP
```

### 9.3.8 Number of Incoming SFMP Packets indicating a Too Big Error

```
sfmtInTooBigs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter
    UNITS       "packets"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The total number of SFMP PDUs which were
         delivered to the SFMP protocol entity with a Message
         Type of Error and Error Number of tooBig.
        <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with SFMP.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.2.1.8"
 ::= { sfmtStatistics 8 }
```

### 9.3.9 Number of Incoming SFMP Packets indicating a No Such Name Error

```
sfmtInNoSuchNames OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter
    UNITS       "packets"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The total number of SFMP PDUs which were
```

```
    delivered to the SFMP protocol entity with a Message
    Type of Error and Error Number of noSuchName.
    <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with SFMP.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.2.1.9"
 ::= { sfmpStatistics 9 }
```

### 9.3.10 Number of Incoming SFMP Packets indicating a Bad Value Error

```
sfmpInBadValues OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter
    UNITS "packets"
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The total number of SFMP PDUs which were
        delivered to the SFMP protocol entity with a Message
        Type of Error and Error Number of badValue.
        <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with SFMP.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.2.1.10"
 ::= { sfmpStatistics 10 }
```

### 9.3.11 Number of Incoming SFMP Packets indicating a Read-Only Error

```
sfmpInReadOnly OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter
    UNITS "packets"
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The total number of SFMP PDUs which were
        delivered to the SFMP protocol entity with a Message Type
        of Error and Error Number of readOnly.
        <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with SFMP.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.2.1.11"
 ::= { sfmpStatistics 11 }
```

### 9.3.12 Number of Incoming SFMP Packets indicating a General Error

```
sfmpInGenErrs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter
    UNITS "packets"
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The total number of SFMP PDUs which were
        delivered to the SFMP protocol entity with a Message Type
        of Error and Error Number of genError.
        <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with SFMP.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.2.1.12"
 ::= { sfmpStatistics 12 }
```

### 9.3.13 Reserved

```
-- node 13 is reserved for total request vars to
-- parallel SNMP, but it does not apply to SFMP
```

### 9.3.14 Reserved

```
-- node 14 is reserved for total set vars to parallel
-- SNMP, but it does not apply to SFMP
```

### 9.3.15 Number of Incoming SFMP Get Requests

```
sfmpInGetRequests OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter
    UNITS       "packets"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The total number of SFMP Get-Request PDUs
         which have been accepted and processed by the SFMP
         protocol entity.
        <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with SFMP.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.2.1.15"
 ::= { sfmpStatistics 15 }
```

### 9.3.16 Reserved

```
-- node 16 is reserved for in get nexts to parallel
-- SNMP, but it does not apply to SFMP
```

### 9.3.17 Number of Incoming SFMP Set Requests

```
sfmpInSetRequests OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter
    UNITS       "packets"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The total number of SFMP Set-Request PDUs
         which have been accepted and processed by the SFMP protocol
         entity.
        <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with SFMP.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.2.1.17"
 ::= { sfmpStatistics 17 }
```

### 9.3.18 Number of Incoming SFMP Get Responses

```
sfmpInGetResponses OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter
    UNITS       "packets"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The total number of SFMP Get-Response PDUs
         which have been accepted and processed by the SFMP protocol
         entity.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.2.1.18"
 ::= { sfmpStatistics 18 }
```

### 9.3.19 Reserved

```
-- node 19 is reserved for traps to parallel SNMP, but it
-- does not apply to SFMP at present
```

### 9.3.20 Number of Outgoing SFMP Packets indicating a Too Big Error

```
sfmpOutTooBig    OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter
    UNITS       "packets"
```

```
MAX-ACCESS    read-only
STATUS        deprecated
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition> The total number of SFMP PDUs which were
    generated by the SFMP protocol entity with a Message Type
    of Error and Error Number of tooBig.
  <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with SFMP.
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.2.1.20"
 ::= { sfmpStatistics 20 }
```

### 9.3.21 Number of Outgoing SFMP Packets indicating a No Such Name Error

```
sfmpOutNoSuchNames OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX        Counter
UNITS         "packets"
MAX-ACCESS    read-only
STATUS        deprecated
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition> The total number of SFMP PDUs which were
    generated by the SFMP protocol entity with a Message Type
    of Error and Error Number of noSuchname.
  <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with SFMP.
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.2.1.21"
 ::= { sfmpStatistics 21 }
```

### 9.3.22 Number of Outgoing SFMP Packets indicating a Bad Value Error

```
sfmpOutBadValues OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX        Counter
UNITS         "packets"
MAX-ACCESS    read-only
STATUS        deprecated
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition> The total number of SFMP PDUs which were
    generated by the SFMP protocol entity with a Message Type
    of Error and Error Number of badValue.
  <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with SFMP.
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.2.1.22"
 ::= { sfmpStatistics 22 }
```

### 9.3.23 Number of Outgoing SFMP Packets indicating a Read-Only Error

```
sfmpOutReadOnly OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX        Counter
UNITS         "packets"
MAX-ACCESS    read-only
STATUS        deprecated
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition> The total number of SFMP PDUs which were
    generated by the SFMP protocol entity with a Message Type
    of Error and Error Number of readOnly.
  <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with SFMP.
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.2.1.23"
 ::= { sfmpStatistics 23 }
```

### 9.3.24 Number of Outgoing SFMP Packets indicating a General Error

```
sfmpOutGenError OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX        Counter
```

```
UNITS          "packets"
MAX-ACCESS    read-only
STATUS        deprecated
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition> The total number of SFMP PDUs which were
    generated by the SFMP protocol entity with a Message Type
    of Error and Error Number of genErr.
  <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with SFMP.
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.2.1.24"
 ::= { sfmpStatistics 24 }
```

### 9.3.25 Number of Outgoing SFMP Get Requests

```
sfmpOutGetRequests OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX          Counter
UNITS           "packets"
MAX-ACCESS      read-only
STATUS          deprecated
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition> The total number of SFMP PDU's with a Message
    Type of Get-Request, which have been generated by the SFMP
    protocol entity.
  <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with SFMP.
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.2.1.25"
 ::= { sfmpStatistics 25 }
```

### 9.3.26 Reserved

```
-- node 26 is reserved for out get nexts to parallel SNMP,
-- but it does not apply to SFMP
```

### 9.3.27 Number of Outgoing SFMP Set Requests

```
sfmpOutSetRequests OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX          Counter
UNITS           "packets"
MAX-ACCESS      read-only
STATUS          deprecated
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition> The total number of SFMP PDU's with a Message
    Type of Set-Request, which have been generated by the SFMP
    protocol entity.
  <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with SFMP.
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.2.1.27"
 ::= { sfmpStatistics 27 }
```

### 9.3.28 Number of Outgoing SFMP Get Responses

```
sfmpOutGetResponses OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX          Counter
UNITS           "packets"
MAX-ACCESS      read-only
STATUS          deprecated
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition> The total number of SFMP PDU's with a Message
    Type of Get-Response, which have been generated by the SFMP
    protocol entity.
  <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with SFMP.
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.2.1.28"
```

```
::= { sfmpStatistics 28 }
```

### 9.3.29 Number of Outgoing SFMP Trap Messages

```
sfmpOutTrapMessages OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter
    UNITS       "packets"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The total number of SFMP PDUs with a message
         type of Trap that have been generated by the SFMP protocol
         entity.
        <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with SFMP.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.2.1.29"
::= { sfmpStatistics 29 }
```

### 9.3.30 Reserved

```
-- node 30 is reserved for enable authentication traps to parallel
-- SNMP, but it does not apply to SFMP
```

### 9.3.31 Number of Incoming SFMP Set Requests – No Replies

```
sfmpInSetRequestsNoReply OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter
    UNITS       "packets"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The total number of SFMP Set-Request No Reply
         PDUs which have been accepted and processed by the SFMP
         protocol entity.
        <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with SFMP.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.2.1.31"
::= { sfmpStatistics 31 }
```

### 9.3.32 Number of Incoming SFMP Set Responses

```
sfmpInSetResponses OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter
    UNITS       "packets"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The total number of SFMP Set-Response PDUs
         which have been accepted and processed by the SFMP protocol
         entity.
        <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with SFMP.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.2.1.32"
::= { sfmpStatistics 32 }
```

### 9.3.33 Number of Incoming SFMP Error Responses

```
sfmpInErrorResponses OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter
    UNITS       "packets"
    ACCESS      read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
```

```
"<Definition> The total number of SFMP Error-Response PDUs
  which have been accepted and processed by the SFMP protocol
  entity.
<Informative> This object has been deprecated along with SFMP.
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.2.1.33"
::= { sfmpStatistics 33 }
```

### 9.3.34 Number of Outgoing SFMP Set Requests – No Replies

```
sfmpOutSetRequestsNoReply OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX Counter
  UNITS "packets"
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> The total number of SFMP PDU's with a Message
      Type of Set-Request-No-Reply, which have been generated by
      the SFMP protocol entity.
    <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with SFMP.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.2.1.34"
::= { sfmpStatistics 34 }
```

### 9.3.35 Number of Outgoing SFMP Set Responses

```
sfmpOutSetResponses OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX Counter
  UNITS "packets"
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> The total number of SFMP PDU's with a Message
      Type of Set-Response, which have been generated by the SFMP
      protocol entity.
    <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with SFMP.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.2.1.35"
::= { sfmpStatistics 35 }
```

### 9.3.36 Number of Outgoing SFMP Error Responses

```
sfmpOutErrorResponses OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX Counter
  UNITS "packets"
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> The total number of SFMP PDU's with a Message
      Type of Error-Response, which have been generated by the SFMP
      protocol entity.
    <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with SFMP.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.2.1.36"
::= { sfmpStatistics 36 }
```

## 9.4 COMPLIANCE GROUPS

### 9.4.1 SFMP Group

```
sfmpGroupR1 OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS { sfmpInPkts,
            sfmpOutPkts,
            sfmpInBadVersions,
```



```
    sfmpInBadCommunityNames,  
    sfmpInBadCommunityUses,  
    sfmpInParseErrors,  
    sfmpInTooBiggs,  
    sfmpInNoSuchNames,  
    sfmpInBadValues,  
    sfmpInReadOnlys,  
    sfmpInGenErrs,  
    sfmpInGetRequests,  
    sfmpInSetRequests,  
    sfmpInGetResponses,  
    sfmpOutTooBiggs,  
    sfmpOutNoSuchNames,  
    sfmpOutBadValues,  
    sfmpOutReadOnly,  
    sfmpOutGenErr,  
    sfmpOutGetRequests,  
    sfmpOutSetRequests,  
    sfmpOutGetResponses,  
    sfmpOutTrapMessages,  
    sfmpInSetRequestsNoReply,  
    sfmpInSetResponses,  
    sfmpInErrorResponses,  
    sfmpOutSetRequestsNoReply,  
    sfmpOutSetResponses,  
    sfmpOutErrorResponses }  
STATUS      deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> The objects necessary for monitoring SFMP statistics.  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.2.127.2.1"  
 ::= {sfmpGroups 1}  
  
END  -- NTCIP1201-SFMP
```

## Section 10 DEPRECATED STMP MANAGEMENT INFORMATION BASE (MIB) [NORMATIVE]

The text provided from Section 10.1 through the end of Section 10 (except the headings) constitutes the standard NTCIP1201-DynObjMgmt MIB.

**\*\* All objects contained in this MIB are deprecated. \*\***

This MIB is provided to allow SNMPv3 implementations to support backward compatibility with prior versions of NTCIP 1201. Prior versions of NTCIP 1201 were based on SNMPv1, which used the SMIv1 MIB structure. SNMPv3 requires data to be defined in the SMIv2 format. This section defines the official translation of the NTCIP1201-v03 MIB into the SMIv2 format so that there is an unambiguous, standardized definition of how to represent NTCIP 1201 v03 data in an SNMPv3 data packet. For example, using this MIB, a SNMPv3 traffic management system can exchange data with an SNMPv1 device through a proxy agent, as shown in Figure 1. This arrangement allows for secure communications between the traffic management system and the proxy agent while steps can be made to physically secure the connection between the proxy agent and device. This is one way in which systems may choose to migrate to a more secure environment.

While the MIB contained in this section can be used with SNMPv3, doing so does not resolve all known security issues. As a result, the objects contained in this MIB are marked deprecated and notes have been added to indicate either:

- The object(s) that supersede the object with similar functionality, or
- An explanation as to why there is no superseding object.

SNMPv1 implementations should refer to prior versions of NTCIP 1103 for the formal MIB definition. Copies of all versions of NTCIP MIB files are maintained on the NTCIP website.

The following table indicates which object groups and capabilities are required for each version of NTCIP for the objects contained within this MIB.

**Table 8: Compliance Statement for NTCIP1201-DynObjMgmt MIB**

Group	1101 v01	1101 v01A1	1103 v01	1103 v02	1103 v03
dynObjMgmtGroupR1	M				
dynObjMgmtGroupR2		M	M	M	M
dynObjMgmtGroupR2Ext				M	M
dynObjDataGroupR1	M	M			

### 10.1 HEADER

```

NTCIP1201-DynObjMgmt DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
IMPORTS
    zeroDotZero, MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE
                                                FROM SNMPv2-SMI
                                                -- RFC 2578
    protocols, OwnerString
                                                FROM NTCIP8004v02

dynObjMgmt MODULE-IDENTITY
    LAST-UPDATED "202210010000Z"

```

ORGANIZATION "NTCIP BSP2 WG"

CONTACT-INFO

"name: NTCIP Coordinator

email: ntcip@nema.org

postal: National Electrical Manufacturers Association

1300 North 17th Street, Suite 1752

Rosslyn, Virginia 22209-3801"

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> This MIB defines the SMIV2 representation of the NTCIP1103v0352-STMP MIB, which was previously defined in NTCIP 1103. This node contains management information related to dynamic objects. This node was deprecated in 2021 as a part of the NTCIP 8004v03 update because dynamic objects are a specific feature of the Simple Transportation Management Protocol (STMP), which was itself deprecated because it was deemed to provide insufficient security for modern networks.

\*\*\* All objects in this MIB have been deprecated. \*\*\*

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.3

Copyright © 1996, 2006, 2022 by the American Association of State  
Highway

and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE), and the National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA). All intellectual property rights, including, but not limited to, the rights of reproduction in whole or in part in any form, translation into other languages and display are reserved by the copyright owners under the laws of the United States of America, the Universal Copyright Convention, the Berne Convention, and the International and Pan American Copyright Conventions.

Joint NEMA, AASHTO, and ITE  
NTCIP Management Information Base  
DISTRIBUTION NOTICE

To the extent and in the limited event these materials are distributed by AASHTO/ITE/NEMA in the form of a Management Information Base ("MIB") module, AASHTO/ITE/NEMA extends the permission for users to make and/or distribute unlimited copies of the unedited MIB module, including copies for commercial distribution, provided that each copy made and/or distributed contains this Notice.

The MIB module may be distributed with a companion MIB module that contains one or more invocations of the AGENT-CAPABILITIES macro that specifies the capabilities of a specific implementation. By convention, such a companion MIB module might have the same module name followed by "-", followed the enterprise's Internet Assigned Number Authority (IANA)-assigned enterprise number.

These materials are delivered "AS IS" without any warranties as to their use or performance.

AASHTO/ITE/NEMA AND THEIR SUPPLIERS DO NOT WARRANT THE PERFORMANCE OR RESULTS YOU MAY OBTAIN BY USING THESE MATERIALS. AASHTO/ITE/NEMA AND THEIR SUPPLIERS MAKE NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO NONINFRINGEMENT OF THIRD-PARTY RIGHTS, MERCHANTABILITY, OR FITNESS FOR

ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE. IN NO EVENT WILL AASHTO, ITE OR NEMA OR THEIR SUPPLIERS BE LIABLE TO YOU OR ANY THIRD PARTY FOR ANY CLAIM OR FOR ANY CONSEQUENTIAL, INCIDENTAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES, INCLUDING ANY LOST PROFITS OR LOST SAVINGS, ARISING FROM YOUR REPRODUCTION OR USE OF THESE MATERIALS, EVEN IF AN AASHTO, ITE, OR NEMA REPRESENTATIVE HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. Some states or jurisdictions do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental, consequential or special damages, or the exclusion of implied warranties, so the above limitations may not apply to you.

Use of these materials does not constitute an endorsement or affiliation by or between AASHTO, ITE, or NEMA and you, your company, or your products and services.

```
NTCIP is a trademark of AASHTO/ITE/NEMA."
REVISION "202210010000Z"
DESCRIPTION
  "NTCIP 1201 v04 - Upgraded format to SMIV2 and deprecated all objects."
REVISION "201612310000Z"
DESCRIPTION
  "NTCIP 1103 v03 - No change."
REVISION "200903310000Z"
DESCRIPTION
  "NTCIP 1103 v02 -."
REVISION "199609270000Z"
DESCRIPTION
  "NTCIP 1101 v01 - Original version of these objects."
::= {protocols 3}
```

## 10.2 TEXTUAL CONVENTIONS

```
ConfigEntryStatus ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
  STATUS deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "See Clause 5.2.4.1 of NTCIP 1103 v03 for the complete definition
    of this type."
  SYNTAX INTEGER { valid (1),
                  underCreation (2),
                  invalid (3) }

EntryStatus ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
  STATUS deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "See Annex E of NTCIP 1103 v03 for a complete definition of this Type."
  SYNTAX INTEGER { valid (1),
                  createRequest (2),
                  underCreation (3),
                  invalid (4) }
```

## 10.3 OBJECT IDENTITIES

### 10.3.1 Data Node

```
dynObjData OBJECT-IDENTITY
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> A node containing SNMP object definitions of the dynamic
    objects."
```

```
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.3.2  
 ::= { dynObjMgmt 2 }
```

### 10.3.2 Dynamic Object Management Conformance Node

```
dynObjMgmtConformance OBJECT-IDENTITY  
  STATUS deprecated  
  DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> This node is an identifier used to define conformance  
      clauses for dynamic object management.  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.3.127"  
 ::= { dynObjMgmt 127 }
```

```
dynObjMgmtCompliances OBJECT-IDENTITY  
  STATUS deprecated  
  DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> This node is an identifier used to define compliance  
      statements for ynamic object management.  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.3.127.1"  
 ::= { dynObjMgmtConformance 1 }
```

```
dynObjMgmtGroups OBJECT-IDENTITY  
  STATUS deprecated  
  DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> This node is an identifier used to define object groups for  
      dynamic object management.  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.3.127.2"  
 ::= { dynObjMgmtConformance 2 }
```

## 10.4 DYNAMIC OBJECT DEFINITION

### 10.4.1 Maximum Dynamic Object Table Entries

```
dynObjDefTableMaxEntries OBJECT-TYPE  
  SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..255)  
  UNITS       "entries"  
  MAX-ACCESS  read-only  
  STATUS      deprecated  
  DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> This object specifies the maximum number of  
      rows that may be implemented in the Dynamic Object  
      Definition table.  
    <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.3.4"  
 ::= { dynObjMgmt 4 }
```

### 10.4.2 Dynamic Object Definition Table

```
dynObjDef OBJECT-TYPE  
  SYNTAX      SEQUENCE OF DynObjEntry  
  MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible  
  STATUS      deprecated  
  DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> A list of objects to be included in dynamic  
      objects  
    <TableType> static  
    <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.3.1"  
 ::= { dynObjMgmt 1 }
```

```
dynObjEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      DynObjEntry
  MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> A list of OBJECT IDENTIFIERS that make up a
     dynamic object
     <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.
     <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.3.1.1"
  INDEX { dynObjNumber, dynObjIndex }
 ::= { dynObjDef 1 }
```

```
DynObjEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
  dynObjNumber      Integer32,
  dynObjIndex       Integer32,
  dynObjVariable    OBJECT IDENTIFIER,
  dynObjOwner       OwnerString,      -- previously deprecated
  dynObjStatus      EntryStatus }     -- previously deprecated
```

#### 10.4.2.1 Dynamic Object Number

```
dynObjNumber OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      Integer32 ( 1..13)
  MAX-ACCESS  read-only
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> The dynamic object number that this entry is
     to be associated with.
     <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.
     <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.3.1.1.1"
 ::= { dynObjEntry 1 }
```

#### 10.4.2.2 Dynamic Object Index

```
dynObjIndex OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..255)
  MAX-ACCESS  read-only
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> An index that uniquely identifies an entry in
     the dynamic object table. Each entry defines an object that
     is to be associated with a dynamic object number. The
     dynObjIndex determines the order in which objects are
     transmitted for the associated dynamic object. The lower
     dynObjIndex numbers are transmitted before larger numbers
     for entries within the same dynamic object.
     <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.
     <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.3.1.1.2"
 ::= { dynObjEntry 2 }
```

#### 10.4.2.3 Dynamic Object Variable

```
dynObjVariable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      OBJECT IDENTIFIER
  MAX-ACCESS  read-write
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> The complete object identifier of the particular
```

variable to be included in the specified dynamic object number. When defining dynamic objects, the maximum size of all the objects included in a dynamic object shall not exceed the maximum packet size of the communications network.

When set to reference a columnar object, an agent may wish to only validate the prefix portion of the object identifier. The suffix or index portion of an object identifier need not be instantiated or exist at the time a dynObjVariable is defined.

This object shall not reference any of the objects identified in NTCIP 1103 Clause 8.2.

```
This object may not be modified unless the associated
  dynObjConfigStatus object is equal to underCreation.
<Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.3.1.1.3"
DEFVAL { zeroDotZero }
::= { dynObjEntry 3 }
```

#### 10.4.2.4 Dynamic Object Owner

```
dynObjOwner OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      OwnerString
  MAX-ACCESS  read-write
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> This object has been replaced with dynObjConfigOwner.
    The entity that configured this entry and is therefore using the
    resources assigned to it. This object may not be modified if the
    associated dynObjStatus object is equal to valid(1).
    <Informative> This object was deprecated in NTCIP 1103 v02.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.3.1.1.4"
    ::= { dynObjEntry 4 }
```

#### 10.4.2.5 Dynamic Object Status

```
dynObjStatus OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      EntryStatus
  MAX-ACCESS  read-write
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> This object has been replaced with dynObjConfigStatus.
    The status of this dynamic object definition entry. See description of
    EntryStatus above for restrictions on accesses.
    <Informative> This object was deprecated in NTCIP 1103 v02.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.3.1.1.5"
    ::= { dynObjEntry 5 }
```

### 10.5 DYNAMIC OBJECT DATA

```
dynObj1 OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      OCTET STRING
  MAX-ACCESS  read-write
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> The value of this object is determined by the dynObjDef
    entries with dynObjNumber equal to 1. Packed Encoding Rules are
```

utilized to encode the objects for transmission. This object is intended for use with the Simple Transportation Management Protocol, and provides little advantage if used with SNMP. If no objects are defined for this dynamic object number, then an error of noSuchName shall be returned by the agent.

<Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.3.2.1"

::= { dynObjData 1 }

dynObj2 OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX OCTET STRING

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> The value of this object is determined by the dynObjDef entries with dynObjNumber equal to 2. Packed Encoding Rules are utilized to encode the objects for transmission. This object is intended for use with the Simple Transportation Management Protocol, and provides little advantage if used with SNMP. If no objects are defined for this dynamic object number, then an error of noSuchName shall be returned by the agent

<Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.3.2.2"

::= { dynObjData 2 }

dynObj3 OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX OCTET STRING

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> The value of this object is determined by the dynObjDef entries with dynObjNumber equal to 3. Packed Encoding Rules are utilized to encode the objects for transmission. This object is intended for use with the Simple Transportation Management Protocol, and provides little advantage if used with SNMP. If no objects are defined for this dynamic object number, then an error of noSuchName shall be returned by the agent

<Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.3.2.3"

::= { dynObjData 3 }

dynObj4 OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX OCTET STRING

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> The value of this object is determined by the dynObjDef entries with dynObjNumber equal to 4. Packed Encoding Rules are utilized to encode the objects for transmission. This object is intended for use with the Simple Transportation Management Protocol, and provides little advantage if used with SNMP. If no objects are defined for this dynamic object number, then an error of noSuchName shall be returned by the agent

<Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.3.2.4"

::= { dynObjData 4 }



dynObj5 OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX OCTET STRING  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
" <Definition> The value of this object is determined by the dynObjDef entries with dynObjNumber equal to 5. Packed Encoding Rules are utilized to encode the objects for transmission. This object is intended for use with the Simple Transportation Management Protocol, and provides little advantage if used with SNMP. If no objects are defined for this dynamic object number, then an error of noSuchName shall be returned by the agent  
<Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.3.2.5"  
 ::= { dynObjData 5 }

dynObj6 OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX OCTET STRING  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
" <Definition> The value of this object is determined by the dynObjDef entries with dynObjNumber equal to 6. Packed Encoding Rules are utilized to encode the objects for transmission. This object is intended for use with the Simple Transportation Management Protocol, and provides little advantage if used with SNMP. If no objects are defined for this dynamic object number, then an error of noSuchName shall be returned by the agent  
<Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.3.2.6"  
 ::= { dynObjData 6 }

dynObj7 OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX OCTET STRING  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
" <Definition> The value of this object is determined by the dynObjDef entries with dynObjNumber equal to 7. Packed Encoding Rules are utilized to encode the objects for transmission. This object is intended for use with the Simple Transportation Management Protocol, and provides little advantage if used with SNMP. If no objects are defined for this dynamic object number, then an error of noSuchName shall be returned by the agent  
<Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.3.2.7"  
 ::= { dynObjData 7 }

dynObj8 OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX OCTET STRING  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
" <Definition> The value of this object is determined by the dynObjDef entries with dynObjNumber equal to 8. Packed Encoding Rules are utilized to encode the objects for transmission. This object is intended for use with the Simple Transportation Management Protocol, and provides little

advantage if used with SNMP. If no objects are defined for this dynamic object number, then an error of noSuchName shall be returned by the agent

<Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.3.2.8"

::= { dynObjData 8 }

dynObj9 OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX OCTET STRING

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> The value of this object is determined by the dynObjDef entries with dynObjNumber equal to 9. Packed Encoding Rules are utilized to encode the objects for transmission. This object is intended for use with the Simple Transportation Management Protocol, and provides little advantage if used with SNMP. If no objects are defined for this dynamic object number, then an error of noSuchName shall be returned by the agent

<Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.3.2.9"

::= { dynObjData 9 }

dynObj10 OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX OCTET STRING

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> The value of this object is determined by the dynObjDef entries with dynObjNumber equal to 10. Packed Encoding Rules are utilized to encode the objects for transmission. This object is intended for use with the Simple Transportation Management Protocol, and provides little advantage if used with SNMP. If no objects are defined for this dynamic object number, then an error of noSuchName shall be returned by the agent

<Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.3.2.10"

::= { dynObjData 10 }

dynObj11 OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX OCTET STRING

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> The value of this object is determined by the dynObjDef entries with dynObjNumber equal to 11. Packed Encoding Rules are utilized to encode the objects for transmission. This object is intended for use with the Simple Transportation Management Protocol, and provides little advantage if used with SNMP. If no objects are defined for this dynamic object number, then an error of noSuchName shall be returned by the agent

<Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.3.2.11"

::= { dynObjData 11 }

dynObj12 OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX OCTET STRING

```

MAX-ACCESS    read-write
STATUS        deprecated
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition> The value of this object is determined by the dynObjDef
  entries with dynObjNumber equal to 12. Packed Encoding Rules are
  utilized to encode the objects for transmission. This object is intended
  for use with the Simple Transportation Management Protocol, and provides
  little advantage if used with SNMP. If no objects are defined for this
  dynamic object number, then an error of noSuchName shall be returned by
  the agent
  <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.3.2.12"
 ::= { dynObjData 12 }

```

```

dynObj13    OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      OCTET STRING
MAX-ACCESS  read-write
STATUS      deprecated
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition> The value of this object is determined by the dynObjDef
  entries with dynObjNumber equal to 13. Packed Encoding Rules are
  utilized to encode the objects for transmission. This object is
  intended for use with the Simple Transportation Management Protocol, and
  provides little advantage if used with SNMP. If no objects are defined
  for this dynamic object number, then an error of noSuchName shall be
  returned by the agent
  <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.3.2.13"
 ::= { dynObjData 13 }

```

### 10.5.1 Dynamic Object Configuration

```

dynObjConfigTable OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      SEQUENCE OF DynObjConfigEntry
MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
STATUS      deprecated
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition> A table consisting of an owner and status for
  each of the 13 dynamic object definitions.
  <TableType> static
  <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.3.3"
 ::= { dynObjMgmt 3}

```

```

dynObjConfigEntry OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      DynObjConfigEntry
MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
STATUS      deprecated
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition> A table consisting of an owner and status for
  each of the 13 dynamic object definitions.
  <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.3.3.1"
  INDEX {dynObjNumber}
 ::= {dynObjConfigTable 1}

```

```

DynObjConfigEntry ::= SEQUENCE {

```

```
dynObjConfigOwner   OwnerString,  
dynObjConfigStatus ConfigEntryStatus }
```

### 10.5.1.1 Dynamic Object Configuration Owner

```
dynObjConfigOwner OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX      OwnerString  
MAX-ACCESS  read-write  
STATUS      deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> The entity that configured the associated  
    dynamic object. This object may not be modified unless  
    the associated dynObjConfigStatus object is equal to  
    underCreation.  
    <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.3.3.1.1"  
    DEFVAL   {""}  
 ::= { dynObjConfigEntry 1 }
```

### 10.5.1.2 Dynamic Object Configuration Status

```
dynObjConfigStatus OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX      ConfigEntryStatus  
MAX-ACCESS  read-write  
STATUS      deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> Indicates the state of the associated dynamic  
    object. Depending on the validity checks that are performed  
    on the dynamic object definition, a set request may or may  
    not be honored. See Clause 5.2.4.1 for a complete  
    description.  
    <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.3.3.1.2"  
 ::= { dynObjConfigEntry 2 }
```

## 10.6 COMPLIANCE GROUPS

### 10.6.1 Dynamic Object Definition Group

```
dynObjMgmtGroupR1 OBJECT-GROUP  
OBJECTS { dynObjNumber,  
          dynObjIndex,  
          dynObjVariable,  
          dynObjOwner,  
          dynObjStatus }  
STATUS      deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> The objects necessary for defining dynamic objects  
    according to the original standard.  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.3.127.2.1"  
 ::= { dynObjMgmtGroups 1 }
```

### 10.6.2 Dynamic Object Definition Group 2

```
dynObjMgmtGroupR2 OBJECT-GROUP  
OBJECTS { dynObjNumber,  
          dynObjIndex,  
          dynObjVariable,  
          dynObjConfigOwner,  
          dynObjConfigStatus }
```

```
STATUS      deprecated
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition> The objects necessary for defining dynamic object based on
    the revised standard that incorporated field experience.
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.3.127.2.2"
  ::= {dynObjMgmtGroups 2}
```

### 10.6.3 Dynamic Object Definition Group 2 Extension

```
dynObjMgmtGroupR2Ext OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS { dynObjDefTableMaxEntries }
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> The object for determining the feature support within
      the dynamic object table.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.3.127.2.3"
    ::= {dynObjMgmtGroups 3}
```

### 10.6.4 Dynamic Object Data Group

```
dynObjDataGroupR1 OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS { dynObj1,
            dynObj2,
            dynObj3,
            dynObj4,
            dynObj5,
            dynObj6,
            dynObj7,
            dynObj8,
            dynObj9,
            dynObj10,
            dynObj11,
            dynObj12,
            dynObj13 }
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> The objects necessary for monitoring dynamic objects as
      SNMP objects.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.3.127.2.4"
    ::= {dynObjMgmtGroups 4}
```

```
END -- NTCIP1201-DynObjMgmt
```

## Section 11 DEPRECATED STMP MANAGEMENT INFORMATION BASE (MIB) [NORMATIVE]

The text provided from Section 11.1 through the end of Section 11 (except the headings) constitutes the standard NTCIP1201-STMP MIB.

**\*\* All objects contained in this MIB are deprecated. \*\***

This MIB is provided to allow SNMPv3 implementations to support backward compatibility with prior versions of NTCIP 1201. Prior versions of NTCIP 1201 were based on SNMPv1, which used the SMIv1 MIB structure. SNMPv3 requires data to be defined in the SMIv2 format. This section defines the official translation of the NTCIP1201-v03 MIB into the SMIv2 format so that there is an unambiguous, standardized definition of how to represent NTCIP 1201 v03 data in an SNMPv3 data packet. For example, using this MIB, a SNMPv3 traffic management system can exchange data with an SNMPv1 device through a proxy agent, as shown in Figure 1. This arrangement allows for secure communications between the traffic management system and the proxy agent while steps can be made to physically secure the connection between the proxy agent and device. This is one way in which systems may choose to migrate to a more secure environment.

While the MIB contained in this section can be used with SNMPv3, doing so does not resolve all known security issues. As a result, the objects contained in this MIB are marked deprecated and notes have been added to indicate either:

- The object(s) that supersede the object with similar functionality, or
- An explanation as to why there is no superseding object.

SNMPv1 implementations should refer to prior versions of NTCIP 1103 for the formal MIB definition. Copies of all versions of NTCIP MIB files are maintained on the NTCIP website.

The following table indicates which object groups and capabilities are required for each version of NTCIP for the objects contained within this MIB.

**Table 9: Compliance Statement for NTCIP1201-STMPStatistics MIB**

Group	1103 v01	1103 v02	1103 v03
stmpStatisticsGroupR1	○	○	○

### 11.1 HEADER

```

NTCIP1201-STMP DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
IMPORTS
    zeroDotZero, MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, Counter32
        FROM SNMPv2-SMI
        -- RFC 2578
    application
        FROM NTCIP8004-SMI;

stmp MODULE-IDENTITY
    LAST-UPDATED "202210010000Z"
    ORGANIZATION "NTCIP BSP2 WG"
    CONTACT-INFO
        "name: NTCIP Coordinator
        email: ntcip@nema.org
        postal: National Electrical Manufacturers Association
    
```

1300 North 17th Street, Suite 1752  
Rosslyn, Virginia 22209-3801"

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> This MIB defines the SMIV2 representation of the NTCIP1103v0352-STMP-Stats MIB, which was defined in NTCIP 1103. This MIB defines objects related to communication statistics for the Simple Transportation Management Protocol (STMP).

This MIB was deprecated in NTCIP 1201 v04 because the Simple Transportation Management Protocol (STMP) was deprecated because it was deemed to provide insufficient security for modern networks.

\*\*\* All objects in this MIB have been deprecated. \*\*\*

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.3

Copyright © 1996, 2006, 2022 by the American Association of State Highway

and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE), and the National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA). All intellectual property rights, including, but not limited to, the rights of reproduction in whole or in part in any form, translation into other languages and display are reserved by the copyright owners under the laws of the United States of America, the Universal Copyright Convention, the Berne Convention, and the International and Pan American Copyright Conventions.

Joint NEMA, AASHTO, and ITE  
NTCIP Management Information Base  
DISTRIBUTION NOTICE

To the extent and in the limited event these materials are distributed by AASHTO/ITE/NEMA in the form of a Management Information Base ("MIB") module, AASHTO/ITE/NEMA extends the permission for users to make and/or distribute unlimited copies of the unedited MIB module, including copies for commercial distribution, provided that each copy made and/or distributed contains this Notice.

The MIB module may be distributed with a companion MIB module that contains one or more invocations of the AGENT-CAPABILITIES macro that specifies the capabilities of a specific implementation. By convention, such a companion MIB module might have the same module name followed by "-", followed the enterprise's Internet Assigned Number Authority (IANA)-assigned enterprise number.

These materials are delivered "AS IS" without any warranties as to their use or performance.

AASHTO/ITE/NEMA AND THEIR SUPPLIERS DO NOT WARRANT THE PERFORMANCE OR RESULTS YOU MAY OBTAIN BY USING THESE MATERIALS. AASHTO/ITE/NEMA AND THEIR SUPPLIERS MAKE NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO NONINFRINGEMENT OF THIRD-PARTY RIGHTS, MERCHANTABILITY, OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE. IN NO EVENT WILL AASHTO, ITE OR NEMA OR THEIR SUPPLIERS BE LIABLE TO YOU OR ANY THIRD PARTY FOR ANY CLAIM OR FOR ANY CONSEQUENTIAL, INCIDENTAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES, INCLUDING ANY LOST PROFITS OR LOST SAVINGS, ARISING FROM YOUR REPRODUCTION OR USE OF THESE MATERIALS, EVEN IF AN AASHTO, ITE, OR NEMA REPRESENTATIVE HAS BEEN

ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. Some states or jurisdictions do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental, consequential or special damages, or the exclusion of implied warranties, so the above limitations may not apply to you.

Use of these materials does not constitute an endorsement or affiliation by or between AASHTO, ITE, or NEMA and you, your company, or your products and services.

NTCIP is a trademark of AASHTO/ITE/NEMA."  
REVISION "202210010000Z"  
DESCRIPTION  
"NTCIP 1201 v04 - Upgraded format to SMIV2 and deprecated all objects."  
REVISION "201612310000Z"  
DESCRIPTION  
"NTCIP 1103 v03 - No change."  
REVISION "200903310000Z"  
DESCRIPTION  
"NTCIP 1103 v02 - Changed name to snmpMaxPacketSize. Separated SNMP object into its own MIB."  
REVISION "200409270000Z"  
DESCRIPTION  
"NTCIP 1103 v01 - Original version with object named snmp-maxPacketSize."  
 ::= { stmp 1 }

## 11.2 OBJECT IDENTITIES

### 11.2.1 STMP Statistics Node

stmpStatistics OBJECT-IDENTITY  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
"<Definition> This node contains communication statistics for the Simple Transportation Management Protocol (STMP).  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.3.1"  
 ::= { stmpStatistics 127 }

### 11.2.2 STMP Statistics Conformance Node

stmpStatsConformance OBJECT-IDENTITY  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
"<Definition> This node is an identifier used to define conformance clauses for STMP .  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.3.127"  
 ::= { stmpStatistics 127 }

stmpStatsCompliances OBJECT-IDENTITY  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
"<Definition> This node is an identifier used to define compliance statements for STMP.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.3.127.1"  
 ::= { stmpStatsConformance 1 }

stmpStatsGroups OBJECT-IDENTITY  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
"<Definition> This node is an identifier used to define groups



```
    for STMP.  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.3.127.2"  
 ::= { stmpStatsConformance 2 }
```

### 11.3 OBJECTS

#### 11.3.1 Number of Incoming STMP Packets

```
stmpInPkts  OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX      Counter32  
UNITS       "packets"  
MAX-ACCESS  read-only  
STATUS      deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> The total number of Messages delivered to the  
    STMP entity for processing.  
    <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.  
    This object was originally defined with a syntax of Counter. This  
    MIB updates the syntax to Counter32 to conform to SMIV2 conventions.  
    There is no difference between the Counter and Counter32 syntaxes.  
    Users should note, however, that neither a Counter nor a Counter32 is  
    Required to initialize at or reset to zero (0).  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.3.1.1"  
 ::= { stmpStatistics 1 }
```

#### 11.3.2 Number of Outgoing STMP Packets

```
stmpOutPkts OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX      Counter32  
UNITS       "packets"  
MAX-ACCESS  read-only  
STATUS      deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> The total number of STMP PDU's which were  
    generated by the STMP protocol entity.  
    <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.  
    This object was originally defined with a syntax of Counter. This  
    MIB updates the syntax to Counter32 to conform to SMIV2 conventions.  
    There is no difference between the Counter and Counter32 syntaxes.  
    Users should note, however, that neither a Counter nor a Counter32 is  
    Required to initialize at or reset to zero (0).  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.3.1.2"  
 ::= { stmpStatistics 2 }
```

#### 11.3.3 Reserved

```
-- node 3 is reserved for bad version to parallel SNMP,  
-- but it does not apply to STMP
```

#### 11.3.4 Reserved

```
-- node 4 is reserved for bad community name to parallel  
-- SNMP, but it does not apply to STMP
```

#### 11.3.5 Reserved

```
-- node 5 is reserved for bad community use to parallel  
-- SNMP, but it does not apply to STMP
```

### 11.3.6 Number of Incoming STMP Packets with Parsing Errors

```
stmpInParseErrs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter32
    UNITS       "packets"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The total number of OER errors encountered by
         the STMP protocol entity when decoding received STMP Messages.
        <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.
         This object was originally defined with a syntax of Counter. This
         MIB updates the syntax to Counter32 to conform to SMIV2 conventions.
         There is no difference between the Counter and Counter32 syntaxes.
         Users should note, however, that neither a Counter nor a Counter32 is
         Required to initialize at or reset to zero (0).
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.3.1.6"
 ::= { stmpStatistics 6 }
```

### 11.3.7 Reserved

```
-- node 7 is reserved for bad types to parallel SNMP, but
-- it does not apply to STMP
```

### 11.3.8 Number of Incoming STMP Packets indicating a Too Big Error

```
stmpInTooBig    OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter32
    UNITS       "packets"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The total number of STMP PDUs which were
         delivered to the STMP protocol entity with a Message Type
         of Error and Error Number of tooBig.
        <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.
         This object was originally defined with a syntax of Counter. This
         MIB updates the syntax to Counter32 to conform to SMIV2 conventions.
         There is no difference between the Counter and Counter32 syntaxes.
         Users should note, however, that neither a Counter nor a Counter32 is
         Required to initialize at or reset to zero (0).
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.3.1.8"
 ::= { stmpStatistics 8 }
```

### 11.3.9 Number of Incoming STMP Packets indicating a No Such Name Error

```
stmpInNoSuchNames OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter32
    UNITS       "packets"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The total number of STMP PDUs which were
         delivered to the STMP protocol entity with a Message Type
         of Error and Error Number of noSuchName.
        <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.
         This object was originally defined with a syntax of Counter. This
         MIB updates the syntax to Counter32 to conform to SMIV2 conventions.
         There is no difference between the Counter and Counter32 syntaxes.
```

Users should note, however, that neither a Counter nor a Counter32 is Required to initialize at or reset to zero (0).  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.3.1.9"  
 ::= { stmpStatistics 9 }

### 11.3.10 Number of Incoming STMP Packets indicating a Bad Value Error

stmpInBadValues OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Counter32  
UNITS "packets"  
MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
 "<Definition> The total number of STMP PDUs which were delivered to the STMP protocol entity with a Message Type of Error and Error Number of badValue.  
<Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP. This object was originally defined with a syntax of Counter. This MIB updates the syntax to Counter32 to conform to SMIV2 conventions. There is no difference between the Counter and Counter32 syntaxes. Users should note, however, that neither a Counter nor a Counter32 is Required to initialize at or reset to zero (0).  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.3.1.10"  
 ::= { stmpStatistics 10 }

### 11.3.11 Number of Incoming STMP Packets indicating a Read-Only Error

stmpInReadOnlys OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Counter32  
UNITS "packets"  
MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
 "<Definition> The total number of STMP PDUs which were delivered to the STMP protocol entity with a Message Type of Error and Error Number of readOnly.  
<Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP. This object was originally defined with a syntax of Counter. This MIB updates the syntax to Counter32 to conform to SMIV2 conventions. There is no difference between the Counter and Counter32 syntaxes. Users should note, however, that neither a Counter nor a Counter32 is Required to initialize at or reset to zero (0).  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.3.1.11"  
 ::= { stmpStatistics 11 }

### 11.3.12 Number of Incoming STMP Packets indicating a General Error

stmpInGenErrs OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Counter32  
UNITS "packets"  
MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
 "<Definition> The total number of STMP PDUs which were delivered to the STMP protocol entity with a Message Type of Error and Error Number of genError.  
<Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP. This object was originally defined with a syntax of Counter. This MIB updates the syntax to Counter32 to conform to SMIV2 conventions.

There is no difference between the Counter and Counter32 syntaxes.  
Users should note, however, that neither a Counter nor a Counter32 is  
Required to initialize at or reset to zero (0).  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.3.1.12"  
::= { stmpStatistics 12 }

### 11.3.13 Reserved

-- node 13 is reserved for total request vars to parallel  
-- SNMP, but it does not apply to STMP

### 11.3.14 Reserved

-- node 14 is reserved for total set vars to parallel SNMP,  
-- but it does not apply to STMP

### 11.3.15 Number of Incoming STMP Get Requests

stmpInGetRequests OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Counter32  
UNITS "packets"  
MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
"<Definition> The total number of STMP Get-Request PDUs which  
have been accepted and processed by the STMP protocol entity.  
<Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.  
This object was originally defined with a syntax of Counter. This  
MIB updates the syntax to Counter32 to conform to SMIV2 conventions.  
There is no difference between the Counter and Counter32 syntaxes.  
Users should note, however, that neither a Counter nor a Counter32 is  
Required to initialize at or reset to zero (0).  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.3.1.15"  
::= { stmpStatistics 15 }

### 11.3.16 Number of Incoming STMP Get Next Requests

stmpInGetNexts OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Counter32  
UNITS "packets"  
MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
"<Definition> The total number of STMP Get-Next PDUs which  
have been accepted and processed by the STMP protocol entity.  
<Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.  
This object was originally defined with a syntax of Counter. This  
MIB updates the syntax to Counter32 to conform to SMIV2 conventions.  
There is no difference between the Counter and Counter32 syntaxes.  
Users should note, however, that neither a Counter nor a Counter32 is  
Required to initialize at or reset to zero (0).  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.3.1.16"  
::= { stmpStatistics 16 }

### 11.3.17 Number of Incoming STMP Set Requests

stmpInSetRequests OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Counter32  
UNITS "packets"  
MAX-ACCESS read-only

```

STATUS      deprecated
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition> The total number of STMP Set-Request PDUs which
    have been accepted and processed by the STMP protocol entity.
  <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.
    This object was originally defined with a syntax of Counter. This
    MIB updates the syntax to Counter32 to conform to SMIV2 conventions.
    There is no difference between the Counter and Counter32 syntaxes.
    Users should note, however, that neither a Counter nor a Counter32 is
    Required to initialize at or reset to zero (0).
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.3.1.17"
 ::= { stmpStatistics 17 }

```

### 11.3.18 Number of Incoming STMP Get Responses

```

stmpInGetResponses OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter32
    UNITS       "packets"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition> The total number of STMP Get-Response PDUs which
    have been accepted and processed by the STMP protocol entity.
  <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.
    This object was originally defined with a syntax of Counter. This
    MIB updates the syntax to Counter32 to conform to SMIV2 conventions.
    There is no difference between the Counter and Counter32 syntaxes.
    Users should note, however, that neither a Counter nor a Counter32 is
    Required to initialize at or reset to zero (0).
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.3.1.18"
 ::= { stmpStatistics 18 }

```

### 11.3.19 Reserved

```

-- node 19 is reserved for in trap responses to parallel
-- SNMP, but it does not apply to STMP

```

### 11.3.20 Number of Outgoing STMP Packets indicating a Too Big Error

```

stmpOutTooBigs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter32
    UNITS       "packets"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition> The total number of STMP PDUs which were
    generated by the STMP protocol entity with a Message Type
    of Error and Error Number of tooBig.
  <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.
    This object was originally defined with a syntax of Counter. This
    MIB updates the syntax to Counter32 to conform to SMIV2 conventions.
    There is no difference between the Counter and Counter32 syntaxes.
    Users should note, however, that neither a Counter nor a Counter32 is
    Required to initialize at or reset to zero (0).
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.3.1.20"
 ::= { stmpStatistics 20 }

```

### 11.3.21 Number of Outgoing STMP Packets indicating a No Such Name Error

```
stmpOutNoSuchNames OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter32
    UNITS       "packets"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The total number of STMP PDUs which were
         generated by the STMP protocol entity with a Message Type
         of Error and Error Number of noSuchName.
        <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.
         This object was originally defined with a syntax of Counter. This
         MIB updates the syntax to Counter32 to conform to SMIV2 conventions.
         There is no difference between the Counter and Counter32 syntaxes.
         Users should note, however, that neither a Counter nor a Counter32 is
         Required to initialize at or reset to zero (0).
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.3.1.21"
 ::= { stmpStatistics 21 }
```

### 11.3.22 Number of Outgoing STMP Packets indicating a Bad Value Error

```
stmpOutBadValues OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter32
    UNITS       "packets"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The total number of STMP PDUs which were
         generated by the STMP protocol entity with a Message Type
         of Error and Error Number of badValue.
        <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.
         This object was originally defined with a syntax of Counter. This
         MIB updates the syntax to Counter32 to conform to SMIV2 conventions.
         There is no difference between the Counter and Counter32 syntaxes.
         Users should note, however, that neither a Counter nor a Counter32 is
         Required to initialize at or reset to zero (0).
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.3.1.22"
 ::= { stmpStatistics 22 }
```

### 11.3.23 Number of Outgoing STMP Packets indicating a Read-Only Error

```
stmpOutReadOnly OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter32
    UNITS       "packets"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The total number of STMP PDUs which were
         generated by the STMP protocol entity with a Message Type
         of Error and Error Number of readOnly.
        <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.
         This object was originally defined with a syntax of Counter. This
         MIB updates the syntax to Counter32 to conform to SMIV2 conventions.
         There is no difference between the Counter and Counter32 syntaxes.
         Users should note, however, that neither a Counter nor a Counter32 is
         Required to initialize at or reset to zero (0).
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.3.1.23"
 ::= { stmpStatistics 23 }
```

### 11.3.24 Number of Outgoing STMP Packets indicating a General Error

```
stmpOutGenError OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter32
    UNITS       "packets"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The total number of STMP PDUs which were
         generated by the STMP protocol entity with a Message Type
         of Error and Error Number of genErr.
        <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.
         This object was originally defined with a syntax of Counter. This
         MIB updates the syntax to Counter32 to conform to SMIV2 conventions.
         There is no difference between the Counter and Counter32 syntaxes.
         Users should note, however, that neither a Counter nor a Counter32 is
         Required to initialize at or reset to zero (0).
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.3.1.24"
 ::= { stmpStatistics 24 }
```

### 11.3.25 Number of Outgoing STMP Get Requests

```
stmpOutGetRequests OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter32
    UNITS       "packets"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The total number of STMP PDU's with a Message
         Type of Get-Request, which have been generated by the STMP
         protocol entity.
        <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.
         This object was originally defined with a syntax of Counter. This
         MIB updates the syntax to Counter32 to conform to SMIV2 conventions.
         There is no difference between the Counter and Counter32 syntaxes.
         Users should note, however, that neither a Counter nor a Counter32 is
         Required to initialize at or reset to zero (0).
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.3.1.25"
 ::= { stmpStatistics 25 }
```

### 11.3.26 Number of Outgoing STMP Get Next Requests

```
stmpOutGetNexts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter32
    UNITS       "packets"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The total number of STMP PDU's with a Message
         Type of Get-Next, which have been generated by the STMP
         protocol entity.
        <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.
         This object was originally defined with a syntax of Counter. This
         MIB updates the syntax to Counter32 to conform to SMIV2 conventions.
         There is no difference between the Counter and Counter32 syntaxes.
         Users should note, however, that neither a Counter nor a Counter32 is
         Required to initialize at or reset to zero (0).
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.3.1.26"
```

```
::= { stmpStatistics 26 }
```

### 11.3.27 Number of Outgoing STMP Set Requests

```
stmpOutSetRequests OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The total number of STMP PDU's with a Message
        Type of Set-Request, which have been generated by the STMP
        protocol entity.
        <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.
        This object was originally defined with a syntax of Counter. This
        MIB updates the syntax to Counter32 to conform to SMIV2 conventions.
        There is no difference between the Counter and Counter32 syntaxes.
        Users should note, however, that neither a Counter nor a Counter32 is
        Required to initialize at or reset to zero (0).
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.3.1.27"
 ::= { stmpStatistics 27 }
```

### 11.3.28 Number of Outgoing STMP Get Responses

```
stmpOutGetResponses OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter32
    UNITS       "packets"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The total number of STMP PDU's with a Message
        Type of Get-Response, which have been generated by the STMP
        protocol entity.
        <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.
        This object was originally defined with a syntax of Counter. This
        MIB updates the syntax to Counter32 to conform to SMIV2 conventions.
        There is no difference between the Counter and Counter32 syntaxes.
        Users should note, however, that neither a Counter nor a Counter32 is
        Required to initialize at or reset to zero (0).
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.3.1.28"
 ::= { stmpStatistics 28 }
```

### 11.3.29 Reserved

```
-- node 29 is reserved for intrap responses to parallel
-- SNMP, but it does not apply to STMP
```

### 11.3.30 Reserved

```
-- node 30 is reserved for enable authentication traps to parallel
-- SNMP, but it does not apply to STMP
```

### 11.3.31 Number of Incoming STMP Set Request – No Replies

```
stmpInSetRequestsNoReply OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter32
    UNITS       "packets"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The total number of STMP Set-Request No Reply
```



PDU's which have been accepted and processed by the STMP protocol entity.

<Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP. This object was originally defined with a syntax of Counter. This MIB updates the syntax to Counter32 to conform to SMIV2 conventions. There is no difference between the Counter and Counter32 syntaxes. Users should note, however, that neither a Counter nor a Counter32 is Required to initialize at or reset to zero (0).

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.3.1.31"

```
::= { stmpStatistics 31 }
```

### 11.3.32 Number of Incoming STMP Set Responses

```
stmpInSetResponses OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter32
    UNITS       "packets"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The total number of STMP Set-Response PDU's
         which have been accepted and processed by the STMP protocol
         entity."
        <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.
         This object was originally defined with a syntax of Counter. This
         MIB updates the syntax to Counter32 to conform to SMIV2 conventions.
         There is no difference between the Counter and Counter32 syntaxes.
         Users should note, however, that neither a Counter nor a Counter32 is
         Required to initialize at or reset to zero (0).
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.3.1.32"
::= { stmpStatistics 32 }
```

### 11.3.33 Number of Incoming STMP Error Responses

```
stmpInErrorResponses OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter32
    UNITS       "packets"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The total number of STMP Error-Response PDU's
         which have been accepted and processed by the STMP protocol
         entity."
        <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.
         This object was originally defined with a syntax of Counter. This
         MIB updates the syntax to Counter32 to conform to SMIV2 conventions.
         There is no difference between the Counter and Counter32 syntaxes.
         Users should note, however, that neither a Counter nor a Counter32 is
         Required to initialize at or reset to zero (0).
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.3.1.33"
::= { stmpStatistics 33 }
```

### 11.3.34 Number of Outgoing STMP Set Request – No Replies

```
stmpOutSetRequestsNoReply OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter32
    UNITS       "packets"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
```

```
"<Definition> The total number of STMP PDU's with a Message
  Type of Set-Request-No-Reply, which have been generated by
  the STMP protocol entity.
<Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.
  This object was originally defined with a syntax of Counter. This
  MIB updates the syntax to Counter32 to conform to SMIV2 conventions.
  There is no difference between the Counter and Counter32 syntaxes.
  Users should note, however, that neither a Counter nor a Counter32 is
  Required to initialize at or reset to zero (0).
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.3.1.34"
 ::= { stmpStatistics 34 }
```

### 11.3.35 Number of Outgoing STMP Set Responses

```
stmpOutSetResponses OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      Counter32
  UNITS       "packets"
  MAX-ACCESS  read-only
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> The total number of STMP PDU's with a Message
      Type of Set-Response, which have been generated by the STMP
      protocol entity.
    <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.
      This object was originally defined with a syntax of Counter. This
      MIB updates the syntax to Counter32 to conform to SMIV2 conventions.
      There is no difference between the Counter and Counter32 syntaxes.
      Users should note, however, that neither a Counter nor a Counter32 is
      Required to initialize at or reset to zero (0).
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.3.1.35"
 ::= { stmpStatistics 35 }
```

### 11.3.36 Number of Outgoing STMP Error Responses

```
stmpOutErrorResponses OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      Counter32
  UNITS       "packets"
  MAX-ACCESS  read-only
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> The total number of STMP PDU's with a Message
      Type of Error-Response, which have been generated by the
      STMP protocol entity.
    <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.
      This object was originally defined with a syntax of Counter. This
      MIB updates the syntax to Counter32 to conform to SMIV2 conventions.
      There is no difference between the Counter and Counter32 syntaxes.
      Users should note, however, that neither a Counter nor a Counter32 is
      Required to initialize at or reset to zero (0).
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.3.1.36"
 ::= { stmpStatistics 36 }
```

## 11.4 COMPLIANCE GROUPS

### 11.4.1 Dynamic Object Definition Group

```
stmpStatisticsGroupR1 OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS { stmpInPkts,
            stmpOutPkts,
```

```
    stmpInParseErrs,  
    stmpInTooBiggs,  
    stmpInNoSuchNames,  
    stmpInBadValues,  
    stmpInReadOnlys,  
    stmpInGenErrs,  
    stmpInGetRequests,  
    stmpInGetNexts,  
    stmpInSetRequests,  
    stmpInGetResponses,  
    stmpOutTooBiggs,  
    stmpOutNoSuchNames,  
    stmpOutBadValues,  
    stmpOutReadOnly,  
    stmpOutGenError,  
    stmpOutGetRequests,  
    stmpOutGetNexts,  
    stmpOutSetRequests,  
    stmpOutGetResponses,  
    stmpInSetRequestsNoReply,  
    stmpInSetResonses,  
    stmpInErrorResponses,  
    stmpOutSetRequestsNoReply,  
    stmpOutSetResponses,  
    stmpOutErrorResponses }  
STATUS      deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> The objects necessary for monitoring STMP statistics.  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.3.127.2.1"  
 ::= {stmpStatsGroups 1}  
  
END  -- NTCIP1201-STMPStatistics
```

## Section 12 DEPRECATED STMP CONFIGURATION MANAGEMENT INFORMATION BASE (MIB) [NORMATIVE]

The text provided from Section 12.1 through the end of Section 12 (except the headings) constitutes the standard NTCIP1201-ProfilesSTMP MIB.

**\*\* All objects contained in this MIB are deprecated. \*\***

This MIB is provided to allow SNMPv3 implementations to support backward compatibility with prior versions of NTCIP 1201. Prior versions of NTCIP 1201 were based on SNMPv1, which used the SMIv1 MIB structure. SNMPv3 requires data to be defined in the SMIv2 format. This section defines the official translation of the NTCIP1201-v03 MIB into the SMIv2 format so that there is an unambiguous, standardized definition of how to represent NTCIP 1201 v03 data in an SNMPv3 data packet. For example, using this MIB, a SNMPv3 traffic management system can exchange data with an SNMPv1 device through a proxy agent, as shown in Figure 1. This arrangement allows for secure communications between the traffic management system and the proxy agent while steps can be made to physically secure the connection between the proxy agent and device. This is one way in which systems may choose to migrate to a more secure environment.

While the MIB contained in this section can be used with SNMPv3, doing so does not resolve all known security issues. As a result, the objects contained in this MIB are marked deprecated and notes have been added to indicate either:

- The object(s) that supersede the object with similar functionality, or
- An explanation as to why there is no superseding object.

SNMPv1 implementations should refer to prior versions of NTCIP 1103 for the formal MIB definition. Copies of all versions of NTCIP MIB files are maintained on the NTCIP website.

The following table indicates which object groups and capabilities are required for each version of NTCIP for the objects contained within this MIB.

**Table 10: Compliance Statement for NTCIP1201-ProfilesSTMP MIB**

Group	1103 v01	1103 v02	1103 v03
profilesSTMPGroupR1	O	O	O

### 12.1 HEADER

```
NTCIP1201-ProfilesSTMP DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
IMPORTS
    MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE
        FROM SNMPv2-SMI
        -- RFC 2578

    profiles
        FROM NTCIP8004v02;

profilesSTMP MODULE-IDENTITY
    LAST-UPDATED "202210010000Z"
    ORGANIZATION "NTCIP BSP2 WG"
    CONTACT-INFO
        "name: NTCIP Coordinator
        email: ntcip@nema.org
```

postal: National Electrical Manufacturers Association  
1300 North 17th Street, Suite 1752  
Rosslyn, Virginia 22209-3801"

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> This MIB defines the SMIV2 representation of the NTCIP1103v0352-STMP-Config MIB, which was defined in NTCIP 1103. This MIB defines objects related to the configuration of the Simple Transportation Management Protocol (STMP). This MIB was deprecated in NTCIP 1201 v04 because the Simple Transportation Management Protocol (STMP) was deprecated because it was deemed to provide insufficient security for modern networks.

\*\*\* All objects in this MIB have been deprecated. \*\*\*

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.2.2  
Copyright © 1996, 2006, 2022 by the American Association of State

Highway

and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE), and the National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA). All intellectual property rights, including, but not limited to, the rights of reproduction in whole or in part in any form, translation into other languages and display are reserved by the copyright owners under the laws of the United States of America, the Universal Copyright Convention, the Berne Convention, and the International and Pan American Copyright Conventions.

Joint NEMA, AASHTO, and ITE  
NTCIP Management Information Base  
DISTRIBUTION NOTICE

To the extent and in the limited event these materials are distributed by AASHTO/ITE/NEMA in the form of a Management Information Base ("MIB") module, AASHTO/ITE/NEMA extends the permission for users to make and/or distribute unlimited copies of the unedited MIB module, including copies for commercial distribution, provided that each copy made and/or distributed contains this Notice.

The MIB module may be distributed with a companion MIB module that contains one or more invocations of the AGENT-CAPABILITIES macro that specifies the capabilities of a specific implementation. By convention, such a companion MIB module might have the same module name followed by "-", followed the enterprise's Internet Assigned Number Authority (IANA)-assigned enterprise number.

These materials are delivered "AS IS" without any warranties as to their use or performance.

AASHTO/ITE/NEMA AND THEIR SUPPLIERS DO NOT WARRANT THE PERFORMANCE OR RESULTS YOU MAY OBTAIN BY USING THESE MATERIALS. AASHTO/ITE/NEMA AND THEIR SUPPLIERS MAKE NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO NONINFRINGEMENT OF THIRD-PARTY RIGHTS, MERCHANTABILITY, OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE. IN NO EVENT WILL AASHTO, ITE OR NEMA OR THEIR SUPPLIERS BE LIABLE TO YOU OR ANY THIRD PARTY FOR ANY CLAIM OR FOR ANY CONSEQUENTIAL, INCIDENTAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES, INCLUDING ANY LOST PROFITS OR LOST SAVINGS, ARISING FROM YOUR REPRODUCTION OR USE OF THESE MATERIALS, EVEN IF AN AASHTO, ITE, OR NEMA REPRESENTATIVE HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. Some states or jurisdictions

do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental, consequential or special damages, or the exclusion of implied warranties, so the above limitations may not apply to you.

Use of these materials does not constitute an endorsement or affiliation by or between AASHTO, ITE, or NEMA and you, your company, or your products and services.

```
NTCIP is a trademark of AASHTO/ITE/NEMA."
REVISION "202210010000Z"
DESCRIPTION
  "NTCIP 1201 v04 - Upgraded format to SMIV2 and deprecated all objects."
REVISION "201612310000Z"
DESCRIPTION
  "NTCIP 1103 v03 - No change."
REVISION "200903310000Z"
DESCRIPTION
  "NTCIP 1103 v02 - Changed name to snmpMaxPacketSize. Separated SNMP
  object into its own MIB."
REVISION "200409270000Z"
DESCRIPTION
  "NTCIP 1103 v01 - Original version with object named snmp-maxPacketSize.
 ::= { profiles 2 }
```

## 12.2 OBJECT IDENTITIES

### 12.2.1 Profile STMP Conformance Node

```
profilesSTMPConformance OBJECT-IDENTITY
  STATUS deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> This node is an identifier used to manage the STMP profile.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.2.2.127"
 ::= { profilesSTMP 127 }
```

```
profilesSTMPCompliances OBJECT-IDENTITY
  STATUS deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> This node is an identifier used to manage the STMP profile.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.2.2.127.1"
 ::= { profilesSTMPConformance 1 }
```

```
profilesSTMPGroups OBJECT-IDENTITY
  STATUS deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> This node is an identifier used to manage the STMP profile.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.2.2.127.2"
 ::= { profilesSTMPConformance 2 }
```

## 12.3 OBJECTS

### 12.3.1 Dynamic Object Persistence

```
dynamicObjectPersistence OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      Integer32 (0..65535)
  UNITS       "minutes"
  MAX-ACCESS  read-write
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
```

"<Definition> The maximum power outage time in minutes that may occur before all STMP dynamic object definitions in a device shall be invalidated. If this object is set to zero then the existing dynamic object definitions shall be invalidated on device power up. If this object is set to its maximum value (65535), then the existing dynamic object definitions shall nominally persist for an infinite period (in practice this is limited by the non-volatile memory capabilities of the device). This object shall not be invalidated due to power outages of any duration. A device that supports STMP dynamic objects shall support this object.  
<Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.2.2.1"

DEFVAL {65535}

::= { profilesSTMP 1 }

### 12.3.2 Dynamic Object Configuration ID

dynamicObjectTableConfigID OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32 (0..65535)

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> Specifies a relatively unique ID (e.g., this could be a counter, a check-sum, etc.) for the current values stored in the dynObjVariable and dynObjConfigOwner objects for all dynamic objects with a dynObjStatus of valid. This value shall be calculated on the change of any dynObjStatus to or from the valid state. This value reported by this object shall not change unless there has been a change in the data since the last request; however a genErr shall be returned if the unique ID value has not yet been updated. A management station will be able to detect any change in the configuration of dynamic objects by monitoring this value after it has established a baseline.

<Informative> This object has been deprecated along with STMP.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.2.2.2"

::= { profilesSTMP 2 }

## 12.4 COMPLIANCE GROUPS

### 12.4.1 Dynamic Object Definition Group

profilesSTMPGroup OBJECT-GROUP

OBJECTS { dynamicObjectPersistence,  
dynamicObjectTableConfigID }

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> The objects necessary for managing the STMP profile.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.2.2.127.2.1"

::= {profilesSTMPGroups 1}

END -- NTCIP1201-ProfilesSTMP

## Section 13 DEPRECATED LOGICAL NAMES MANAGEMENT INFORMATION BASE (MIB) [NORMATIVE]

The text provided from Section 13.1 through the end of Section 13 (except the headings) constitutes the standard NTCIP1201-LogicalNames MIB.

**\*\* All objects contained in this MIB are deprecated. \*\***

This MIB is provided to allow SNMPv3 implementations to support backward compatibility with prior versions of NTCIP 1201. Prior versions of NTCIP 1201 were based on SNMPv1, which used the SMIv1 MIB structure. SNMPv3 requires data to be defined in the SMIv2 format. This section defines the official translation of the NTCIP1201-v03 MIB into the SMIv2 format so that there is an unambiguous, standardized definition of how to represent NTCIP 1201 v03 data in an SNMPv3 data packet. For example, using this MIB, a SNMPv3 traffic management system can exchange data with an SNMPv1 device through a proxy agent, as shown in Figure 1. This arrangement allows for secure communications between the traffic management system and the proxy agent while steps can be made to physically secure the connection between the proxy agent and device. This is one way in which systems may choose to migrate to a more secure environment.

While the MIB contained in this section can be used with SNMPv3, doing so does not resolve all known security issues. As a result, the objects contained in this MIB are marked deprecated and notes have been added to indicate either:

- The object(s) that supersede the object with similar functionality, or
- An explanation as to why there is no superseding object.

SNMPv1 implementations should refer to prior versions of NTCIP 1103 for the formal MIB definition. Copies of all versions of NTCIP MIB files are maintained on the NTCIP website.

The following table indicates which object groups and capabilities are required for each version of NTCIP for the objects contained within this MIB.

**Table 11: Compliance Statement for NTCIP1201-LogicalNames MIB**

Group	1103 v01	1103 v02	1103 v03
logicalNamesGroupR1	○	○	○

### 13.1 HEADER

```

NTCIP1201-LogicalNames DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
IMPORTS
    MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, IpAddress
                                                FROM SNMPv2-SMI
                                                -- RFC 2578
    application, RowStatusStatic
                                                FROM NTCIP8004v02;

logicalNames MODULE-IDENTITY
    LAST-UPDATED "202210010000Z"
    ORGANIZATION "NTCIP BSP2 WG"
    CONTACT-INFO
        "name: NTCIP Coordinator
         email: ntcip@nema.org
    
```



postal: National Electrical Manufacturers Association  
1300 North 17th Street, Suite 1752  
Rosslyn, Virginia 22209-3801"

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> This MIB defines the SMIV2 representation of the NTCIP1103v0352-LogicalNames MIB, which was defined in NTCIP 1103. This MIB defines various objects related to the mapping of logical device names to network addresses. This MIB was deprecated in NTCIP 1201 v04 because the SNMPv3 includes the definition of targets in the SNMP-TARGET-MIB, as defined in RFC 3413.

\*\*\* All objects in this MIB have been deprecated. \*\*\*

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.4

Copyright © 1996, 2006, 2022 by the American Association of State Highway

and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE), and the National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA). All intellectual property rights, including, but not limited to, the rights of reproduction in whole or in part in any form, translation into other languages and display are reserved by the copyright owners under the laws of the United States of America, the Universal Copyright Convention, the Berne Convention, and the International and Pan American Copyright Conventions.

Joint NEMA, AASHTO, and ITE  
NTCIP Management Information Base  
DISTRIBUTION NOTICE

To the extent and in the limited event these materials are distributed by AASHTO/ITE/NEMA in the form of a Management Information Base ("MIB") module, AASHTO/ITE/NEMA extends the permission for users to make and/or distribute unlimited copies of the unedited MIB module, including copies for commercial distribution, provided that each copy made and/or distributed contains this Notice.

The MIB module may be distributed with a companion MIB module that contains one or more invocations of the AGENT-CAPABILITIES macro that specifies the capabilities of a specific implementation. By convention, such a companion MIB module might have the same module name followed by "-", followed the enterprise's Internet Assigned Number Authority (IANA)-assigned enterprise number.

These materials are delivered "AS IS" without any warranties as to their use or performance.

AASHTO/ITE/NEMA AND THEIR SUPPLIERS DO NOT WARRANT THE PERFORMANCE OR RESULTS YOU MAY OBTAIN BY USING THESE MATERIALS. AASHTO/ITE/NEMA AND THEIR SUPPLIERS MAKE NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO NONINFRINGEMENT OF THIRD-PARTY RIGHTS, MERCHANTABILITY, OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE. IN NO EVENT WILL AASHTO, ITE OR NEMA OR THEIR SUPPLIERS BE LIABLE TO YOU OR ANY THIRD PARTY FOR ANY CLAIM OR FOR ANY CONSEQUENTIAL, INCIDENTAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES, INCLUDING ANY LOST PROFITS OR LOST SAVINGS, ARISING FROM YOUR REPRODUCTION OR USE OF THESE MATERIALS, EVEN IF AN AASHTO, ITE, OR NEMA REPRESENTATIVE HAS BEEN

ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. Some states or jurisdictions do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental, consequential or special damages, or the exclusion of implied warranties, so the above limitations may not apply to you.

Use of these materials does not constitute an endorsement or affiliation by or between AASHTO, ITE, or NEMA and you, your company, or your products and services.

```
    NTCIP is a trademark of AASHTO/ITE/NEMA."
REVISION "202210010000Z"
DESCRIPTION
    "NTCIP 1201 v04 - Upgraded format to SMIV2 and deprecated all objects."
REVISION "201612310000Z"
DESCRIPTION
    "NTCIP 1103 v03 - No change."
REVISION "200903310000Z"
DESCRIPTION
    "NTCIP 1103 v02 - Separated into its own MIB."
REVISION "200409270000Z"
DESCRIPTION
    "NTCIP 1103 v01 - Original version.
 ::= { application 4 }
```

## 13.2 OBJECT IDENTITIES

### 13.2.1 Logical Names Conformance Node

```
logicalNamesConformance OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> This node is an identifier used to manage logical names.
         <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.4.127"
 ::= { logicalNames 127 }
```

```
logicalNamesCompliances OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> This node is an identifier used to manage logical names.
         <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.4.127.1"
 ::= { logicalNamesConformance 1 }
```

```
logicalNamesGroups OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> This node is an identifier used to manage logical names.
         <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.4.127.2"
 ::= { logicalNamesConformance 2 }
```

## 13.3 OBJECTS

### 13.3.1 Maximum Logical Name Translations

```
logicalNameTranslationTableMaxEntries OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..255)
    UNITS       "entries"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
```

```
"<Definition> This object specifies the maximum number of
  rows that may be implemented in the logical name translation
  table.
<Informative> This object was deprecated because the SNMPv3 includes
  the definition of targets in the SNMP-TARGET-MIB, as defined in RFC
  3413.
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.4.1"
 ::= { logicalNames 1 }
```

### 13.3.2 Logical Name Translation Table

```
logicalNameTranslationTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      SEQUENCE OF LogicalNameTranslationEntry
  MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> This table defines the logical names of the
      other network entities with which the device may communicate
      and maps these names to the network addresses of those
      devices.
    <TableType> static
    <Informative> This object was deprecated because the SNMPv3 includes
      the definition of targets in the SNMP-TARGET-MIB, as defined in RFC
      3413.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.4.2"
 ::= { logicalNames 2 }
```

```
logicalNameTranslationEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      LogicalNameTranslationEntry
  MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> This is one logical row of the logical name
      translation table.
    <Informative> This object was deprecated because the SNMPv3 includes
      the definition of targets in the SNMP-TARGET-MIB, as defined in RFC
      3413.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.4.2.1"
  INDEX      { logicalNameTranslationIndex }
 ::= { logicalNameTranslationTable 1 }
```

```
LogicalNameTranslationEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
  logicalNameTranslationIndex      Integer32,
  logicalNameTranslationLogicalName OCTET STRING,
  logicalNameTranslationNetworkAddress NetworkAddress,
  logicalNameTranslationStatus      RowStatusStatic }
```

#### 13.3.2.1 Index for the Logical Name Translation

```
logicalNameTranslationIndex OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..255)
  MAX-ACCESS  read-only
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> This object provides the index into the logical name table.
    <Informative> This object was deprecated because the SNMPv3 includes
      the definition of targets in the SNMP-TARGET-MIB, as defined in RFC
      3413.
```

```
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.4.2.1.1"  
::= { logicalNameTranslationEntry 1 }
```

### 13.3.2.2 Logical Name for the Logical Name Translation

```
logicalNameTranslationLogicalName OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE (0..32))  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
  "<Definition> This object defines the logical name of the  
  network entity for which this row is defined.  
  <Informative> This object was deprecated because the SNMPv3 includes  
  the definition of targets in the SNMP-TARGET-MIB, as defined in RFC  
  3413.  
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.4.2.1.2"  
  DEFVAL { "" }  
::= { logicalNameTranslationEntry 2 }
```

### 13.3.2.3 Network Address of the Logical Name Translation

```
logicalNameTranslationNetworkAddress OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX IpAddress  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
  "<Definition> This object defines the network address of the  
  associated network entity for the given profile. If the  
  transport profile is 'internet, the network address is the  
  IP address of the entity stored as an IpAddress. If the  
  transport profile is 't2, there is no physical network  
  address, but the entity is assigned a dummy IP address in  
  order to abstract the mapping to the ipNetToMediaTable  
  defined in MIB-II.  
  <Informative> This object was deprecated because the SNMPv3 includes  
  the definition of targets in the SNMP-TARGET-MIB, as defined in RFC  
  3413.  
  This object was originally defined with the syntax of NetworkAddress;  
  The NetworkAddress is not defined in SNMPv3 and is actually an  
  alias of IpAddress (i.e., it was defined as CHOICE {internet  
  IpAddress}, which in BER is encoded exactly the same as IpAddress.)  
  The conversion to SMIV2 replaced this syntax with IpAddress.  
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.4.2.1.3"  
  -- DEFVAL { 0 }  
::= { logicalNameTranslationEntry 3 }
```

### 13.3.2.4 Logical Name Translation Status

```
logicalNameTranslationStatus OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX RowStatusStatic  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
  "<Definition> This object allows for the management of rows  
  within the table.  
  <Informative> This object was deprecated because the SNMPv3 includes  
  the definition of targets in the SNMP-TARGET-MIB, as defined in RFC  
  3413.  
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.4.2.1.4"
```

```
DEFVAL { invalid }  
::= { logicalNameTranslationEntry 4 }
```

## 13.4 COMPLIANCE GROUPS

### 13.4.1 Logical Names Group

```
logicalNamesGroupR1 OBJECT-GROUP  
  OBJECTS { logicalNameTranslationTableMaxEntries,  
            logicalNameTranslationIndex,  
            logicalNameTranslationLogicalName,  
            logicalNameTranslationNetworkAddress,  
            logicalNameTranslationStatus }  
  STATUS    deprecated  
  DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> The objects necessary for managing logical names.  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.4.127.2.1"  
  ::= { logicalNamesGroups 1 }  
  
END -- NTCIP1201-LogicalNames
```

## Section 14 DEPRECATED REPORT MANAGEMENT INFORMATION BASE (MIB) [NORMATIVE]

The text provided from Section 14.1 through the end of Section 14 (except the headings) constitutes the standard NTCIP1201-Report MIB.

**\*\* All objects contained in this MIB are deprecated. \*\***

This MIB is provided to allow SNMPv3 implementations to support backward compatibility with prior versions of NTCIP 1201. Prior versions of NTCIP 1201 were based on SNMPv1, which used the SMIv1 MIB structure. SNMPv3 requires data to be defined in the SMIv2 format. This section defines the official translation of the NTCIP1201-v03 MIB into the SMIv2 format so that there is an unambiguous, standardized definition of how to represent NTCIP 1201 v03 data in an SNMPv3 data packet. For example, using this MIB, a SNMPv3 traffic management system can exchange data with an SNMPv1 device through a proxy agent, as shown in Figure 1. This arrangement allows for secure communications between the traffic management system and the proxy agent while steps can be made to physically secure the connection between the proxy agent and device. This is one way in which systems may choose to migrate to a more secure environment.

While the MIB contained in this section can be used with SNMPv3, doing so does not resolve all known security issues. As a result, the objects contained in this MIB are marked deprecated and notes have been added to indicate either:

- The object(s) that supersede the object with similar functionality, or
- An explanation as to why there is no superseding object.

SNMPv1 implementations should refer to prior versions of NTCIP 1103 for the formal MIB definition. Copies of all versions of NTCIP MIB files are maintained on the NTCIP website.

The following table indicates which object groups and capabilities are required for each version of NTCIP for the objects contained within this MIB.

**Table 12: Compliance Statement for NTCIP1201-Report MIB**

Group	1201 v01	1201 v02	1103 v01	1103 v02	1103 v03
reportGroupR1	O	O	O	O	O
reportGroupR1Ext					O

### 14.1 HEADER

```

NTCIP1201-Report DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
IMPORTS
    zeroDotZero, MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, Counter32, Opaque
                                                FROM SNMPv2-SMI
                                                -- RFC 2578

    global
                                                FROM NTCIP1201-Global;

globalReport MODULE-IDENTITY
    LAST-UPDATED "202210010000Z"
    ORGANIZATION "NTCIP BSP2 WG"
    CONTACT-INFO
        "name: NTCIP Coordinator
         email: ntcip@nema.org
    
```

postal: National Electrical Manufacturers Association  
1300 North 17th Street, Suite 1752  
Rosslyn, Virginia 22209-3801"

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> This MIB defines the SMIV2 representation of the NTCIP1103v0352-globalReport MIB, which was defined in NTCIP 1103. This MIB defines objects related to managing event information for the Purpose of logging data within the device. This MIB was deprecated in NTCIP 1201 v04 due to security issues in the structure of the MIB. The objects have been replaced by objects in the ISO 20684 series.

\*\*\* All objects in this MIB have been deprecated. \*\*\*

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4

Copyright © 1996, 2006, 2022 by the American Association of State  
Highway

and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE), and the National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA). All intellectual property rights, including, but not limited to, the rights of reproduction in whole or in part in any form, translation into other languages and display are reserved by the copyright owners under the laws of the United States of America, the Universal Copyright Convention, the Berne Convention, and the International and Pan American Copyright Conventions.

Joint NEMA, AASHTO, and ITE  
NTCIP Management Information Base  
DISTRIBUTION NOTICE

To the extent and in the limited event these materials are distributed by AASHTO/ITE/NEMA in the form of a Management Information Base ("MIB") module, AASHTO/ITE/NEMA extends the permission for users to make and/or distribute unlimited copies of the unedited MIB module, including copies for commercial distribution, provided that each copy made and/or distributed contains this Notice.

The MIB module may be distributed with a companion MIB module that contains one or more invocations of the AGENT-CAPABILITIES macro that specifies the capabilities of a specific implementation. By convention, such a companion MIB module might have the same module name followed by "-", followed the enterprise's Internet Assigned Number Authority (IANA)-assigned enterprise number.

These materials are delivered "AS IS" without any warranties as to their use or performance.

AASHTO/ITE/NEMA AND THEIR SUPPLIERS DO NOT WARRANT THE PERFORMANCE OR RESULTS YOU MAY OBTAIN BY USING THESE MATERIALS. AASHTO/ITE/NEMA AND THEIR SUPPLIERS MAKE NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO NONINFRINGEMENT OF THIRD-PARTY RIGHTS, MERCHANTABILITY, OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE. IN NO EVENT WILL AASHTO, ITE OR NEMA OR THEIR SUPPLIERS BE LIABLE TO YOU OR ANY THIRD PARTY FOR ANY CLAIM OR FOR ANY CONSEQUENTIAL, INCIDENTAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES, INCLUDING ANY LOST PROFITS OR LOST SAVINGS, ARISING FROM YOUR REPRODUCTION OR USE OF THESE MATERIALS, EVEN IF AN AASHTO, ITE, OR NEMA REPRESENTATIVE HAS BEEN

ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. Some states or jurisdictions do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental, consequential or special damages, or the exclusion of implied warranties, so the above limitations may not apply to you.

Use of these materials does not constitute an endorsement or affiliation by or between AASHTO, ITE, or NEMA and you, your company, or your products and services.

```
    NTCIP is a trademark of AASHTO/ITE/NEMA."
REVISION "202210010000Z"
DESCRIPTION
    "NTCIP 1201 v04 - Upgraded format to SMIV2 and deprecated all objects."
REVISION "201612310000Z"
DESCRIPTION
    "NTCIP 1103 v03 - No change."
REVISION "200903310000Z"
DESCRIPTION
    "NTCIP 1103 v02 - Separated into its own MIB."
REVISION "200409270000Z"
DESCRIPTION
    "NTCIP 1103 v01 - Original version.
::= { global 4 }

-- NOTE--The event class table is presented first to ease
-- the readability of the standard; however, the node numbers
-- assigned to this table reflect the original node numbering used
-- in the original 1996 specification to preserve backwards
-- compatibility with existing systems.
```

## 14.2 OBJECT IDENTITIES

### 14.2.1 Logical Names Conformance Node

```
reportConformance OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> This node is an identifier used to manage the event logging
        feature.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.127"
    ::= { globalReport 127 }

reportCompliances OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> This node is an identifier used to manage the event logging
        feature.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.127.1"
    ::= { reportConformance 1 }

reportGroups OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> This node is an identifier used to manage the event logging
        feature.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.127.2"
    ::= { reportConformance 2 }
```



## 14.3 OBJECTS

### 14.3.1 Event Classes

```
maxEventClasses OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..255)
    UNITS       "classes"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The object defines the number of rows in the
         eventClassTable that this device supports. This is a static
         table.
        <Informative> The eventClassTable has been replaced with a dynamic
         table, which does not require an object indicating the maximum number
         of rows.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.5"
 ::= { globalReport 5 }
```

### 14.3.2 Event Class Table

```
eventClassTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      SEQUENCE OF EventClassEntry
    MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition>This table is used to configure event logging
         limits and log table maintenance.
        <TableType> static
        <Superseded by> LOG-MIB.fdLogManagerTable (ISO 20684-5)
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.6"
 ::= { globalReport 6 }
```

```
eventClassEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      EventClassEntry
    MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition>This defines a row in the Event Class Table
        <Superseded by> LOG-MIB.fdLogManagerEntry (ISO 20684-5)
        <Informative> The replacement table adds an index (fdLogManagerOwner)
         to allow administrators to limit access rights to groups of rows
         within the table and to allow users to define new rows without
         worrying if they are overwriting rows managed by other users. The
         replacement table also adds the following columns: a size limit (in
         octets) in addition to a limit on the number of entries, a separation
         of the time into a date and time to parallel the new way to represent
         time, parameters to configure the type of memory to use to store the
         log and the log configuration, a counter of the number of events
         bumped, and a row status. It is missing the number of rows currently
         in the log.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.6.1"
    INDEX { eventClassNumber }
 ::= { eventClassTable 1 }
```

```
EventClassEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    eventClassNumber      Integer32,
    eventClassLimit       Integer32,
    eventClassClearTime   Counter,
```

```
eventClassDescription  OCTET STRING,  
eventClassNumRowsInLog Integer32,  
eventClassNumEvents    Integer32}
```

#### 14.3.2.1 Event Class Number Parameter

```
eventClassNumber  OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX            Integer32 (1..255)  
MAX-ACCESS        read-only  
STATUS            deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition>This is a class value that is to be configured.  
    <Superseded by> LOG-MIB.fidLogManagerName (ISO 20684-5)  
    <Informative> The replacement object is a secondary index that uses an  
        SnmpAdminString syntax; the primary index is LOG-MIB.fidLogManagerOwner  
        which also uses an SnmpAdminSyntax.  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.6.1.1"  
 ::= { eventClassEntry 1 }
```

#### 14.3.2.2 Event Class Limit Parameter

```
eventClassLimit  OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX            Integer32 (0..255)  
UNITS            "events"  
MAX-ACCESS        read-write  
STATUS            deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition>This object specifies the maximum number of  
    events of the associated class to store in the log. Once  
    the limit is reached, the oldest entry of the matching  
    class will be overwritten by any new entry of the same  
    class. If the value of this object is set to a number  
    smaller than the current number of rows within this class  
    in the eventLogTable, then the oldest entries shall be  
    lost/deleted. The sum of all event class limits shall not  
    exceed the maxEventLogSize object; if a SET operation to  
    this object causes the sum of eventClassLimit objects to  
    exceed maxEventLogSize, then the agent shall respond with  
    a genErr.  
    The event cannot be logged if the eventClass has an  
    eventClassLimit of zero (0).  
    <Unit>Event  
    <Superseded by> LOG-MIB.fidLogManagerSizeLimit & LOG-  
        MIB.fidLogManagerEntryLimit (ISO 20684-5)  
    <Informative> The replacement objects allow limits to be placed on  
        the number of entries or the total size. The replacement object for  
        the number of entries has a syntax of Unsigned32.  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.6.1.2  
    "  
 ::= { eventClassEntry 2 }
```

#### 14.3.2.3 Event Class Clear Time Parameter

```
eventClassClearTime OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX            Unsigned32  
UNITS            "seconds"  
MAX-ACCESS        read-write  
STATUS            deprecated  
DESCRIPTION
```

```
"<Definition> This object is used to clear multiple event log
  entries from the eventLogTable. All events of this class
  that have an eventLogTime equal to or less than this object
  shall be cleared from the eventLogTable. If this object has
  a value greater than the current value of globalTime, it
  shall prevent the logging of any events of this class.
<Superseded by> LOG-MIB.fdLogManagerClearDate & LOG-
  MIB.fdLogManagerClearTime (ISO 20684-5)
<Informative> This SMIV2 representation of the original SMIV1 object
  uses an Unsigned32 syntax rather than the original Counter syntax
  because the definition of the object does not meet the semantics
  defined for a Counter object. As a result, this object will have a
  different value in the 'type' field in the BER encoding when
  transmitted using SNMPv3 (and using SMIV2) than when transmitted
  using SNMPv1 (and using the SMIV1 definition).
  The superseding objects use the extended time format that
  includes a date object (good to the year 65535) and a time
  object (with millisecond resolution).
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.6.1.3"
DEFVAL {0}
 ::= { eventClassEntry 3 }
```

#### 14.3.2.4 Event Class Description Parameter

```
eventClassDescription OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      OCTET STRING
  MAX-ACCESS  read-write
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition>This object specifies a description of the class
      in ASCII characters.
    <Superseded by> LOG-MIB.fdLogManagerDescription (ISO 20684-5)
    <Informative> The replacement object specifies an SnmpAdminString
      Syntax, which allows management systems to automatically recognize
      the entry as text in any language.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.6.1.4"
 ::= { eventClassEntry 4 }
```

#### 14.3.2.5 Event Class Number of Rows in Event Log Table Parameter

```
eventClassNumRowsInLog OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      Integer32 (0..255)
  UNITS      "events"
  MAX-ACCESS  read-only
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition>The number of rows for this class that currently
      exist in the eventLogTable.
    <Informative> The replacement table does not include a parallel object
      for this object.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.6.1.5"
 ::= { eventClassEntry 5 }
```

#### 14.3.2.6 Class Event Log Counter Parameter

```
eventClassNumEvents OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      Integer32 (0..65535)
  UNITS      "events"
  MAX-ACCESS  read-only
```

```
STATUS      deprecated
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition> This object is a counter that gets incremented
    every time an event occurs for this class; it shall
    initialize to zero at power up. The value shall roll over
    each time it exceeds the maximum of 65535.
  <Superseded by> LOG-MIB.fidLogManagerEventsLogged (ISO 20684-5)
  <Informative> The replacement object has a syntax of Counter32.
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.6.1.6"
 ::= { eventClassEntry 6 }
```

### 14.3.3 Maximum Event Log Configurations Parameter

```
maxEventLogConfigs OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..65535)
  UNITS       "event types"
  MAX-ACCESS  read-only
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition>The number of rows that exist in the static
      eventLogConfig table for this device.
    <Informative> The eventLogConfigTable has been replaced with a dynamic
      table, which does not require an object indicating the maximum number
      of rows.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.1"
 ::= { globalReport 1}
```

### 14.3.4 Event Log Configuration Table

```
eventLogConfigTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      SEQUENCE OF EventLogConfigEntry
  MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition>A table containing Event Log Configuration
      information. The number of rows in this table is equal to
      the maxEventLogConfigs object. This table defines the
      parameters that the device will monitor to create an event.
    <TableType> static
    <Superseded by> LOG-MIB.fidLogFactoryTable (ISO 20684-5) & COND-
      TRIGGER-MIB.fidCondTriggerTable (ISO 20684-3)
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.2"
 ::= { globalReport 2 }
```

```
eventLogConfigEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      EventLogConfigEntry
  MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition>This object defines an entry in the event log
      configuration table.
    <Superseded by> LOG-MIB.fidLogFactoryEntry (ISO 20684-5) & COND-
      TRIGGER-MIB.fidCondTriggerEntry (ISO 20684-3)
    <Informative> The replacement tables have dual indicies consisting of
      An owner and a name. The trigger table manages the definition of the
      trigger with the following changes:
      - A textual description is added
      - Samples (compare value) can be either the current value (as with
```

- this node, or a delta (i.e., how fast a value is changing)
- The concept of Opaque is not supported in SNMPv3, so the replacement table includes a 'ValueOctet' object that is used with the bitwise operator
- A wildcard column that allows defining the same condition on multiple comparison OIDs (e.g., all rows of a table)
- Columns to define the target and context of the comparison object; in other words, the comparison can be performed by a proxy agent or can reference another device to get the object value to compare against
- A frequency object that allows the configuration to control how frequently a comparison is made
- A truthDuration object that allows the configuration to require the evaluation to be true for some length of time prior to firing the trigger.
- Startup objects that define whether the triggers startup in a fired or unfired state (for hysteresis, there are two startups)
- A pointer to the action table that identifies the action(s) to be performed.
- An error message object that allows a device to report configuration errors.
- Counters for the number of times the trigger has fired, had Evaluation errors, and activation errors.
- An indication of the type of storage to use
- A RowStatus object.

The log factory table manages the definition of the information to be recorded with the following changes:

- An object context, which allows a proxy/hrbrid agent to capture information from another context
- A StorageType object
- A RowStatus object

```
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.2.1"
INDEX { eventConfigID }
 ::= { eventLogConfigTable 1 }
```

```
EventLogConfigEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    eventConfigID          Integer32,
    eventConfigClass       Integer32,
    eventConfigMode        INTEGER,
    eventConfigCompareValue Integer32,
    eventConfigCompareValue2 Integer32,
    eventConfigCompareOID  VariablePointer,
    eventConfigLogOID      VariablePointer,
    eventConfigAction      INTEGER,
    eventConfigStatus      INTEGER }
```

#### 14.3.4.1 Event Log Configuration ID Parameter

```
eventConfigID OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..65535)
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
```

##### DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> This object contains the row number which is used to identify the event associated with this row in the eventLogConfigTable. The number of event IDs shall not exceed the value indicated in the maxEventLogConfigs object.

<Superseded by> LOG-MIB.fdLogManagerOwner, fdLogFactoryName (ISO 20684-5), COND-TRIGGER-MIB.fdActionOwner & fdCondTriggerName (ISO 20684-3)  
<Informative> The replacement object specifies an SnmpAdminString Syntax, which allows management systems to automatically recognize the entry as text in any language.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.2.1.1"  
::= { eventLogConfigEntry 1 }

#### 14.3.4.2 Event Log Configuration Class Parameter

eventConfigClass OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32 (1..255)  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS deprecated

##### DESCRIPTION

"<Definition>This object contains the class value to assign to the event associated with this row in the event configuration table. This value is used in the event log table to organize various events defined in this table into logical groupings. This value shall not exceed the maxEventClasses object value.

NOTE-The event cannot be logged if the EventClass has an eventClassLimit of zero (0).

<Superseded by> LOG-MIB.fdLogEventFactoryLogName (ISO 20684-5)  
<Informative> The replacement object specifies an SnmpAdminString  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.2.1.2"

DEFVAL {1}

::= { eventLogConfigEntry 2 }

#### 14.3.4.3 Event Log Configuration Mode Parameter

eventConfigMode OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX INTEGER { other (1),  
onChange (2),  
greaterThanValue (3),  
smallerThanValue (4),  
hysteresisBound (5),  
periodic (6),  
andedWithValue (7) }

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS deprecated

##### DESCRIPTION

"<Definition>This object specifies the mode of operation for this event.

<Format> The modes are defined as follows:

Value	Description
other	the event mode of operation is not described in this standard, refer to the device manual.
onChange	create a log entry when the object value referenced by eventConfigCompareOID changes. The values of eventConfigCompareValue and eventConfigCompareValue2 are ignored in this mode.
greaterThanValue	create a log entry when the object value

referenced by eventConfigCompareOID becomes greater than the value of eventConfigCompareValue for the time (tenth seconds) defined by eventConfigCompareValue2 (zero means immediate logging).

smallerThanValue create a log entry when the object value referenced by eventConfigCompareOID becomes less than the value of eventConfigCompareValue for the time (tenth seconds) defined by eventConfigCompareValue2 (zero means immediate logging).

hysteresisBound create a log entry when the object value referenced by eventConfigCompareOID becomes less than or greater than the bound values. The lowerbound value is the lower value of eventConfigCompareValue and eventConfigCompareValue2; the upperbound value is the higher value of the two values.

When the object value becomes greater than the upper bound value, subsequent logging of upperbound conditions shall not occur until the object value becomes less than the lower bound value.

When the object value becomes less than the lower bound value, subsequent logging of lowerbound conditions shall not occur until the object value becomes greater than the upper bound value.

Periodic create a log entry every x seconds, where x is defined by the value stored in eventConfigCompareValue. The values stored in eventConfigCompareValue2 and eventConfigCompareOID are ignored in this mode.

andedWithValue create a log entry when the object value referenced by eventConfigCompareOID ANDED with the value of eventConfigCompareValue is NOT equal to zero for the time (tenth seconds) defined by eventConfigCompareValue2 (zero means immediate logging). This allows monitoring of a specific bit; the condition becomes true anytime that any one of the selected bits become true.

<Superseded by> COND-TRIGGER-MIB.fCondTriggerMode (ISO 20684-3)

<Informative> The replacement object adds the following modes:

- equal
- not equal
- on creation (i.e., creation of a new row in a table)
- on deletion
- separate modes for octet string and integer bitwise operations

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.2.1.3"

DEFVAL {onChange}

```
::= { eventLogConfigEntry 3 }
```

#### 14.3.4.4 Event Log Configuration Compare Value Parameter

```
eventConfigCompareValue OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition>This object contains the comparison value to
        use with eventConfigMode values (greaterThanValue,
        smallerThanValue, hysteresisBound ). No value within this
        object is necessary when the eventConfigMode-object has the
        value onChange (2).
        <Superseded by> COND-TRIGGER-MIB.fCondTriggerValue &
        fdCondTriggerValueOctet (ISO 20684-3)
        <Informative> The interger-based replacement object conforms to SNMPv3
        rules and does not allow the specification of a 64-bit value
        and requires integers to be defined as either signed or unsigned.
        eventConfigCompareValue is perhaps ambiguous about this, although
        SNMPv1 conventions dictate the same functionality. The result is that
        the current design does not allow for comparing large unsigned
        integer values.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.2.1.4"
    DEFVAL     {0}
::= { eventLogConfigEntry 4 }
```

#### 14.3.4.5 Event Log Configuration Compare Value 2 Parameter

```
eventConfigCompareValue2 OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition>If the eventConfigMode is set to
        hysteresisBound, this object specifies the second comparison
        value for the hysteresis. If the eventConfigMode is set to
        greaterThanValue, smallerThanValue, or andedWithValue, this
        object specifies the time (in tenths of seconds, +1 tenth / -0
        tenths) for which the samples used for comparison shall be
        true prior to the event condition becoming true. If the
        eventConfigMode is set to onChange or periodic, the value of
        this object shall be ignored.

        The amount of time the condition shall be true is measured in
        tenths of a second. The accuracy of this timer is limited to
        +1 tenth of a second and -0 tenths of a second. If the event
        is true for at least the time shown in this parameter +1
        tenth of a second, the condition shall trigger a log entry.
        It is recognized that some designs only sample the condition
        periodically, in which case the condition shall be true for
        at least the time indicated by this object before the event
        becomes true and the event shall always become true if the
        condition is true for a duration equal to the value shown in
        this object plus 1 tenth of a second.
        <Superseded by> COND-TRIGGER-MIB.fCondTriggerValue2 (ISO 20684-3)
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.2.1.5"
    DEFVAL     {0}
```



```
::= { eventLogConfigEntry 5 }
```

#### 14.3.4.6 Event Log Configuration Compare Object Identifier Parameter

```
eventConfigCompareOID OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      OBJECT IDENTIFIER
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> This object contains the object identifier
        which references the value against which the comparison
        is made. If the eventConfigMode is set to periodic, the
        value of this object shall be ignored. If the
        eventConfigMode is set to greaterThanValue, smallerThanValue
        or hysteresisBound, this object shall reference an object
        whose SYNTAX resolves to a ranged or unranged INTEGER. As
        with all other objects that are sub-ranged by a given
        implementation, an agent should return a badValue error if
        it receives a set command indicating a OID which is not
        supported by the implementation or which is not zeroDotZero.
        <Superseded by> COND-TRIGGER-MIB.fCondTriggerObject (ISO 20684-3)
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.2.1.6"
    DEFVAL     { zeroDotZero }
::= { eventLogConfigEntry 6 }
```

#### 14.3.4.7 Event Log Configuration Log Object Identifier Parameter

```
eventConfigLogOID OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      OBJECT IDENTIFIER
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition>This object contains the object identifier which
        indicates what value to log when a condition or event occurs
        (e.g., log the phase display when the watchdog alarm status
        changes). As with all other objects that are sub-ranged by a
        given implementation, an agent should return a badValue
        error if it receives a set command indicating a value which
        is not supported by the implementation. The valid value
        range of this object shall not include any values, other
        than zeroDotZero, that do not correspond to objects that may exist
        within the agent, although it may be further restricted.

        The valid value range of this object shall not include
        objects under the following nodes:
            Security - { nema transportation devices global security }
            CHAP - { nema transportation protocols layers chap }

        <Superseded by> LOG-MIB.fLogEventFactoryObjectID (ISO 20684-5)
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.2.1.7"
    DEFVAL     { zeroDotZero }
::= { eventLogConfigEntry 7 }
```

#### 14.3.4.8 Event Log Configuration Action Parameter

```
eventConfigAction OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      INTEGER { other (1),
                        disabled (2),
                        log (3) }
```

MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION

"<Definition>The value of this object indicates what action shall take place when this event occurs.

<Format>

Other - indicates that the action is other than defined in this standard. This value exists in order to support proprietary event logging mechanisms configured by other means not specified in this standard. If this value is used in a SET request, the agent shall respond with a badValueError.

Disabled - no event log entry shall be generated or recorded due to this event. In an agent complying with NTCIP 1103 v03 or later, this event shall not be used to trigger NTCIP traps, nor to construct NTCIP trap messages.

Log - an event log entry shall be generated when this event occurs. In an agent complying with NTCIP 1103 v03 and later, this may trigger an NTCIP trap (see the eventConfigID index element of trapTable). If eventConfigClass refers to an eventClassTable row having eventClassLimit = 0, the log entry's eventLogValue shall be used to construct any necessary trap messages implied by the associated trapTable rows, but the log entry shall then be discarded and not added to the eventLogTable. If the eventClassLimit is greater than zero, the log entry shall be added to the eventLogTable, subject to the constraints imposed by the associated eventConfigClass.

<Superseded by> COND-TRIGGER-MIB.fdCondTriggerActionOwner, fdCondTriggerAction, fdCondTriggerActionOwner2, & fdCondTriggerAction2 (ISO 20684-3)

<Informative> The replacement object points to a table that can point to multiple actions. For example, a single trigger can result in both a log entry and a notification.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.2.1.8"

DEFVAL {disabled}

::= { eventLogConfigEntry 8 }

#### 14.3.4.9 Event Log Configuration Status Parameter

eventConfigStatus OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX INTEGER { other (1),  
disabled (2),  
log (3),  
error (4) }

MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION

"<Definition>The value of this object indicates the current status of the configured event. Upon setting any object in this row of the eventLogConfigTable, the agent will determine if the setting is valid and will set this object to one of the following states:

other	indicates that the action is successfully set to a mode other than that defined in this standard
disabled	indicates that the action is set to disabled
log	indicates that the action is successfully set to the log state after passing consistency checks.
Error	indicates that the requested action could not be

```

        implemented due to a consistency check
    <Superseded by> COND-TRIGGER-MIB.fCondTriggerRowStatus (ISO 20684-3)
        & LOG-MIB.fLogEventFactoryRowStatus (ISO 20684-5)
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.2.1.9"
 ::= { eventLogConfigEntry 9 }

```

### 14.3.5 Maximum Event Log Size Parameter

```

maxEventLogSize OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..65535)
    UNITS       "events"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition>The maximum, fixed number of rows that can be
         utilized within the eventLogTable.
        <Superseded by> LOG-MIB.fdLogsGlobalEntryLimit and
         fdLogsGlobalSizeLimit (ISO 20684-3)
        <Informative> The replacement objects are for all managers.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.3"
 ::= { globalReport 3}

```

### 14.3.6 Event Log Table

```

eventLogTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      SEQUENCE OF EventLogEntry
    MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition>A table containing Event History data collected.
         A request for an object from a row that has not been
         instantiated or has been cleared shall return a noSuchName
         error.
        <TableType> dynamic
        <Superseded by> LOG-MIB.fLogTable (ISO 20684-5)
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.4"
 ::= { globalReport 4 }

```

```

eventLogEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      EventLogEntry
    MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition>This object defines an entry in the event log
         Table.
        <Superseded by> LOG-MIB.fLogEntry (ISO 20684-5)
        <Informative> EventLogTable was modified in NTCIP 1103 v03 to
         add an entry eventLogTimeMilliseconds Integer, which did not exist in
         NTCIP 1103 v02.
         The replacement table precedes the class/manager and number indices
         With an owner so that access to information in the table can be
         controlled with proper configuration of the SNMP agent.
         The replacement table also records both the date and time of the
         event and the date and time that the event was placed into the table
         (i.e., so that if there is latency, a command to clear the table does
         not inadvertently delete rows that had occurred but had not been
         entered into the table.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.4.1"

```

```
INDEX { eventLogClass, eventLogNumber }  
::= { eventLogTable 1 }
```

```
EventLogEntry ::= SEQUENCE {  
    eventLogClass Integer32,  
    eventLogNumber Integer32,  
    eventLogID Integer32,  
    eventLogTime Unsigned32,  
    eventLogValue Opaque,  
    eventLogTimeMilliseconds Integer32 }
```

#### 14.3.6.1 Event Log Class Parameter

```
eventLogClass OBJECT-TYPE  
    SYNTAX Integer32 (1..255)  
    MAX-ACCESS read-only  
    STATUS deprecated  
    DESCRIPTION  
        "<Definition>This object contains the class of the associated  
        event as defined in the eventLogConfig Table.  
        <Superseded by> LOG-MIB.fdLogManagerOwner & fdLogManagerName (ISO  
        20684-5)  
        <Informative> The replacement objects are SnmpAdminStrings  
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.4.1.1"  
::= { eventLogEntry 1 }
```

#### 14.3.6.2 Event Log Number Parameter

```
eventLogNumber OBJECT-TYPE  
    SYNTAX Integer32 (1..255)  
    MAX-ACCESS read-only  
    STATUS deprecated  
    DESCRIPTION  
        "<Definition>The event number within this class for this  
        event. Event numbers shall be assigned starting at 1 and  
        shall increase to the value specified by the associated  
        eventClassLimit for the class associated with the rows.  
        Events shall maintain a chronological ordering in the table  
        with the oldest event of a class occupying the row with  
        eventNumber = 1, and subsequent events filling subsequent  
        rows. This ordering shall be maintained for those rows  
        still remaining when events are cleared.  
        <Superseded by> LOG-MIB.fdLogIndex (ISO 20684-5)  
        <Informative> The replacement object is an Unsigned32  
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.4.1.2"  
::= { eventLogEntry 2 }
```

#### 14.3.6.3 Event Log ID Parameter

```
eventLogID OBJECT-TYPE  
    SYNTAX Integer32 (1..65535)  
    MAX-ACCESS read-only  
    STATUS deprecated  
    DESCRIPTION  
        "<Definition>This object contains the event configuration ID  
        (from the eventLogConfigTable) that caused this table entry.  
        It indicates the row in the eventLogConfig table responsible  
        for this event entry.  
        <Superseded by> LOG-MIB.fdLogFactoryName (ISO 20684-5)
```

```
<Informative> The replacement object is an SnmpAdminString
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.4.1.3"
 ::= { eventLogEntry 3 }
```

#### 14.3.6.4 Event Log Time Parameter

```
eventLogTime OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Unsigned32
    UNITS       "seconds"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition>The time that the event was detected. If the
        device supports the globalTime object, the value shall
        reflect the value of globalTime when the event occurred,
        otherwise this shall be the time in seconds since the device
        powered up. The event shall be detected and timestamped
        within one second from the event becoming true. The event
        shall be logged in the table within five seconds of the event
        being detected. These timing resolutions may be modified by a
        device profile.
        <Superseded by> LOG-MIB.fdLogEventDate, fdLogEventTime, fdLogDate,
        fdLogTime (ISO 20684-5)
        <Informative> This SMIV2 representation of the original SMIV1 object
        uses an Unsigned32 syntax rather than the original Counter syntax
        because the definition of the object does not meet the semantics
        defined for a Counter object. As a result, this object will have a
        different value in the 'type' field in the BER encoding when
        transmitted using SNMPv3 (and using SMIV2) than when transmitted
        using SNMPv1 (and using the SMIV1 definition).
        The superseding objects adopt the new time format. They also
        distinguish between event time and log time.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.4.1.4"
 ::= { eventLogEntry 4 }
```

#### 14.3.6.5 Event Log Value Parameter

```
eventLogValue OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Opaque
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition>The value of this object is set to the BER
        encoding of the value referenced by the eventConfigLogOID
        of the associated eventLogID when the event was logged. Its
        length is variable. The value shall not contain any padding
        characters either before or after the values.
        NOTE - Opaque objects are doubly wrapped. For SNMP
        operations, which use BER, this would be {type, length,
        {type, length, value}}. For example, a zero-length octet
        string, would be encoded in BER as 0x44 02 04 00. For STMP
        or SFMP operations, which use OER, this would be { length,
        {type, length, value}}. For example, the same example would
        be encoded in OER as 0x02 04 00.
        <Superseded by> LOG-MIB.fdLogValue (ISO 20684-5)
        <Informative> The replacement object uses an ITSOerString (i.e.,
        the value is in OER and sent over SNMP with a BER wrapper as opposed
        to the Opaque which created a double BER wrapper). This means that
```

the manager who requests the value must know the syntax that was encoded.

```
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.4.1.5"  
 ::= { eventLogEntry 5 }
```

#### 14.3.6.6 Event Log Time Milliseconds Parameter

eventLogTimeMilliseconds OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32 (0..999)

UNITS "milliseconds"

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition>The number of milliseconds after the beginning of the second indicated by the value of eventLogTime at which the event was detected. Devices that do not support sub-second event time resolution shall always set this object to zero. When implementing eventLogTimeMilliseconds, devices require a time source with millisecond-level resolution, such as GPS or TIA (International Atomic Time).

<Informative> This data content is covered by the new time format used by LOG-MIB.fdLogEventTime & fdLogTime (ISO 20684-5)

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.4.1.6"

```
 ::= { eventLogEntry 6 }
```

#### 14.3.7 Total Event Log Counter Parameter

numEvents OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32 (0..65535)

UNITS "events"

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> This object is a counter that gets incremented every time an event occurs and shall initialize to zero at power up. The value shall roll over each time it exceeds the maximum of 65535.

<Superseded by> LOG-MIB.fdLogsTotalLogged (ISO 20684-5)

<Informative> The replacement object uses a syntax of Counter32, which does not require a zero-base.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.7"

```
 ::= { globalReport 7 }
```

#### 14.3.8 Event Log Time Latency Parameter

eventTimeLatency OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32 (0..1000)

UNITS "milliseconds"

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> This object indicates the maximum amount of time, in milliseconds, that may elapse between an event's occurrence and the time reported for that event entry in the eventLogTable. This is a global, constant value that reports the capability of the device with respect to event-reporting latency. It should account for all sources of latency, including both hardware and firmware delays. If eventTimeLatency has a value of L, this means that any event in the eventLogTable may actually have occurred

up to L milliseconds prior to the time reported by the eventLogTime and eventLogTimeMilliseconds values associated with the event. A value of 0 indicates that the device reports accurate event times with millisecond resolution. A value of 1000 indicates that the device cannot accurately report sub-second event times.

<Superseded by> LOG-MIB.fdlLogsRecordingLatency (ISO 20684-5)

<Informative> The replacement object places limits on the time between retrieving the value to log and the logging rather than what is described here.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.8"

```
::= { globalReport 8 }
```

## 14.4 COMPLIANCE GROUPS

### 14.4.1 Report Group

```
reportGroupR1 OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS { maxEventClasses,
            eventClassNumber,
            eventClassLimit,
            eventClassClearTime,
            eventClassDescription,
            eventClassNumRowsInLog,
            eventClassNumEvents,
            maxEventLogConfigs,
            eventConfigID,
            eventConfigClass,
            eventConfigMode,
            eventConfigComapreValue,
            eventConfigCompareValue2,
            eventConfigLogOID,
            eventConfigAction,
            eventConfigStatus,
            maxEventLogSize,
            eventLogClass,
            eventLogNumber,
            eventLogID,
            eventLogTime,
            eventLogValue }
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> The objects necessary for managing the event logging
    feature.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.127.2.1"
  ::= { reportGroups 1 }
```

### 14.4.2 Report Group Extension

```
reportGroupR1Ext OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS { eventLogTimeMilliseconds,
            numEvents,
            eventTimeLatency }
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> The extended objects necessary for managing the event
    logging feature.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.4.127.2.2"
  ::= { reportGroups 2 }
```

END -- NTCIP1201-Report



**Section 15**  
**DEPRECATED SECURITY**  
**MANAGEMENT INFORMATION BASE (MIB)**  
**[NORMATIVE]**

The text provided from Section 15.1 through the end of Section 15 (except the headings) constitutes the standard NTCIP1201-Security MIB.

**\*\* All objects contained in this MIB are deprecated. \*\***

This MIB is provided to allow SNMPv3 implementations to support backward compatibility with prior versions of NTCIP 1201. Prior versions of NTCIP 1201 were based on SNMPv1, which used the SMIv1 MIB structure. SNMPv3 requires data to be defined in the SMIv2 format. This section defines the official translation of the NTCIP1201-v03 MIB into the SMIv2 format so that there is an unambiguous, standardized definition of how to represent NTCIP 1201 v03 data in an SNMPv3 data packet. For example, using this MIB, a SNMPv3 traffic management system can exchange data with an SNMPv1 device through a proxy agent, as shown in Figure 1. This arrangement allows for secure communications between the traffic management system and the proxy agent while steps can be made to physically secure the connection between the proxy agent and device. This is one way in which systems may choose to migrate to a more secure environment.

While the MIB contained in this section can be used with SNMPv3, doing so does not resolve all known security issues. As a result, the objects contained in this MIB are marked deprecated and notes have been added to indicate either:

- The object(s) that supersede the object with similar functionality, or
- An explanation as to why there is no superseding object.

SNMPv1 implementations should refer to prior versions of NTCIP 1103 for the formal MIB definition. Copies of all versions of NTCIP MIB files are maintained on the NTCIP website.

The following table indicates which object groups and capabilities are required for each version of NTCIP for the objects contained within this MIB.

**Table 13: Compliance Statement for NTCIP1201-Security MIB**

Group	1201 v01	1201 v02	1103 v01	1103 v02	1103 v03
securityGroupR1	O	O	O	O	O

**15.1 HEADER**

```

NTCIP1201-Security DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
IMPORTS

MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, OBJECT-IDENTITY, Gauge32
FROM SNMPv2-SMI
-- RFC 2578

MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP
FROM SNMPv2-CONF
-- RFC 2580

global
FROM NTCIP1201-Global;

security MODULE-IDENTITY
LAST-UPDATED "202210010000Z"
ORGANIZATION "NTCIP BSP2 WG"

```

CONTACT-INFO

"name: NTCIP Coordinator  
email: ntcip@nema.org  
postal: National Electrical Manufacturers Association  
1300 North 17th Street, Suite 1752  
Rosslyn, Virginia 22209-3801"

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> This MIB defines the SMIV2 representation of the NTCIP1103v0352-Security MIB, which was defined in NTCIP 1103. This MIB defines objects related to managing the configuration of community names and associated access rights for SNMPv1 packets.

This MIB was deprecated in NTCIP 1201 v04 due to security limitations of SNMPv1. The objects contained in this MIB are no longer relevant as Security is now based on (D)TLS certificates combined with SNMP securityNames as defined in the Transport Security Model (RFC 5591) and the TLS Transport Model (RFC 6353). However, this MIB defines how to exchange this data to enable a manager to remotely manage these objects through a proxy agent.

\*\*\* All objects in this MIB have been deprecated. \*\*\*

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.5  
Copyright © 1996, 2006, 2022 by the American Association of State

Highway

and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE), and the National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA). All intellectual property rights, including, but not limited to, the rights of reproduction in whole or in part in any form, translation into other languages and display are reserved by the copyright owners under the laws of the United States of America, the Universal Copyright Convention, the Berne Convention, and the International and Pan American Copyright Conventions.

Joint NEMA, AASHTO, and ITE  
NTCIP Management Information Base  
DISTRIBUTION NOTICE

To the extent and in the limited event these materials are distributed by AASHTO/ITE/NEMA in the form of a Management Information Base ("MIB") module, AASHTO/ITE/NEMA extends the permission for users to make and/or distribute unlimited copies of the unedited MIB module, including copies for commercial distribution, provided that each copy made and/or distributed contains this Notice.

The MIB module may be distributed with a companion MIB module that contains one or more invocations of the AGENT-CAPABILITIES macro that specifies the capabilities of a specific implementation. By convention, such a companion MIB module might have the same module name followed by "-", followed the enterprise's Internet Assigned Number Authority (IANA)-assigned enterprise number.

These materials are delivered "AS IS" without any warranties as to their use or performance.

AASHTO/ITE/NEMA AND THEIR SUPPLIERS DO NOT WARRANT THE PERFORMANCE OR RESULTS YOU MAY OBTAIN BY USING THESE MATERIALS. AASHTO/ITE/NEMA AND

THEIR SUPPLIERS MAKE NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO NONINFRINGEMENT OF THIRD-PARTY RIGHTS, MERCHANTABILITY, OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE. IN NO EVENT WILL AASHTO, ITE OR NEMA OR THEIR SUPPLIERS BE LIABLE TO YOU OR ANY THIRD PARTY FOR ANY CLAIM OR FOR ANY CONSEQUENTIAL, INCIDENTAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES, INCLUDING ANY LOST PROFITS OR LOST SAVINGS, ARISING FROM YOUR REPRODUCTION OR USE OF THESE MATERIALS, EVEN IF AN AASHTO, ITE, OR NEMA REPRESENTATIVE HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. Some states or jurisdictions do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental, consequential or special damages, or the exclusion of implied warranties, so the above limitations may not apply to you.

Use of these materials does not constitute an endorsement or affiliation by or between AASHTO, ITE, or NEMA and you, your company, or your products and services.

```
NTCIP is a trademark of AASHTO/ITE/NEMA."
REVISION "202210010000Z"
DESCRIPTION
  "NTCIP 1201 v04 - Upgraded format to SMIV2 and deprecated all objects."
REVISION "201612310000Z"
DESCRIPTION
  "NTCIP 1103 v03 - No change."
REVISION "200903310000Z"
DESCRIPTION
  "NTCIP 1103 v02 - Separated into its own MIB."
REVISION "200409270000Z"
DESCRIPTION
  "NTCIP 1103 v01 - Original version."
::= { global 5 }
```

## 15.2 OBJECT IDENTITIES

### 15.2.1 Security Conformance Node

```
securityConformance OBJECT-IDENTITY
  STATUS deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> This node is an identifier used to manage the community
      names for SNMPv1 deployments.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.5.127"
  ::= { security 127 }
```

```
securityCompliances OBJECT-IDENTITY
  STATUS deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> This node is an identifier used to manage the community
      names for SNMPv1 deployments.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.5.127.1"
  ::= { securityConformance 1 }
```

```
securityGroups OBJECT-IDENTITY
  STATUS deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> This node is an identifier used to manage the community
      names for SNMPv1 deployments.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.5.127.2"
  ::= { securityConformance 2 }
```

## 15.3 OBJECTS

### 15.3.1 Community Name Administrator Parameter

```
communityNameAdmin OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      OCTET STRING (SIZE(8..16))
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> This object is the community name that shall be
        used to specifically gain access to information under the
        security node. A message with this value in the community
        name field of an SNMP message has user read-write access to
        the security node objects and all other objects implemented
        in the device. The syntax is defined as an OCTET STRING
        and therefore any character can have a value of 0..255.
        <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with the use of
        SNMPv1.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.5.1"
    DEFVAL { "administrator" }
 ::= { security 1 }
```

### 15.3.2 Maximum Community Names Parameter

```
communityNamesMax OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..255)
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> This object specifies the maximum number of
        rows that are implemented in the community name table.
        <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with the use of
        SNMPv1.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.5.2"
 ::= { security 2 }
```

### 15.3.3 Community Names Table

```
communityNameTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      SEQUENCE OF CommunityNameTableEntry
    MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> This table defines the community names that
        can appear in the community name field of the SNMP message
        and access privileges associated with that community name.
        <TableType> static
        <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with the use of
        SNMPv1.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.5.3"
 ::= { security 3 }
```

```
communityNameTableEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      CommunityNameTableEntry
    MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> This is the row index of information in the
```

```
community name table.  
<Informative> This object has been deprecated along with the use of  
SNMPv1.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.5.3.1"  
INDEX { communityNameIndex }  
::= { communityNameTable 1}
```

```
CommunityNameTableEntry ::= SEQUENCE  
{  
    communityNameIndex      Integer32,  
    communityNameUser       OCTET STRING,  
    communityNameAccessMask Gauge  
}
```

### 15.3.3.1 Community Name Index Parameter

```
communityNameIndex OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..255)  
MAX-ACCESS  read-only  
STATUS      deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> This object defines the row index into the  
    communityNameTable. This value shall not exceed the  
    communityNamesMax object value.  
    <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with the use of  
    SNMPv1.  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.5.3.1.1"  
::= { communityNameTableEntry 1 }
```

### 15.3.3.2 User Community Name Parameter

```
communityNameUser OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX      OCTET STRING (SIZE(6..16))  
MAX-ACCESS  read-write  
STATUS      deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> This object defines a community name value that  
    a security administrator can assign user read-write access  
    to information (other than security) in a device. A message  
    with this value in the community name field of an SNMP/SFMP  
    message has user access rights as defined in the  
    communityNameAccessMask. The syntax is defined as an OCTET  
    STRING and therefore any character can have a value of 0..255.  
    <Informative> This object has been deprecated along with the use of  
    SNMPv1.  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.5.3.1.2"  
    DEFVAL { "public" }  
::= { communityNameTableEntry 2 }
```

### 15.3.3.3 User Community Name Mask Parameter

```
communityNameAccessMask OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX      Gauge  
MAX-ACCESS  read-write  
STATUS      deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> This object defines a 32 bit mask that can be  
    used to associate 'write access' with a community name. A  
    value of 0x00 00 00 00 grants the community name user  
    read-only access and overrides any individual object's
```

read-write access clause. A value of 0xFF FF FF FF grants the community name user read-write access and an individual object's read-write access clause applies. Values other than 0x00 00 00 00 and 0xFF FF FF FF are implementation specific and may limit viewing and/or accessing the information in a device.

<Informative> This object has been deprecated along with the use of SNMPv1.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.5.3.1.3"

DEFVAL { 4294967295 }

::= { communityNameTableEntry 3 }

## 15.4 COMPLIANCE GROUPS

### 15.4.1 Security Group

securityGroupR1 OBJECT-GROUP

OBJECTS { communityNameAdmin,  
communityNamesMax,  
communityNameIndex,  
communityNameUser,  
communityNameAccessMask }

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> The objects necessary for managing the community names for SNMPv1 deployments.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.2.6.5.127.2.1"

::= {securityGroups 1}

END -- NTCIP1201-Security

**Section 16**  
**DEPRECATED TRAP**  
**MANAGEMENT INFORMATION BASE (MIB)**  
**[NORMATIVE]**

The text provided from Section 16.1 through the end of Section 16 (except the headings) constitutes the standard NTCIP1201-NtcipTraps MIB.

**\*\* All objects contained in this MIB are deprecated. \*\***

This MIB is provided to allow SNMPv3 implementations to support backward compatibility with prior versions of NTCIP 1103. Prior versions of NTCIP 1201 were based on SNMPv1, which used the SMIv1 MIB structure. SNMPv3 requires data to be defined in the SMIv2 format. This section defines the official translation of the NTCIP1201-v03 MIB into the SMIv2 format so that there is an unambiguous, standardized definition of how to represent NTCIP 1201 v03 data in an SNMPv3 data packet. For example, using this MIB, a SNMPv3 traffic management system can exchange data with an SNMPv1 device through a proxy agent, as shown in Figure 1. This arrangement allows for secure communications between the traffic management system and the proxy agent while steps can be made to physically secure the connection between the proxy agent and device. This is one way in which systems may choose to migrate to a more secure environment.

While the MIB contained in this section can be used with SNMPv3, doing so does not resolve all known security issues. As a result, the objects contained in this MIB are marked deprecated and notes have been added to indicate either:

- The object(s) that supersede the object with similar functionality, or
- An explanation as to why there is no superseding object.

SNMPv1 implementations should refer to prior versions of NTCIP 1103 for the formal MIB definition. Copies of all versions of NTCIP MIB files are maintained on the NTCIP website.

The following table indicates which object groups and capabilities are required for each version of NTCIP for the objects contained within this MIB.

**Table 14: Compliance Statement for NTCIP1201-Security MIB**

Group	1103 v03
watchBlockGroupR1	O
reportBlockGroupR1	O
trapMgmtGroupR1	M
trapClearGroupR1	O
trapGroupR1	M

**16.1 HEADER**

```
NTCIP1201-NtcipTraps DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
IMPORTS
```

```
zeroDotZero, MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, NOTIFICATION-TYPE,
OBJECT-IDENTITY, Counter32, IpAddress
```

```
FROM SNMPv2-SMI
-- RFC 2578
```

```
DisplayString
```

```
FROM SNMPv2-TC
-- RFC 2579
```

MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP

FROM SNMPv2-CONF  
-- RFC 2580

ITSOerString

FROM FIELD-DEVICE-TC-MIB  
-- ISO 20684-1 Annex A

application, protocols, RowStatusStatic

FROM NTCIP8004-Transportation

eventConfigID

FROM NTCIP1201-Report;

ntcipTraps MODULE-IDENTITY

LAST-UPDATED "202210010000Z"

ORGANIZATION "NTCIP BSP2 WG"

CONTACT-INFO

"name: NTCIP Coordinator

email: ntcip@nema.org

postal: National Electrical Manufacturers Association

1300 North 17th Street, Suite 1752

Rosslyn, Virginia 22209-3801"

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> This MIB defines the SMIV2 representation of the NTCIP1103v0352-Traps MIB, which was defined in NTCIP 1103.

This MIB defines objects related to:

- (a) configuration of block and watch objects,
- (b) configuration and monitoring of traps

This MIB was deprecated in NTCIP 1201 v04 due to security issues in the structure of the MIB. The objects have been replaced by objects in the ISO 20684 series.

\*\*\* All objects in this MIB have been deprecated. \*\*\*

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4

Copyright © 1996, 2006, 2022 by the American Association of State

Highway

and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE), and the National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA). All intellectual property rights, including, but not limited to, the rights of reproduction in whole or in part in any form, translation into other languages and display are reserved by the copyright owners under the laws of the United States of America, the Universal Copyright Convention, the Berne Convention, and the International and Pan American Copyright Conventions.

Joint NEMA, AASHTO, and ITE  
NTCIP Management Information Base  
DISTRIBUTION NOTICE

To the extent and in the limited event these materials are distributed by AASHTO/ITE/NEMA in the form of a Management Information Base ("MIB") module, AASHTO/ITE/NEMA extends the permission for users to make and/or distribute unlimited copies of the unedited MIB module, including copies for commercial distribution, provided that each copy made and/or distributed contains this Notice.



The MIB module may be distributed with a companion MIB module that contains one or more invocations of the AGENT-CAPABILITIES macro that specifies the capabilities of a specific implementation. By convention, such a companion MIB module might have the same module name followed by "-", followed the enterprise's Internet Assigned Number Authority (IANA)-assigned enterprise number.

These materials are delivered "AS IS" without any warranties as to their use or performance.

AASHTO/ITE/NEMA AND THEIR SUPPLIERS DO NOT WARRANT THE PERFORMANCE OR RESULTS YOU MAY OBTAIN BY USING THESE MATERIALS. AASHTO/ITE/NEMA AND THEIR SUPPLIERS MAKE NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO NONINFRINGEMENT OF THIRD-PARTY RIGHTS, MERCHANTABILITY, OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE. IN NO EVENT WILL AASHTO, ITE OR NEMA OR THEIR SUPPLIERS BE LIABLE TO YOU OR ANY THIRD PARTY FOR ANY CLAIM OR FOR ANY CONSEQUENTIAL, INCIDENTAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES, INCLUDING ANY LOST PROFITS OR LOST SAVINGS, ARISING FROM YOUR REPRODUCTION OR USE OF THESE MATERIALS, EVEN IF AN AASHTO, ITE, OR NEMA REPRESENTATIVE HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. Some states or jurisdictions do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental, consequential or special damages, or the exclusion of implied warranties, so the above limitations may not apply to you.

Use of these materials does not constitute an endorsement or affiliation by or between AASHTO, ITE, or NEMA and you, your company, or your products and services.

NTCIP is a trademark of AASHTO/ITE/NEMA."  
REVISION "202210010000Z"  
DESCRIPTION  
"NTCIP 1201 v04 - Upgraded format to SMIV2 and deprecated all objects."  
REVISION "201612310000Z"  
DESCRIPTION  
"NTCIP 1103 v03 - No change."  
REVISION "200903310000Z"  
DESCRIPTION  
"NTCIP 1103 v02 - Separated into its own MIB."  
REVISION "200409270000Z"  
DESCRIPTION  
"NTCIP 1103 v01 - Original version."  
 ::= {protocols 4}

## 16.2 OBJECT IDENTITIES

### 16.2.1 Watch Blocks

watchBlocks OBJECT-IDENTITY

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> Watch Blocks are OER encoded configurable read only blocks intended to be utilized for device status monitoring in the eventConfigCompareOID in the eventConfigTable.

The intent is to be able to configure events to monitor a collection of NTCIP objects at the same time, and trigger the logging and/or transmission of a trap message.

Note that when a watch block is used for the eventConfigCompareOID, the eventConfigMode object is restricted to onChange (2) Any entry with an attempt to use any other mode shall be ignored at run time. Because there is no restriction on the order in which the entries are created, specifying a watch block that has not been configured does not generate an error. Likewise care should be taken to ensure that the configuration of the event table and the watch blocks (as well as the report blocks) are consistent and correct.

```
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.6"  
::= { application 6 }
```

### 16.2.2 Report Blocks

reportBlocks OBJECT-IDENTITY

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> Report blocks are OER encoded configurable read only blocks intended to be utilized for device status and other parameters as the eventConfigLogOID in the eventConfigTable.

Like the watch blocks, they can only be validated at run-time.

Improperly configured report blocks shall be ignored.

```
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.7"  
::= { application 7 }
```

### 16.2.3 Clear Objects

eventClearObjects OBJECT-IDENTITY

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> This node is an identifier used to group all objects for support of clearing the report node (events) and report objects.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.8"

```
::= { application 8 }
```

### 16.2.4 NTCIP Trap Management

trapMgmt OBJECT-IDENTITY

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> This node defines information used to manage the generation and issuance of traps.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.1"

```
::= { ntcipTraps 1 }
```

### 16.2.5 NTCIP Trap Data

ntcipTrapData OBJECT-IDENTITY

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> This node defines information to be reported by the trap management feature.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.2"

```
::= { ntcipTraps 2 }
```

### 16.2.6 NTCIP Trap Notifications

ntcipTrapNotifications OBJECT-IDENTITY

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

```
"<Definition> This node defines trap information to be reported
  by the trap management feature.
<Informative> SMIV2 defines notifications, which can be sent as
  unacknowledged 'traps' or acknowledged 'informs'. The SMIV2
  NOTIFICATION-TYPE macro registers traps on the naming tree and
  per RFC 4181, to provide backward compatibility the OID of a
  notification should be the SNMPv1 'enterprise' followed by a
  node '0' followed by the number assigned to the SMIV1 trap. This node
  provides the prefix to define such notifications.
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.2.0"
 ::= { ntcipTrapData 0}
```

### 16.2.7 Trap Management Conformance Node

```
ntcipTrapConformance OBJECT-IDENTITY
```

```
  STATUS deprecated
```

```
  DESCRIPTION
```

```
    "<Definition> This node is an identifier used to manage traps.
```

```
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.127"
```

```
 ::= { ntcipTraps 127 }
```

```
ntcipTrapCompliances OBJECT-IDENTITY
```

```
  STATUS deprecated
```

```
  DESCRIPTION
```

```
    "<Definition> This node is an identifier used to manage traps.
```

```
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.127.1"
```

```
 ::= { ntcipTrapConformance 1 }
```

```
ntcipTrapGroups OBJECT-IDENTITY
```

```
  STATUS deprecated
```

```
  DESCRIPTION
```

```
    "<Definition> This node is an identifier used to manage traps.
```

```
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.127.2"
```

```
 ::= { ntcipTrapConformance 2 }
```

## 16.3 WATCH BLOCKS

```
-- In addition to the objects mentioned below, the replacement feature
-- includes objects to indicate:
-- a) the encodings supported (BER and/or OER)
-- b) whether there are limitations on the support for structures that allow
--    new values (i.e., set operations)
-- c) whether the supports one-step processing, two-step processing, or both
```

### 16.3.1 Maximum Watch Objects

```
maxWatchObjects OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
  SYNTAX      Integer32 (150..8192)
```

```
  UNITS      "watch objects"
```

```
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
```

```
  STATUS      deprecated
```

```
  DESCRIPTION
```

```
    "<Definition>The number of rows that exist in the
    watchObjectDefinitionTable for this device.
```

```
    <Superseded by> OBJECT-GROUP-MIB.fObjectGroupsMaxObjects (ISO
    20684-7)
```

```
    <Informative> The watchObjectDefinitionTable has been replaced with a
    dynamic table, which does not require an object indicating the
    maximum number of rows; however, the replacement object allows
```

implementations to impose a limit on the size of block objects and to inform the user of the limit.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.6.1"  
::= { watchBlocks 1 }

### 16.3.2 Maximum Watch Blocks

maxWatchBlocks OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32 (1..50)  
UNITS "watch blocks"  
MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
"<Definition>The number of rows that exist in the watchBlockTable for this device.  
<Informative> The watchBlockTable has been replaced with a dynamic table, which does not require an object indicating the maximum number of rows.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.6.2"  
::= { watchBlocks 2 }

### 16.3.3 Watch Object Definition Table

watchObjectDefinitionTable OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF WatchObjectDefinitionEntry  
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
"<Definition>A table containing Watch Object definition information. The number of rows in this table is equal to the maxWatchObjects object.  
<TableType> static  
<Superseded by> OBJECT-GROUP-MIB.fdoObjectGroupFieldTable (ISO 20684-7)  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.6.3"  
::= { watchBlocks 3 }

watchObjectDefinitionEntry OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX WatchObjectDefinitionEntry  
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
"<Definition>This object defines an entry in the Watch Object Definition table.  
<Superseded by> OBJECT-GROUP-MIB.fdoObjectGroupFieldEntry (ISO 20684-7)  
<Informative> The replacement table has a three-part index consisting of a group owner (which provides a level of protection from other users from changing the definition without authorization), a group name (which is functionally equivalent to watchBlock), and field index (which is functionally equivalent to watchID).  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.6.3.1"  
INDEX { watchID }  
::= { watchObjectDefinitionTable 1 }

WatchObjectDefinitionEntry ::= SEQUENCE {  
watchID Integer32,  
watchStatus RowStatusStatic,  
watchBlock Integer32,

watchOID OBJECT IDENTIFIER }

### 16.3.3.1 Watch Identification Parameter

```
watchID OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..255)
  MAX-ACCESS  read-only
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition>This object contains the row number which is used to
    identify the object associated with this row in the
    watchObjectDefinitionTable. This value shall not exceed the value
    indicated by the maxWatchObjects object.
    <Superseded by> OBJECT-GROUP-MIB.fdObjectGroupFieldIndex (ISO 20684-7)
    <Informative> The replacement object is the third part of a three-part
    index and is defined as an Unsigned32.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.6.3.1.1"
 ::= { watchObjectDefinitionEntry 1 }
```

### 16.3.3.2 Watch Status Parameter

```
watchStatus OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      RowStatusStatic
  MAX-ACCESS  read-write
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition>The value of this object indicates the current status of the
    this row in the table.
    <Informative> The replacement table does not have a RowStatus object;
    when changes are necessary, the entire object needs to be cleared and
    redefined.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.6.3.1.2"
  DEFVAL { invalid }
 ::= { watchObjectDefinitionEntry 2 }
```

### 16.3.3.3 Watch Block Parameter

```
watchBlock OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..255)
  MAX-ACCESS  read-write
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition>This object contains the block number to assign to the watch
    object associated with this row in the watch object definition table.
    This value shall not exceed the value indicated by the maxWatchBlocks
    object.
    <Superseded by> OBJECT-GROUP-MIB.fdObjectGroupName (ISO 20684-7)
    <Informative> The replacement object is the second part of a three-
    part index and is defined as an SnmpAdminString (SIZE(0..32))
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.6.3.1.3"
  DEFVAL { 1 }
 ::= { watchObjectDefinitionEntry 3 }
```

### 16.3.3.4 Watch Object Identifier Parameter

```
watchOID OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      OBJECT IDENTIFIER
  MAX-ACCESS  read-write
  STATUS      deprecated
```

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition>This object contains the object identifier of the object to watch.

The following objects shall NOT be assigned to any watchOID:

All objects under the security node (Annex B)

{ nema transportation devices global security }

All objects under the dynObjMgmt node (Annex A)

{nema transportation protocols dynObjMgmt}

All objects under the chap node (Annex B of NTCIP 2301)

{ nema transportation protocols layers chap }

Any objects so identified by various device standards

Any objects whose SYNTAX does NOT resolve to a ranged or unranked INTEGER.

Any other report object or watch object

Any objects that the agent/device does not support.

An agent should return a badValue error if it receives a SET command for any of the above.

<Superseded by> OBJECT-GROUP-MIB.fdoObjectGroupFieldObject (ISO 20684-7)

<Informative> The replacement object does not define any restrictions currently.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.6.3.1.4"

DEFVAL { zeroDotZero }

::= { watchObjectDefinitionEntry 4 }

### 16.3.4 Watch Block Table

watchBlockTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF WatchBlockEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> A table containing the Watch Blocks defined in the Watch Object Definition table. The number of rows in this table is equal to the value of the maxWatchBlocks object.

<TableType> static

<Superseded by> OBJECT-GROUP-MIB.fdoObjectGroupTable (ISO 20684-7)

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.6.4"

::= { watchBlocks 4 }

watchBlockEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX WatchBlockEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition>This defines a row in the watchBlockTable.

<Superseded by> OBJECT-GROUP-MIB.fdoObjectGroupEntry (ISO 20684-7)

<Informative> The replacement table has a dual index consisting of an owner and a group name. The table has the following changes:

- the encoding can be selected (BER or OER)
- the ObjectGroup can be configured for retrieval as either a one-step or two-step process. In other words, one-step groups can be retrieved directly; two-step groups have to be refreshed in one command and retrieved in a second command.
- there is a refresh command and a refresh date/time associated with the two-step process. There is also an object that provides an estimated duration for generating the result (which can be as

```

    simple as a duration multiplied by the number of objects)
  - there is a 'new value' object that allows setting the referenced
    objects (i.e., similar to a dynObj set command)
  - there are 'last error' and 'last error index' objects to provide
    insights into any issues that arise
  - there is a 'clear' object that allows clearing the definition of
    all fields defined for the object group
  - Added an indication of the type of storage to use
  - the table is dynamic with a RowStatus object.
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.6.4.1"
INDEX { watchBlockNumber }
 ::= { watchBlockTable 1 }

```

```

WatchBlockEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    watchBlockNumber      Integer32,
    watchBlockStatus      RowStatusStatic,
    watchBlockDescription OCTET STRING,
    watchBlockValue       OerString }

```

#### 16.3.4.1 Watch Block Number

```

watchBlockNumber OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..255)
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition>The block number for this row in the table.
        This value shall not exceed the value indicated by the maxWatchBlocks
        object.
        <Superseded by> OBJECT-GROUP-MIB.fdoObjectGroupName (ISO 20684-7)
        <Informative> The replacement object is the second part of a two-part
        index and is defined as an SnmpAdminString.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.6.4.1.1"
 ::= { watchBlockEntry 1 }

```

#### 16.3.4.2 Watch Block Status

```

watchBlockStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      RowStatusStatic
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition>The value of this object indicates the current status of
        this row in the table.
        <Superseded by> OBJECT-GROUP-MIB.fdoObjectGroupRowStatus (ISO 20684-7)
        <Informative> The replacement object uses RowStatus to support a
        dynamic table
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.6.4.1.2"
    DEFVAL { invalid }
 ::= { watchBlockEntry 2 }

```

#### 16.3.4.3 Watch Block Description

```

watchBlockDescription OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      OCTET STRING (SIZE(0..20))
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> This object may be used to define a description of this

```

```
    watch block.  
    <Superseded by> OBJECT-GROUP-MIB.fdObjectGroupDescription (ISO 20684-7)  
    <Informative> The replacement object is defined as an SnmpAdminString  
    to support any language with automatic display as text.  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.6.4.1.3"  
    DEFVAL { "" }  
 ::= { watchBlockEntry 3 }
```

#### 16.3.4.4 Watch Block Value

```
watchBlockValue OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX      ITSOerString  
MAX-ACCESS  read-only  
STATUS      deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> An OER encoded string of all object values defined in  
    watchObjectDefinitionTable, pointed at by watchOID (in watchID order)  
    where the watchBlock IS watchBlockNumber AND the watchStatus IS  
    available.  
    <Superseded by> OBJECT-GROUP-MIB.fdObjectGroupCurrentValue (ISO 20684-7)  
    <Informative> The original syntax for this object was OerString as  
    defined in NTCIP 8004 v02. NTCIP 8004 v03 recommends the use of  
    ITSOerString in SMIV2 modules as it is formally defined as a textual  
    convention in ISO 20684-1. Both OerString and ITSOerString resolve to  
    OCTET STRING, so while the written syntax has changed, there is no  
    impact on how it is encoded.  
    The replacement object, fdObjectGroupCurrentValue, is defined as an  
    OCTET STRING because it can represent either an OER-string or a BER-  
    string depending on the value of fdObjectGroupEncoding.  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.6.4.1.4"  
    DEFVAL { "" }  
 ::= { watchBlockEntry 4 }
```

### 16.4 REPORT BLOCKS

```
-- The reportBlocks feature is replaced by the same fdObjectGroup feature  
-- defined in ISO 20684-7 as used to replace the watchBlocks. The  
-- <Informative> notes in this section are generally omitted as they would  
-- repeat the content contained in the watchBlocks section of the MIB.
```

#### 16.4.1 Maximum Report Objects

```
maxReportObjects OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX      Integer32 (150..8192)  
UNITS      "report objects"  
MAX-ACCESS  read-only  
STATUS      deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition>The number of rows that exist in the  
    reportObjectDefinitionTable for this device.  
    <Superseded by> OBJECT-GROUP-MIB.fdObjectGroupsMaxObjects (ISO 20684-7)  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.7.1"  
 ::= { reportBlocks 1 }
```

#### 16.4.2 Maximum Report Blocks

```
maxReportBlocks OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..50)  
UNITS      "report blocks"
```



```

MAX-ACCESS    read-only
STATUS        deprecated
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition>The number of rows that exist in the reportBlockTable for
  this device.
  <Informative> The watchBlockTable has been replaced with a
  dynamic table, which does not require an object indicating the
  maximum number of rows.
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.7.2"
 ::= { reportBlocks 2 }

```

### 16.4.3 Report Object Configuration Table

```

reportObjectDefinitionTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      SEQUENCE OF ReportObjectDefinitionEntry
  MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition>A table containing Report Object definition information. The
    number of rows in this table is equal to the maxReportObjects object.
    <TableType> static
    <Superseded by> OBJECT-GROUP-MIB.fObjectGroupFieldTable (ISO 20684-7)
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.7.3"
 ::= { reportBlocks 3 }

```

```

reportObjectDefinitionEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      ReportObjectDefinitionEntry
  MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition>This object defines an entry in the Report Object Definition
    table.
    <Superseded by> OBJECT-GROUP-MIB.fObjectGroupFieldEntry (ISO 20684-7)
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.7.3.1"
  INDEX { reportID }
 ::= { reportObjectDefinitionTable 1 }

```

```

ReportObjectDefinitionEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
  reportID      Integer32,
  reportStatus  RowStatusStatic,
  reportBlock   Integer32,
  reportOID     OBJECT IDENTIFIER }

```

#### 16.4.3.1 Report Identification Parameter

```

reportID OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..255)
  MAX-ACCESS  read-only
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition>This object contains the row number which is used to
    identify the objects associated with this row in the
    reportObjectDefinitionTable. This value shall not exceed the value
    indicated by the maxReportObjects object.
    <Superseded by> OBJECT-GROUP-MIB.fObjectGroupFieldIndex (ISO 20684-7)
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.7.3.1.1"
 ::= { reportObjectDefinitionEntry 1 }

```

### 16.4.3.2 Report Status Parameter

```
reportStatus OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      RowStatusStatic
  MAX-ACCESS  read-write
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition>The value of this object indicates the current status of the
    this row in the table.
    <Informative> The replacement table does not have a RowStatus object;
    when changes are necessary, the entire object needs to be cleared and
    redefined.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.7.3.1.2"
  DEFVAL { invalid }
 ::= { reportObjectDefinitionEntry 2 }
```

### 16.4.3.3 Report Block Parameter

```
reportBlock OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..255)
  MAX-ACCESS  read-write
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition>This object contains the block number to assign to the log
    object associated with this row in the reportObjectDefinitionTable.
    This value shall not exceed the value indicated by the maxReportBlocks
    object.
    <Superseded by> OBJECT-GROUP-MIB.fDObjectGroupName (ISO 20684-7)
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.7.3.1.3"
  DEFVAL { 1 }
 ::= { reportObjectDefinitionEntry 3 }
```

### 16.4.3.4 Report Object Identifier Parameter

```
reportOID OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      OBJECT IDENTIFIER
  MAX-ACCESS  read-write
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition>This object contains the object identifier of the object to
    log. The following objects shall NOT be assigned to any reportOID:
    All objects under the security node (Annex B)
    { nema transportation devices global security }
    All objects under the dynObjMgmt node (Annex A)
    {nema transportation protocols dynObjMgmt}
    All objects under the chap node (Annex B of NTCIP 2301)
    { nema transportation protocols layers chap }
    Any other report object or watch object
    Any objects so identified by various device standards
    Any objects that the agent/device does not support.
    An agent should return a badValue error if it receives a SET command
    for any of the above.
    <Superseded by> OBJECT-GROUP-MIB.fDObjectGroupFieldObject (ISO 20684-7)
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.7.3.1.4"
  DEFVAL { zeroDotZero }
 ::= { reportObjectDefinitionEntry 4 }
```

#### 16.4.4 Report Block Table

```
reportBlockTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      SEQUENCE OF ReportBlockEntry
  MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> A table containing the Report blocks defined in the
      reportObjectDefinitionTable. The number of rows in this table is equal
      to the value of the maxReportBlocks object.
    <TableType> static
    <Superseded by> OBJECT-GROUP-MIB.fdoObjectGroupTable (ISO 20684-7)
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.7.4"
 ::= { reportBlocks 4 }
```

```
reportBlockEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      ReportBlockEntry
  MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition>This defines a row in the reportBlockTable.
    <Superseded by> OBJECT-GROUP-MIB.fdoObjectGroupEntry (ISO 20684-7)
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.7.4.1"
  INDEX { reportBlockNumber }
 ::= { reportBlockTable 1 }
```

```
ReportBlockEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
  reportBlockNumber      Integer32,
  reportBlockStatus      RowStatusStatic,
  reportBlockDescription OCTET STRING,
  reportBlockValue       OerString }
```

##### 16.4.4.1 Report block Number

```
reportBlockNumber OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..255)
  MAX-ACCESS  read-only
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition>The block number for this row in the table. This value shall
      not exceed the value indicated by the maxReportBlocks object.
    <Superseded by> OBJECT-GROUP-MIB.fdoObjectGroupName (ISO 20684-7)
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.7.4.1.1"
 ::= { reportBlockEntry 1 }
```

##### 16.4.4.2 Report Block Status

```
reportBlockStatus OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      RowStatusStatic
  MAX-ACCESS  read-write
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition>The value of this object indicates the current status of
      this row in the table.
    <Superseded by> OBJECT-GROUP-MIB.fdoObjectGroupRowStatus (ISO 20684-7)
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.7.4.1.2"
  DEFVAL { invalid }
 ::= { reportBlockEntry 2 }
```

### 16.4.4.3 Report Block Description

```
reportBlockDescription OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      OCTET STRING (SIZE(0..20))
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> This object may be used to define a description of this
            report block.
        <Superseded by> OBJECT-GROUP-MIB.fdObjectGroupDescription (ISO 20684-7)
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.7.4.1.3"
    DEFVAL { "" }
 ::= { reportBlockEntry 3 }
```

### 16.4.4.4 Report Block Value

```
reportBlockValue OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      ITSOerString
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> An OER encoded string of all object values defined in
            reportObjectDefinitionTable, pointed at by reportOID (in reportID
            order) where the reportBlock IS reportBlockNumber AND the reportStatus
            IS available.
        <Superseded by> OBJECT-GROUP-MIB.fdObjectGroupCurrentValue (ISO 20684-7)
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.7.4.1.4"
    DEFVAL { "" }
 ::= { reportBlockEntry 4 }
```

## 16.5 TRAP MANAGEMENT

### 16.5.1 Trap Control

```
trapControl OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (0..1)
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The possible values are:
            0 - disable NTCIP traps
            1 - enable NTCIP traps
            The other values are reserved.
        <Superseded by> NOTIFICATION-MIB.fdNotificationsEnabled (ISO 20684-4)
        <Informative> The replacement object is defined as a TruthValue (RFC
            2579), which is an enumeration where 1 = 'true' (in this case,
            enabled) and 2 = 'false' (in this case, disabled).
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.1.1"
    DEFVAL { 0 }
 ::= { trapMgmt 1 }
```

### 16.5.2 Trap Data

```
trapData OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      ITSOerString
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> It contains an octet string (event notification) with
```

octet trap sequence number (trapMgmtSeqNum) and octet trap manager index (trapMgmtManagerIndex), followed by one or more OER encoded sequences of 183ventide (eventConfigID), eventTime (globalTime of the occurrence of the event), eventLogTimeMilliseconds (fractional second of the occurrence of the event), and reported data (as pointed to by eventConfigLogOID).

For aggregated trap messages (ackTrapChain and noackTrapChain) the trapData contains the octet trap sequence number (trapMgmtSeqNum) and octet trap manager index (trapMgmtManagerIndex), followed by from 1 to trapMaxAggregationSize triplets.

The sequence to which OER encoding is applied is formally defined by the TrapDataStructure (see Section 6.4.1).

<Superseded by> NOTIFICATION-MIB.fdnofificationData (ISO 20684-4)  
 <Informative> The original syntax for this object was OerString as defined in NTCIP 8004 v02. NTCIP 8004 v03 recommends the use of ITSOerString in SMIV2 modules as it is formally defined as a textual convention in ISO 20684-1. Both OerString and ITSOerString resolve to OCTET STRING, so while the written syntax has changed, there is no impact on how it is encoded.  
 The replacement object switches the order of the initial index and sequence number. It also uses a ITSDailyTimeStamp, which indicates time of day to the millisecond. It also includes a latency of the data and each data field is presented as a CHOICE of either the data value or the PDU error that the get operation generated.  
 <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.1.2"  
 ::= { trapMgmt 2 }

### 16.5.3 Trap Management Maximum Entries

```
trapMgmtMaxEntries OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..255)
    UNITS       "entries"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> The maximum number of entries in the trapMgmtTable.
        <Informative> The trapMgmtTable has been replaced with a dynamic
        table, which does not require an object indicating the maximum number
        of rows.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.1.3"
    ::= { trapMgmt 3 }
```

### 16.5.4 Trap Maximum Aggregation Events

```
trapMaxAggregationEvents OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..255)
    UNITS       "events"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> This object defines the maximum number of trap-events
        which can be aggregated.
        <Informative> The object does not have a parallel in ISO 20684-4.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.1.4"
    ::= { trapMgmt 4 }
```

### 16.5.5 Trap Maximum Aggregation Size

```
trapMaxAggregationSize OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..1023)
UNITS       "octets"
MAX-ACCESS  read-only
STATUS      deprecated
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition> This object defines the maximum size (in bytes) of the
    aggregation chains that can be created during the aggregation process.
  <Superseded by> NOTIFICATION-MIB.fdnNotificationsMaxSize (ISO 20684-4)
  <Informative> The replacement object is defined as an Unsigned32.
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.1.5"
 ::= { trapMgmt 5 }
```

### 16.5.6 Trap Management Table

```
trapMgmtTable OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      SEQUENCE OF TrapMgmtEntry
MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
STATUS      deprecated
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition> The table contains the list of management stations and
    their parameters where the agent traps are to be sent.
  <TableType> static
  <Superseded by> NOTIFICATION-MIB.fdnNotifyChannelTable (ISO 20684-4)
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.1.6"
 ::= { trapMgmt 6 }
```

```
trapMgmtEntry OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      TrapMgmtEntry
MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
STATUS      deprecated
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition> This defines a row in the trapMgmtTable.
  <Superseded by> NOTIFICATION-MIB.fdnNotifyChannelEntry (ISO 20684-4)
  <Informative> The replacement table has a dual-index of an owner and
    name, both SnmpAdminStrings; it is separately assigned an ID, which
    more closely relates to the trapMgmtManagerIndex. In addition to the
    changes described below, the replacement table adds the following
    columns:
    - A command to clear the current channel queue
    - A StorageType for the row
    - A RowStatus for the dynamic table
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.1.6.1"
INDEX { trapMgmtManagerIndex }
 ::= { trapMgmtTable 1 }
```

```
TrapMgmtEntry ::=
  SEQUENCE {
    trapMgmtManagerIndex      Integer32,
    trapMgmtManagerPointer    Integer32,
    trapMgmtCommunityNamePointer Integer32,
    trapMgmtApplicationProtocol INTEGER,
    trapMgmtTransportProtocol INTEGER,
    trapMgmtPortNum           Integer32,
    trapMgmtMaxRetries         Integer32,
    trapMgmtRepeatInterval    Integer32,
    trapMgmtDelta              Integer32,
    trapMgmtQueueDepth         Integer32,
```

```

trapMgmtLinkStateStatus      INTEGER,
trapMgmtAntiStreamRate      Integer32,
trapMgmtErrStatus           INTEGER,
trapMgmtLostTraps           Counter,
trapMgmtRowStatus           RowStatusStatic,
trapMgmtSeqNum              Integer32,
trapMgmtSeqNumAck           Integer32
}

```

### 16.5.6.1 Trap Manager Index

```

trapMgmtManagerIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..255)
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> This object provides the index into the trapMgmtTable. This
        value shall not exceed the trapMgmtMaxEntries object value.
        <Superseded by> NOTIFICATION-MIB.fdNotifyChannelID (ISO 20684-4)
        <Informative> The replacement object is defined as an ITSUnsigned16.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.1.6.1.1"
    ::= { trapMgmtEntry 1 }

```

### 16.5.6.2 Trap Logical Name Translation Entry Pointer

```

trapMgmtManagerPointer OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..255)
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> For UDP/IP stacks (trapMgmtTransportProtocol = 3), this
        value is equal to the logicalNameTranslationIndex for the logical name
        translation table entry where logicalNameTranslationName holds the
        logical name and logicalNameTranslationNetworkAddress holds the IP
        address of the destination management station for ntcip traps.
        Otherwise it is not used.
        This value shall not exceed the logicalNameTranslationTableMaxEntries
        object value.
        <Superseded by> NOTIFICATION-MIB.fdNotifyChannelTarget (ISO 20684-4)
        <Informative> The replacement object identifies an SNMP Target by its
        snmpTargetAddrName, as defined in RFC 3413. The snmpTargetAddrTable
        indicates the transport domain and address for the target.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.1.6.1.2"
    DEFVAL {1 }
    ::= { trapMgmtEntry 2 }

```

### 16.5.6.3 Trap Community Name Entry Pointer

```

trapMgmtCommunityNamePointer OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..255)
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> This value is equal to the communityNameIndex for the
        community name table entry where communityNameUser holds the community
        name for ntcip traps sent to the destination management station.
        This value shall not exceed communityNamesMax object value.
        <Superseded by> SNMP-TARGET-MIB.snmpTargetParamsSecurityModel,
        snmpTargetParamsSecurityName, & snmpTargetParamsSecurityLevel

```

(RFC 3413)  
<Informative> In the replacement design, fdNotifyChannelTarget points to a row in the snmpTargetAddrTable, which points to a row in the snmpTargetParamsTable, which contains the security information to be used to communicate with the Target.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.1.6.1.3"  
DEFVAL { 1 }  
::= { trapMgmtEntry 3 }

#### 16.5.6.4 Trap Application Layer Protocol

trapMgmtApplicationProtocol OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX INTEGER { other (1),  
snmp (2),  
sfmp (3) }  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
" <Definition> This object identifies the application layer protocol to use for TMP (Transportation Management Protocol) traps. The possible values are:  
1 - other : not defined in this standard  
2 - snmp : use SNMPv1 Trap  
3 - sfmp : use SFMP Trap  
<Superseded by> SNMP-TARGET-MIB.snmpTargetParamsMPPModel (RFC 3413)  
<Informative> In the replacement design, fdNotifyChannelTarget points to a row in the snmpTargetAddrTable, which points to a row in the snmpTargetParamsTable, which contains snmpTargetParamsMPPModel, which indicates a message processing model (i.e., SNMPv1 vs. SNMPv3). If the NTCIP (or NEMA) community desired, it could define its own processing model (e.g., something similar to SFMP with security) and assign it a value of (1206 \* 256) + id, where id is between 0 and 255 (see RFC 3411).  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.1.6.1.4"  
DEFVAL { snmp }  
::= { trapMgmtEntry 4 }

#### 16.5.6.5 Trap Transport Layer Protocol

trapMgmtTransportProtocol OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX INTEGER { other (1),  
t2 (2),  
udp (3) }  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
" <Definition> This object identifies the transport profile to use for TMP traps. The possible values are:  
1 - other : not defined in standard  
2 - t2 : use T2 encapsulation to omit the port number  
3 - udp : use UDP/IP stack  
<Superseded by> SNMP-TARGET-MIB.snmpTargetAddrTDomain (RFC 3413)  
<Informative> In the replacement design, fdNotifyChannelTarget points to a row in the snmpTargetAddrTable, which contains snmpTargetAddrTDomain, which identifies the transport domain to be used; registered domains can be found at <https://www.iana.org/assignments/snmp-number-spaces/snmp-number-spaces.xhtml>. For example, the snmpTLSTCPDomain is 1.3.6.1.6.1.8 and snmpDTLSUDPDDomain is



```
1.3.6.1.6.1.9.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.1.6.1.5"  
DEFVAL { udp }  
::= { trapMgmtEntry 5 }
```

#### 16.5.6.6 Trap Port Number

```
trapMgmtPortNum OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32 (0..65535)  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
  "<Definition> Port of the destination management station  
  (e.g. 162 - default SNMP Trap port).  
  <Superseded by> SNMP-TARGET-MIB.snmpTargetAddrTAddress (RFC 3413)  
  <Informative> In the replacement design, fdNotifyChannelTarget points  
  to a row in the snmpTargetAddrTable, which contains  
  snmpTargetAddrTAddress, which is defined in a format defined by the  
  snmpTargetAddrTDomain. For snmpTLSTCPDomain and snmpDTLSUDPDDomain, the  
  Address includes the port number; other protocols support similar  
  values.  
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.1.6.1.6"  
  DEFVAL {162}  
  ::= { trapMgmtEntry 6 }
```

#### 16.5.6.7 Trap Maximum Retransmission Retries

```
trapMgmtMaxRetries OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32 (0..255)  
UNITS "tries"  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
  "<Definition> The maximum number of times an agent attempts to  
  retransmit a trap before transitioning to the error state.  
  Note: A value of one indicates that the agent attempts a  
  maximum of two transmissions.  
  <Superseded by> SNMP-TARGET-MIB.snmpTargetAddrRetryCount (RFC 3413)  
  <Informative> In the replacement design, fdNotifyChannelTarget points  
  to a row in the snmpTargetAddrTable, which contains  
  snmpTargetAddrRetryCount, which is an equivalent object.  
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.1.6.1.7"  
  DEFVAL {0}  
  ::= { trapMgmtEntry 7 }
```

#### 16.5.6.8 Trap Repeat Interval

```
trapMgmtRepeatInterval OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32 (0..255)  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
  "<Definition> The minimum number of seconds to wait before  
  retransmitting a trap that has not been acknowledged.  
  A value of zero (0) indicates an immediate retransmission of the  
  trap.  
  <Superseded by> SNMP-TARGET-MIB.snmpTargetAddrTimeout (RFC 3413)  
  <Informative> In the replacement design, fdNotifyChannelTarget points  
  to a row in the snmpTargetAddrTable, which contains
```

```
snmpTargetAddrTimeout, which indicates the timeout in hundredths of
a second (up to 24 million seconds, which is almost a year).
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.1.6.1.8"
DEFVAL {60}
::= { trapMgmtEntry 8 }
```

#### 16.5.6.9 Trap Repeat Interval Timeout Delta

```
trapMgmtDelta OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Integer32 (0..255)
UNITS "seconds"
MAX-ACCESS read-write
STATUS deprecated
DESCRIPTION
"<Definition> A number of seconds to be added to the total timeout for
the next trap retransmission.
<Informative> In the replacement design, there is no equivalent
to this object because as the definition of the timeout parameter
indicates that it is implementation dependent.
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.1.6.1.9"
DEFVAL {60}
::= { trapMgmtEntry 9 }
```

#### 16.5.6.10 Trap Maximum Number of Queued Traps

```
trapMgmtQueueDepth OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Integer32 (0..50)
UNITS "traps"
MAX-ACCESS read-write
STATUS deprecated
DESCRIPTION
"<Definition> The maximum number of traps that can be queued for the
Management station. Setting this value to zero flushes and disables
the queue, and prevents any queueable traps from being sent.
<Superseded by> NOTIFICATION-MIB.fdNotifyChannelQueueDepth (ISO 20684-4)
<Informative> The replacement object has a syntax of Unsigned32.
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.1.6.1.10"
DEFVAL {1}
::= { trapMgmtEntry 10 }
```

#### 16.5.6.11 Trap State of Communications Link

```
trapMgmtLinkStateStatus OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER { other (1),
                 ready (2),
                 pending (3),
                 error (4) }
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS deprecated
DESCRIPTION
"<Definition> This object contains the current link state of the manager
registered in this row.
<Format> The states are defined as follows:
other (1) - not defined in this standard;
ready (2) - any trap can be sent to the manager (initial condition
after power-on); if an ACK trap appears in the queue the agent sends
the trap message to the manager, starts timer and internal retry
counter, and sets the state to pending;
pending (3) - waiting for the manager to acknowledge the last ACK trap;
```

NOACK and forced mode traps can be transmitted to the manager; if after all retries and timeouts the management station did not acknowledge an ACK trap message the agent sets the state to error error (4) - an ACK trap has not been acknowledged within the specified number of retries for this management station. Only force mode traps are transmitted to the management station until the link state is reset to ready.

<Informative> The replacement design does not have a need for this object because it relies upon the native Confirmed-Class and Unconfirmed-Class PDUs. If the notification is sent via a Confirmed-Class, it is the responsibility of the SNMP engine to discover missing confirmations and retry.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.1.6.1.11"

REFERENCE "NTCIP 1103 v03 Section 6.3"

::= { trapMgmtEntry 11 }

### 16.5.6.12 Trap Antistreaming Rate

trapMgmtAntiStreamRate OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32 (1..255)

UNITS "traps/minute"

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> The maximum number of traps that can be generated on a specific link (trap channel) in one minute. The agent shall reset the anti-streaming counter at the start of each minute. If the anti-streaming rate is reached the agent shall set the 'Trap channel anti-streaming mode activated' bit in the trapMgmtErrStatus, send the current trap and cease sending any additional traps on this link (trap channel) until the start of the next minute.

<Superseded by> NOTIFICATION-MIB.fdNotifyChannelAntiStreamRate (ISO 20684-4)

<Informative> The replacement object has a syntax of Unsigned32.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.1.6.1.12"

DEFVAL {10}

::= { trapMgmtEntry 12 }

### 16.5.6.13 Trap Error Status

trapMgmtErrStatus OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32 (0..255)

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> Trap channel status mask. When a bit = 1 the error status is true. When a bit = 0 the error status is false.

Bit 7: Reserved Bit

Bit 6: Reserved Bit

Bit 5: Reserved Bit

Bit 4: Reserved Bit

Bit 3: Reserved Bit

Bit 2: Trap channel has trapMgmtLinkStateStatus = error

Bit 1: Trap channel anti-streaming mode activated

Bit 0: Trap channel queue full

<Informative> The replacement design does not have an equivalent object.

```
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.1.6.1.13"  
 ::= { trapMgmtEntry 13 }
```

#### 16.5.6.14 Trap Lost Trap Counter

```
trapMgmtLostTraps    OBJECT-TYPE  
    SYNTAX            Counter  
    MAX-ACCESS        read-only  
    STATUS            deprecated  
    DESCRIPTION  
        "<Definition> Counter for the number of traps that have been  
         discarded due to the queue for this trap channel being full.  
        <Superseded by> NOTIFICATION-MIB.fdNotifyChannelDroppedCount (ISO  
         20684-4)  
        <Informative> The replacement object expands the definition for  
         dropping a notification packet for any reason before transmission.  
         Note: Counters are not required to be zero-based.  
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.1.6.1.14"  
 ::= { trapMgmtEntry 14 }
```

#### 16.5.6.15 Trap Row Status

```
trapMgmtRowStatus    OBJECT-TYPE  
    SYNTAX            RowStatusStatic  
    MAX-ACCESS        read-write  
    STATUS            deprecated  
    DESCRIPTION  
        "<Definition> This object allows for the management of rows  
         within the table.  
        <Superseded by> NOTIFICATION-MIB.fdNotifyChannelRowStatus (ISO 20684-4)  
        <Informative> The replacement object has a syntax of RowStatus, which  
         provides a dynamic table.  
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.1.6.1.15"  
    DEFVAL { invalid }  
 ::= { trapMgmtEntry 15 }
```

#### 16.5.6.16 Trap Sequence Number

```
trapMgmtSeqNum       OBJECT-TYPE  
    SYNTAX            Integer32 (1..255)  
    MAX-ACCESS        read-only  
    STATUS            deprecated  
    DESCRIPTION  
        "<Definition> This object contains the sequence number of the  
         last new trap that has been sent on this link. It is included  
         in the trap message to assist a management station in  
         identifying duplicate trap messages or detect when trap  
         messages are missed. The agent shall increment this counter  
         on each new trap message, but not retries, sent to the management  
         station. The first trap message sent after a power-on reset  
         or after trapMgmtRowStatus is successfully activated  
         has trapMgmtSeqNum = 1. The sequence number is reset to 1  
         after a trap is sent with trapMgmtSeqNum == 255.  
        <Superseded by> NOTIFICATION-MIB.fdNotifyChannelSeqNum (ISO 20684-4)  
        <Informative> The replacement object has a syntax of Counter32.  
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.1.6.1.16"  
    REFERENCE "NTCIP 1103 v03 Section 6.2.6"  
 ::= { trapMgmtEntry 16 }
```

### 16.5.6.17 Trap Acknowledge Sequence Number

trapMgmtSeqNumAck OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32 (0..255)  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
" <Definition> This object is set to the sequence number of the trap that is being acknowledged by the management station. If the value set equals either the current value of trapMgmtSeqNumAck or zero (0), then the agent changes the trapMgmtLinkStateStatus from pending or error to ready and set this object to zero (0) indicating no ack traps are awaiting acknowledgement. If this object is set to any other value, then the agent ignores the set and continue the normal acknowledge process including retries.  
<Informative> Within the replacement design, it is the responsibility of the SNMP engine to ensure that Confirmed-Class notifications are acknowledged.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.1.6.1.17"  
REFERENCE "NTCIP 1103 v03 Section 6.2.7"  
 ::= { trapMgmtEntry 17 }

### 16.5.7 Trap Table

trapTable OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF TrapEntry  
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
" <Definition> The table specifies the trap operational mode for each event registered in the eventLogConfigTable (NTCIP 1201) and necessary to run NTCIP Trap operations.  
Each entry in the trapTable can be individually enabled and disabled and is assigned its own mode per trap channel. An event can be sent to multiple trap channels by creating multiple entries in the trapTable for the same event, each with a different trapMgmtManagerIndex.  
<TableType> static  
<Superseded by> NOTIFICATION-MIB.fdNotifyFactoryTable (ISO 20684-4)  
<Informative> The replacement table is dynamic.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.1.7"  
 ::= { trapMgmt 7 }

trapEntry OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX TrapEntry  
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
" <Definition> This defines a row in the trapTable.  
<Superseded by> NOTIFICATION-MIB.fdNotifyFactoryEntry (ISO 20684-4)  
<Informative> The replacement table uses a dual index with owner and name. It is not directly connected to the trigger table; it is called by it as one potential action. The replacement table adds the following columns:  
- An event id that provides a concise identifier for the event, similar to eventConfigID.  
- The notification channel to use; i.e., in the new design, a specific event can result in multiple notifications (presumably to different managers)

```
- The object to be sent (i.e., the new design allows for different
  information to be logged and to be sent)
- A StorageType column
- A RowStatus column
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.1.7.1"
  INDEX { eventConfigID, trapMgmtManagerIndex }
 ::= { trapTable 1 }

TrapEntry ::=
  SEQUENCE {
    trapDestEnable      Integer32,
    trapMode            Integer32,
    trapAggregationTime Integer32,
    trapCounter         Counter
  }
```

### 16.5.7.1 Trap Destination Enabled

```
trapDestEnable OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      Integer32 (0..1)
MAX-ACCESS  read-write
STATUS      deprecated
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition> Setting this object to one (1) enables the trap
    (eventConfigID) for transmission through the trap channel
    (trapMgmtManagerIndex).
    A value of zero (0) disables events with eventConfigID from being
    acted on with respect to the transmission of traps through the specific
    trap channel identified in the trapMgmtTable.
    Note: The transmission (or queuing) of the trap also depends on entries
    in the eventLogConfigTable and the trapMgmtTable. Entries in all three
    tables are required to be enabled for the trap to be queued or
    transmitted.
  <Superseded by> NOTIFICATION-MIB.fdNotifyFactoryRowStatus (ISO 20684-4)
  <Informative> The replacement object allows creation and deletion of
    the entry as well.
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.1.7.1.1
  "
  DEFVAL {0}
 ::= { trapEntry 1 }
```

### 16.5.7.2 Trap Mode

```
trapMode OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      Integer32(0..255)
MAX-ACCESS  read-write
STATUS      deprecated
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition> This object defines a number of different methods for
    handling the trap data prior to or as it is transferred to the trap
    channel.
  <Format> The trap modes are as follows:
    1 - forced: NOACK, the trap is sent (not queued) regardless of the
      trapMgmtLinkStateStatus.
    2 - ack_noQ: ACK, the trap is sent if the trapMgmtLinkStateStatus is
      READY; otherwise the trap is simply dropped (lost); however, if the
      trap is transmitted, it is acknowledged and the retry mechanism is
      invoked.
```

- 3 - ack: ACK, the trap is sent if the trapMgmtLinkStateStatus is READY, otherwise the trap message shall be queued.
- 4 - noack\_noQ: NOACK, the trap is sent if the trapMgmtLinkStateStatus is READY or PENDING; otherwise the trap is simply dropped (lost).
- 5 - noack: NOACK, the trap is sent if the trapMgmtLinkStateStatus is READY or PENDING; it is queued if the channel status is ERROR.
- 6 - ack\_Aggr: ACK, the trap data (eventConfigID, timestamp, and reported data) are added to the ackTrapChain for transmission to the management station when a chain termination condition occurs and the trapMgmtLinkStateStatus is READY. ackTrapChains are not queued and are transmitted prior to any queued traps.
- 7 - noack\_Aggr: NOACK, the trap data (eventConfigID, timestamp, and reported data) are added to the noackTrapChain for transmission to the management station when a chain termination condition occurs and the trapMgmtLinkStateStatus is READY or PENDING; otherwise the noackTrapChain grows accepting new traps.

8-255: reserved (not used in a proprietary manner)

<Superseded by> NOTIFICATION-MIB.fdNotifyFactoryAckEnabled &  
fdNotifyFactoryQueueEnabled (ISO 20684-4)

<Informative> The replacement object values map to the values of this object as follows:

forced - there is no true parallel because the queue in trapMgmt is an artifact of the management of acknowledged traps with no defined role related to the anti-streaming rate. Within fdNotifyChannel, the queue solely relates to the antistreaming rate because the replacement design relies on the SNMP engine to manage responses and the link state is effectively always READY. There is no way to force an override of anti-streaming.

Ack\_noQ - AckEnabled = true and QueueEnabled = false: if the anti-streaming rate has not been exceeded, the notification is sent as an SNMP Inform message; otherwise, the notification is dropped.

Ack - AckEnabled = true and QueueEnabled = true: if the anti-streaming rate has not been exceeded, the notification is sent as an SNMP Inform message; otherwise, it is added to the queue. If the addition of the packet to the queue would cause the queue depth to be exceeded, the oldest notification is deleted to make room for the most recent notification.

Noack\_noQ - AckEnabled = false and QueueEnabled = false: if the anti-streaming rate has not been exceeded, the notification is sent as an SNMP Trap message; otherwise, the notification is dropped.

Noack - AckEnabled = false and QueueEnabled = true: if the anti-streaming rate has not been exceeded, the notification is sent as an SNMP Trap message; otherwise, the notification is added to the queue. If the addition of the packet to the queue would cause the queue depth to be exceeded, the oldest notification is deleted to make room for the most recent notification.

Ack\_Aggr - AckEnabled=true, QueueEnabled=false, AggregationTime>0:  
Same as ack\_NoQ; there is no queue-jumping logic defined.

Noack\_Aggr - AckEnabled=false, QueueEnabled=false, AggregationTime>0:  
Same as noack\_NoQ; there is no queue-jumping logic defined.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.1.7.1.2"

REFERENCE "NTCIP 1103 v03, Sections 6.2.3 and 6.2.4"

DEFVAL { forced }

::= { trapEntry 2 }

### 16.5.7.3 Trap Maximum Aggregation Time

```
trapAggregationTime    OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX               Integer32 (0..65535)
    UNITS                 "seconds"
    MAX-ACCESS           read-write
    STATUS                deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> maximum time (in seconds) that this trap can wait for
        transmission while being aggregated within a trap chain (for
        noack_Aggr and ack_Aggr traps only). The value of zero (0) indicates
        immediate trap chain transmission. The first trap with a mode
        specifying 'timed' aggregation starts this timer. The timer is
        reset when the trap chain is sent. The aggregation
        timers for each entry in the trap chain time concurrently and the
        first one to expire causes the entire trap chain to be sent to the
        management station.
        (Note that this is larger than 8 bits to allow aggregation times
        to support 5 minutes and longer).
        <Superseded by> NOTIFICATION-MIB.fDNotifyFactoryAggregationTime
        (ISO 20684-4)
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.1.7.1.3"
    REFERENCE "NTCIP 1103 v03 Section 6.2.4"
    DEFVAL {0}
    ::= { trapEntry 3 }
```

### 16.5.7.4 Trap Counter

```
trapCounter    OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX       Counter
    MAX-ACCESS   read-only
    STATUS       deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> this keeps track of the number of eventConfigID traps
        sent to the trap channel identified by the trapMgmtManagerIndex since
        the last (power-on) reset. It is incremented with the transmission
        or queuing (or addition to a trap chain) of each trap. By reading
        this parameter, a management station can verify the number of traps
        triggered for transmission or queuing by this event for this trap
        channel.
        <Superseded by> NOTIFICATION-MIB.fDNotifyFactoryEventCount
        <Informative> Counters are not zero-based.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.1.7.1.4"
    ::= { trapEntry 4 }
```

## 16.6 NTCIP TRAP DATA

### 16.6.1 Event Trap

```
trapEvent    NOTIFICATION-TYPE
    OBJECTS   { trapData }
    STATUS    deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> Indicates that one of the user-defined event specified in
        the eventLogConfigTable has occurred. The generation of the trap is
        governed by the rules defined in SNMP, Section 6 above, and the
        trapMgmtTable.
        The instances of the variables associates with this trap shall indicate
```



those associated with the event notification being sent.  
<Superseded by> NOTIFICATION-MIB.fdnNotificationPacket  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.2.0.1"  
 ::= { ntcipTrapNotifications 1 }

## 16.7 CLEAR EVENT DATA

### 16.7.1 Clear Event Class

eventClearClasses OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32 (0..255)

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> This object identifies the event class to be cleared from the report node. A SET of n = 5..255, n <= maxEventClasses shall cause all information related to that class to be cleared from the report node. This includes clearing the event class table of eventClassNumber = n data, clearing all event configurations related to eventClassNumber = n, and clearing all event log entries for class n. A SET of 0 shall clear all classes as described. That is, completely clear the report node with the exception that the preconfigured event classes, their configurations, and their preconfigured event log entries are not cleared. A GET shall always return zero (0).

If a device standard, Classes 1..4 are preconfigured and cannot be cleared. An attempt to clear Classes 1..4 shall return badValue. A value of n > maxEventClasses or > 255 if maxEventClasses is not configured, shall also return badValue.

<Superseded by> LOG-MIB.fdLogsDeleteAllConfiguration & fdLogManagerRowStatus (ISO 20684-5)

<Informative> An administrator can delete the configuration and data for all logs or an owner can choose to delete any specific configuration and associated data.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.8.1"

::= { eventClearObjects 1 }

### 16.7.2 Clear Event Configuration

eventClearConfiguration OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32 (0..65535)

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition>This object contains the event configuration(s) to clear from the report node. A SET of n = 1..65535, n <= maxEventLogConfigs shall cause all information related to that configuration to be cleared from the report node. This includes clearing the event configuration table for all eventConfigID = n data, and clearing all event log entries for eventConfigID = n. A SET of 0 shall clear all configurations within the device as described (i.e. completely clear the report node with the exception that the eventClassTable is and preconfigured event configuration are not altered). A GET shall always return zero (0).

Note: This object cannot be included in a block object. The device shall respond with badValue if the eventLogConfig = n does not exist. The device shall respond with badValue if an attempt to clear a preconfigured event log entries is made.

<Superseded by> LOG-MIB. fdLogEventFactoryRowStatus (ISO 20684-5) &  
COND-TRIGGER-MIB.fCondTriggerRowStatus (ISO 20684-3)  
<Informative> A user can separately delete the trigger and the factory.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.8.2"  
 ::= { eventClearObjects 2 }

### 16.7.3 Clear Event Log Table

eventClearLog OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32 (0..1)  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
 "<Definition>This object commands the device to clear the eventLogTable.  
 A SET of zero has no effect on the eventLogTable. A SET = 1 shall cause  
 all event log entries to be deleted from the eventLogTable.  
 Upon performing the action requested, the device shall  
 SET this object to zero (0). A GET shall always return zero (0).  
<Superseded by> LOG-MIB.fLogsClearAllLogs  
<Informative> The replacement object uses a syntax of TruthValue.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.8.3"  
 ::= { eventClearObjects 3 }

### 16.7.4 Clear Report Objects

clearReportObjects OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32 (0..1)  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
 "<Definition>This object commands the device to effectively clear the  
 report object and report block tables. A SET of zero has no effect on  
 the tables. A SET = 1 shall set the row status object of all rows  
 within both reportObjectDefinitionTable and reportBlockTable  
 to invalid, effectively clearing the tables in one action. Upon  
 performing the action requested, the device shall SET this object to  
 zero (0). A GET shall always return zero (0).  
<Informative> There is no parallel to this object in the replacement  
 design.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.8.4"  
 ::= { eventClearObjects 4 }

### 16.7.5 Clear Report Block Table

clearReportBlockTable OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32 (0..1)  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
 "<Definition>This object commands the device to effectively clear the  
 report block table. A SET of zero (0) has no effect on the tables. A  
 SET of one (1) shall set the row status object of all rows within  
 reportBlockTable to invalid, effectively clearing the table in one  
 action. Upon performing the action requested, the device shall SET  
 this object to zero (0). A GET shall always return zero (0).  
<Informative> There is no parallel to this object in the replacement  
 design.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.8.5"

```
::= { eventClearObjects 5 }
```

### 16.7.6 Clear Watch Objects

```
clearWatchObjects OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX Integer32 (0..1)
```

```
MAX-ACCESS read-write
```

```
STATUS deprecated
```

```
DESCRIPTION
```

"<Definition>This object commands the device to effectively clear the watch object and watch block tables. A SET of zero has no effect on the tables. A SET = 1 shall set the row status object of all rows within both watchObjectDefinitionTable and watchBlockTable to 'invalid' effectively clearing the tables in one action. Upon performing the action requested, the device shall SET this object to zero (0). A GET shall always return zero (0).

<Informative> There is no parallel to this object in the replacement design.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.8.6"

```
::= { eventClearObjects 6 }
```

### 16.7.7 Clear Watch Block Table

```
clearWatchBlockTable OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX Integer32 (0..1)
```

```
MAX-ACCESS read-write
```

```
STATUS deprecated
```

```
DESCRIPTION
```

"<Definition>This object commands the device to effectively clear the watch block table. A SET of zero (0) has no effect on the tables. A SET of one (1) shall set the row status object of all rows within watchBlockTable to 'invalid' effectively clearing the table in one action. Upon performing the action requested, the device shall SET this object to zero (0). A GET shall always return zero (0).

<Informative> There is no parallel to this object in the replacement design.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.8.7"

```
::= { eventClearObjects 7 }
```

### 16.7.8 Clear Trap Management Table

```
clearTrapMgmtTable OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX Integer32 (0..1)
```

```
MAX-ACCESS read-write
```

```
STATUS deprecated
```

```
DESCRIPTION
```

"<Definition>This object commands the device to effectively clear the trap management table and, as a consequence, the trap table. A SET of zero (0) has no effect on the tables. A SET of one (1) shall set the row status object of all rows within trapMgmtTable to 'invalid' effectively clearing the table in one action. Upon performing the action requested, the device shall SET this object to zero (0). A GET shall always return zero (0). Note: Because the trapMgmtIndex is also an index of trapTable, this action also effectively removes all rows of the trapTable.

<Informative> There is no parallel to this object in the replacement design.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.8.8"

```
::= { eventClearObjects 8 }
```

## 16.8 COMPLIANCE GROUPS

### 16.8.1 Watch Block Group

```
watchBlockGroupR1 OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS { maxWatchObjects,
            maxWatchBlocks,
            watchID,
            watchStatus,
            watchBlock,
            watchOID,
            watchBlockNumber,
            watchBlockStatus,
            watchBlockDescription,
            watchBlockValue }
  STATUS deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> The objects necessary for managing watch blocks.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.127.2.1"
    ::= {ntcipTrapGroups 1}
```

### 16.8.2 Report Block Group

```
reportBlockGroupR1 OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS { maxReportObjects,
            maxReportBlocks,
            reportID,
            reportStatus,
            reportBlock,
            reportOID,
            reportBlockNumber,
            reportBlockStatus,
            reportBlockDescription,
            reportBlockValue }
  STATUS deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> The objects necessary for managing watch blocks.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.127.2.2"
    ::= {ntcipTrapGroups 2}
```

### 16.8.3 Trap Management Group

```
trapMgmtGroupR1 OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS { trapControl,
            trapData,
            trapMgmtMaxEntries,
            trapMaxAggregationEvents,
            trapMaxAggregationSize,
            trapMgmtManagerIndex,
            trapMgmtManagerPointer,
            trapMgmtCommunityNamePointer,
            trapMgmtApplicationProtocol,
            trapMgmtTransportProtocol,
            trapMgmtPortNum,
            trapMgmtMaxRetries,
            trapMgmtRepeatInterval,
            trapMgmtDelta,
            trapMgmtQueueDepth,
```

```
    trapMgmtLinkStateStatus,  
    trapMgmtAntiStreamRate,  
    trapMgmtErrStatus,  
    trapMgmtLostTraps,  
    trapMgmtRowStatus,  
    trapMgmtSeqNum,  
    trapMgmtSeqNumAck,  
    trapDestEnable,  
    trapMode,  
    trapAggregationTime,  
    trapCounter }  
STATUS      deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> The objects necessary for managing watch blocks.  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.127.2.3"  
 ::= {ntcipTrapGroups 3}
```

#### 16.8.4 Trap Clear Group

```
trapClearGroupR1 OBJECT-GROUP  
  OBJECTS { eventClearClasses,  
            eventClearConfiguration,  
            eventClearLog,  
            clearReportObjects,  
            clearReportBlockTable,  
            clearWatchObjects,  
            clearWatchBlockTable,  
            clearTrapMgmtTable }  
STATUS      deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> The objects necessary for clearing trap-related  
    information.  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.127.2.4"  
 ::= {ntcipTrapGroups 4}
```

#### 16.8.5 Trap Group

```
trapGroupR1 NOTIFICATION-GROUP  
  NOTIFICATIONS { trapEvent }  
STATUS      deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
    "<Definition> The notification necessary for managing traps.  
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.4.127.2.5"  
 ::= {ntcipTrapGroups 5}
```

```
END -- NTCIP1201-NtcipTraps
```

## Section 17 DEPRECATED RECORDING MECHANISM MANAGEMENT INFORMATION BASE (MIB) [NORMATIVE]

The text provided from Section 17.1 through the end of Section 17 (except the headings) constitutes the standard NTCIP1201-RecMech MIB.

**\*\* All objects contained in this MIB are deprecated. \*\***

This MIB is provided to allow SNMPv3 implementations to support backward compatibility with prior versions of NTCIP 1201. Prior versions of NTCIP 1201 were based on SNMPv1, which used the SMIv1 MIB structure. SNMPv3 requires data to be defined in the SMIv2 format. This section defines the official translation of the NTCIP1201-v03 MIB into the SMIv2 format so that there is an unambiguous, standardized definition of how to represent NTCIP 1201 v03 data in an SNMPv3 data packet. For example, using this MIB, a SNMPv3 traffic management system can exchange data with an SNMPv1 device through a proxy agent, as shown in Figure 1. This arrangement allows for secure communications between the traffic management system and the proxy agent while steps can be made to physically secure the connection between the proxy agent and device. This is one way in which systems may choose to migrate to a more secure environment.

While the MIB contained in this section can be used with SNMPv3, doing so does not resolve all known security issues. As a result, the objects contained in this MIB are marked deprecated and notes have been added to indicate either:

- The object(s) that supersede the object with similar functionality, or
- An explanation as to why there is no superseding object.

SNMPv1 implementations should refer to prior versions of NTCIP 1103 for the formal MIB definition. Copies of all versions of NTCIP MIB files are maintained on the NTCIP website.

The following table indicates which object groups and capabilities are required for each version of NTCIP for the objects contained within this MIB.

**Table 15: Compliance Statement for NTCIP1201-Security MIB**

Group	1103 v03
recMechGroupR1	M

### 17.1 HEADER

```
NTCIP1201-RecMech DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
IMPORTS

zeroDotZero, MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, OBJECT-IDENTITY, Counter32,
IpAddress, Opaque
FROM SNMPv2-SMI
-- RFC 2578

MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP
FROM SNMPv2-CONF
-- RFC 2580

ITSOerString
FROM FIELD-DEVICE-TC-MIB
-- ISO 20684-1 Annex A

application
FROM NTCIP8004-Transportation;
```

recMech MODULE-IDENTITY

LAST-UPDATED "202210010000Z"

ORGANIZATION "NTCIP BSP2 WG"

CONTACT-INFO

"name: NTCIP Coordinator

email: ntcip@nema.org

postal: National Electrical Manufacturers Association

1300 North 17th Street, Suite 1752

Rosslyn, Virginia 22209-3801"

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> This MIB defines the SMIV2 representation of the NTCIP1103v0352-recMech MIB, which was defined in NTCIP 1103. This MIB defines objects related to the recording mechanism functions that are found in devices.

This MIB was deprecated in NTCIP 1201 v04 due to security issues in the structure of the MIB. The objects have been replaced by objects in the NTCIP1201v04-recMech MIB.

\*\*\* All objects in this MIB have been deprecated. \*\*\*

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9

Copyright © 1996, 2006, 2022 by the American Association of State

Highway

and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE), and the National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA). All intellectual property rights, including, but not limited to, the rights of reproduction in whole or in part in any form, translation into other languages and display are reserved by the copyright owners under the laws of the United States of America, the Universal Copyright Convention, the Berne Convention, and the International and Pan American Copyright Conventions.

Joint NEMA, AASHTO, and ITE  
NTCIP Management Information Base  
DISTRIBUTION NOTICE

To the extent and in the limited event these materials are distributed by AASHTO/ITE/NEMA in the form of a Management Information Base ("MIB") module, AASHTO/ITE/NEMA extends the permission for users to make and/or distribute unlimited copies of the unedited MIB module, including copies for commercial distribution, provided that each copy made and/or distributed contains this Notice.

The MIB module may be distributed with a companion MIB module that contains one or more invocations of the AGENT-CAPABILITIES macro that specifies the capabilities of a specific implementation. By convention, such a companion MIB module might have the same module name followed by "-", followed the enterprise's Internet Assigned Number Authority (IANA)-assigned enterprise number.

These materials are delivered "AS IS" without any warranties as to their use or performance.

AASHTO/ITE/NEMA AND THEIR SUPPLIERS DO NOT WARRANT THE PERFORMANCE OR RESULTS YOU MAY OBTAIN BY USING THESE MATERIALS. AASHTO/ITE/NEMA AND

THEIR SUPPLIERS MAKE NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO NONINFRINGEMENT OF THIRD-PARTY RIGHTS, MERCHANTABILITY, OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE. IN NO EVENT WILL AASHTO, ITE OR NEMA OR THEIR SUPPLIERS BE LIABLE TO YOU OR ANY THIRD PARTY FOR ANY CLAIM OR FOR ANY CONSEQUENTIAL, INCIDENTAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES, INCLUDING ANY LOST PROFITS OR LOST SAVINGS, ARISING FROM YOUR REPRODUCTION OR USE OF THESE MATERIALS, EVEN IF AN AASHTO, ITE, OR NEMA REPRESENTATIVE HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. Some states or jurisdictions do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental, consequential or special damages, or the exclusion of implied warranties, so the above limitations may not apply to you.

Use of these materials does not constitute an endorsement or affiliation by or between AASHTO, ITE, or NEMA and you, your company, or your products and services.

```
NTCIP is a trademark of AASHTO/ITE/NEMA."
REVISION "202210010000Z"
DESCRIPTION
  "NTCIP 1201 v04 - Upgraded format to SMIV2 and deprecated all objects."
REVISION "201612310000Z"
DESCRIPTION
  "NTCIP 1103 v03 - Original version of this MIB."
::= { application 9 }
```

## 17.2 OBJECT IDENTITIES

### 17.2.1 Recording Mechanism Conformance Node

```
recMechConformance OBJECT-IDENTITY
  STATUS deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> This node is an identifier used to manage the high-
      resolution recording mechanism.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.127"
  ::= { recMech 127 }
```

```
recMechCompliances OBJECT-IDENTITY
  STATUS deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> This node is an identifier used to manage the high-
      resolution recording mechanism.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.127.1"
  ::= { recMechConformance 1 }
```

```
recMechGroups OBJECT-IDENTITY
  STATUS deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> This node is an identifier used to manage the high-
      resolution recording mechanism.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.127.2"
  ::= { recMechConformance 2 }
```

## 17.3 OBJECTS

```
-- NOTE--The recording mechanism class table is presented first to ease
-- the readability of the standard.
```



### 17.3.1 Maximum Recording Mechanism Classes Parameter

```
maxRecClasses OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..254)
  UNITS       "RecClasses"
  MAX-ACCESS  read-only
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> The object defines the number of rows in the recClassTable
      that this device supports. This is a static table.
    <Informative> The recClassTable has been replaced with a dynamic table,
      which does not require an object indicating the maximum number of rows.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.1"
 ::= { recMech 1 }
```

### 17.3.2 Recording Mechanism Class Table

```
recClassTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      SEQUENCE OF RecClassEntry
  MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition>This table is used to configure recording mechanism
      limits and recording table maintenance.
    <TableType> static
    <Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2ClassTable
    <Informative> The replacement table is dynamic.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.2"
 ::= { recMech 2 }
```

```
recClassEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      RecClassEntry
  MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition>This object defines a row in the Recording Mechanism
      Class Table
    <Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2ClassEntry
    <Informative> The replacement table has a dual index consisting of
      an owner and a name, both SnmpAdminStrings. The table also adds
      columns for StorageType and RowStatus.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.2.1"
  INDEX { recClassNumber }
 ::= { recClassTable 1 }
```

```
RecClassEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
  recClassNumber      Integer32,
  recClassLimit       Integer32,
  recClassClearTime   Unsigned32,
  recClassDescription OCTET STRING,
  recClassNumRecordings Integer32,
  recClassRecordingCounter Integer32 }
```

#### 17.3.2.1 Recording Mechanism Class Number Parameter

```
recClassNumber OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..254)
  MAX-ACCESS  read-only
  STATUS      deprecated
```

DESCRIPTION

```
"<Definition>This is a class value that is to be configured.
<Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2ClassName
<Informative> The replacement object is an SnmpAdminString.
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.2.1.1"
::= { recClassEntry 1 }
```

### 17.3.2.2 Recording Mechanism Class Limit Parameter

recClassLimit OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX      Integer32 (0..254)
UNITS       "recordings"
MAX-ACCESS  read-write
STATUS      deprecated
```

DESCRIPTION

```
"<Definition>This object specifies the maximum number of
recordings of the associated class to store in the device. Once
the limit is reached, the oldest recording of the matching class (based
on recordingTriggerTime) is overwritten by any new recording of the
same class. If the value of this object is set to a number
smaller than the current number of rows within this class
in the recRecordingTable, then the oldest entries shall be
lost/deleted. The sum of all recording mechanism class limits shall
not exceed the maxRecRecordings object; if a SET operation to
this object causes the sum of recClassLimit objects to
exceed maxRecRecordings, then the agent shall respond with
a genErr.
The recording cannot be logged if the recClass has an
recClassLimit of zero (0).
<Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2ClassSizeLimit
<Informative> The replacement object defines a maximum size in octets
rather than the number of recordings.
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.2.1.2"
::= { recClassEntry 2 }
```

### 17.3.2.3 Recording Mechanism Class Clear Time Parameter

recClassClearTime OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX      Unsigned32
UNITS       "seconds"
MAX-ACCESS  read-write
STATUS      deprecated
```

DESCRIPTION

```
"<Definition>This object is used to clear multiple recordings from the
recRecordingTable. All completed recordings of this class that have a
recRecordingTriggerTime equal to or less than this object shall be
cleared from the recRecordingTable. If this object has a value greater
than the current value of globalTime, it shall prevent the triggering
of any recordings of this class.
<Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2ClassClearDate &
recMechV2ClassClearTime
<Informative> The SMIV1 syntax for this object was Counter; however, by
convention, an SNMPv1 Counter is not writable and SNMPv3 prohibits set
operations. The syntax SMIV2 syntax for this object has been updated to
Unsigned32 to avoid this conflict.
The superseding objects provide a date/time pair.
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.2.1.3"
DEFVAL {0}
```

```
::= { recClassEntry 3 }
```

#### 17.3.2.4 Recording Mechanism Class Description Parameter

```
recClassDescription OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      OCTET STRING
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition>This object specifies a description of the class in ASCII
        characters.
        <Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2ClassDescription
        <Informative> The replacement object uses a syntax of SnmpAdminString
        to clearly indicate that this should be readable text in any
        language.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.2.1.4"
::= { recClassEntry 4 }
```

#### 17.3.2.5 Recording Mechanism Class Number of Rows in Recording Table Parameter

```
recClassNumRecordings OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (0..255)
    UNITS      "recordings"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition>The number of recordings for this class that currently
        exist in the recRecordingTable.
        <Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2ClassNumRecordings
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.2.1.5"
::= { recClassEntry 5 }
```

#### 17.3.2.6 Class Recording Counter Parameter

```
recClassRecordingCounter OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (0..65535)
    UNITS      "recordings"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> This object is a counter that gets incremented
        every time a recording occurs for this class; it shall
        initialize to zero at power up. The value shall roll over
        each time it exceeds the maximum of 65535.
        <Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2ClassRecordingCtr
        <Informative> The replacement object has a syntax of
        ZeroBasedCounter32.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.2.1.6"
::= { recClassEntry 6 }
```

#### 17.3.3 Maximum Recording Configurations

```
maxRecConfigs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..65534)
    UNITS      "RecordType"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition>The number of rows that exist in the static
```

recMechV2RecordingConfig table for this device.  
<Informative> The recMechV2RecordingConfigTable has been replaced with a dynamic table, which does not require an object indicating the maximum number of rows.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.3"  
 ::= { recMech 3}

#### 17.3.4 Minimum Recording Sample Period

recMinSamplePeriod OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32 (1..65535)  
UNITS "0.1 milliseconds"  
MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
 "<Definition> The minimum sample period for recordings supported by the device in units of 0.1 milliseconds.  
<Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechMinSamplePeriod  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.4"  
 ::= { recMech 4}

#### 17.3.5 Maximum Recording Sample Period

recMaxSamplePeriod OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32 (1..65535)  
UNITS "0.1 milliseconds"  
MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
 "<Definition>The maximum sample period for recordings supported by the device in units of 0.1 milliseconds.  
<Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechMaxSamplePeriod  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.5"  
 ::= { recMech 5}

#### 17.3.6 Recording Sample Period Resolution

recSamplePeriodResolution OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32 (1..65535)  
UNITS "0.1 milliseconds"  
MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
 "<Definition>The sample period resolution for recordings supported by the device in units of 0.1 milliseconds. Allowable sample periods are restricted to (recMinSamplePeriod + recSamplePeriodResolution \* n) where n is integer, 0 <= n, and  
 n <= (recMaxSamplePeriod-recMinSamplePeriod)/recSamplePeriodResolution  
<Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2SamplePeriodResolution  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.6"  
 ::= { recMech 6}

#### 17.3.7 Recording Configuration Table

recConfigTable OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF RecConfigEntry  
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION

```
"<Definition>A table containing Recording Mechanism Configuration
  information. The number of rows in this table is equal to
  the maxRecConfigs object. This table defines the
  parameters that the device monitors to create a recording.
<TableType> static
<Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2FactoryTable &
  COND-TRIGGER-MIB.fdCondTriggerTable (ISO 20684-3)
<Informative> The replacement design divides the recConfigTable into
  two tables: one that defines triggers that can be used to start
  recordings or other actions and a second table that defines what to
  record when the recording action is triggered.
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.7"
::= { recMech 7 }
```

recConfigEntry OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX RecConfigEntry  
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
"<Definition>This object defines an entry in the recording configuration  
table.  
<Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2FactoryEntry &  
COND-TRIGGER-MIB.fdCondTriggerEntry (ISO 20684-3)  
<Informative> The replacement trigger table has two indicies: an owner  
and a name. The replacement recording factory table has three  
indicies, an owner, the class name, and the factory name.  
In addition to the other changes described, the trigger table  
adds the following columns:

- a textual description of the trigger
- an indication whether the comparison is based on the current  
object value or a delta from its previous reading
- an octet-based comparison value since SNMPv3 discourages the use of  
Opaque
- a wildcard that allows defining the same condition on  
multiple comparison OIDs (e.g., all rows of a table)
- indications of the target and context of the comparison object;  
in other words, the comparison can be performed by a proxy agent  
or can reference another device to get the object value to compare  
against
- the frequency at which the comparison is made
- a truthDuration that allows the configuration to require the  
evaluation to be true for some length of time prior to firing the  
trigger.
- startup states that define whether the triggers startup in a fired  
or unfired state (for hysteresis, there are two startups)
- a pointer to the action table that identifies the action(s) to be  
performed.
- an error message object that allows a device to report  
configuration errors.
- counters for the number of times the trigger has fired, had  
evaluation errors, and activation errors.
- an indication of the type of storage to use
- a RowStatus object.

The recMech factory table adds the following columns:

- the security data used to activate the row and that will be used  
to retrieve values for the recording
- object contexts, which allows a proxy/hrbrid agent to capture

```
        information from another context
        - A StorageType object
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.7.1"
INDEX { recConfigID }
::= { recConfigTable 1 }
```

```
RecConfigEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    recConfigID          Integer32,
    recConfigClass      Integer32,
    recConfigMode       INTEGER,
    recConfigCompareValue Integer32,
    recConfigCompareValue2 Integer32,
    recConfigCompareOID OBJECT IDENTIFIER,
    recConfigRecordOID  OBJECT IDENTIFIER,
    recConfigTriggerPoint Integer32,
    recConfigSamplePeriod Integer32,
    recConfigSampleOID  OBJECT IDENTIFIER,
    recConfigNumEntries Integer32,
    recConfigAction     INTEGER,
    recConfigStatus     INTEGER }
```

### 17.3.7.1 Recording Configuration ID Parameter

```
recConfigID OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..65534)
MAX-ACCESS  read-only
STATUS      deprecated
DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition>This object contains the row number which is
    used to identify the recording associated with this row in the
    recConfigTable. The number of recording configuration IDs shall
    not exceed the value indicated in the maxRecConfigs object.
    <Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2FactoryName
    <Informative> The replacement object is an SnmpAdminString
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.7.1.1"
::= { recConfigEntry 1 }
```

### 17.3.7.2 Recording Configuration Class Parameter

```
recConfigClass OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..254)
MAX-ACCESS  read-write
STATUS      deprecated
DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> This object contains the class value to assign
    to the recording associated with this row in the recording
    configuration table. This value is used in the recording
    table to organize various recordings defined in this table into
    logical groupings. This value shall not exceed the
    maxRecClasses object value.

    NOTE-A recording cannot be recorded if the RecClass has an
    recClassLimit of zero (0).
    <Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2ClassName
    <Informative> The replacement object is an index for the table
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.7.1.2"
    DEFVAL {1}
::= { recConfigEntry 2 }
```

### 17.3.7.3 Recording Configuration Mode Parameter

recConfigMode OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX      INTEGER { other (1),
                    onChange (2),
                    greaterThanValue (3),
                    smallerThanValue (4),
                    hysteresisBound (5),
                    periodic (6),
                    andedWithValue (7) }
```

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition>This object specifies the mode of operation for this recording. The modes are defined as follows:

Value	Description
other	the recording mode of operation is not described in this standard, refer to the device manual.
onChange	trigger a recording when the object value referenced by recConfigCompareOID changes. The values of recConfigCompareValue and recConfigCompareValue2 are ignored in this mode.
greaterThanValue	trigger a recording when the object value referenced by recConfigCompareOID becomes greater than the value of recConfigCompareValue for the time (tenth seconds) defined by recConfigCompareValue2 (zero means immediate logging).
smallerThanValue	trigger a recording when the object value referenced by recConfigCompareOID becomes less than the value of recConfigCompareValue for the time (tenth seconds) defined by recConfigCompareValue2 (zero means immediate logging).
hysteresisBound	trigger a recording when the object value referenced by recConfigCompareOID becomes less than or greater than the bound values. The lowerbound value is the lower value of recConfigCompareValue and recConfigCompareValue2; the upperbound value is the higher value of the two values.

When the object value becomes greater than the upper bound value, subsequent triggering of upperbound conditions shall not occur until the object value becomes less than the lower bound value.

When the object value becomes less than the lower bound value, subsequent triggering of lowerbound conditions shall not occur

```

                                until the object value becomes greater
                                than the upper bound value.
periodic                        trigger a recording every x seconds, where
                                x is defined by the value stored in
                                recConfigCompareValue. The values stored
                                in recConfigCompareValue2 and
                                recConfigCompareOID are ignored in this
                                mode.
andedWithValue                  trigger a recording when the object value
                                referenced by recConfigCompareOID ANDED
                                with the value of recConfigCompareValue
                                is NOT equal to zero for the time (tenth
                                seconds) defined by recConfigCompareValue2
                                (zero means immediate logging). This allows
                                monitoring of a specific bit; the condition
                                becomes true anytime that any one of the
                                selected bits become true.
<Superseded by> COND-TRIGGER-MIB.fCondTriggerMode (ISO 20684-3)
<Informative> The replacement object adds the following modes:
    equal, notEqual, creation, deletion. It also distinguishes between
    an integer-based and octet-string-based bitwise comparison, which is
    required due to the elimination of Opaque.
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.7.1.3"
DEFVAL { onChange }
 ::= { recConfigEntry 3 }
```

#### 17.3.7.4 Recording Configuration Compare Value Parameter

```
recConfigCompareValue OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition>This object contains the comparison value to
        use with recConfigMode values (greaterThanValue,
        smallerThanValue, hysteresisBound ). No value within this
        object is necessary when the recConfigMode-object has the
        value onChange (2).
        <Superseded by> COND-TRIGGER-MIB.fCondTriggerValue (ISO 20684-3)
        <Informative> The value is a signed, 4-octet integer
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.7.1.4"
    DEFVAL {0}
 ::= { recConfigEntry 4 }
```

#### 17.3.7.5 Recording Configuration Compare Value 2 Parameter

```
recConfigCompareValue2 OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition>If the recConfigMode is set to
        hysteresisBound, this object specifies the second comparison
        value for the hysteresis. If the recConfigMode is set to
        greaterThanValue, smallerThanValue, or andedWithValue, this
        object specifies the time (in tenth of seconds, +1 tenth / -0
        tenths) for which the samples used for comparison are
        true prior to the triggering condition becoming true. If the
```



recConfigMode is set to onChange or periodic, the value of this object shall be ignored.

The amount of time the condition istrue is measured in tenths of a second. The accuracy of this timer is limited to +1 tenth of a second and -0 tenths of a second. If the trigger is true for at least the time shown in this parameter +1 tenth of a second, the condition shall trigger a recording. It is recognized that some designs only sample the condition periodically, in which case the condition is deemed true for at least the time indicated by this object before the trigger becomes true and the trigger shall always become true if the condition is true for a duration equal to the value shown in this object plus 1 tenth of a second.

<Superseded by> COND-TRIGGER-MIB.fdCondTriggerValue2 (ISO 20684-3)

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.7.1.5"

DEFVAL {0}

::= { recConfigEntry 5 }

### 17.3.7.6 Recording Configuration Compare Object Identifier Parameter

recConfigCompareOID OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX OBJECT IDENTIFIER

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> This object contains the object identifier which references the value against which the comparison is made. If the recConfigMode is set to periodic, the value of this object shall be ignored. If the recConfigMode is set to greaterThanValue, smallerThanValue or hysteresisBound, this object is required to reference an object whose SYNTAX resolves to a ranged or unranged INTEGER. As with all other objects that are sub-ranged by a given implementation, an agent should return a badValue error if it receives a set command indicating a OID which is not supported by the implementation or which is not zeroDotZero.

<Superseded by> COND-TRIGGER-MIB.fdCondTriggerObject (ISO 20684-3)

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.7.1.6"

DEFVAL { zeroDotZero }

::= { recConfigEntry 6 }

### 17.3.7.7 Recording Configuration Record Object Identifier Parameter

recConfigRecordOID OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX OBJECT IDENTIFIER

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition>This object contains the object identifier which indicates what value to record in a recording (e.g., signal states). As with all other objects that are sub-ranged by a given implementation, an agent should return a badValue error if it receives a set command indicating a value which is not supported by the implementation. The valid value range of this object shall not include any values, other than zeroDotZero, that do not correspond to objects that may exist within the agent, although it may be further restricted.

The valid value range of this object shall not include objects under the following nodes:

Security - { nema transportation devices global security }  
CHAP - { nema transportation protocols layers chap }

<Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2FactorySampleOID  
<Informative> The replacement object does not constrain values other than requiring the user to have rights to access the parameter when configuring and when sampling.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.7.1.7"

DEFVAL { zeroDotZero }

::= { recConfigEntry 7 }

### 17.3.7.8 Recording Configuration Trigger Point Parameter

recConfigTriggerPoint OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32 (0..100)

UNITS "percent"

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> This object contains the value of the recording trigger point in percent relative to the recConfigNumEntries. The device needs to collect pre-event records prior to the trigger occurring and ends the recording after recConfigNumEntries have been recorded. A value of zero (0) means to start the recording once the trigger condition occurs whereas a value of 100 means to stop the recording with the last record being the one collected immediately following the trigger condition occurring. If the trigger point is less than 100 then at least one record entry needs to occur after the trigger point.

<Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2FactoryPreSamples

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.7.1.8"

DEFVAL {80}

::= { recConfigEntry 8 }

### 17.3.7.9 Recording Configuration Sample Period Parameter

recConfigSamplePeriod OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32 (0..65535)

UNITS "0.1 milliseconds"

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> This object contains the sample period for recordings collected at specified by this configuration. The sample period is expressed in units of 0.1 milliseconds. Allowable sample periods are restricted to a value of zero (0) or

$(\text{recMinSamplePeriod} + \text{recSamplePeriodResolution} * n)$

where  $n$  is integer,  $0 \leq n$ , and

$n \leq (\text{recMaxSamplePeriod} - \text{recMinSamplePeriod}) / \text{recSamplePeriodResolution}$

If the value is zero (0), then the samples are not collected on a periodic basis, but rather a new sample is collected whenever the value of the object specified by recConfigSampleOID changes (i.e. similar to event log 'on-change' mode). A set to any other value results in a badValue response.

<Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2FactorySamplePeriod

```

    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.7.1.9"
    DEFVAL {1000}
 ::= { recConfigEntry 9 }

```

### 17.3.7.10 Recording Configuration Sample OID Parameter

```

recConfigSampleOID OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      OBJECT IDENTIFIER
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> This object contains the object identifier
        which references the value against which the 'on-change'
        comparison is made. If recConfigSamplePeriod is non-zero,
        then the value of this object shall be ignored. As
        with all other objects that are sub-ranged by a given
        implementation, an agent should return a badValue error if
        it receives a set command indicating a OID which is not
        supported by the implementation or which is not zeroDotZero.
        <Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2FactoryMonitorOID
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.7.1.10"
    DEFVAL { zeroDotZero }
 ::= { recConfigEntry 10 }

```

### 17.3.7.11 Recording Configuration Number Entries Parameter

```

recConfigNumEntries OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (0..4095)
    UNITS      "records"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> This object contains the maximum number of
        records in a recording defined by this configuration. A
        recording which collects its full amount of pre-events and
        post events creates a recording of this number of entries.
        If this object is zero (0), then no recordings are created
        based on this configuration.

        Note: If one wants to use block objects to retrieve a recording,
        then one should consider that block starting index value is limited to
        the range 00..255, and the number of entries above 255 is dependent on
        the size of the recEntry and packet size limitations.

        <Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2FactorySampleLimit
        <Informative> The replacement object has a syntax of ITSUnsigned16.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.7.1.11"
    DEFVAL {100}
 ::= { recConfigEntry 11 }

```

### 17.3.7.12 Recording Configuration Action Parameter

```

recConfigAction OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      INTEGER { other (1),
                        disabled (2),
                        record (3) }
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition>The value of this object indicates what action

```

shall take place when this configuration is triggered.  
other - indicates that the action is other than defined  
in this standard.  
disabled - no recording is created due to this configuration.  
record - a recording is created in the recording table  
when this configuration is triggered.  
<Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2FactoryRowStatus  
<Informative> The replacement table is dynamic.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.7.1.12"  
DEFVAL {disabled}  
::= { recConfigEntry 12 }

### 17.3.7.13 Recording Configuration Status Parameter

recConfigStatus OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX INTEGER { other (1),  
disabled (2),  
record (3),  
error (4) }  
MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
"<Definition>The value of this object indicates the current  
status of the configured recording. Upon setting any object in  
this row of the recConfigTable, the agent determines if the setting  
is valid, and sets this object to one of the following states:  
other indicates that the action is successfully set to  
a mode other than that defined in this standard  
disabled indicates that the action is set to disabled  
record indicates that the action is successfully set to  
the record state after passing consistency checks.  
error indicates that the requested action could not be  
implemented due to a consistency check  
<Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2FactoryRowStatus  
<Informative> The replacement table is dynamic.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.7.1.13"  
::= { recConfigEntry 13 }

### 17.3.8 Maximum Recordings Parameter

maxRecordings OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32 (1..65534)  
UNITS "records"  
MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION  
"<Definition>The maximum, fixed number of rows that can be  
used within the recRecordingTable.  
<Informative> The replacement for recRecordingTable is not associated  
with an explicit row limitation just a size limitation given by  
recMechV2ClassTableSizeLimit and adminRecMechSizeLimit.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.8"  
::= { recMech 8}

### 17.3.9 Recording Table

recRecordingTable OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF RecRecordingEntry  
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

```
STATUS      deprecated
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition>A table containing information about Recordings both
    completed and in process. A request for an object from a row that has
    not been instantiated or has been cleared shall return a noSuchName
    error.
  <TableType> dynamic
  <Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2RecordingTable
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.9"
::= { recMech 9 }

recRecordingEntry OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      RecRecordingEntry
MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
STATUS      deprecated
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition>This object defines an entry in the recording table
  <Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2RecordingEntry
  <Informative> The index for the replacement table has a preceding
    owner column. It also has a delete column that allows for the deletion
    of the recording, including all of its samples.
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.9.1"
  INDEX { recordingClass, recordingNumber }
::= { recRecordingTable 1 }

RecRecordingEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
  recordingClass      Integer32,
  recordingNumber    Integer32,
  recordingID        Integer32,
  recordingConfigID  Integer32,
  recordingTriggerTime OCTET STRING,
  recordingStatus     INTEGER,
  recordingTriggerRecNum Integer32,
  recordingNumEntries Integer32 }

```

### 17.3.9.1 Recording Class Parameter

```
recordingClass OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..254)
MAX-ACCESS  read-only
STATUS      deprecated
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition>This object contains the class of the associated
    recording as defined in the recConfigTable.
  <Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2ClassName
  <Informative> The syntax of the replacement object is SnmpAdminString.
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.9.1.1"
::= { recRecordingEntry 1 }

```

### 17.3.9.2 Recording Number Parameter

```
recordingNumber OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..254)
MAX-ACCESS  read-only
STATUS      deprecated
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition>The recording number within this class for this
    recording. Recording numbers shall be assigned starting at 1 and

```

shall increase to the value specified by the associated recClassLimit for the class associated with the rows. Recordings shall maintain a chronological ordering in the table, based on their recordingTriggerTime value, with the oldest recording of a class occupying the row with recordingNumber = 1, and subsequent recordings filling subsequent rows. This ordering shall be maintained for those rows still remaining when recordings are cleared.

<Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2RecordingIndex

<Informative> The syntax of the replacement object is ITSPositive16. The replacement table does not attempt to keep the oldest entry in slot one; clearance of rows is based on overall size rather than number of entries, which makes this type of row management more difficult - but since row numbers do not change, managers can keep track of the last row number retrieved and decrease the probability of missing a recording. A manager can also use a get-next operation to discover where the rows start in the table.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.9.1.2"

::= { recRecordingEntry 2 }

### 17.3.9.3 Recording ID Parameter

recordingID OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32 (1..65534)

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition>This object contains the recording ID that is used as an index into recording entries table (recEntriesTable) when accessing record entries that belong to this recording. The recording ID is assigned to a recording upon creation of its first record entry and does not change throughout the life of the recording. The recording IDs are not necessarily assigned sequentially.

<Informative> The replacement for the recEntriesTable uses the four indices owner, class name, recording ID, and sample number rather than using a single identifier to join class name and recording.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.9.1.3"

::= { recRecordingEntry 3 }

### 17.3.9.4 Recording Configuration ID Parameter

recordingConfigID OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32 (1..65535)

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"<Definition>This object contains the recording configuration ID (from the recConfigTable) that caused this table entry. It indicates the row in the recConfig table responsible for this recording entry.

<Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2RecordingTrigger

<Informative> The syntax of the replacement object is SnmpAdminString.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.9.1.4"

::= { recRecordingEntry 4 }

### 17.3.9.5 Recording Trigger Time Parameter

recordingTriggerTime OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX OCTET STRING

MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION

"<Definition> The time that the recording was triggered at. This object consists of a string of six (6) octets. The first four (4) octets reflect the value of globalTime when the recording was triggered. The last two (2) octets reflect the time in milliseconds the trigger occurred after the start of the second. The recording shall be detected and timestamped within one recSamplePeriodResolution unit of time from the recording being triggered.

<Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2RecordingDate & recMechV2RecordingTime

<Informative> The replacement objects conform to the new date/time formats.

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.9.1.5"

::= { recRecordingEntry 5 }

### 17.3.9.6 Recording Status Parameter

recordingStatus OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX INTEGER { available (1),  
preevent (2),  
triggered (3),  
complete (4) }

MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION

"<Definition>The value of this object reflects the state of the recording located in this row.

<Format>

Value	Description
available	this row is available for a new recording to be initiated for this recording class. When a recording is cleared, the value is set to available
preevent	the recording defined by recConfigID is collecting pre-event record entries. Note: If the trigger point is set to zero (0) percent or the trigger condition is already satisfied when the recConfigID is configured, then the value transitions straight from available to triggered.
triggered	the recording defined by recConfigID has triggered and is now collecting post event records. If the trigger point was set to 100 percent, then the value transitions straight from preevent to complete. If a recording was triggered and the device experienced a power failure, then upon power restoration it shall change the value to complete. Triggered recordings shall survive a power outage.
complete	the recording defined by recConfigID is now complete (i.e. collected all of its post events) and ready for retrieval. Completed recordings shall survive a power outage.

<Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2RecordingStatus

<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.9.1.6"

::= { recRecordingEntry 6 }

### 17.3.9.7 Recording Trigger Record Number Parameter

recordingTriggerRecNum OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32 (0..65535)  
MAX-ACCESS read-only

```
STATUS      deprecated
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition>This object contains the record entry number of the
    trigger record entry. A value of zero (0) means that the recording has
    not triggered yet.
  <Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2RecordingTriggerSample
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.9.1.7"
 ::= { recRecordingEntry 7 }
```

### 17.3.9.8 Number of Entries in Recording Parameter

```
recordingNumEntries OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      Integer32 (0..65535)
UNITS       "entries"
MAX-ACCESS  read-only
STATUS      deprecated
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition>The current number of recording entries in this recording. A
    value of zero (0) is only valid if the recording is available for use.

    Note: A completed recording does not always have recConfigNumEntries
    record entries in it.
  <Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2RecordingNumSamples
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.9.1.8"
 ::= { recRecordingEntry 8 }
```

### 17.3.10 Maximum Recording Entries Parameter

```
maxRecEntries OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..65535)
UNITS       "records"
MAX-ACCESS  read-only
STATUS      deprecated
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition>The maximum, fixed number of rows that can be
    used within the recEntriesTable.
  <Informative> The replacement for recEntriesTable is not associated
    with an explicit row limitation just a size limitation given by
    recMechV2ClassTableSizeLimit and adminRecMechSizeLimit.
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.10"
 ::= { recMech 10}
```

### 17.3.11 Recording EntriesTable

```
recEntriesTable OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      SEQUENCE OF RecEntry
MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
STATUS      deprecated
DESCRIPTION
  "<Definition>A table containing the discrete Recording entry records.
    A request for an object from a row that has not been
    instantiated or has been cleared shall return a noSuchName
    error.
  <TableType> dynamic
  <Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2SampleTable
  <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.11"
 ::= { recMech 11 }
```

```
recEntry OBJECT-TYPE
```



SYNTAX RecEntry  
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION

"<Definition>This object defines an entry in the recording entry table. All entries within a recording shall be ordered chronologically from oldest to newest.  
<Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2SampleEntry  
<Informative> The index for the replacement table uses four fields: owner, class, recording, and sample.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.11.1"

INDEX { recordingID, recEntryNumber }  
::= { recEntriesTable 1 }

RecEntry ::= SEQUENCE {  
    recEntryNumber Integer32,  
    recSampleTime OCTET STRING,  
    recValue Opaque }

### 17.3.11.1 Record Entry Number Parameter

recEntryNumber OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32 (0..65535)  
MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION

"<Definition>The entry number within this recording for this record. Entry numbers shall be assigned starting at 1 and shall increase up to the value specified by the associated recConfigNumEntries. A value of zero indicates that the row is unused (cleared).  
<Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2SampleNum  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.11.1.1"

::= { recEntry 1 }

### 17.3.11.2 Record Entry Sample Time Parameter

recSampleTime OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX OCTET STRING  
MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS deprecated  
DESCRIPTION

"<Definition>The time that the record entry was sampled at. This object consists of a string of six (6) octets. The first four (4) octets reflect the value of controllerLocalTime when the entry was sampled. The last two (2) octets reflect the time in milliseconds the sample occurred after the start of the second. The entry shall be collected within one recSamplePeriodResolution unit of time from the sample being triggered and timestamped with the time of collection  
<Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2SampleTime  
<Informative> The syntax for the replacement object is ITSDailyTimeStamp, which does not provide the date. However, the date is provided in the Trigger time. Assuming the sample period is relatively short, this should not cause a problem. For recordings with many samples and/or long sample intervals, the date can be calculated - with the one exception of on change sampling for rare events.  
owner, class, recording, and sample.  
<Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.11.1.2"

```
::= { recEntry 2 }
```

### 17.3.11.3 Record Entry Value Parameter

```
recValue OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Opaque
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition>The value of this object is set to the BER
        encoding of the value referenced by the recConfigRecordOID
        of the associated recordingConfigID when the entry was collected.
        Its length is variable. The value shall not contain any padding
        characters either before or after the values.
        NOTE - Opaque objects are doubly wrapped. For SNMP
        operations, which use BER, this would be {type, length,
        {type, length, value}}. For example, a zero-length octet
        string, would be encoded in BER as 0x44 02 04 00. For STMP
        or SFMP operations, which use OER, this would be { length,
        {type, length, value}}. For example, the same example would
        be encoded in OER as 0x02 04 00.
        <Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2SampleValue
        <Informative> The syntax of the replacement object is ITSOerString.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.11.1.3"
::= { recEntry 3 }
```

### 17.3.12 Total Recordings Counter Parameter

```
numRecordings OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (0..65535)
    UNITS       "recordings"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition> This object is a counter that gets incremented
        every time a recording is completed and shall initialize to zero
        at power up. The value shall roll over each time it exceeds
        the maximum of 65535.
        <Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2OwnerRecordingCtr &
        adminRecMechV2RecordingCtr
        <Informative> The syntax of the replacement objects is
        ZeroBasedCounter32.
        <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.12"
::= { recMech 12 }
```

### 17.3.13 Clear Recording Classes

```
recClearClasses OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (0..255)
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write
    STATUS      deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
        "<Definition>This object commands the device to clear a recording
        class from recClassTable. A SET of zero has no effect on any
        recording classes. A SET = n, n <= maxRecClasses, shall cause
        recClassNumber = n to be deleted from the recClassTable and all
        related recording configurations, their recordings, their recording
        entries, their recording activities shall be deleted from the
        recConfigTable, recRecordingTable,
```

and recEntriesTable respectively. A SET of 255 shall cause all entries in the recClassTable, recConfigTable, recRecordingTable, and recEntriesTable to be deleted.

Upon performing the action requested, the device shall SET this object to zero (0). A GET shall always return zero (0).  
 <Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2ClassRowStatus, recMechV2OwnerClearAllClasses, & adminRecMechClearAllClasses  
 <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.13"  
 ::= { recMech 13 }

### 17.3.14 Clear Recording Configurations

recClearConfigurations OBJECT-TYPE  
 SYNTAX Integer32 (0..65535)  
 MAX-ACCESS read-write  
 STATUS deprecated  
 DESCRIPTION  
 "<Definition>This object commands the device to clear a recording configuration from the recConfigTable. A SET of zero has no effect on any recording configurations. A SET = n, n <= maxRecConfigs, shall cause recConfigID = n to be deleted from the recRecordingTable and all related recordings, their recording entries, and their recording activities shall be deleted from the recRecordingTable and recEntriesTable respectively. A SET of n = 65535 shall cause all entries in the recConfigTable, recRecordingTable, and recEntriesTable to be deleted. Upon performing the action requested, the device shall SET this object to zero (0). A GET shall always return zero (0).  
 <Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2FactoryRowStatus, recMechV2OwnerClearAllFactories, adminRecMechClearAllFactories, COND\_NOTIFICATIONS-MIB.fdCondTriggerRowStatus (ISO 20684-3)  
 <Informative> There is not a clear all for the conditional trigger.  
 <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.14"  
 ::= { recMech 14 }

### 17.3.15 Clear Recording Data

recClearRecordingData OBJECT-TYPE  
 SYNTAX Integer32 (0..65535)  
 MAX-ACCESS read-write  
 STATUS deprecated  
 DESCRIPTION  
 "<Definition>This object commands the device to clear a recording from the recRecordingTable and recEntriesTable.  
 A SET of zero has no effect on any recordings. A SET = n, n <= maxRecordings, shall cause recRecordingID = n to be deleted from the recRecordingTable and all record entries related to the recording to be deleted from recEntriesTable. A SET of n = 65535 shall cause all entries in both the recRecordingTable and recEntriesTable to be deleted.  
  
 Note: a device shall immediately start collecting new pre-event records for all active recording configurations.  
  
 Upon performing the action requested, the device shall SET this object to zero (0). A GET shall always return zero (0).  
 <Superseded by> NTCIP1201-RecMechV2.recMechV2RecordingDelete,

```
    recMechV2OwnerClearAllRecordings, & adminRecMechClearAllRecordings
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.15"
 ::= { recMech 15 }
```

## 17.4 COMPLIANCE GROUPS

### 17.4.1 Watch Block Group

```
recMechGroupR1 OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS { maxRecClasses,
            recClassNumber,
            recClassLimit,
            recClassClearTime,
            recClassDescription,
            recClassNumRecordings,
            recClassRecordingCounter,
            maxRecConfigs,
            recMinSamplePeriod,
            recMaxSamplePeriod,
            recSamplePeriodResolution,
            recConfigID,
            recConfigClass,
            recConfigMode,
            recConfigCompareValue,
            recConfigCompareValue2,
            recConfigCompareOID,
            recConfigRecordOID,
            recConfigTriggerPoint,
            recConfigSamplePeriod,
            recConfigSampleOID,
            recConfigNumEntries,
            recConfigAction,
            recConfigStatus,
            maxRecordings,
            recordingClass,
            recordingNumber,
            recordingID,
            recordingConfigID,
            recordingTriggerTime,
            recordingStatus,
            recordingTriggerRecNum,
            recordingNumEntries,
            maxRecEntries,
            recEntryNumber,
            recSampleTime,
            recValue,
            numRecordings,
            recClearClasses,
            recClearConfigurations,
            recClearRecordingData }
  STATUS      deprecated
  DESCRIPTION
    "<Definition> The objects necessary for managing the high-resolution data
    recording mechanism.
    <Object Identifier> 1.3.6.1.4.1.1206.4.1.1.7.9.127.2.1"
 ::= {recMechGroups 1}
END -- NTCIP1201-RechMech
```

## **Annex A**

### **CONCEPT OF OPERATIONS**

#### **[NORMATIVE]**

Annex A provides examples of how a management station may interface with a device complying with NTCIP 1201. Any device claiming conformance to the current NTCIP 1201 features (download transaction or recording mechanism) shall support the exchanges as shown. However, the flexible design of the NTCIP protocols allows a large number of other possibilities, and these figures do not limit any other requirements of NTCIP standards. These diagrams promote a common understanding of how systems may be designed to increase the likelihood of interchangeability in deployed systems.

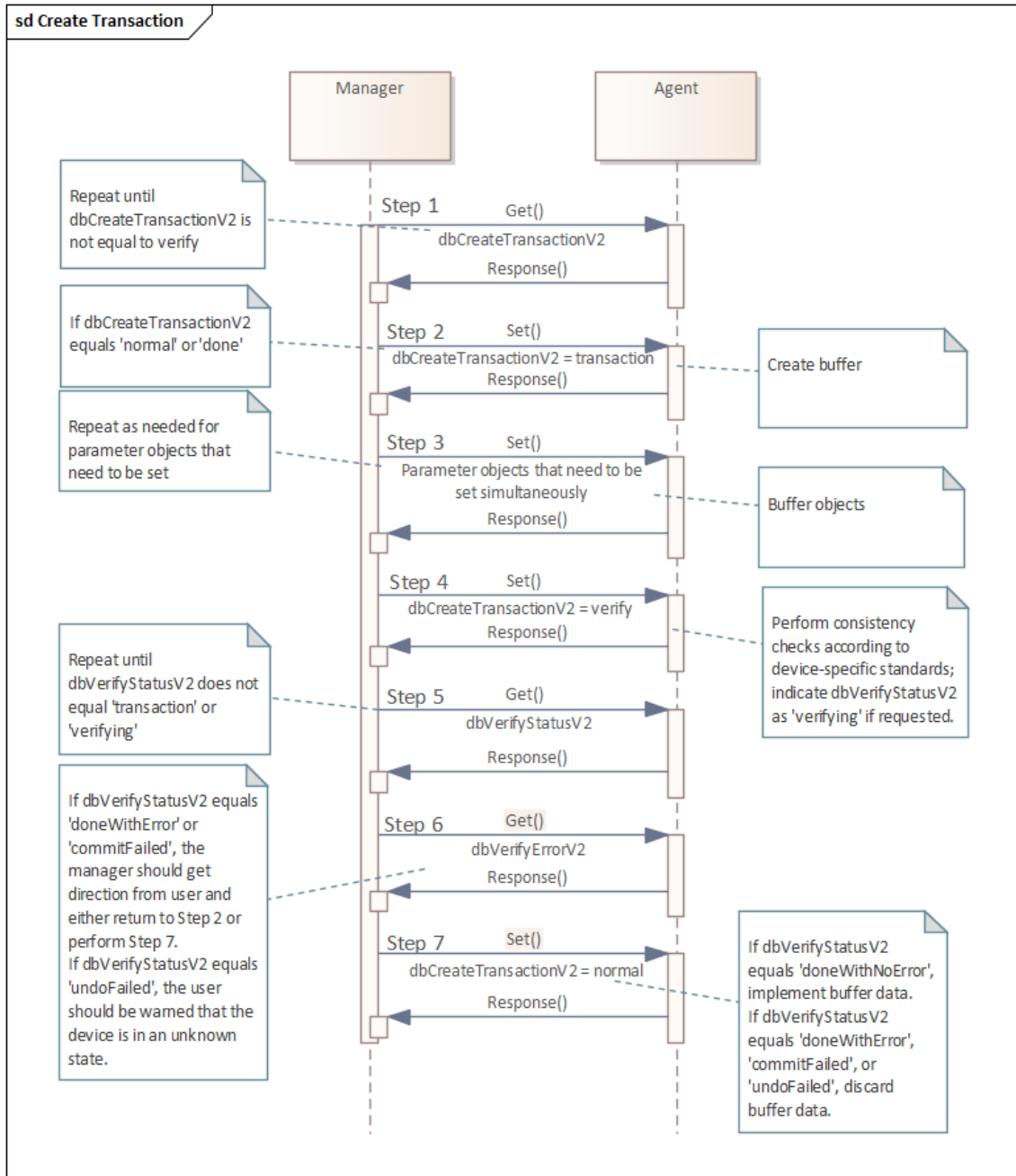
#### **A.1 DOWNLOAD TRANSACTION FEATURE**

The intent of the download transaction feature is that a management station has a need to download several inter-related parameters to the controller. Because the parameters are inter-related, the parameters need to be set simultaneously for the controller to validate the set operation (e.g., the download may consist of a set of parameters, whose sum shall equal the sum of another set of parameters, and the management station wishes to change the sum for both sets). While normal SNMP set operations simultaneously set all objects contained within the request, it does not normally perform consistency checks on the multiple values being set and has limited size constraints. The database transaction feature was designed to overcome these limitations.

The parameters that require the use of the transaction mode are device-specific. Some devices may not require support of the transaction feature, while other devices may require SET operations on any parameter object to be set within the transaction mode.

When used, the feature allows a device to buffer a series of set operations on database parameters and to implement all operations simultaneously to properly perform controller consistency checks.

The normal, fault-free process is shown in [Figure 1](#).



**Figure 1 Download Transaction Process Sequence Diagram**

Within this mode, the controller operates as a state machine as described in the definition of dbCreateTransactionV2 (see Section 3.3.1). [Figure 2](#) supplements this definition and is a state diagram that provides a formal Unified Modeling Language (UML) representation of the state machine. See Annex B.2.1 for a Controller Class Diagram in UML notation.

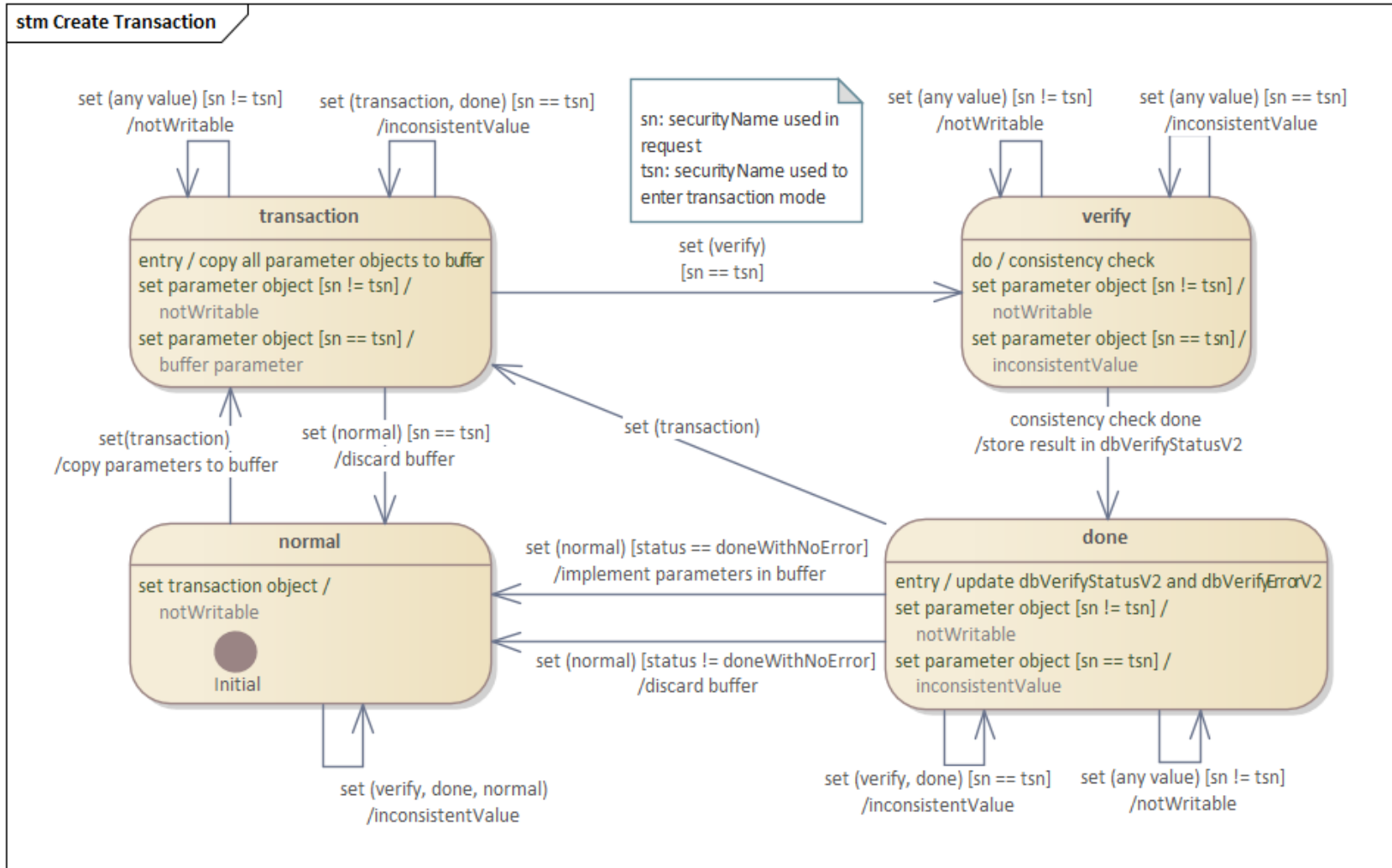


Figure 2 Controller State Diagram

## A.2 HIGH-RESOLUTION DATA RECORDING

### A.2.1 Overview

The high-resolution data recording facility (sometimes referred to simply as the *recording mechanism*) provides a programmable method of collecting high-resolution records of the history of values of selected objects. These records are collected and retained under user-specified conditions. While this facility may appear to be very similar to the logging feature defined in ISO 20684-5, it provides a distinct function. The logging feature captures a snapshot of information when a trigger fires and stores the information in a log. In contrast, the recording-mechanism feature captures multiple snapshots, potentially at very short intervals and stores a series of these snapshots when a trigger fires (potentially recording snapshots prior to the trigger firing, if so configured). Thus, whereas the logging feature produces a single snapshot for each event, the recording mechanism captures a short video for each event.

As with the logging feature, the manager is responsible for retrieving the data in a timely manner; however, since the recording mechanism can record a large amount of data in a short period of time, retrieving the data in a timely manner is even more important. To enable this, the ISO 20684-3 trigger used to initiate a recording can also be used to send a notification to the manager. Alternatively, a second trigger can be defined to create a notification when the status (`recMechV2RecordingStatus`) of any recording changes to 'complete'.

When a recording is active and the recording is configured to include pre-trigger samples, the device constantly samples the value of the data object to be recorded into a circular buffer, at a configurable sampling interval. When the trigger fires and the recording action is called, a user-specified fraction of the samples gathered prior to the trigger event are retained, and further samples are gathered until the recording is complete. Thus, the recording mechanism allows the management station to gather data sampled before, during, and after an event of interest. Multiple recordings may be active simultaneously and the memory available for recordings may be allocated flexibly to different classes under user control.

The high-resolution data recording mechanism is managed by the following MIB tables and associated objects that specify device-specific limits on the recording mechanism:

- a. `adminRecMechV2Table` and associated objects – allows a manager with administrator rights to monitor the recording mechanism and configure rights for each owner of recordings. This includes the ability to set size limits on owners and to clear portions or all of the recording mechanism information.
- b. `recMechV2OwnerTable` – allows an owner to monitor the number of recordings and to clear portions or all of the recording mechanism information.
- c. `recMechV2ClassTable` – specifies the characteristics of the classes into which recordings may be classified. This includes properties such as the maximum number of recordings of each class that are allowed to exist.
- d. ISO 20684-3 `actionTable` – table used to connect a trigger (e.g., ISO 20684-3 defines the conditional, day plan, and schedule triggers) firing to the desired action(s) (e.g., the ISO 20684 series includes notifying, logging, and commanding and this document defines recording)
- e. `recMechV2RecordingFactoryTable` – specifies the data to be sampled for each recording and when to sample.
- f. `recMechV2RecordingTable` – contains a row for each active recording, describing the state of the recording and indicating where the recorded data may be found in the `recMechV2SampleTable`.
- g. `recMechV2SampleTable` – contains the data gathered for all active recordings that have been triggered and have not yet been overwritten.
- h. Associated objects – identify the capabilities of the recording mechanism so that owners can properly configure recordings.

### A.2.2 Administration

The administrator can:

1. Determine the number of recordings stored
2. Determine the total number of recordings completed since the last reboot



3. Clear all recording configuration information
4. Clear all recording classes (i.e., everything except the owner configuration)
5. Clear all recording factories (i.e., everything except the owner and classes)
6. Clear all recordings
7. Configure the amount of storage space to allot to any owner
8. Enable and disable the recording mechanism for owners

Clearing the recording mechanism is hierarchical in nature and this provides an efficient method for clearing lower levels. For example, clearing a recording clears the entry in the Recording Table and all associated entries in the Sample Table. Similarly, if one clears a recording factory, its information is cleared from the Recording Factory Table, the Recording Table, and the Sample Table. This same hierarchy logic applies to the recording class and overall information as well. Clearing a configuration shall also delete all associated "pretrigger" and "triggered" recordings.

Clearing a specific configuration at a particular level of hierarchy can be achieved by setting the appropriate RowStatus object. For example, setting recMechV2FactoryRowStatus object for the desired recording factory to 'destroy' shall cause the associated factory, recordings, and samples to be deleted.

### **A.2.3 Recording Owner**

A recording owner can:

1. Determine the number of recordings stored for the owner
2. Determine the total number of recordings completed for the owner since the last reboot
3. Clear all recording information configured by the owner
4. Clear all recording factories for the owner
5. Clear all recordings for the owner

Clearing the recording mechanism using the owner objects is hierarchical in nature as described for the administrator, the only difference is that the scope is limited to the recording configuration owned by the owner. Likewise, the owner should have write access to the RowStatus object and can clear configuration on a detailed level as well.

### **A.2.4 Recording Classes**

A recording owner can:

1. Create, delete, enable, and disable new recording classes
2. Define a description for a recording class
3. Define the maximum amount of memory to allow for the class
4. Clear recordings older than a specified date/time.
5. Determine the number of recordings stored for the class
6. Determine the number of recordings completed since the last reboot
7. Configure the type of memory to use for the recording class (e.g., volatile, non-volatile)

For the recording mechanism to function effectively, it is recommended that each class be configured with enough memory to support three full recordings (i.e., representing one that is about to be cleared, a newly completed recording, and a recording in progress). The counters can be used by a manager to determine when a new recording is available (complete) for a class and also enables it to determine if recordings have been lost (i.e. over-written due to class recording limit). A manager can clear recordings of a class by setting the clear date/time objects. Any completed recording that has a trigger date/time less than or equal to this value shall be removed from the recording table; however, incomplete recordings shall not be removed from the recording table. The date and time objects should be set within the same set operation and agent implementations should ensure that existing recordings are not cleared until the end of such a joint set operation.

### **A.2.5 Recording Factory**

A recording owner can:

1. Create, delete, enable, and disable a recording factory, which is associated with a recording class

2. Assign a distinct name for each recording factory
3. Configure the object value to be recorded by the factory, including:
  - a. The context of the object (i.e., if the controller manages more than one device)
  - b. The identifier of the object
4. Configure the percentage of samples to be collected prior to the trigger event
5. Configure the when the object value should be sampled by specifying either
  - a. the time interval at which to sample the value
  - b. an object that will trigger a sampling when it changes
6. Configure the number of samples to be included within a recording
7. Configure the type of storage to be used for the factory configuration and its recordings

The recording samples are obtained using the same security parameters used to activate the recording factory. As such, these parameters are stored within the controller but are not accessible.

Once a recording is properly configured and enabled, it begins collecting records if any samples are requested prior to the trigger event. The pre-trigger samples are stored in a circular buffer until the trigger is activated; it is implementation dependent whether these samples are accessible from the sample table.

Once triggered, sample of the object value continues (or begins if only post-trigger samples are recorded) until the trigger point is at the user specified location in the recording or the maximum number of samples have been obtained.

A configuration cannot change if it is associated with completed recordings; however, clearing a configuration clears all of its recordings.

### **A.2.6 Recordings**

A recording owner can:

1. Identify the trigger that caused the recording
2. Identify the date and time at which the recording was triggered
3. Identify the status of the recording
4. Identify the first sample within the recording that was retrieved after the trigger firing
5. Identify the number of samples within the recording
6. Delete the recording

Upon power restoration, any triggered but incomplete recording shall be marked complete. When a new recording is requested (e.g., by a trigger firing), the agent shall store any previously collected pre-trigger samples per its configuration settings and shall start collecting pre-trigger samples for a potential future recording. A recording factory shall be able to manage multiple "triggered" (i.e., not "complete") recordings simultaneously. The number of "triggered" recordings for a recording factory is only limited by the configured size limit defined for the class and the other triggered recordings by other recording factories for the same class.

### **A.2.7 Recording Samples**

For each recording, a recording owner can:

1. Determine the time that each sample was taken
2. Determine the object value recorded at the time that the sample was taken

Upon power restoration, an agent shall delete any pre-trigger samples that are not associated with a recording that is either "triggered" or "complete". When a new sample causes the memory available for the recording class or owner to be exceeded, the agent shall delete the oldest recording of any class of the same owner from the `recMechV2RecordingTable` along with all associated entries in the `recMechV2SampleTable`, and then capture the latest sample.

### **A.2.8**

A recording owner can:

1. Determine the minimum sample period that is allowed by the agent
2. Determine the maximum sample period that is allowed by the agent
3. Determine the sample period resolution supported by the agent.

Agents are required to support sample period resolutions of 50 milliseconds or less.

Managers should be aware of these object values so that they can properly configure their recordings. Allowable sample periods are restricted to the formula:

$$(\text{recMinSamplePeriod} + \text{recSamplePeriodResolution} * n)$$

where:

n is an integer,

0 <= n, and

n <= (recMaxSamplePeriod - recMinSamplePeriod) / recSamplePeriodResolution

## **Annex B**

### **OBJECT TREE AND UML CLASS DIAGRAMS**

#### **[INFORMATIVE]**

Annex B provides an overview of NTCIP 1201 object types by presenting relevant branches of the object identifier naming tree and by presenting the object types in UML Class Diagrams. The information presented in Annex B is defined elsewhere in this document; however, these figures provide a high-level overview of the data contained in this document in a concise manner and are provided as a useful reference tool.

#### **B.1 OBJECT IDENTIFIER NAMING TREE**

[Figure 3](#) depicts the location of nodes representing the MODULE-IDENTITY macros contained within this document.

[Figure 4](#) through [Figure 22](#) extend the tree shown in [Figure 3](#) by showing the relevant nodes defined in each of the MIBs contained in Section 3 through Section 17.

In each diagram, gray boxes represent simple nodes, green boxes represent MIBs (i.e., defined with MODULE-IDENTITY), boxes shown in blue represent object types, boxes shown in orange represent notification types. An ellipsis (...) represents a repetition of the initial characters for the given context. For example, within the recMechV2 MIB, the ellipsis either represents the text "recMechV2" or, when occurring within a specific table, the root of the table name (e.g., "recMechV2Class").

NOTE — The object types within a MIB typically appear under the MODULE-IDENTITY node but can include objects located in other parts of the tree. This is especially true for administrative objects so that appropriate data access can be more easily configured.

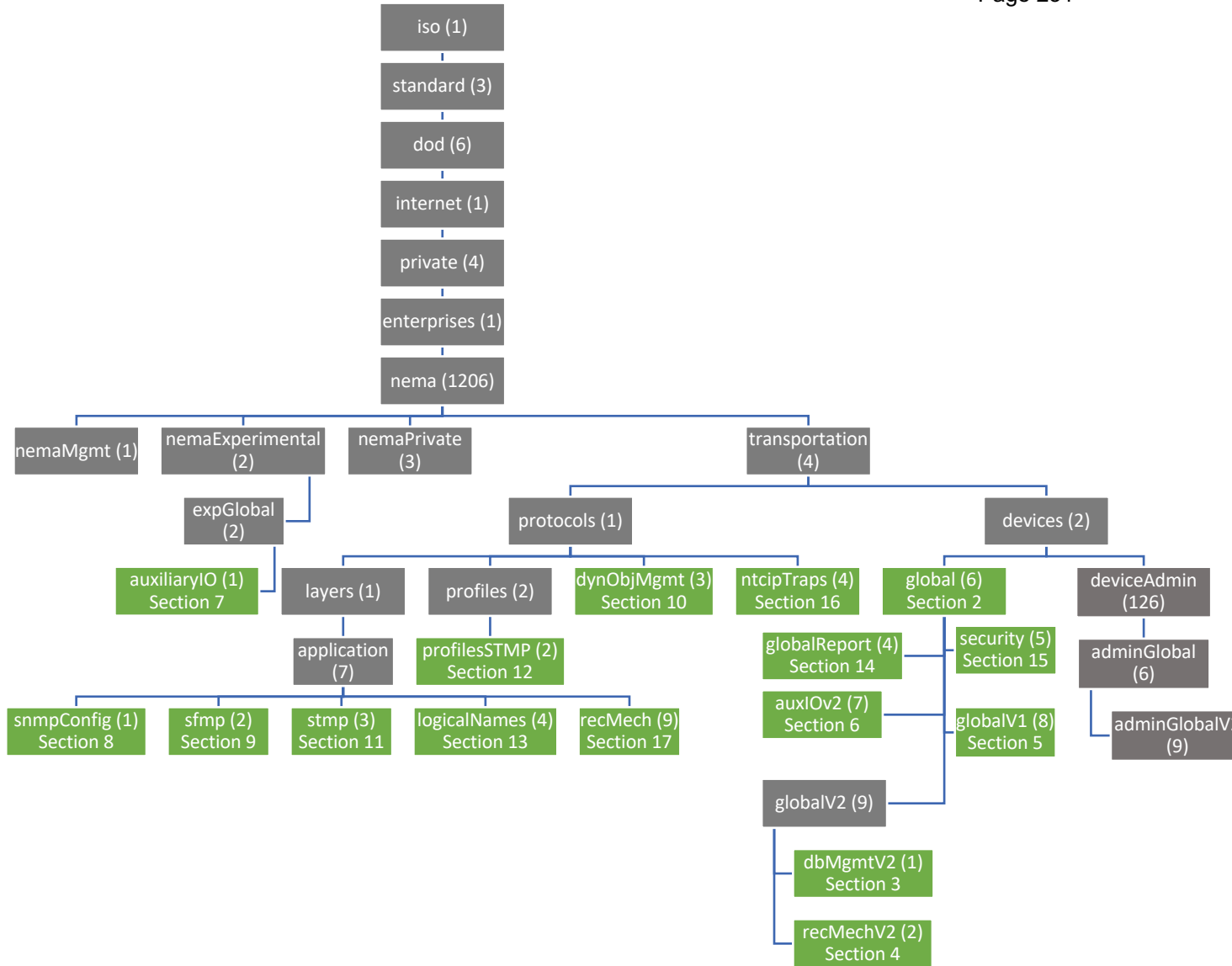
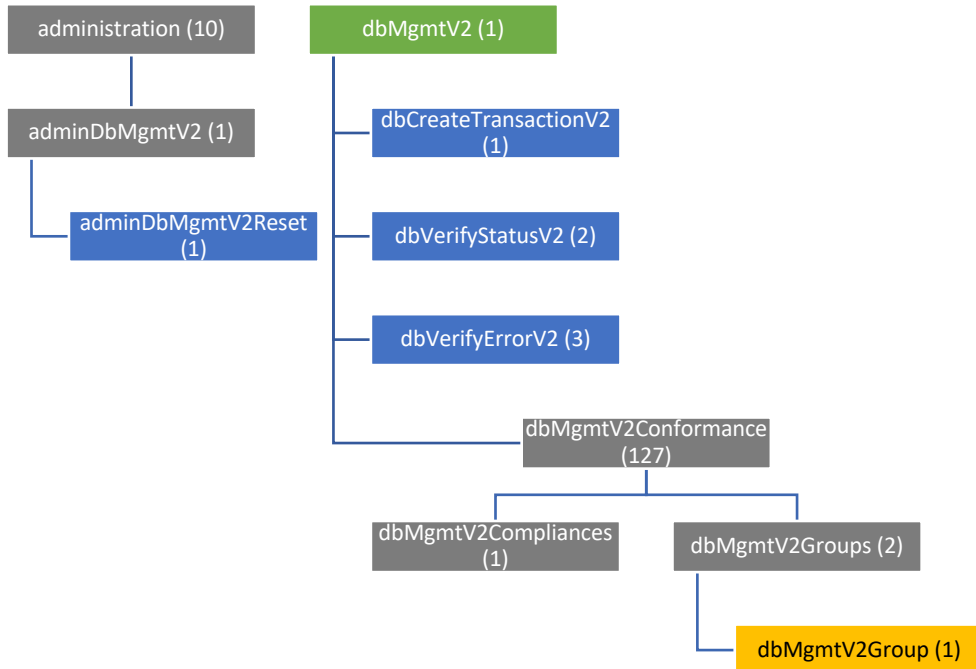
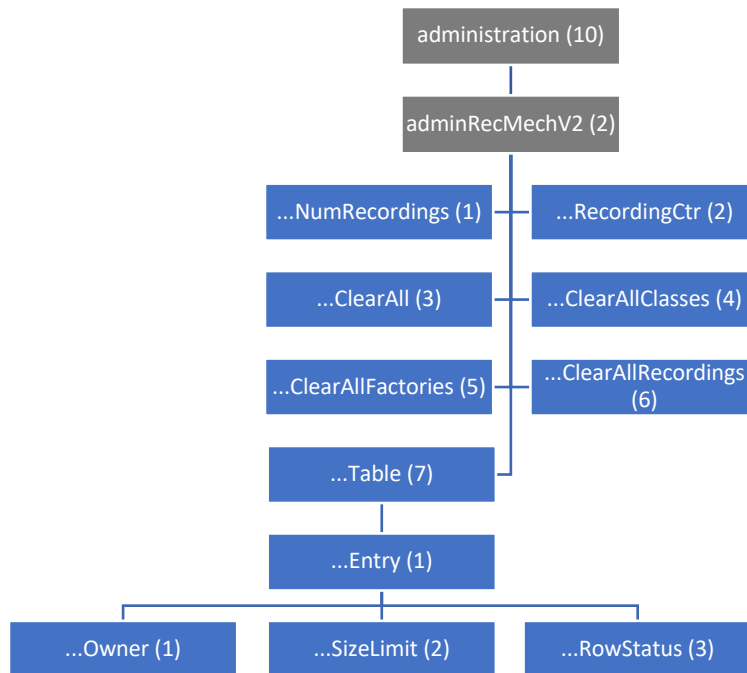


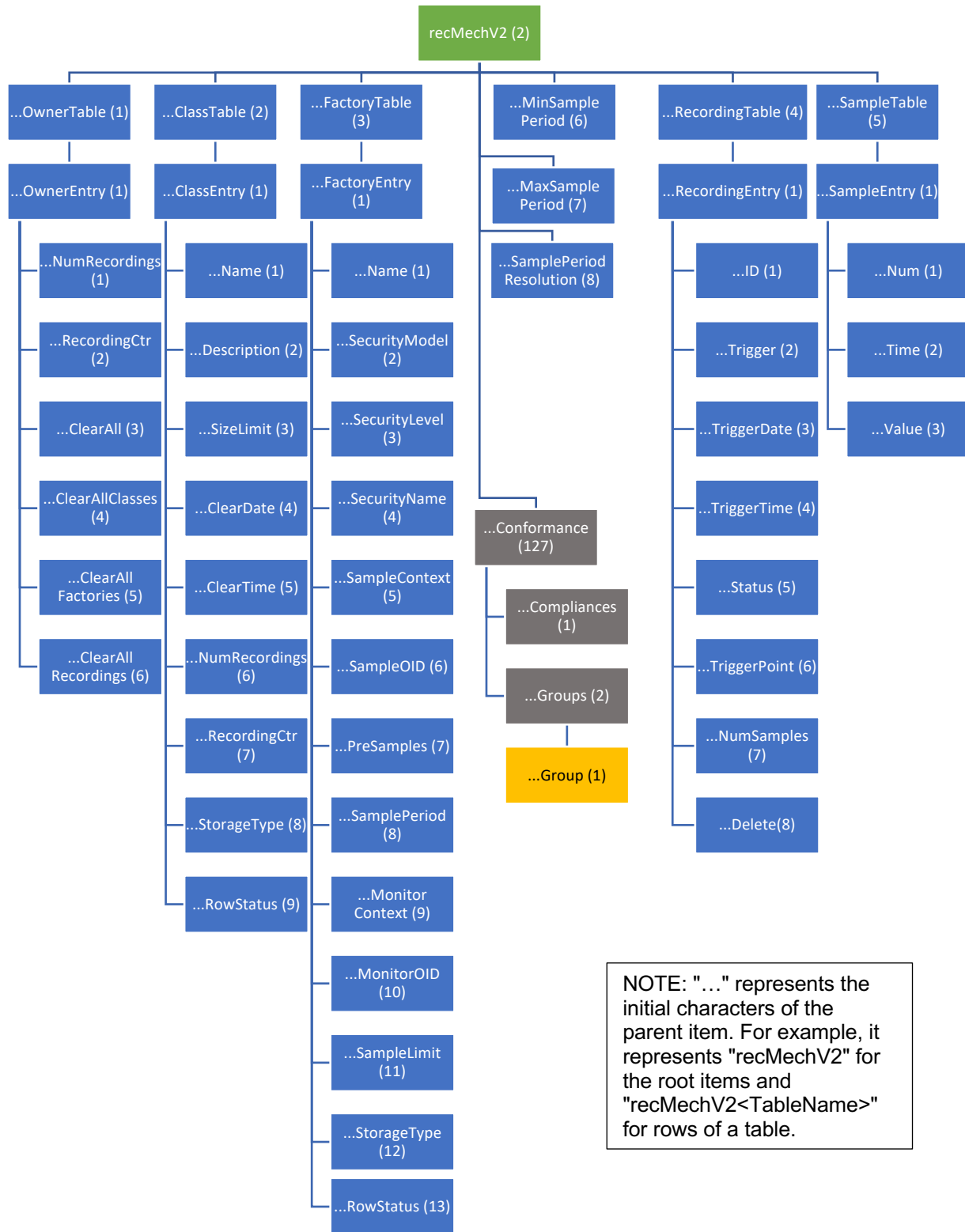
Figure 3 MODULE-IDENTITY nodes



**Figure 4 Nodes Defined in NTCIP1201-DbMgmtV2 MIB**



**Figure 5 Nodes Defined in NTCIP1201-RecMechV2 MIB (Part 1 of 2: Administrative Assignments)**



NOTE: "..." represents the initial characters of the parent item. For example, it represents "recMechV2" for the root items and "recMechV2<TableName>" for rows of a table.

Figure 6 Nodes Defined in NTCIP1201-RecMechV2 MIB (Part 2 of 2: Core Functionality)

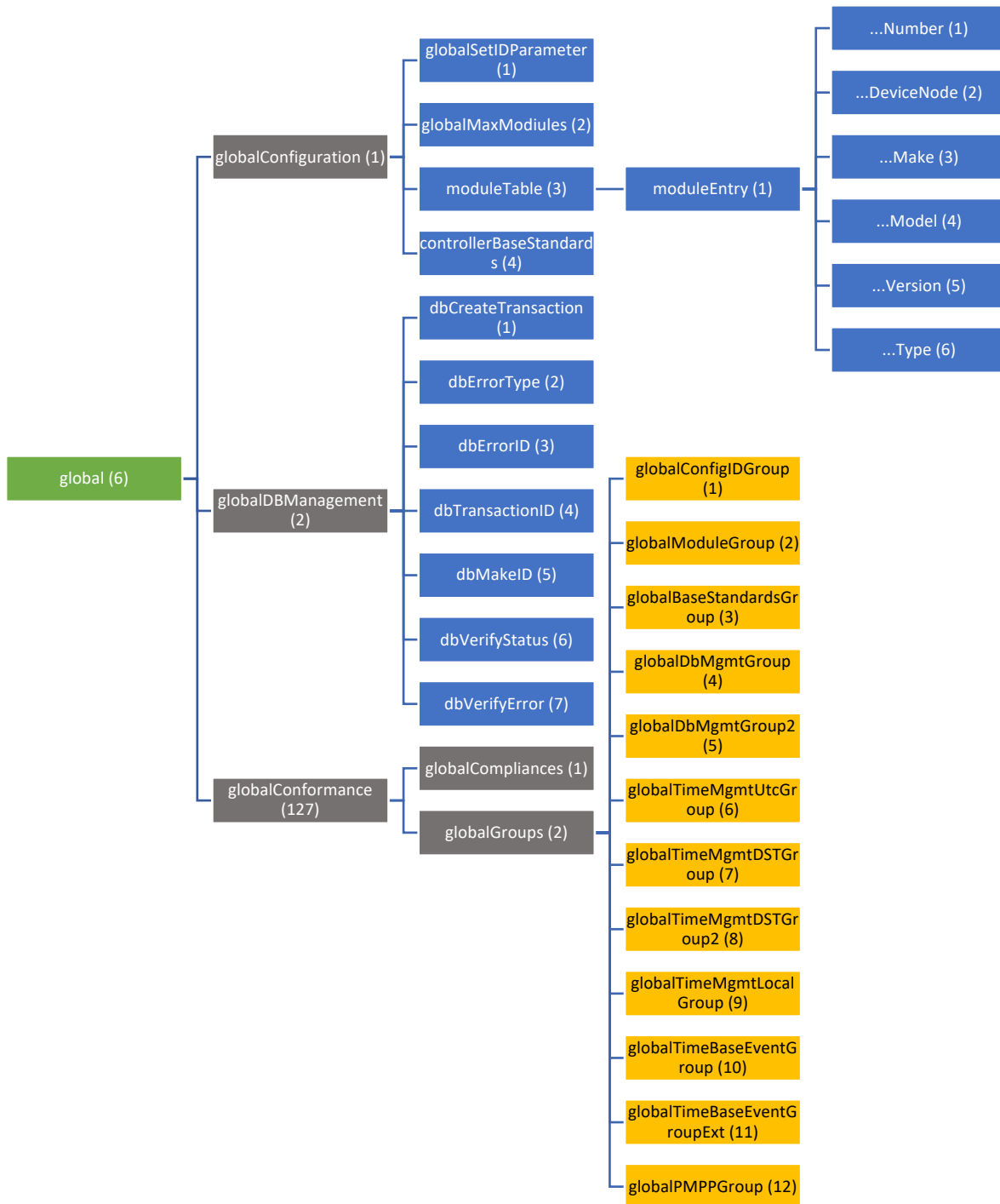


Figure 7 Nodes Defined in NTCIP 1201-Global MIB (Part 1 of 3: Base Objects)



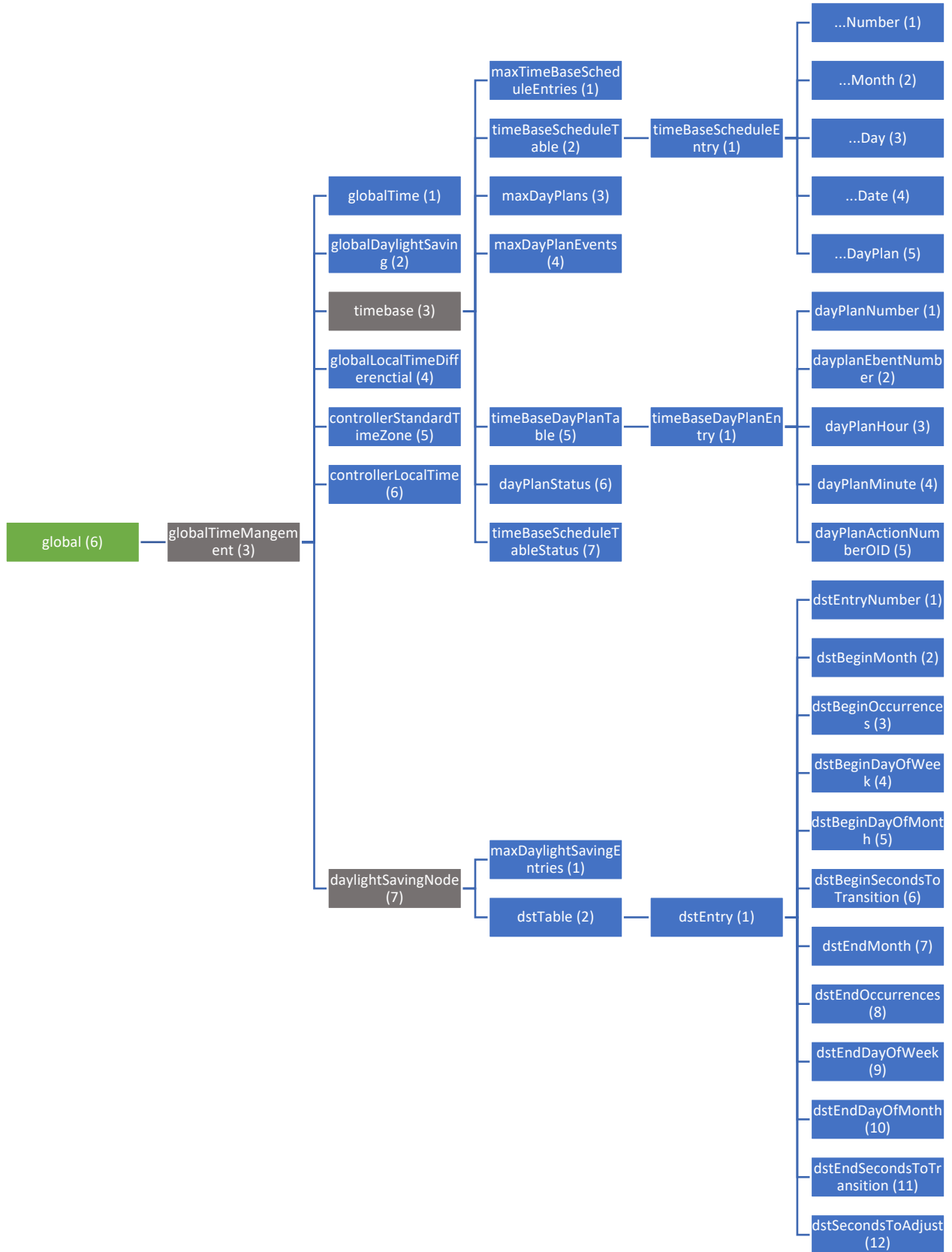
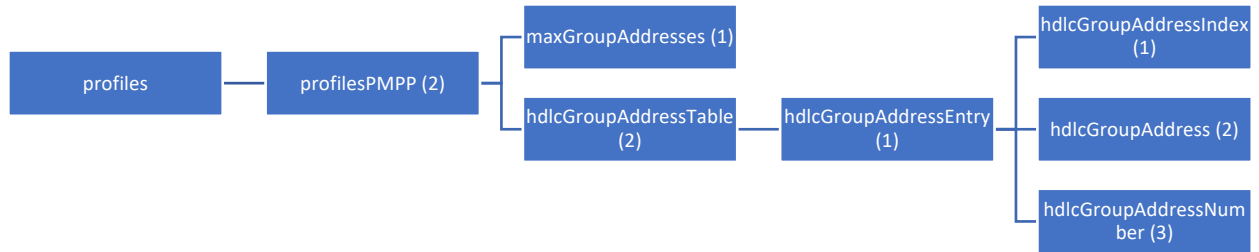
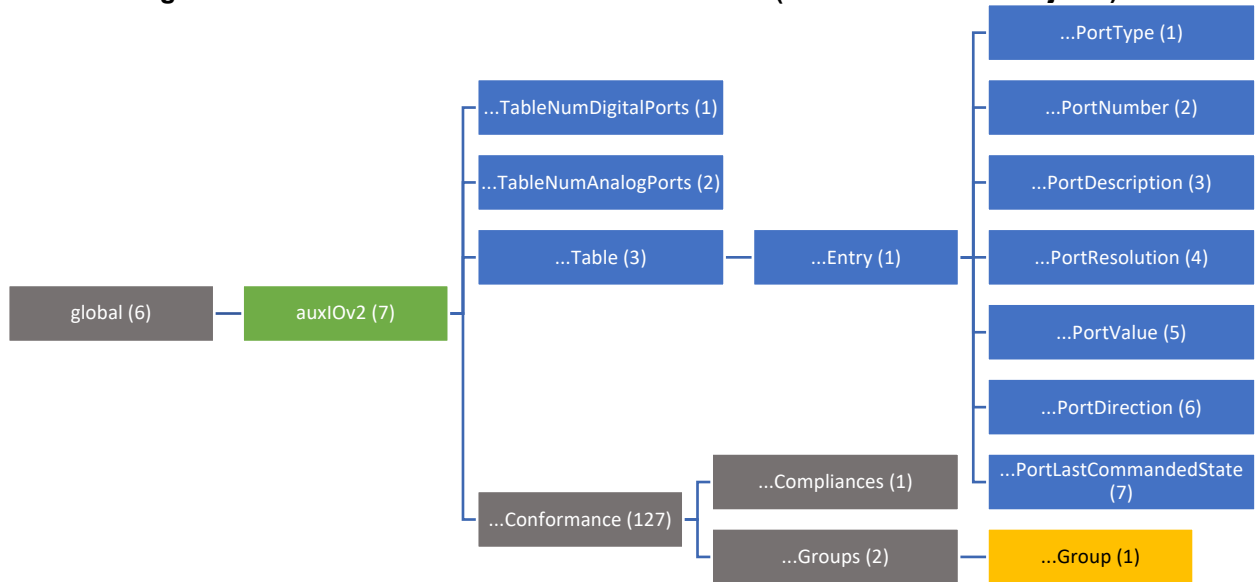


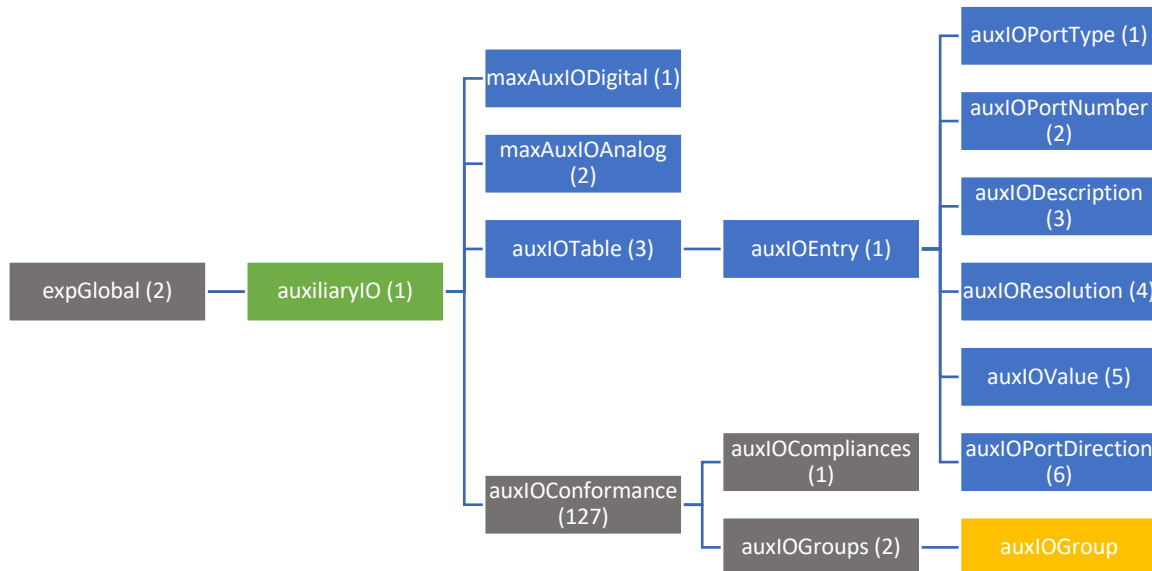
Figure 8 Nodes Defined in NTCIP 1201-Global MIB (Part 2 of 3: Time Management)



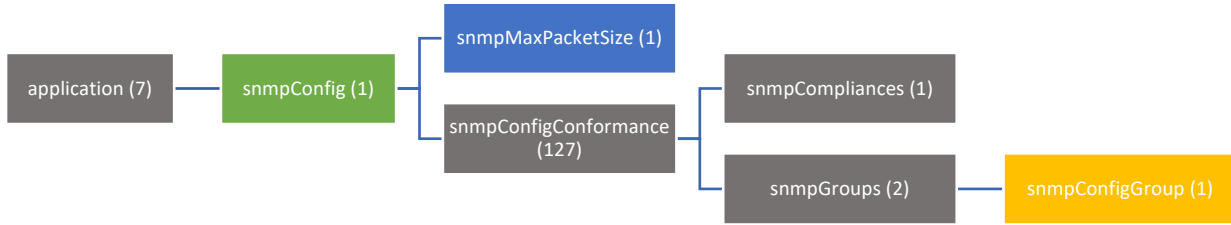
**Figure 9 Nodes Defined in NTCIP 1201-Global MIB (Part 3 of 3: PMPP Objects)**



**Figure 10 Nodes Defined in NTCIP1201-AuxIOv2 MIB**



**Figure 11 Nodes Defined in NTCIP1201-AuxIO MIB**



**Figure 12 Nodes Defined in NTCIP1201-SNMPCfg MIB**

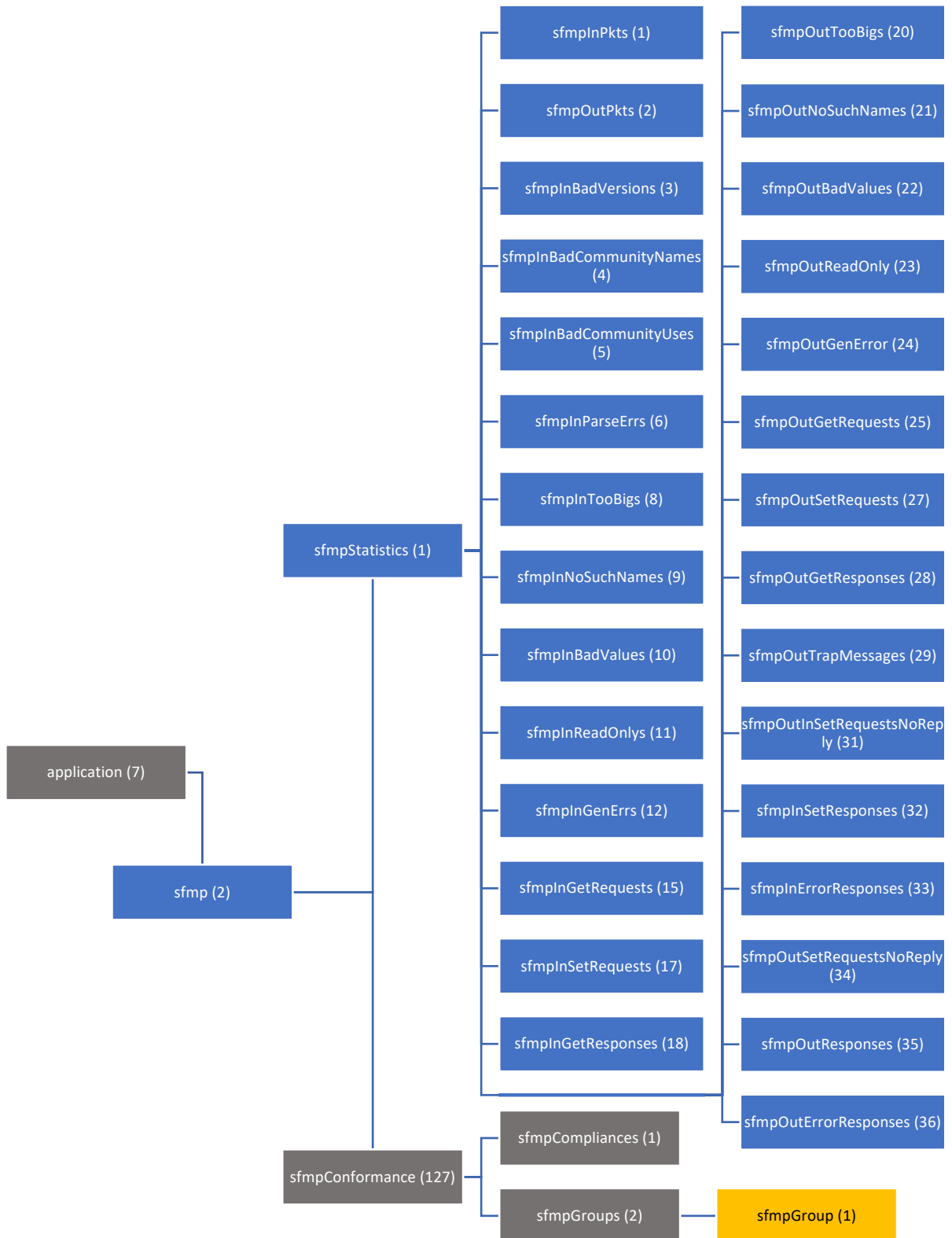


Figure 13 Nodes Defined in NTCIP1201-SFMP MIB

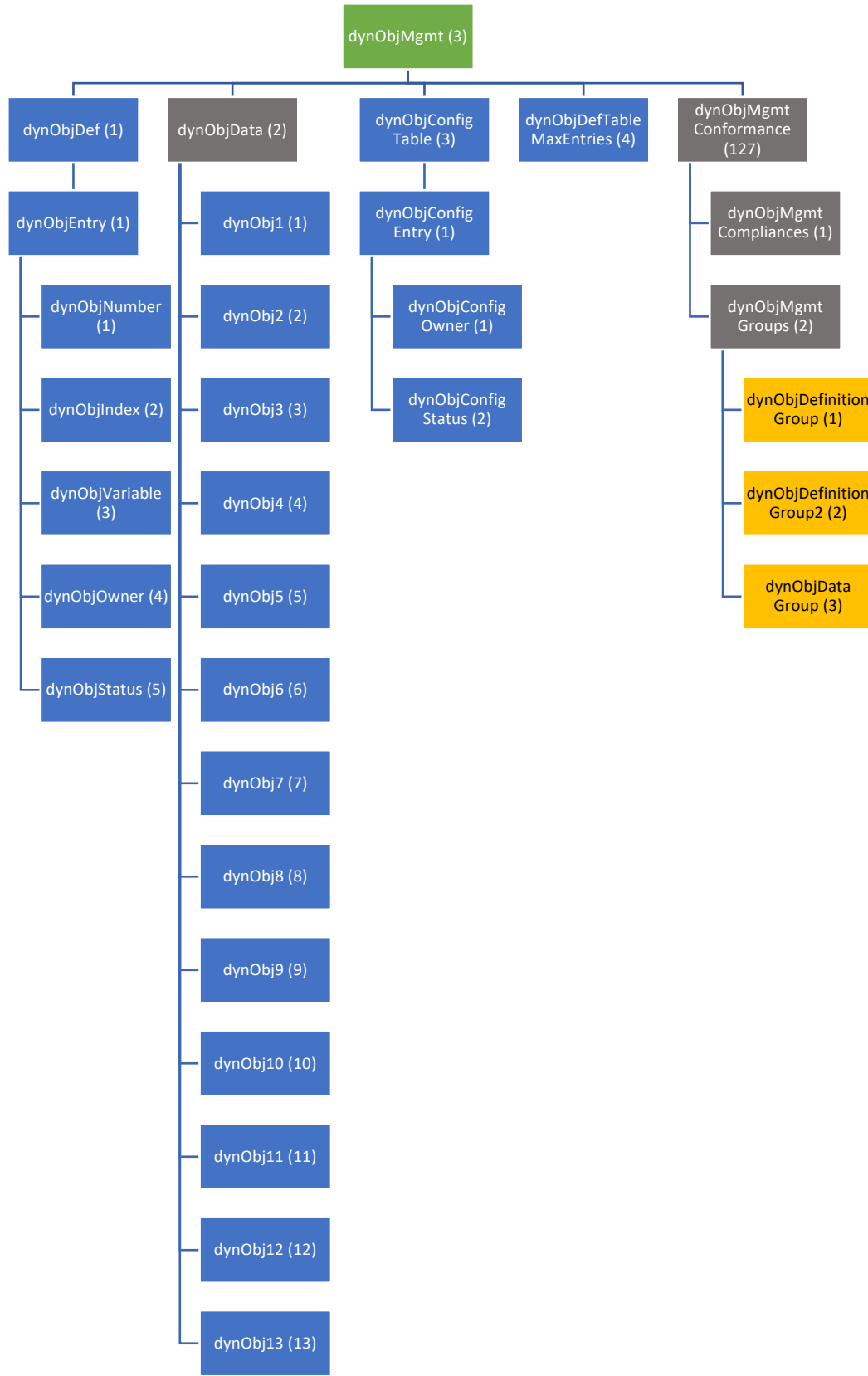


Figure 14 Nodes Defined in NTCIP1201-DynObjMgmt MIB



Figure 15 Nodes Under dbMgmtV2

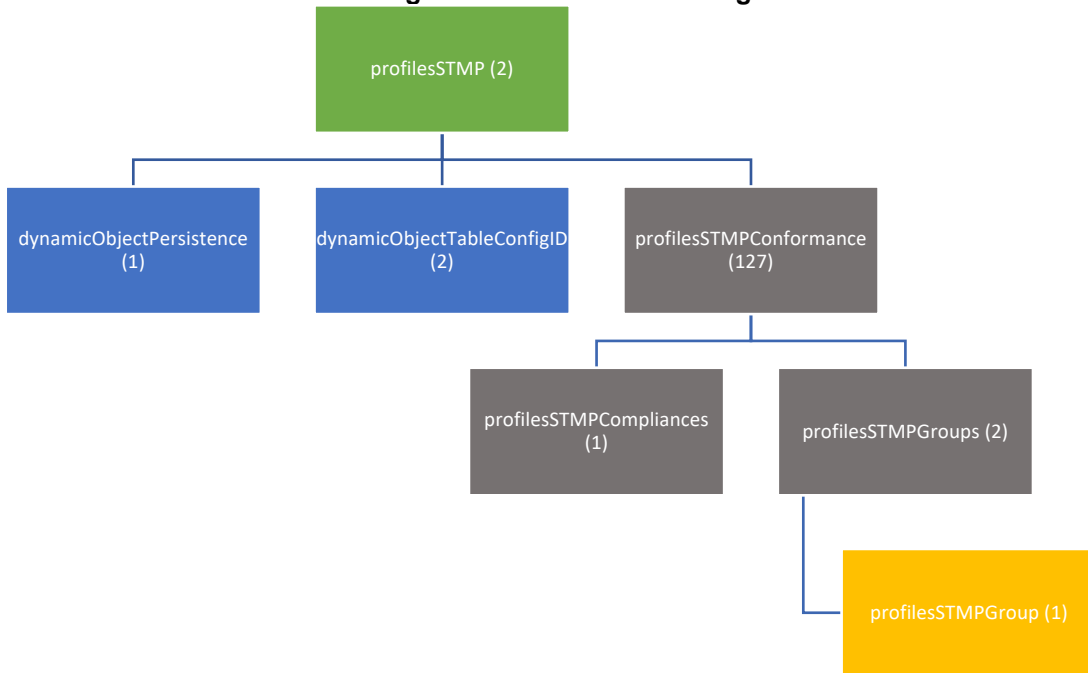


Figure 16 Nodes Under dbMgmtV2

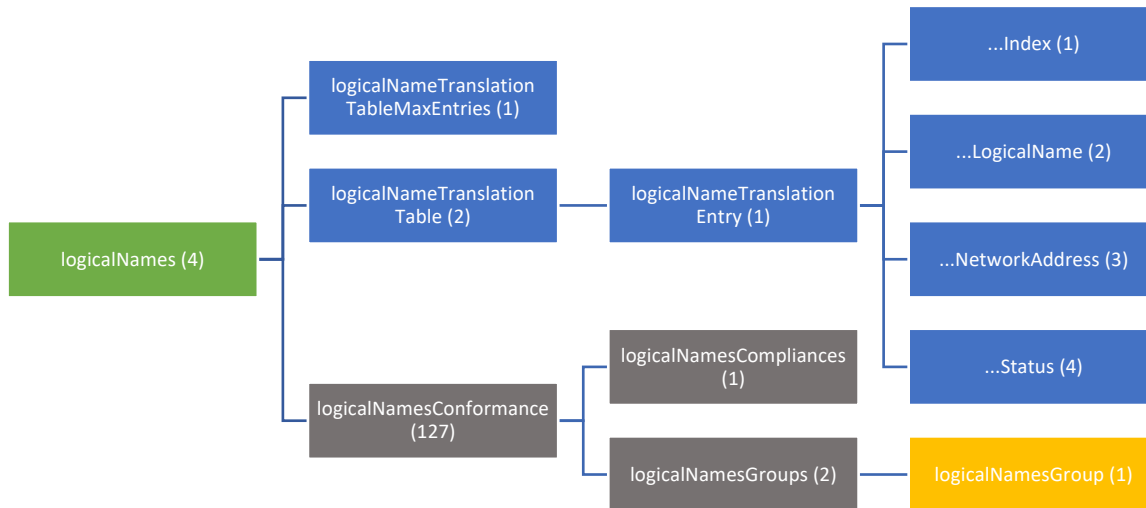
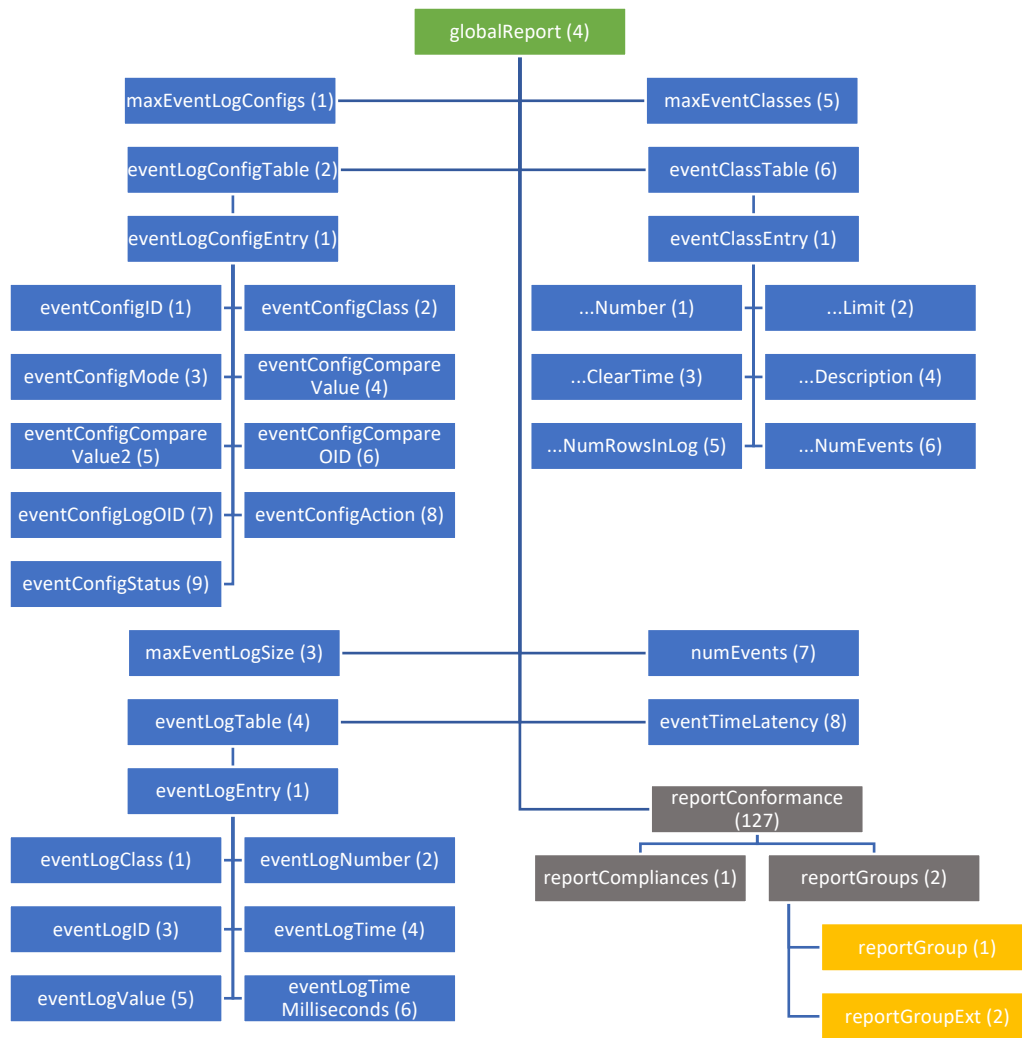
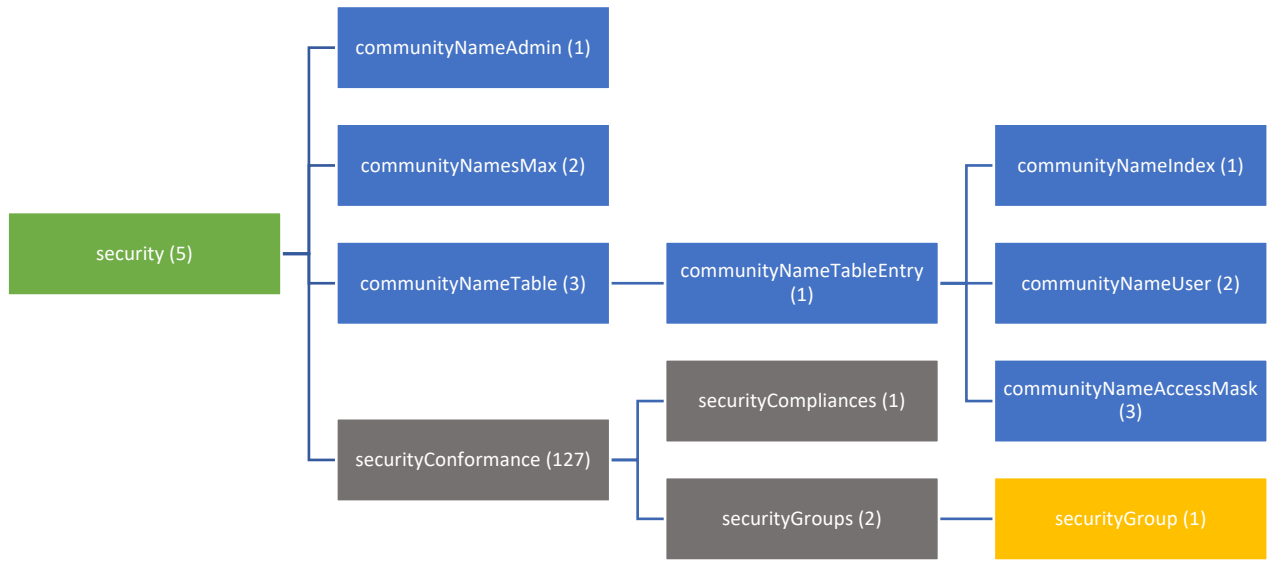


Figure 17 Nodes Under dbMgmtV2

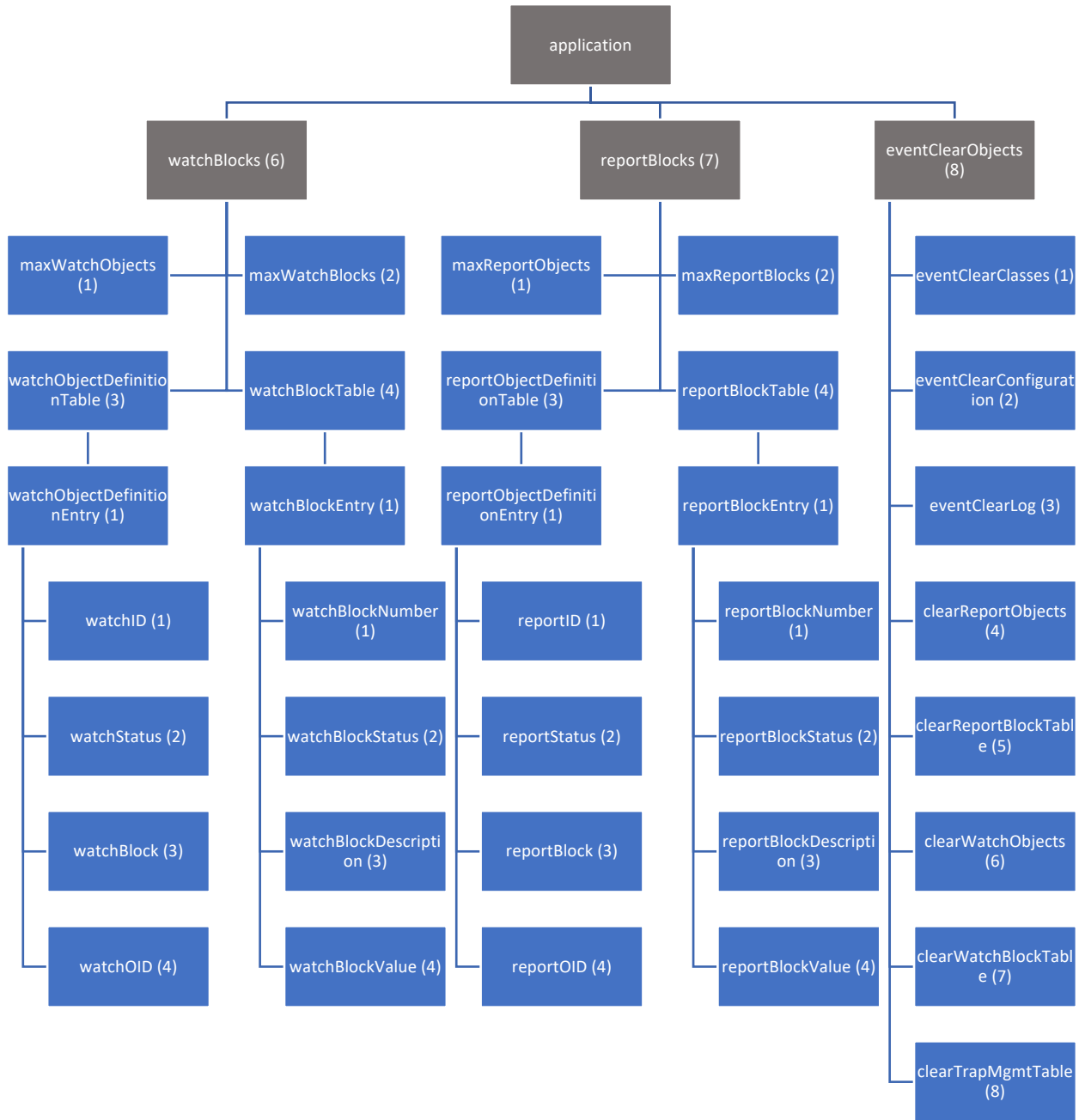


**Figure 18 Nodes Defined in NTCIP1201-Report MIB**





**Figure 19 Nodes Defined in NTCIP1201-Security MIB**



**Figure 20 Nodes Defined in NTCIP1201-NtcipTraps MIB (Part 1 of 2: Application Objects)**

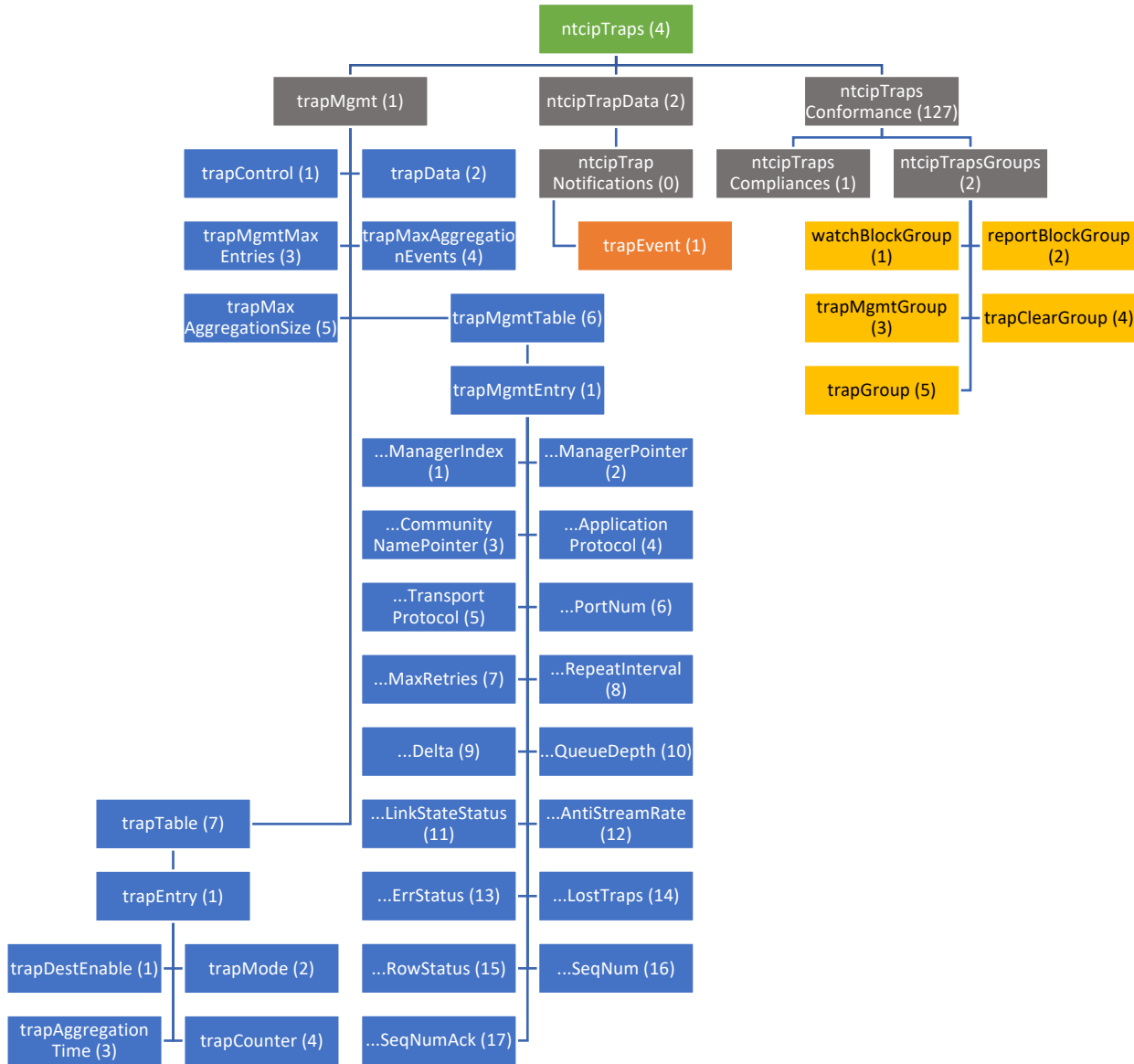


Figure 21 Nodes Defined in NTCIP1201-NtcipTraps MIB (Part 2 of 2: Trap Management)

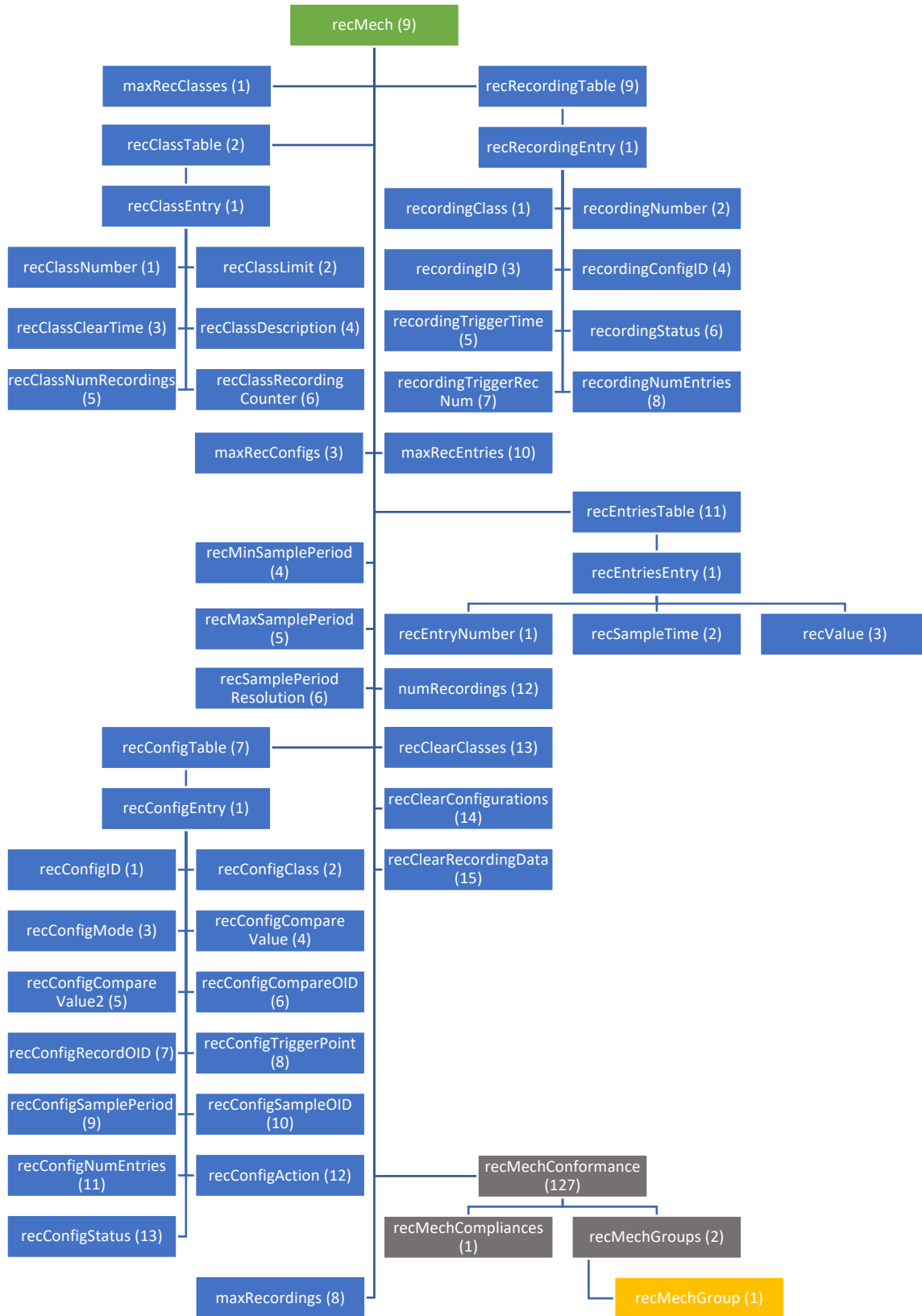


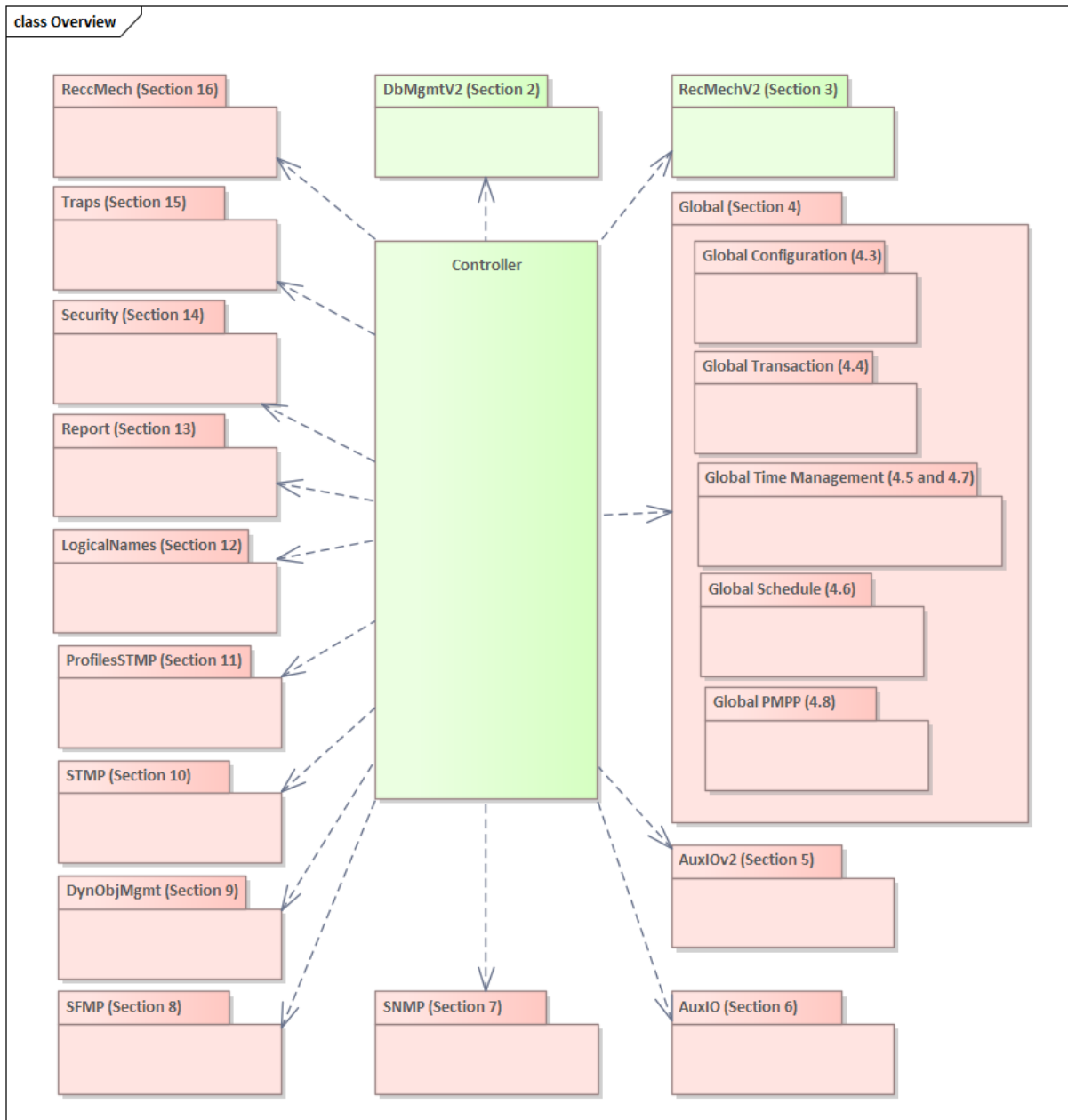
Figure 22 Nodes Defined in NTCIP1201-RecMechV2 MIB

## B.2 UML CLASS DIAGRAMS

Although object types defined within MIBs are not formally structured into class models, they can easily be presented in UML class diagrams by mapping each object type to an attribute of a defined class. **through** provide UML class diagrams and associated mapping tables to depict how the object types defined in this document relate to one another and to objects defined in other standards.

### B.2.1 Controller Class Diagram

**Figure 23** depicts the high-level components of data stored within a controller in UML notation.



**Figure 23 Controller Class Diagram**

Figure 9 indicates that a Controller can include the following major components, which correspond to the sections of this document:

- 1) Database management version 2
- 2) Recording mechanism version 2
- 3) Global features, which include:
  - a) Global configuration
  - b) Global transaction
  - c) Global time management
  - d) Global schedule
  - e) Global PMPP data
- 4) auxiliary input/output version 2
- 5) auxiliary input/output (version 1)
- 6) SNMP data
- 7) SFMP data
- 8) dynamic object management
- 9) STMP data
- 10) STMP profile data
- 11) Logical names
- 12) Event reporting
- 13) Security
- 14) Traps
- 15) Recording mechanism (version 1)

The first two of these major components are current while the others have been deprecated.

NOTE 1—Two different versions of the Aux I/O object definitions are currently defined. The first was defined under an experimental node of the global tree and was originally contained in NTCIP 1203 v01. Because of the applicability of the Aux I/O objects to more than dynamic message signs (DMS), these objects were moved to NTCIP 1201 v02, and moved from the experimental node to a permanent node under the global tree. To differentiate these two sets of objects, the objects associated with Aux I/O in NTCIP 1201 v02 have had 'v2' added in the object name. They are both now deprecated.

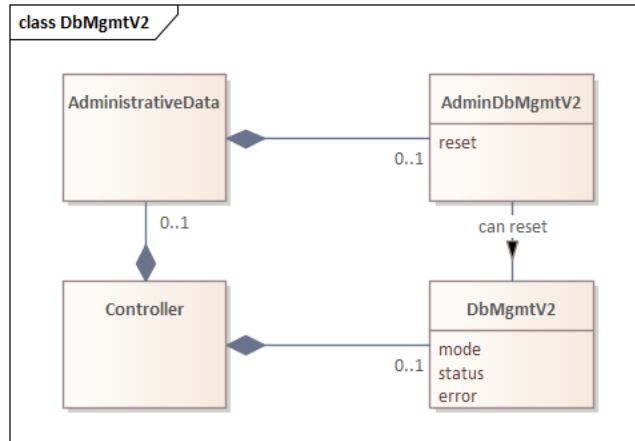
NOTE 2—Two different versions of the database management feature are defined. The first, which is deprecated, was originally defined for SNMPv1 and was defined in NTCIP 1201 v01 and later updated in NTCIP 1201 v02. The second was originally defined in NTCIP 1201 v04 to reflect characteristics of SNMPv3.

NOTE 3—Two different versions of the recording mechanism are defined. the first, which is deprecated, was defined in NTCIP 1103 v03 and the second was originally defined in NTCIP 1201 v04 to provide for a consistent linking to the trigger mechanisms defined in ISO 20684-3.

More detailed class diagrams for each feature are provided in [Figure 24](#) through [Figure 42](#).

### **B.2.2 Database Management Version 2**

[Figure 24](#) depicts the database management version 2 data stored by a controller.



**Figure 24 Class Diagram of the Database Management Version 2 Data**

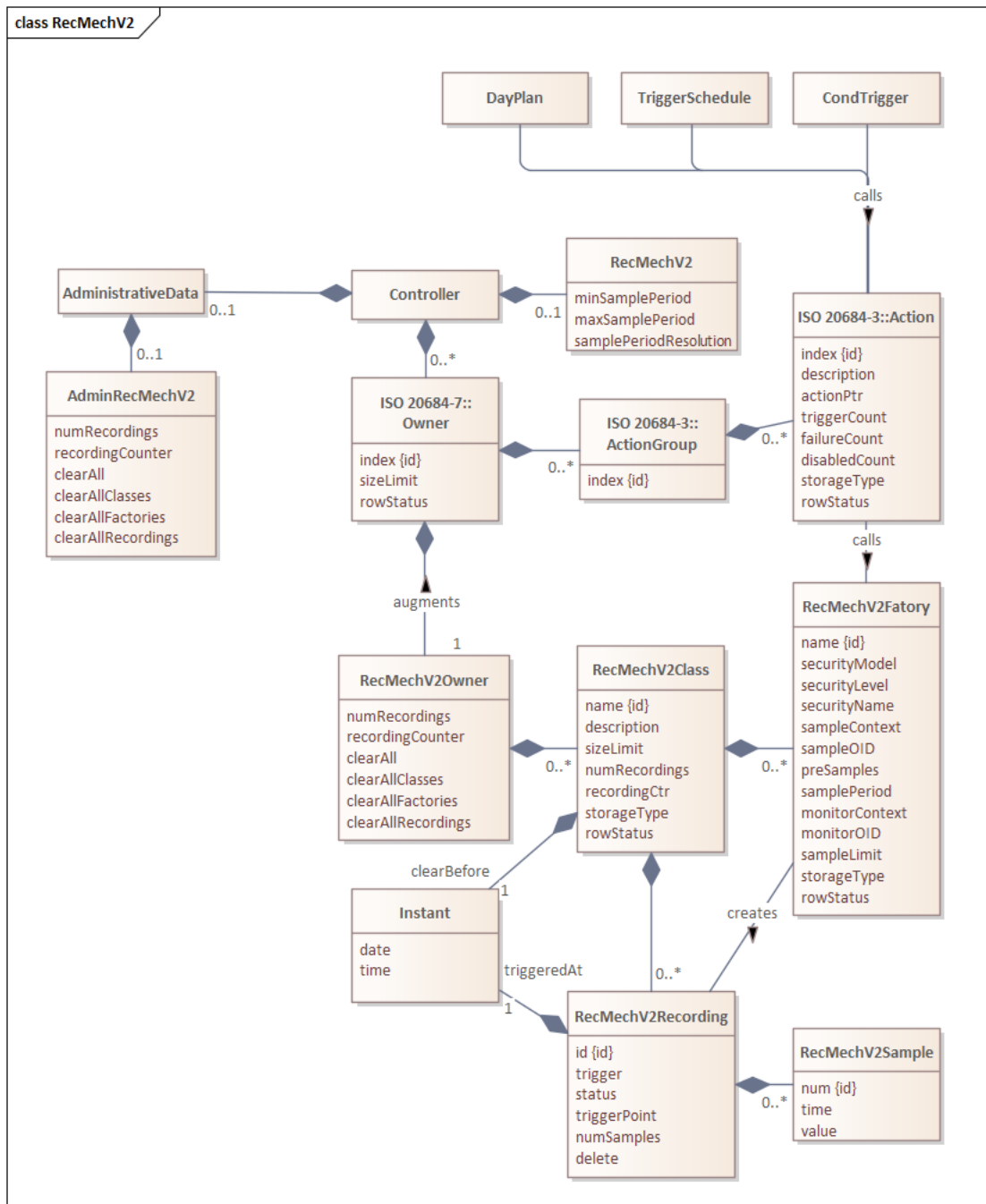
A controller can support the database management version 2 feature, which allows a manager to control the mode of database management while also monitoring its status and errors. In addition, a user with administrator rights can reset the database management feature. The mapping of each attribute in this class to object types are defined in [Table 16](#).

**Table 16: DbMgmtV2 Mapping to Class Diagram**

Property	Object Type
DbMgmtV2.mode	dbMgmtV2Mode
DbMgmtV2.status	dbMgmtV2Status
DbMgmtV2.error	dbMgmtV2Error
AdminDbMgmtV2.reset	adminDbMgmtV2Reset

### B.2.3 Recording Mechanism Version 2

[Figure 25](#) depicts the recording mechanism version 2 data stored by a controller.



**Figure 25 Class Diagram of the Recording Mechanism Version 2 Data**

A controller can support the recording mechanism version 2 feature, which allows a manager to capture a series of data snapshots. The feature relies upon and extends the functionality of the Owner and Action features defined in ISO 20684-3.

A user with sufficient rights (e.g., an administrator) can monitor system-wide information, clear all information at different levels, and add new owners (i.e., as indicated with the AdminRecMechV2 and Owner classes). An Owner can then create their own action groups and actions (which are called by separately defined triggers, including those defined by the DayPlan, TriggerSchedule, and CondTrigger features of ISO 20684-3). An Action can be configured to call the RecMechV2Factory through its actionPtr. When called, the RecMechV2Factory creates a new RecMechV2Recording using the security



credentials that were used to configure the RecMechV2Factory. The recording consists of multiple (typically sampleLimit) samples of the sampleOID object, which are stored in instances of the RecMechV2Sample.

The mapping of each attribute in this class to object types are defined in [Table 17](#).

**Table 17: Recording Mechanism Version 2 Mapping to Class Diagram**

Property	Object Type
AdminRecMechV2.numRecordings	adminRecMechV2NumRecordings
AdminRecMechV2.recordingCounter	adminRecMechV2RecordingCtr
AdminRecMechV2.clearAll	adminRecMechV2ClearAll
AdminRecMechV2.clearAllClasses	adminRecMechV2ClearAllClasses
AdminRecMechV2.clearAllFactories	adminRecMechV2ClearAllFactories
AdminRecMechV2.clearAllRecordings	adminRecMechV2ClearAllRecordings
RecMechV2Owner.numRecordings	recMechV2OwnerNumRecordings
RecMechV2Owner.recordingCounter	recMechV2OwnerRecordingCtr
RecMechV2Owner.clearAll	recMechV2OwnerClearAll
RecMechV2Owner.clearAllClasses	recMechV2OwnerClearAllClasses
RecMechV2Owner.clearAllFactories	recMechV2OwnerClearAllFactories
RecMechV2Owner.clearAllRecordings	recMechV2OwnerClearAllRecordings
RecMechV2Class.name	recMechV2ClassName
RecMechV2Class.description	recMechV2ClassDescription
RecMechV2Class.sizeLimit	recMechV2ClassSizeLimit
RecMechV2Class.clearBefore.date	recMechV2ClassClearDate
RecMechV2Class.clearBefore.time	recMechV2ClassClearTime
RecMechV2Class.numRecordings	recMechV2ClassNumRecordings
RecMechV2Class.recordingCtr	recMechV2ClassRecordingCtr
RecMechV2Class.storageType	recMechV2ClassStorageType
RecMechV2Class.rowStatus	recMechV2ClassRowStatus
RecMechV2Factory.name	recMechV2FactoryName
RecMechV2Factory.securityModel	recMechV2FactorySecurityModel
RecMechV2Factory.securityLevel	recMechV2FactorySecurityLevel
RecMechV2Factory.securityName	recMechV2FactorySecurityName
RecMechV2Factory.sampleContext	recMechV2FactorySampleContext
RecMechV2Factory.sampleOID	recMechV2FactorySampleOID
RecMechV2Factory.preSamples	recMechV2FactoryPreSamples
RecMechV2Factory.samplePeriod	recMechV2FactorySamplePeriod
RecMechV2Factory.monitorContext	recMechV2FactoryMonitorContext
RecMechV2Factory.monitorOID	recMechV2FactoryMonitorOID
RecMechV2Factory.sampleLimit	recMechV2FactorySampleLimit
RecMechV2Factory.storageType	recMechV2FactoryStorageType
RecMechV2Factory.rowStatus	recMechV2FactoryRowStatus
RecMechV2Recording.id	recMechV2RecordingID
RecMechV2Recording.trigger	recMechV2RecordingTrigger
RecMechV2Recording.triggeredAt.date	recMechV2RecordingTriggerDate
RecMechV2Recording.triggeredAt.time	recMechV2RecordingTriggerTime
RecMechV2Recording.status	recMechV2RecordingStatus
RecMechV2Recording.triggerPoint	recMechV2RecordingTriggerPoint
RecMechV2Recording.numSamples	recMechV2RecordingNumSamples
RecMechV2Recording.delete	recMechV2RecordingDelete
RecMechV2Sample.num	recMechV2SampleNum
RecMechV2Sample.time	recMechV2SampleTime
RecMechV2Sample.value	recMechV2SampleValue

Property	Object Type
RecMechV2.minSamplePeriod	recMechV2MinSamplePeriod
RecMechV2.maxSamplePeriod	recMechV2MaxSamplePeriod
RecMechV2.samplePeriodResolution	recMechV2SamplePeriodResolution
Owner.name	ISO 20684-7 fdOwnerName
Owner.sizeLimit	ISO 20684-7 fdOwnerSizeLimit
Owner.rowStatus	ISO 20684-7 fdOwnerRowStatus
ActionGroup.name	ISO 20684-3 fdActionName
Action.index	ISO 20684-3 fdActionIndex
Action.description	ISO 20684-3 fdActionDescription
Action.actionPtr	ISO 20684-3 fdActionPointer
Action.triggerCount	ISO 20684-3 fdActionTriggerCount
Action.failureCount	ISO 20684-3 fdActionFailureCount
Action.disabledCount	ISO 20684-3 fdActionDisabledCount
Action.storageType	ISO 20684-3 fdActionStorageType
Action.rowStatus	ISO 20684-3 fdActionRowStatus

### B.2.4 Configuration Information

Figure 26 depicts the configuration data stored by a controller.

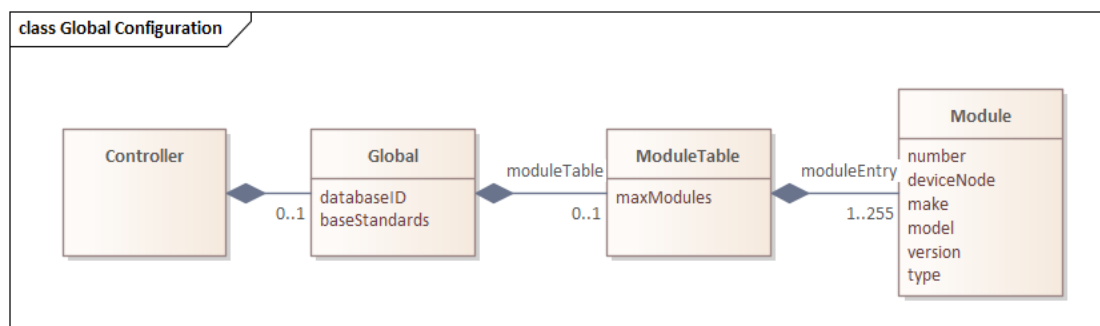


Figure 26 Class Diagram of the Configuration Information

A controller may have a database identifier, an indication of the standards that it supports, and zero or one module tables. If there is a module table, then the controller may additionally support an object defining the maximum number of modules supported within the table, which may be between one and 255, as indicated by the link to the Module class. For each module, the controller may support a variety of information, including:

- The module number;
- The device node to which the module relates;
- The make of the module;
- The model of the module;
- The version of the module; and
- The type of module.

The mapping of each attribute in this class to object types are defined in Table 18.

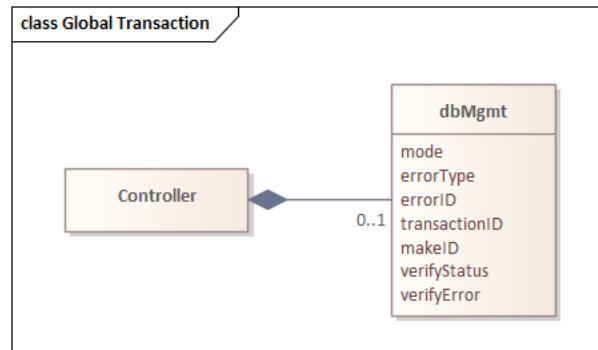
Table 18: Configuration Information Mapping to Class Diagram

Property	Object Type
Global.databaseID	globalSetIDParameter
Global.baseStandards	controllerBaseStandards
ModuleTable.maxModules	globalMaxModules

Property	Object Type
Module.number	moduleNumber
Module.deviceNode	moduleDeviceNode
Module.make	moduleMake
Module.model	moduleModel
Module.version	modelVersion
Module.type	moduleType

### B.2.5 Transaction Information

[Figure 27](#) depicts the transaction state data stored by a controller.



**Figure 27 Class Diagram of the Transaction Service**

A controller may support a transaction feature (see [Figure 27](#)). The following information characterizes the feature as defined in NTCIP 1103 v03:

- a) A mode;
- b) A verify status; and
- c) A verification error message.

The errorType, errorID, transactionID, and makeID objects might also exist, but they were deprecated in previous versions of the MIB.

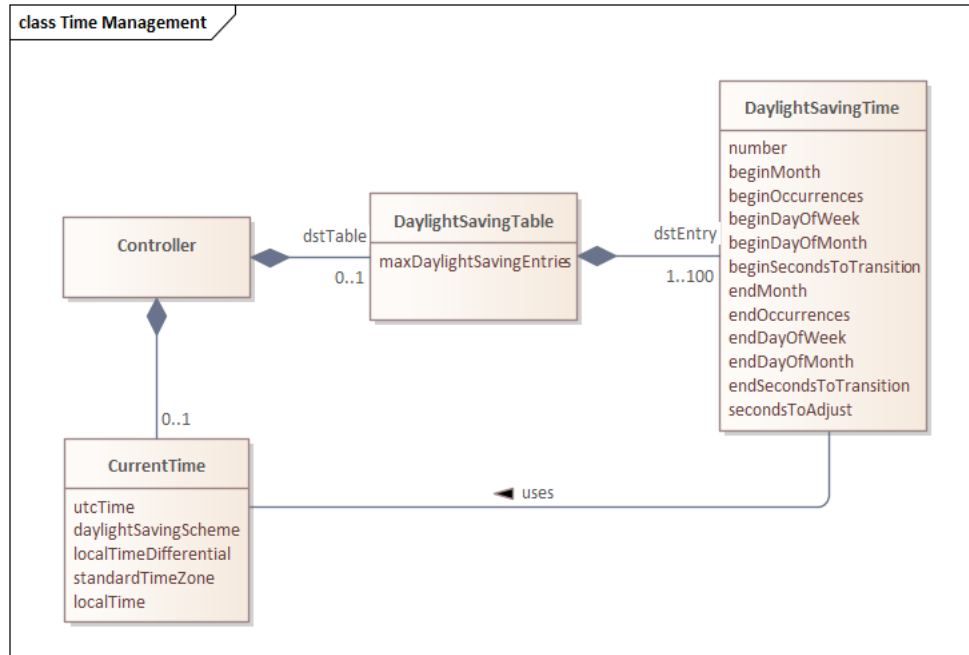
The mapping of each attribute in this class to object types are defined in [Table 19](#).

**Table 19: Transaction Service Mapping to Class Diagram**

Property	Object Type
DbMgmt.mode	dbCreateTransaction
DbMgmt.errorType	dbErrorType
DbMgmt.errorID	dbErrorID
DbMgmt.transactionID	dbTransactionID
DbMgmt.makeID	dbMakeID
DbMgmt.verifyStatus	dbVerifyStatus
DbMgmt.verifyError	dbVerifyError

### B.2.6 Time and Daylight Saving Time (DST) Information

[Figure 28](#) depicts the time-related and DST-related data stored by a controller.



**Figure 28 Class Diagram of Time/DST Information**

A controller may store time-related information, including:

- a) The current time in UTC
- b) An indication of the daylight saving mode
- c) An indication of the time zone when in standard time
- d) An indication of the local time, which includes and accounts for DST

The controller might also support a local time differential from UTC, although this object was previously deprecated.

The controller may also support a DST Table. If this is supported, it is characterized by the maximum number of entries that it may contain, which is required to be at least one and may be no greater than 100. For each entry, the following information may be stored:

- a) A DST number
- b) A begin DST month indicating in which month the DST may begin
- c) A begin DST occurrences parameter indicating the number of occurrences of the specific day of week required to have occurred within the selected month before DST begins [NOTE—"beginOccurrences" (sic) is misspelled in the figure, but is spelled correctly in the MIB object definitions.]
- d) A begin DST day of week indicating on which day of week the DST may begin
- e) A begin DST day of month indicating on which day of month the DST may begin
- f) A begin DST Seconds to Transition parameter indicating after how many seconds after midnight of a particular day the DST may begin
- g) An end DST month indicating in which month the DST may begin
- h) An end DST occurrences parameter indicating number of occurrences of the specific day of week required to have occurred within the selected month before DST ends
- i) An end DST day of week indicating on which day of week the DST may end
- j) An end DST day of month indicating on which day of month the DST may end
- k) An end DST Seconds to Transition parameter indicating after how many seconds after midnight of a particular day the DST may end
- l) A seconds to adjust parameter indicating by how many seconds the DST time is offset from the local reference time when DST as defined by this entry is in effect

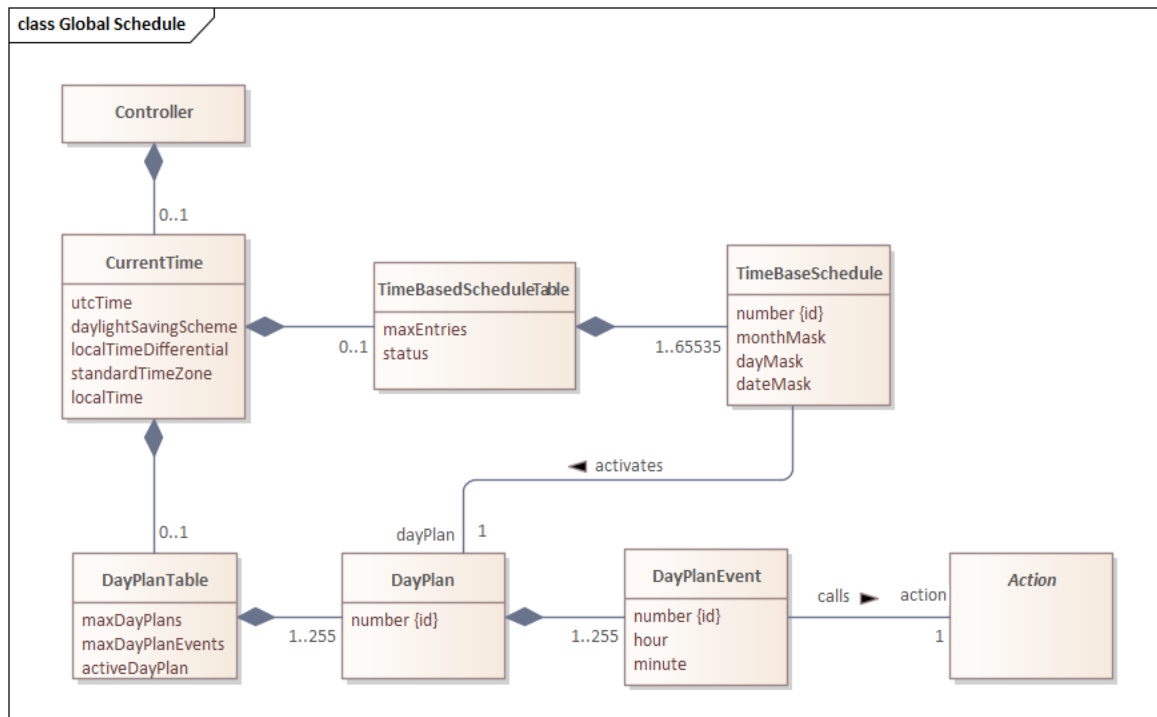
The mapping of each attribute in this class to object types are defined in [Table 20](#).

**Table 20: Time/DST Information Mapping to Class Diagram**

Property	Object Type
CurrentTime.utcTime	globalTime
CurrentTime.daylightSavingScheme	globalDaylightSaving
CurrentTime.localTimeDifferential	globalLocalTimeDifferential
CurrentTime.standardTimeZone	controllerStandardTimeZone
CurrentTime.localTime	controllerLocalTime
DaylightSavingTable.maxDaylightSavingEntries	maxDaylightSavingEntries
DaylightSavingTime.number	dstEntryNumber
DaylightSavingTime.beginMonth	dstBeginMonth
DaylightSavingTime.beginOccurrences	dstBeginOccurrences
DaylightSavingTime.beginDayOfWeek	dstBeginDayOfWeek
DaylightSavingTime.beginDayOfMonth	dstBeginDayOfMonth
DaylightSavingTime.beginSecondsToTransition	dstBeginSecondsToTransition
DaylightSavingTime.endMonth	dstEndMonth
DaylightSavingTime.endOccurrences	dstEndOccurrences
DaylightSavingTime.endDayOfWeek	dstEndDayOfWeek
DaylightSavingTime.endDayOfMonth	dstEndDayOfMonth
DaylightSavingTime.endSecondsToTransition	dstEndSecondsToTransition
DaylightSavingTime.secondsToAdjust	dstSecondsToAdjust

**B.2.7 Generic Schedule Information**

[Figure 29](#) depicts the generic schedule-related data stored by a controller.



**Figure 29 Class Diagram of Generic Schedule-Related Information**

[Figure 29](#) indicates a controller may store schedule information, including:

- a) The current time in UTC
- b) An indication of the time zone when in standard time
- c) An indication of the local time, which includes and accounts for DST

The controller may also support a timebase schedule table. If supported, it is characterized by the maximum number of entries that it may contain, which is required to be at least one and may be no greater than 65535, and a status. For each entry, the following information may be stored:

- a) A schedule number
- b) A month mask indicating which months the schedule may be active
- c) A day mask indicating which days of the week the schedule may be valid
- d) A date mask indicating which dates of the month the schedule may be active
- e) A link to a day plan record

To have a link to a day plan, the day plan is also required to be supported, which in turn requires that its container class and the day plan table are also required to be supported. The day plan table is characterized by:

- a) The maximum number of day plans that may be stored, which must be between one and 255
- b) The maximum number of events that may occur during a day, which must be between one and 255
- c) An indication of the day plan that is currently active

The day plan itself only consists of the day plan number and a link to between one and 255 day plan events. Each day plan event is described by:

- a) A number;
- b) The hour during which the event occurs;
- c) The minute during which the event occurs;
- d) The status of the action; and
- e) A link to the specific action to be performed

The specific action to be performed is defined elsewhere because of the device-specific nature of actions.

The mapping of each attribute in this class to object types are defined in [Table 21](#).

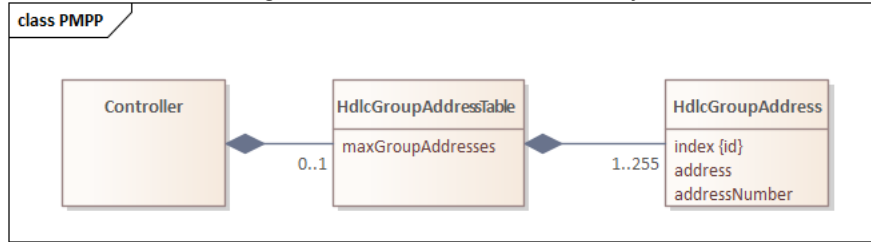
**Table 21: Generic Schedule Mapping to Class Diagram**

Property	Object Type
CurrentTime.utcTime	globalTime
CurrentTime.daylightSavingScheme	globalDaylightSaving
CurrentTime.localTimeDifferential	globalLocalTimeDifferential
CurrentTime.standardTimeZone	controllerStandardTimeZone
CurrentTime.localTime	controllerLocalTime
TimeBaseScheduleTable.maxEntries	maxTimeBaseScheduleEntries
TimeBaseScheduleTable.status	timeBaseScheduleTableStatus
TimeBaseSchedule.number	timeBaseScheduleNumber
TimeBaseSchedule.monthMask	timeBaseScheduleMonth
TimeBaseSchedule.dayMask	timeBaseScheduleDay
TimeBaseSchedule.dateMask	timeBaseScheduleDate
TimeBaseSchedule.dayPlan	timeBaseScheduleDayPlan
DayPlanTable.maxDayPlans	maxDayPlans
DayPlanTable.maxDayPlanEvents	maxDayPlanEvents
DayPlanTable.activeDayPlan	dayPlanStatus
DayPlan.number	dayPlanNumber
DayPlanEvent.number	dayPlanEventNumber

DayPlanEvent.hour	dayPlanHour
DayPlanEvent.minute	dayPlanMinute
DayPlanEvent.action	dayPlanActionNumberOID

**B.2.8 PMPP Information**

Figure 30 depicts the database management version 2 data stored by a controller.



**Figure 30 Class Diagram of the PMPP Data**

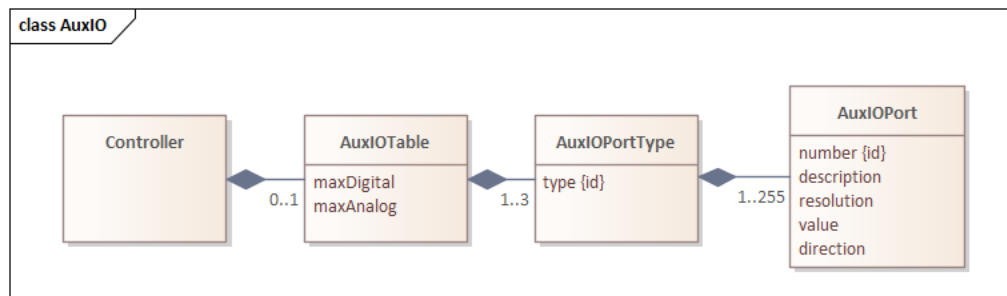
A controller can support the HDLC Group Address Table with a defined number of group addresses and an entry in the table for each stored address. The mapping of each attribute in this class to object types are defined in Table 22.

**Table 22: PMPP Mapping to Class Diagram**

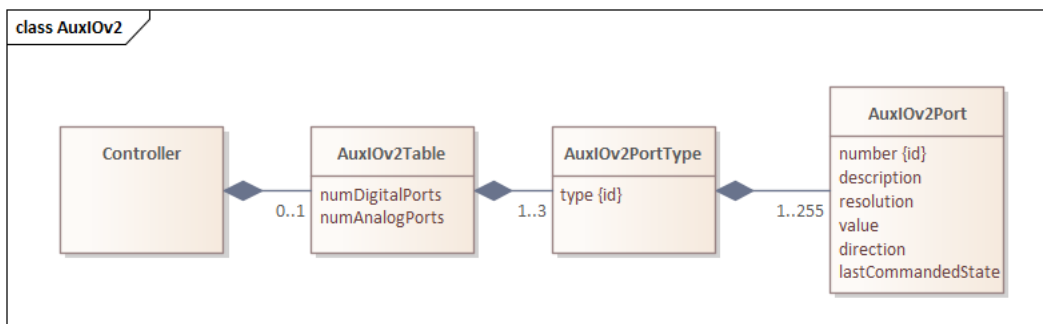
Property	Object Type
HdLcGroupAddressTable.maxGroupAddresses	maxGroupAddresses
HdLcGroupAddress.index	hdLcGroupAddressIndex
HdLcGroupAddress.address	hdLcGroupAddress
HdLcGroupAddress.addressNumber	hdLcGroupAddressNumber

**B.2.9 Auxiliary Input/Output Information**

Figure 31 and Figure 32 depict the auxiliary input/output data stored by a controller. Two diagrams are shown, one depicting the methods and object definitions originally defined in NTCIP 1203 v01 and the methods and objects defined in NTCIP 1201 v02.



**Figure 31 Class Diagram for Auxiliary Input/Output (NTCIP 1203 v01)**



**Figure 32 Class Diagram for Auxiliary Input/Output Version 2 (NTCIP 1201 v02)**

Figure 31 and Figure 32 indicate a controller may support an auxiliary input/output table (AuxIO2 and/or AuxIO). If either is supported, it is characterized by the maximum number of digital and analog ports supported by the device. Each port type is allocated to its own sub-table in the AuxIOv2PortType table, which contains multiple entries, one for each port, where each port is characterized by:

- a) A number
- b) A description
- c) A resolution of the data supported by the port
- d) A value
- e) A direction
- f) The last commanded state (only in NTCIP 1201 v02)

The mapping of each attribute in this class to object types are defined in Table 23.

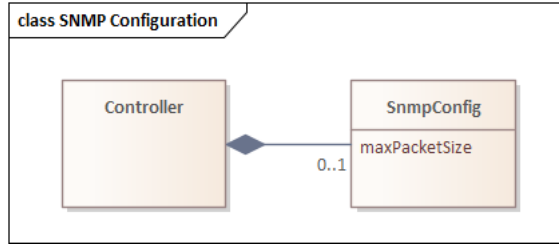
**Table 23: Auxiliary Input and Output Mapping to Class Diagram**

Property	Object Type
AuxIOtable.maxDigitalPorts	maxAuxIODigital
AuxIOtable.maxAnalogPorts	maxAuxIOAnalog
AuxIOv2PortType.type	auxIOv2PortType
AuxIOv2Port.number	auxIOv2PortNumber
AuxIOv2Port.description	auxIOv2PortDescription
AuxIOv2Port.resolution	auxIOv2PortResolution
AuxIOv2Port.value	auxIOv2PortValue
AuxIOv2Port.direction	auxIOv2PortDirection
AuxIOv2Table.maxDigitalPorts	maxAuxIOv2TableNumDigitalPorts
AuxIOv2Table.maxAnalogPorts	maxAuxIOv2TableNumAnalogPorts
AuxIOv2PortType.type	auxIOv2PortType
AuxIOv2Port.number	auxIOv2PortNumber
AuxIOv2Port.description	auxIOv2PortDescription
AuxIOv2Port.resolution	auxIOv2PortResolution
AuxIOv2Port.value	auxIOv2PortValue
AuxIOv2Port.direction	auxIOv2PortDirection
AuxIOv2Port.lastCommandedState	auxIOv2PortLastCommandedState

### B.2.10 SNMP Information

Figure 33 depicts the NTCIP-defined SNMP data stored by a controller.





**Figure 33 Class Diagram of the NTCIP-Defined SNMP Data**

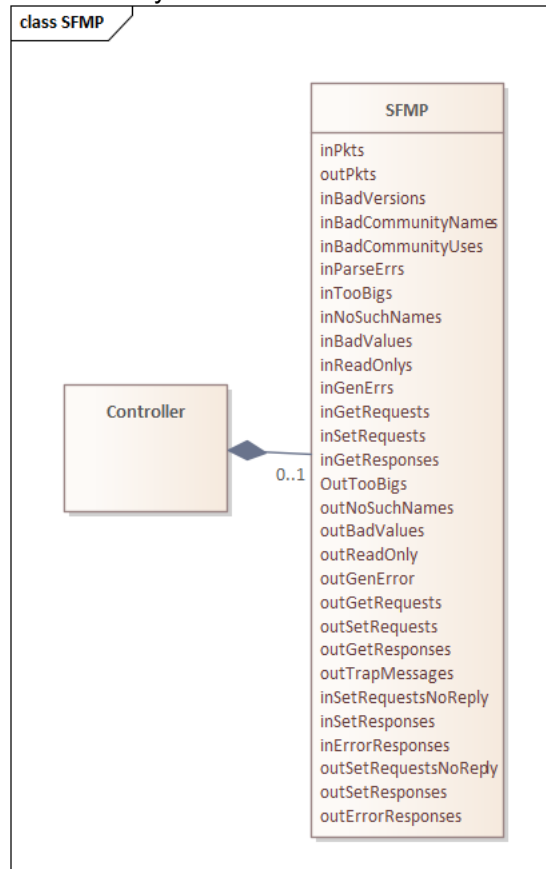
A controller can indicate the maximum SNMP packet size. The mapping of each attribute in this class to object types are defined in [Table 24](#).

**Table 24: NTCIP-Defined SNMP Data Mapping to Class Diagram**

Property	Object Type
SnmpConfig.maxPacketSize	snmpMaxPacketSize

**B.2.11 SFMP Information**

[Figure 34](#) depicts the SFMP data stored by a controller.



**Figure 34 Class Diagram of the SFMP Data**

A controller can indicate various statistics for SFMP. The mapping of each attribute in this class to object types are defined in [Table 25](#).

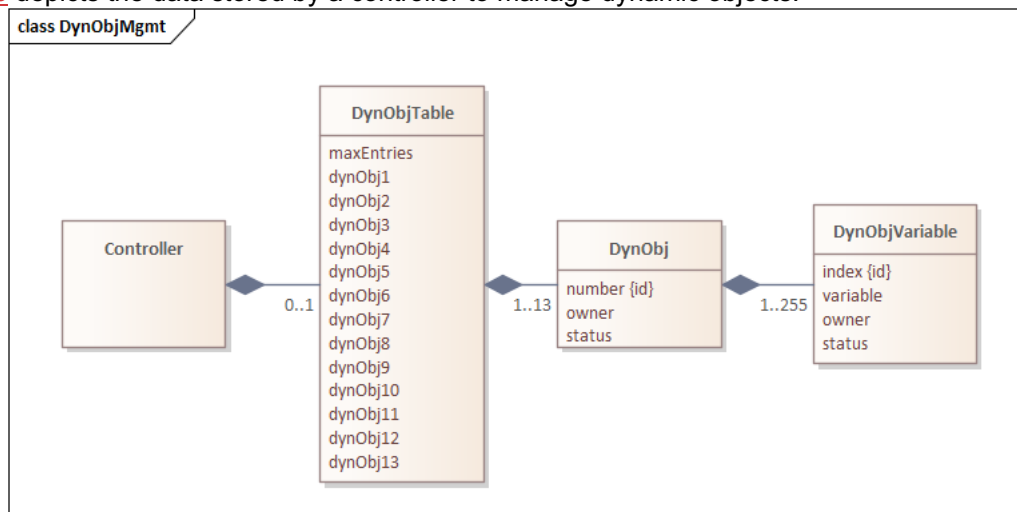
**Table 25: SFMP Data Mapping to Class Diagram**

Property	Object Type
SFMP.inPkts	sfmplnPkts

SFMP.outPkts	sfmpOutPkts
SFMP.inBadVersions	sfmpInBadVersions
SFMP.inBadCommunityNames	sfmpInBadCommunityNames
SFMP.inBadCommunityUses	sfmpInBadCommunityUses
SFMP.inParsErrs	sfmpInParsErrs
SFMP.inTooBig	sfmpInTooBig
SFMP.inNoSuchNames	sfmpInNoSuchNames
SFMP.inBadValues	sfmpInBadValues
SFMP.inReadOnly	sfmpInReadOnly
SFMP.inGenErrs	sfmpInGenErrs
SFMP.inGetRequests	sfmpInGetRequests
SFMP.inSetRequests	sfmpInSetRequests
SFMP.inGetResponses	sfmpInGetResponses
SFMP.outTooBig	sfmpOutTooBig
SFMP.outNoSuchNames	sfmpOutNoSuchNames
SFMP.outBadValues	sfmpOutBadValues
SFMP.outReadOnly	sfmpOutReadOnly
SFMP.outGenErrs	sfmpOutGenErrs
SFMP.outGetRequests	sfmpOutGetRequests
SFMP.outSetRequests	sfmpOutSetRequests
SFMP.outGetResponses	sfmpOutGetResponses
SFMP.outTrapMessages	sfmpOutTrapMessages
SFMP.inSetRequestsNoReply	sfmpInSetRequestsNoReply
SFMP.inSetResponses	sfmpInSetResponses
SFMP.inErrorResponses	sfmpInErrorResponses
SFMP.outSetRequestsNoReply	sfmpOutSetRequestsNoReply
SFMP.outSetResponses	sfmpOutSetResponses
SFMP.outErrorResponses	sfmpOutErrorResponses

**B.2.12 Dynamic Object Management Information**

Figure 35 depicts the data stored by a controller to manage dynamic objects.



**Figure 35 Class Diagram for Dynamic Object Management**

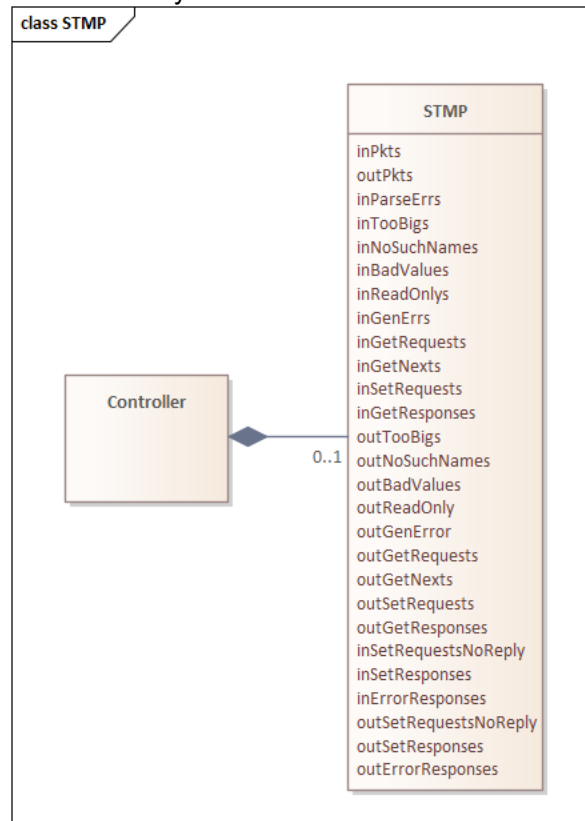
A controller can support the definition of dynamic objects along with a series of objects to manage the current value of each dynamic object, the latter feature was deprecated in NTCIP 1201 v02. The mapping of each attribute in this class to object types are defined in Table 26.

**Table 26: Dynamic Object Management Mapping to Class Diagram**

Property	Object Type
DynObjTable.maxEntries	dynObjDefTableMaxEntries
DynObjTable.dynObj1	dynObj1
DynObjTable.dynObj2	dynObj2
DynObjTable.dynObj3	dynObj3
DynObjTable.dynObj4	dynObj4
DynObjTable.dynObj5	dynObj5
DynObjTable.dynObj6	dynObj6
DynObjTable.dynObj7	dynObj7
DynObjTable.dynObj8	dynObj8
DynObjTable.dynObj9	dynObj9
DynObjTable.dynObj10	dynObj10
DynObjTable.dynObj11	dynObj11
DynObjTable.dynObj12	dynObj12
DynObjTable.dynObj13	dynObj13
DynObj.number	dynObjNumber
DynObj.owner	dynObjConfigOwner
DynObj.status	dynObjConfigStatus
DynObjVariable.index	dynObjIndex
DynObjVariable.variable	dynObjVariable
DynObjVariable.owner	dynObjOwner
DynObjVariable.status	dynObjStatus

**B.2.13 STMP Information**

Figure 36 depicts the STMP data stored by a controller.



**Figure 36 Class Diagram of STMP Data**

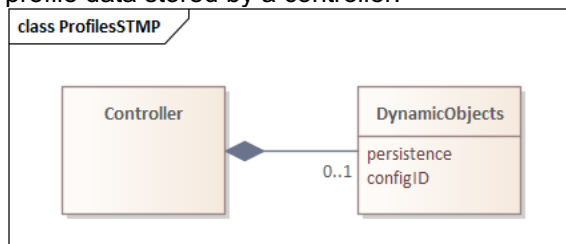
A controller can support various STMP statistics. The mapping of each attribute in this class to object types are defined in [Table 27](#).

**Table 27: STMP Data Mapping to Class Diagram**

Property	Object Type
STMP.inPkts	stmpInPkts
STMP.outPkts	stmpOutPkts
STMP.inParsErrs	stmpInParsErrs
STMP.inTooBig	stmpInTooBig
STMP.inNoSuchNames	stmpInNoSuchNames
STMP.inBadValues	stmpInBadValues
STMP.inReadOnly	stmpInReadOnly
STMP.inGenErrs	stmpInGenErrs
STMP.inGetRequests	stmpInGetRequests
STMP.inGetNexts	stmpInGetNexts
STMP.inSetRequests	stmpInSetRequests
STMP.inGetResponses	stmpInGetResponses
STMP.outTooBig	stmpOutTooBig
STMP.outNoSuchNames	stmpOutNoSuchNames
STMP.outBadValues	stmpOutBadValues
STMP.outReadOnly	stmpOutReadOnly
STMP.outGenErrs	stmpOutGenErrs
STMP.outGetRequests	stmpOutGetRequests
STMP.outGetNexts	stmpOutGetNexts
STMP.outSetRequests	stmpOutSetRequests
STMP.outGetResponses	stmpOutGetResponses
STMP.inSetRequestsNoReply	stmpInSetRequestsNoReply
STMP.inSetResponses	stmpInSetResponses
STMP.inErrorResponses	stmpInErrorResponses
STMP.outSetRequestsNoReply	stmpOutSetRequestsNoReply
STMP.outSetResponses	stmpOutSetResponses
STMP.outErrorResponses	stmpOutErrorResponses

#### B.2.14 Profiles STMP

[Figure 37](#) depicts the STMP profile data stored by a controller.



**Figure 37 Class Diagram of the STMP Profile Data**

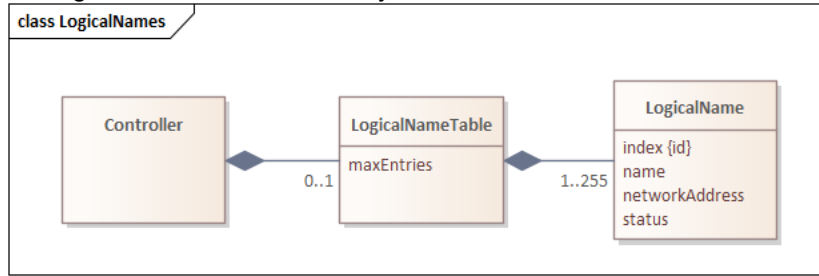
A controller can indicate the persistence and configuration identifier for dynamic objects. The mapping of each attribute in this class to object types are defined in [Table 28](#).

**Table 28: STMP Profile Data Mapping to Class Diagram**

Property	Object Type
DynamicObjects.persistence	dynamicObjectPersistence
DynamicObjects.configID	dynamicObjectTableConfigID

**B.2.15** Logical Names Information

[Figure 38](#) depicts the logical names data stored by a controller.



**Figure 38 Class Diagram of the Logical Names Data**

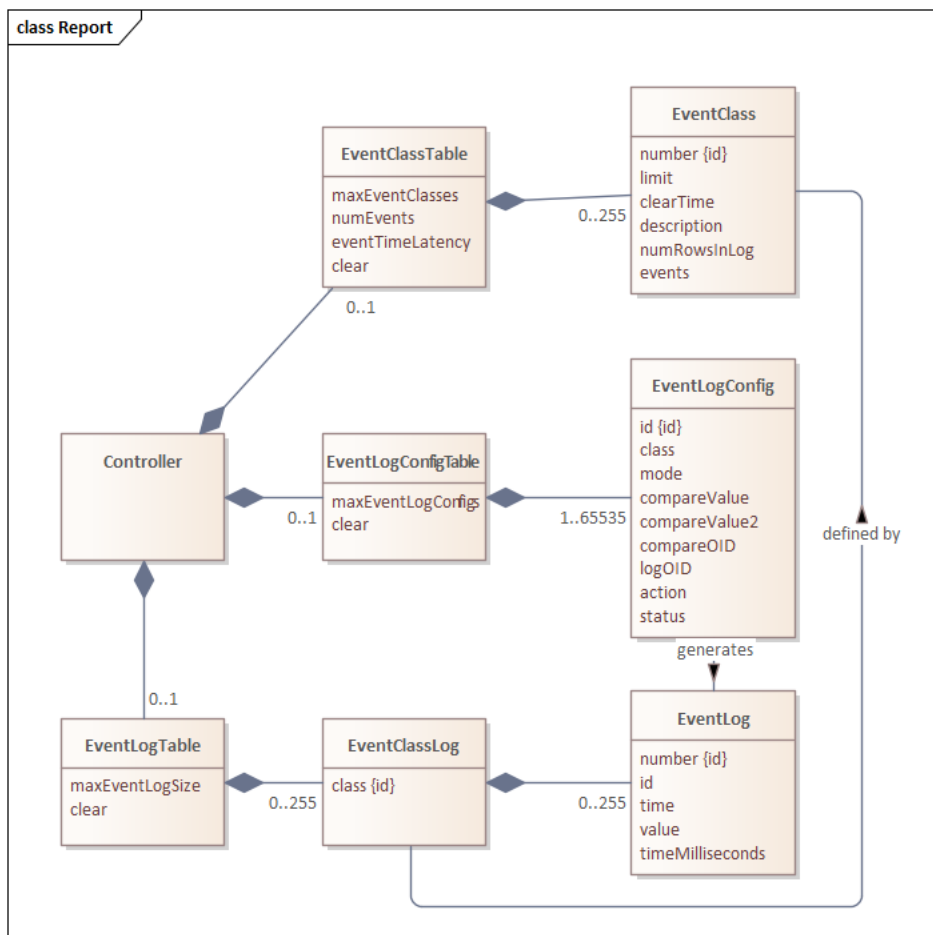
A controller can support a logical names table. The mapping of each attribute in this class to object types are defined in [Table 29](#).

**Table 29: Logical Names Data Mapping to Class Diagram**

Property	Object Type
LogicalNameTable.maxEntries	logicalNameTranslationTableMaxEntries
LogicalName.index	logicalNameTranslationIndex
LogicalName.name	logicalNameTranslationLogicalName
LogicalName.networkAddress	logicalNameTranslationNetworkAddress
LogicalName.status	logicalNameTranslationStatus

**B.2.16** Event Report Information

[Figure 39](#) depicts the event report data stored by a controller.



**Figure 39 Class Diagram of the Event Report Data**

A controller can configure multiple event types and class types so that information about events can be stored in a log, organized by the defined classes. The mapping of each attribute in this class to object types are defined in [Table 30](#).

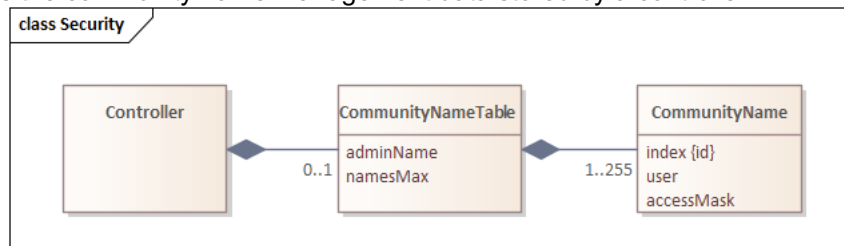
**Table 30: Event Report Data Mapping to Class Diagram**

Property	Object Type
EventClassTable.maxEventClasses	maxEventClasses
EventClassTable.numEvents	numEvents
EventClassTable.eventTimeLatency	eventTimeLatency
EventClassTable.clear	eventClearClasses
EventClass.number	eventClassNumber
EventClass.limit	eventClassLimit
EventClass.clearTime	eventClassClearTime
EventClass.description	eventClassDescription
EventClass.numRowsInLog	eventClassNumRowsInLog
EventClass.events	eventClassNumEvents
EventLogConfigTable.maxEventLogConfigs	maxEventLogConfigs
EventLogConfigTable.clear	eventClearConfiguration
EventLogConfig.id	eventConfigID
EventLogConfig.class	eventConfigClass
EventLogConfig.mode	eventConfigMode
EventLogConfig.compareValue	eventConfigCompareValue
EventLogConfig.compareValue2	eventConfigCompareValue2

EventLogConfig.compareOID	eventConfigCompareOID
EventLogConfig.logOID	eventConfigLogOID
EventLogConfig.action	eventConfigAction
EventLogConfig.status	eventConfigStatus
EventLogTable.maxEventLogSize	maxEventLogSize
EventLogTable.clear	eventClearLog
EventClassLog.class	eventLogClass
EventLog.number	eventLogNumber
EventLog.id	eventLogID
EventLog.time	eventLogTime
EventLog.value	eventLogValue
EventLog.timeMilliseconds	eventLogTimeMilliseconds

**B.2.17 Community Name Security Information**

Figure 40 depicts the community name management data stored by a controller.



**Figure 40 Class Diagram of the Community Name Security Data**

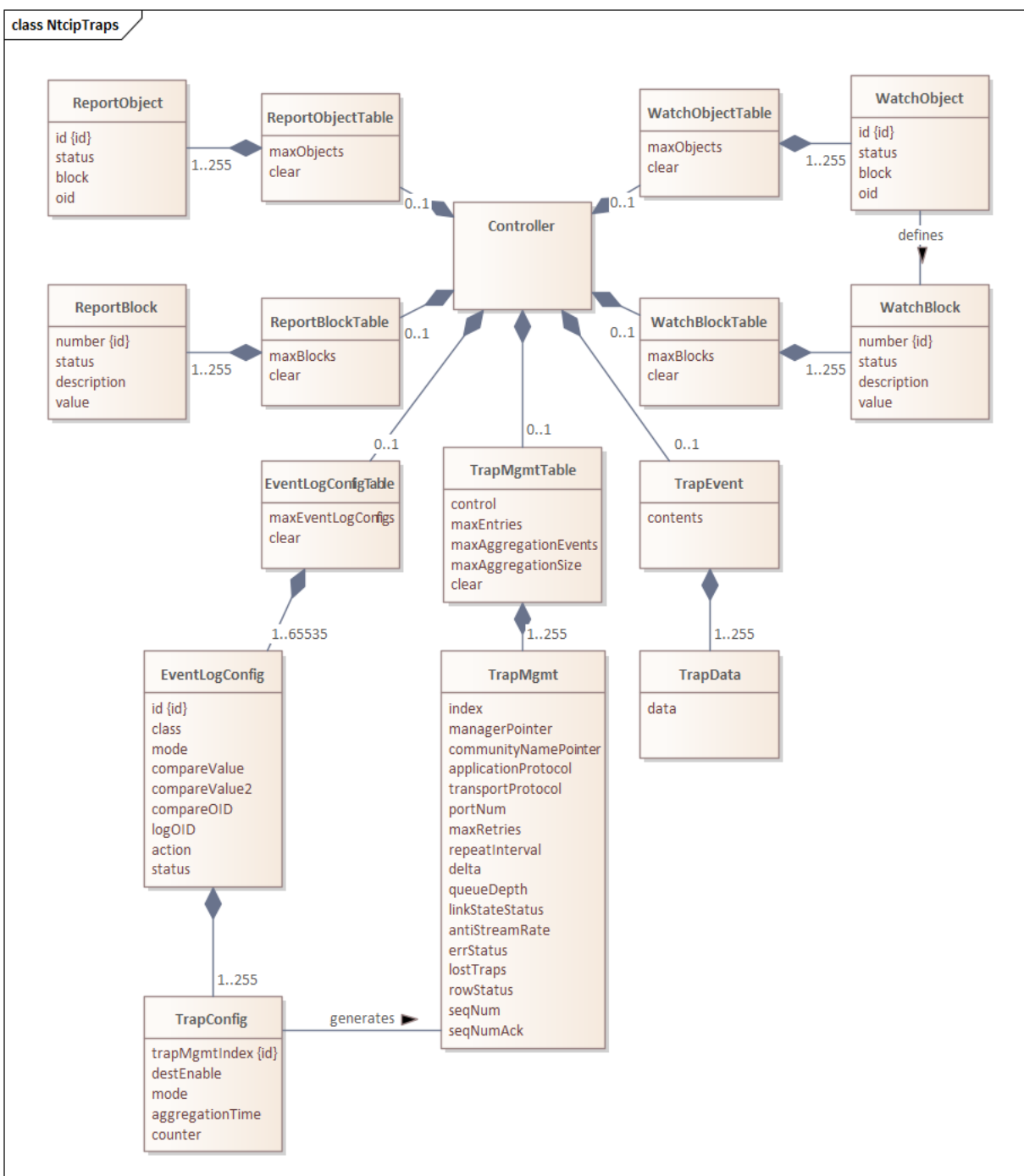
A controller can support objects to manage the community names configured for the controller. The mapping of each attribute in this class diagram to object types are defined in Table 31.

**Table 31: Community Name Security Data Mapping to Class Diagram**

Property	Object Type
CommunityNameTable.adminName	communityNameAdmin
CommunityNameTable.namesMax	communityNamesMax
CommunityName.index	communityNameIndex
CommunityName.user	communityNameUser
CommunityName.accessMask	communityNameAccessMask

**B.2.18 Trap Management Information**

Figure 41 depicts the trap management data stored by a controller.



**Figure 41 Class Diagram of the Trap Management Data**

A controller can configure trap events, the data to send, and the parameters used to send the traps. This can include monitoring complex watch objects and sending complex report objects. The mapping of each attribute in this class to object types are defined in [Table 32](#).

**Table 32: Trap Management Data Mapping to Class Diagram**

Property	Object Type
WatchObjectTable.maxObjects	maxWatchObjects
WatchObjectTable.clear	clearWatchObjects

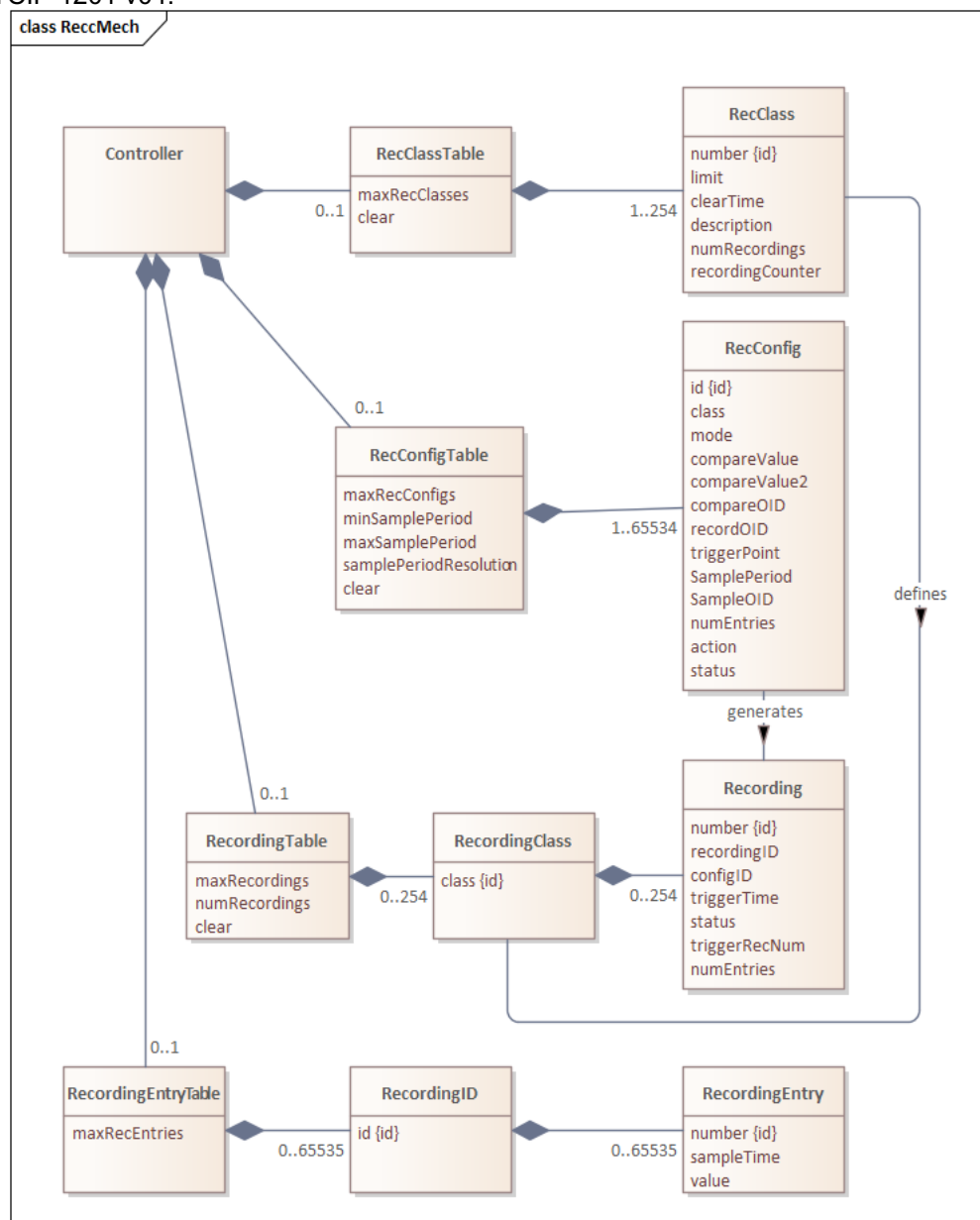


Property	Object Type
WatchObject.id	watchID
WatchObject.status	watchStatus
WatchObject.block	watchBlock
WatchObject.oid	watchOID
WatchBlockTable.maxBlocks	maxWatchBlocks
WatchBlockTable.clear	clearWatchBlockTable
WatchBlock.number	watchBlockNumber
WatchBlock.status	watchBlockStatus
WatchBlock.description	watchBlockDescription
WatchBlock.value	watchBlockValue
ReportObjectTable.maxObjects	maxReportObjects
ReportObjectTable.clear	clearReportObjects
ReportObject.id	reportID
ReportObject.status	reportStatus
ReportObject.block	reportBlock
ReportObject.oid	reportOID
ReportBlockTable.maxBlocks	maxReportBlocks
ReportBlockTable.clear	clearReportBlockTable
ReportBlock.number	reportBlockNumber
ReportBlock.status	reportBlockStatus
ReportBlock.description	reportBlockDescription
ReportBlock.value	reportBlockValue
EventLogConfigTable.maxEventLogConfigs	maxEventLogConfigs
EventLogConfigTable.clear	eventClearConfiguration
EventLogConfig.id	eventConfigID
EventLogConfig.class	eventConfigClass
EventLogConfig.mode	eventConfigMode
EventLogConfig.compareValue	eventConfigCompareValue
EventLogConfig.compareValue2	eventConfigCompareValue2
EventLogConfig.compareOID	eventConfigCompareOID
EventLogConfig.logOID	eventConfigLogOID
EventLogConfig.action	eventConfigAction
EventLogConfig.status	eventConfigStatus
TrapConfig.trapMgmtIndex	trapMgmtManagerIndex
TrapConfig.destEnable	trapDestEnable
TrapConfig.mode	trapMode
TrapConfig.aggregationTime	trapAggregationTime
TrapConfig.counter	trapCounter
TrapMgmtTable.control	trapControl
TrapMgmtTable.maxEntries	trapMgmtMaxEntries
TrapMgmtTable.maxAggregationEvents	trapMaxAggregationEvents
TrapMgmtTable.maxAggregationSize	trapMaxAggregationSize
TrapMgmtTable.clear	clearTrapMgmtTable
TrapMgmt.index	trapMgmtManagerIndex
TrapMgmt.managerPointer	trapMgmtManagerPointer
TrapMgmt.communityNamePointer	trapMgmtCommunityNamePointer
TrapMgmt.applicationProtocol	trapMgmtApplicationProtocol
TrapMgmt.transportProtocol	trapMgmtTransportProtocol
TrapMgmt.portNum	trapMgmtPortNum
TrapMgmt.maxRetries	trapMgmtMaxRetries
TrapMgmt.repeatInterval	trapMgmtRepeatInterval
TrapMgmt.delta	trapMgmtDelta

Property	Object Type
TrapMgmt.queueDepth	trapMgmtQueueDepth
TrapMgmt.linkStateStatus	trapMgmtLinkStateStatus
TrapMgmt.antiStreamRate	trapMgmtAntiStreamRate
TrapMgmt.errStatus	trapMgmtErrStatus
TrapMgmt.lostTraps	trapMgmtLostTraps
TrapMgmt.rowStatus	trapMgmtRowStatus
TrapMgmt.seqNum	trapMgmtSeqNum
TrapMgmt.seqNumAck	trapMgmtSeqNumAck
TrapEvent.contents	trapEvent
TrapData.data	trapData

### B.2.19 Recording Mechanism (Version 1) Information

Figure 42 depicts the data stored by a controller for the recording mechanism version 1 feature as used prior to NTCIP 1201 v04.



**Figure 42 Class Diagram of the Recording Mechanism (Version 1) Data**

indicates a controller can include data to manage the recording mechanism (version 1). The mapping of each attribute in this class to object types are defined in [Table 33](#).

**Table 33: Recording Mechanism (Version 1) Data Mapping to Class Diagram**

Property	Object Type
RecClassTable.maxRecClasses	maxRecClasses
RecClassTable.clear	recClearClasses
RecClass.number	recClassNumber
RecClass.limit	recClassLimit
RecClass.clearTime	recClassClearTime
RecClass.description	recClassDescription
RecClass.numRecordings	recClassNumRecordings
RecClass.recordingCounter	recClassRecordingCounter
RecConfigTable.maxRecConfigs	maxRecConfigs
RecConfigTable.minSamplePeriod	recMinSamplePeriod
RecConfigTable.maxSamplePeriod	recMaxSamplePeriod
RecConfigTable.samplePeriodResolution	recSamplePeriodResolution
RecConfigTable.clear	recClearConfigurations
RecConfig.id	recConfigID
RecConfig.class	recConfigClass
RecConfig.mode	recConfigMode
RecConfig.compareValue	recConfigCompareValue
RecConfig.compareValue2	recConfigCompareValue2
RecConfig.compareOID	recConfigCompareOID
RecConfig.recordOID	recConfigRecordOID
RecConfig.triggerPoint	recConfigTriggerPoint
RecConfig.samplePeriod	recConfigSamplePeriod
RecConfig.sampleOID	recConfigSampleOID
RecConfig.numEntries	recConfigNumEntries
RecConfig.action	recConfigAction
RecConfig.status	recConfigStatus
RecordingTable.maxRecordings	maxRecordings
RecordingTable.numRecordings	numRecordings
RecordingTable.clear	recClearRecordingData
RecordingClass.class	recordingClass
Recording.number	recordingNumber
Recording.recordingID	recordingID
Recording.configID	recordingConfigID
Recording.triggerTime	recordingTriggerTime
Recording.status	recordingStatus
Recording.triggerRecNum	recordingTriggerRecNum
Recording.numEntries	recordingNumEntries
RecordingEntryTable.maxRecEntries	maxRecEntries
RecordingID.id	recordingID
RecordingEntry.number	recEntryNumber
RecordingEntry.sampleTime	recSampleTime
RecordingEntry.value	recValue

**Annex C**  
**TEST PROCEDURES**  
**[INFORMATIVE]**

NOTE—It is anticipated that a future version of NTCIP 1201 may include test procedures, and Annex C serves as a placeholder. If test procedures are added, they will be normative.

## **Annex D**

### **SUMMARY OF CHANGES**

#### **[INFORMATIVE]**

To the extent reasonable, the NTCIP community attempts to minimize the number of changes to an NTCIP standard to minimize interoperability issues among different versions of a single NTCIP standard. However, on occasion, issues are identified with existing NTCIP standards that necessitate a change. When rectifying such issues, NTCIP standards attempt to minimize the impact on existing implementations. Annex D explains the issue identified resulting in significant revisions, provides a description of the revision made, and a brief analysis of the impact of each revision on existing implementations.

NOTE—NTCIP 1201:2005 is referenced as NTCIP 1201 v02. NTCIP 1201:1996 (also referred to as NTCIP 1201:1997) is referenced as NTCIP 1201 v01.

#### **D.1 REVISIONS FROM NTCIP 1201 V01 TO NTCIP 1201 V02**

##### **D.1.1 Updated Object Tree**

Because of the various other revisions in NTCIP 1201 v02, the (ISO) Object Tree was updated to properly reflect content. Interoperability issues are not anticipated.

##### **D.1.2 Updated to Conform with NTCIP 8004 v02**

Data stored in field devices are often retrieved by a central system and then may be exchanged with other centers as a part of regional communications. These center-to-center communications use protocols other than SNMP and require the data to be defined according to either IEEE 1489 (or its recently approved update known as ISO 14817). NTCIP v01 standards did not define data in this format, creating ambiguities for center-to-center implementations.

To ensure that a single definition for all NTCIP data, regardless of its use context (e.g., center-to-center vs. center-to-field), NTCIP defined an enhanced MIB format, as defined in NTCIP 8004 v02, to be used for all new and updated NTCIP standards.

Interoperability issues are not anticipated because of the additions that this update creates (e.g., the <DEFINITION> tags, etc.).

##### **D.1.3 Updated Name of the MIB**

Changes to a MIB can affect the way other MIBs import data. Thus, when a MIB imports data from another MIB, it should be able to unambiguously reference the specific version of the MIB that it wants to import. Therefore, every update to an NTCIP standard results in an update to the name of the MIB according to the rules in NTCIP 8004 v02.

Additionally, because there are now two versions of the auxiliary input/output object definitions, two additional MIBs were created, each of which contains one of the AuxIO definitions.

The update to the MIB name should prevent ambiguity as to which version of a MIB may be referenced from another MIB.

##### **D.1.4 Added Default Value Statements**

Interoperability problems can arise when different controllers initialize differently. As a result, this standard has standardized the default initialization value of several configuration and control parameters.

This NTCIP 1201 v02 revision may result in some NTCIP 1201 v01 devices performing slightly differently than NTCIP 1201 v02 devices. However, this should *reduce* interoperability issues overall. Current implementations operate differently from one another, and any central system is customized to handle

this uniqueness for each manufacturer. By defining the default value, this customization can be avoided in the future.

#### D.1.5 [Section Deleted]

NOTE—Annex D.5, renumbered as Annex D.1.5 in NTCIP 1201 v03, was not included in NTCIP 1201 v02.

#### D.1.6 Enhanced Module Version Definition

The module table provides basic information about the make, model, and version of the controller. However, NTCIP 1201 v01 provided a generic format for the version that did not adequately allow for proper configuration management of software. NTCIP 1201 v02 defined a detailed format for the presentation of version information.

While some NTCIP 1201 v01 devices may not conform, this revision should not present any real interoperability issues between NTCIP 1201 v01 and NTCIP 1201 v02 devices.

#### D.1.7 Added an Object to Identify Supported Standards

Several integrators have expressed concerns over the ability to be able to quickly determine to which NTCIP standards and which versions of NTCIP standards a device claims conformance. By being able to query the device to determine which standards it supports, a central system can quickly determine how to manage the device. Therefore, an object providing this information in a standard format was added.

Interoperability issues are not anticipated. A central system can readily identify any NTCIP v01 device, since the device returns a noSuchName error.

#### D.1.8 Corrected the Database Transaction Feature

The transaction mode process was modified by NTCIP 1201:1996 Amendment 1. Implementations discovered that the original process did not provide for the desired operation in the presence of multiple management stations (e.g., a central and a local laptop). Specifically, there were issues with the second management station overriding the first operation to issue a control command. The solution deprecated dbErrorID, dbTransactionID, and dbMakeID; revised the definition of dbCreateTransaction; and created two new objects labeled dbVerifyStatus and dbVerifyError.

This revision resolves pre-existing interoperability issues. While NTCIP 1201 v01 implementations require modification to conform to NTCIP 1201 v02, the NTCIP 1201 v01 feature did not work as intended.

NOTE—For the dbVerifyStatus object, to align NTCIP 1201 v02 with other NTCIP and several Internet standards, the object definitions in NTCIP 1201 v01 that had enumerated values starting with a value of (0) have been changed in NTCIP 1201 v02 to start with a value of (1). The changed definition in NTCIP 1201 v02 makes this object incompatible with NTCIP 1201 v01.

## D.2 REVISIONS FROM NTCIP 1201 V02 TO NTCIP 1201 V03

### D.2.1 Added Support for Additional Daylight Saving Modes

**The *globalDaylightSaving* object was deprecated after NTCIP 1201 v02; therefore, the following paragraphs are no longer relevant. See Annex D.2.2 for more information.**

Several parties located outside of the U.S. are now deploying NTCIP for various devices and have pointed out that the NTCIP should support all of the various daylight saving plans. Thus, these have been added to the daylight saving object.

This addition is fully backwards compatible and should not cause any interoperability problems. It will have no effect on systems in the US; NTCIP 1201 v01 systems outside of the US have not had a way to offer support of other daylight saving modes in a standard way, but with the NTCIP 1201 v02 enhancement, this feature is offered.

### **D.2.2** Added New Objects to Address US Daylight Saving Time (DST) Modifications

The globalDaylightSaving object was deprecated and a table allowing definition of the beginning and ending of DST was added (see dstBeginMonth). The definition of these parameters in a table allows definition of one or more sets of DST. Additionally, a new enumerated value was added to globalDaylightSaving object to support cases where a device supports both mechanisms and backward compatibility is required.

These changes were due to new rules enacted by the U. S. Congress to take effect in 2007. Since the DST rules have changed about every 10 years, the new set of DST objects allows users to define the start and end of DST.

### **D.2.3** Added a Schedule Status Object

Some agencies wanted to monitor the logic of the timebase schedule more closely and, as a result, a status object is added to the timebase schedule table. This extra feature is anticipated to be backward compatible.

### **D.2.4** Clarified Definitions of Day Plan Objects

Various questions were raised about the precise meaning of the object definitions for the day plan table. NTCIP 1201 v03 clarifies these definitions. However, the clarifications reflect actual implementations and interoperability issues are not anticipated.

### **D.2.5** Corrected Problems with the Local Time Logic

A problem was discovered with the time differential logic in that if the globalTime was set during the one-hour fall-back period of the DST logic; there was an ambiguity as to what time was intended. Manufacturers overcame this ambiguity via unique implementations, many of which created interoperability issues with other manufacturers. Several options were considered to correct this flawed logic, but all resulted in some level of interoperability issues. The best solution was to produce the cleanest design, which required deprecating the global time differential object (globalLocalTimeDifferential) and adding new objects for local time (controllerLocalTime) and time zone (controllerStandardTimeZone).

NTCIP 1201 v02 corrects an existing interoperability problem. Minor compatibility issues between the variety of NTCIP 1201 v01 interpretations and NTCIP 1201 v02 were noted, but an alternative solution that adequately corrected these issues without presenting new issues was not identified. By deprecating objects and creating new objects, any central system can quickly discover (by receiving a noSuchName error) when the wrong version is used.

### **D.2.6** Clarified Definitions Related to the Event Log

The exact definitions used for objects in the event log yielded a variety of detailed comments. Several clarifications resulted, but in all cases, these merely clarified the text and explained how manufacturers had implemented the features. Interoperability issues are not anticipated.

### **D.2.7** Reordered Sections for the Event Log

The order of the sections related to the event log proved confusing to some users, and sections were re-ordered. However, the OBJECT IDENTIFIERS for the objects have not changed. As such, this is an editorial change; interoperability issues are not anticipated.

After the above changes were made, the report node and event related objects were moved to NTCIP 1103 v02.

#### **D.2.8** Added Support for Another Mode to Event Log and Moved to NTCIP 1103 v02

Based on requests from implementers, a new mode was added for the event log configuration table (andedWithValue) and better explanations of the definitions of each mode were provided.

This is an editorial clarification; interoperability issues are not anticipated.

NOTE—After the above changes were made, the report node and even-related objects were moved to NTCIP 1103 v02.

#### **D.2.9** Added Error Value to the Event Configuration Status

Based on requests from implementers, an error code to the status object of the event configuration table was added to ensure that the controller is not programmed to repeatedly check an invalid condition. Logic was also added to the object that requires a consistency check whenever the configuration of the row changes.

Minor backward compatibility challenges may be anticipated; however, issues associated with some manufacturers' use of the 'other' code to mean error are avoided.

After the above revisions were made, the report node and event related objects were moved to NTCIP 1103 v02.

#### **D.2.10** Corrected Syntax of Event Log Size Object

NTCIP 1201 v01 indicated that the lower bound of the event log size was zero; however, if the size was zero, there would be no table and this object would not be supported. Thus, to avoid this contradiction, the lower limit was re-defined to be one.

Interoperability issues are not anticipated, since any implementation supporting this feature is expected to have a value greater than one.

After the above revisions were made, the report node and event related objects were moved to NTCIP 1103 v02.

#### **D.2.11** Replaced the Group Address Object

NTCIP 1201 v01 had an object defining the PMPP group address to which the device belonged; however, the meaning of the value had been interpreted in two different ways. One group held that the value was supposed to be the group address number that was encoded in the PMPP address field. The other group held that the value was the encoded PMPP address field. Because of this conflict and resulting non-interoperability in deployed systems, the existing object (hdlcGroupAddress) was deprecated, and a new object was defined (hdlcGroupAddressNumber) to resolve the issue.

While replacing the existing object presents a minor interoperability issue, the solution does provide an unambiguous definition of the object, and any central system can readily identify NTCIP 1201 v01 implementations since these do not support the NTCIP 1201 v02 object.

#### **D.2.12** Added Generic Auxiliary I/O Objects

The development of the NTCIP DMS standard (NTCIP 1203 v01) identified the need to support auxiliary I/O ports. This need was later identified by other NTCIP device-specific standards development groups, including the ESS WG. As a result, the auxiliary objects defined in NTCIP 1203 were moved to NTCIP 1201 v02. An effort to just refine, enhance, and rename the object definitions was anticipated to lead to interoperability issues. Therefore, the original object definitions moved from NTCIP 1203 v01 to NTCIP 1201 v01 were retained (see Section 0) but deprecated, and it is anticipated that these will be removed from a successor of NTCIP 1201 v03. The renamed and redefined object definitions are now also defined (see Section 0).



The provision of both sets of Auxiliary I/O object definitions, minimizes interoperability issues with either NTCIP 1201 v01 or NTCIP v02 implementations.

#### **D.2.13** Removed Conformance Statements

Deployments using the NTCIP v01 ('version 01') standards highlighted problems with using conformance groups in agency specifications. Issues also arose as NTCIP standards were updated to include systems engineering information (such as user needs and requirements), since user needs and requirements for each feature were typically not defined in a clear fashion within the NTCIP v01 standard.

Subsequent NTCIP standards follow an outline that is based on a systems engineering process (SEP). As a result, conformance groups were eliminated and replaced with a Protocol Requirements List (PRL). In the case of NTCIP 1201 v03, the PRL is located in the subject device standard that references NTCIP 1201 v03. The PRL, combined with the Requirements Traceability Matrix (RTM), now defines the conformance requirements rather than the conformance groups and conformance statement used in NTCIP v01 standards.

Interoperability issues are not anticipated.

#### **D.2.14** Added a Concept of Operations

The intended operation of some features was unclear to NTCIP 1201 v01 implementers. To address this issue, Annex A is included to explain how various features were intended to operate.

Although this is normative text, these are intended to clarify the text that already existed in the version 01 standard and are therefore not expected to produce any interoperability problems.

#### **D.2.15** Prepared Communication Objects Moved to NTCIP 1103 v02

The security objects and the event log objects moved to NTCIP 1103 v02, because they relate more to application layer issues than to the end-application.

#### **D.2.16** Deleted Annex B to Document Deprecated Objects

NTCIP 1201 v02 contained an Annex B that documented all objects that were deprecated between NTCIP 1201 v01 and NTCIP 1201 v02. Annex B provided future developers with an understanding of objects that may exist in or are used by legacy equipment. However, Annex D now serves this purpose.

Including this information may assist in newer systems being able to communicate with NTCIP 1201 v01 devices.

#### **D.2.17** Added Class Diagrams

Many users of NTCIP 1201 v01 found it difficult to understand the context of the various objects defined in the Management Information Base (MIB). While various object definitions provided the detailed definition of each object, it was difficult to readily understand, at a high-level, how the data worked together.

Annex B provides high-level graphical images that depict the various relationships among all data defined in NTCIP 1201 v03, including the rules on multiplicity (i.e., how many of one object might exist for a given instance of another object). While all of this information was (and still is) recorded within the textual definition of the objects, providing high-level graphical depictions of these relationships facilitate this understanding.

Including this information may assist in clarification for users, without (of itself) contributing to backward compatibility issues.

### **D.2.18** Added Generic SNMP Interface Definitions

NTCIP 1203 v02 contained the definitions for a generic Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) interface. This definition continues to appear in NTCIP 1201 v03 **Error! Reference source not found.** because these operations are generic to all field devices.

## **D.3** REVISIONS FROM NTCIP 1201 V03 TO NTCIP 1201 V04

### **D.3.1** Inclusion of MIBs from NTCIP 1103 v03

As a part of the migration to a more secure NTCIP, NTCIP 1103 v03 was deprecated and the MIBs formally contained in NTCIP 1103 were migrated to NTCIP 1201v04 per the recommendations of NTCIP 9014.

### **D.3.2** Upgrade to SMIv2 and Deprecate NTCIP 1103 v03 and NTCIP 1201 v03 Objects

The primary purpose of the NTCIP 1201 v04 update was to improve the security of NTCIP per the recommendations of NTCIP 9014. The decision to migrate to SNMPv3 required the conversion of NTCIP MIBs to SMIv2 format.

To conform to SMIv2 format, some objects had to be deprecated and replaced. For example, SMIv2 imposes stricter requirements on not allowing Counter objects to be writable, but several NTCIP objects were defined as writable Counters.

Further, some objects and tables had to be deprecated due to address known security issues. For example, the event log did not adequately check security credentials when monitoring data to create events or to record information in the log. To correct this issue, multiple tables had to be deprecated and replaced.

Finally, during the analysis other potential areas of improvement were identified and the NTCIP community concluded it was better to address the issues during a major update rather than waiting for a later date.

The result of the analysis was nearly all NTCIP 1103 v03 and NTCIP 1201 v03 objects were recommended for deprecation. Rather than showing all deprecated objects along with current objects in a single MIB, the NTCIP community decided to:

1. upgrade the existing NTCIP 1103 v03 and NTCIP 1201 v03 MIBs to SMIv2 and show all contained objects as deprecated; the "deprecated MIBs" can be used to provide an official SMIv2 interpretation of the prior design (e.g., for a device that supports the prior data but has been upgraded to support SNMPv3)
2. create new MIBs that capture the current recommended design

While there were a few, relatively simple, existing objects that could have been reused in the current recommended design, supporting these objects in both the old and new MIBs would require the definition of a third MIB imported by both of the previous two. The NTCIP community decided it would be less confusing to deprecate keep the NTCIP 1103 v03 and NTCIP 1201 v03 MIBs intact and create replacement objects as needed in the current design MIB.

### **D.3.3** Incorporation of Features from ISO and IETF

Many of the features contained in NTCIP 1103 v03 and NTCIP 1201 v03 have parallels within ISO standards and IETF RFCs that are already defined in SMIv2 format. In fact, some of the features have been incorporated into the core of the SNMPv3 RFCs. Rather than duplicating this functionality, NTCIP 1201 v04 recommends importing the objects defined by these external standards as appropriate.

### **D.3.4** Summary

The result of the three significant changes identified in D.3.1 through D.3.3 effort was to deprecate all NTCIP 1103 v03 and NTCIP 1201 v03 MIBs (as shown in Sections 4-15) and to create two new MIBs: a replacement for database transactions (in Section 2) and a replacement for the high-resolution data

recording mechanism (in Section 3). Each object definition contained in Sections 4 through 15 provides a recommendation for what object(s) should supersede the object or why no superseding object is identified.

§